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COAL MINERS STRUCK AT MIDNIGHT

Orders Are Hurried to Strike Areas

INJUNCTION ISSUED BY U. S. COURT

BITTER PROTEST ON INJUNCTION BY UNION LABOR

Officers of the American Federation of Labor Present Their Views to Attorney General Palmer.

RAIL BROTHERHOODS ALSO CALL ON PALMER

It Is Understood Railway Unions Tendered Good Offices — Despite Labor's Protest, Government Won't Change Policy.

Washington, October 31.—The big news in the coal strike situation today was the federal court's order forbidding the walkout. It was followed by a long line of developments and opened the door to wide possibilities.

The principal leaders in the miners' union met the court's action with denunciation as a "violation of constitutional rights," declarations that it came too late to reach their men with a countermanding order, and with predictions that it would be disregarded anyway.

During the night mixed reports were coming in from the mining states of men who decided to remain at work and others who went on strike despite the court's restraining order. It is not possible to estimate what proportion of the 425,000 miners affected remained at work and what proportion walked out. The real test may not come until Monday, Saturday generally being a "dead day" in the mines.

The Right to Strike.

Meanwhile, organized labor leaders showed signs of taking up cudgels on a general issue over the right to strike.

President Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, with Vice President Woll and Secretary Morrison, protested as a delegation to Attorney General Palmer against the government's action in suing out the injunction and predicted that it could "only result in creating new and more disturbing issues, which may not be confined solely to the miners."

Heads of the great railway brotherhoods also conferred with the attorney general, but disclaimed that they did more than offer services to intervene.

Attorney General Palmer emphasized to the labor leaders that the government's injunction was in no sense an infringement of the workmen's right to strike, but that it was a lawful process against a community to the country. He pointed out that the injunction had been issued for the government acting for all the people and not for the employers acting in conflict with their employees.

The attorney general declined to say what would be done if the miners failed to heed the federal court order, pointing out that the government itself initiated means to deal with those who disregard its mandates.

Alleged Violation of Rights.

Federation officials declared the injunction violated the rights of labor, and indicated that the miners would have their support in any fight brought to dissolve the injunction. Mr. Palmer replied that the government was proceeding solely against one union which, he declared, was trying to violate the law. He said the right to strike was not involved.

It is understood there will be no change in the policy of the government as a result of the representations of the union men.

Representatives of the four railroad brotherhoods, including Warren S. Stone, grand chief of the engineers, and W. G. Sheppard, president of the conductors, accompanied the delegation.

Mr. Gomper Secretary Morrison and Matthew Woll, vice president of the America Federation of Labor, conferred with Mr. Palmer for an hour and a half.

Rail Unions Offer Good Offices.

Railroad union officials conferring late today with Attorney General Palmer entered no protest against the injunction issued in Indianapolis today against the calling of the coal strike and tendered the good offices of their organizations in attempting a settlement of the coal strike.

The attorney general told the railroad union chiefs as well as Sam

Continued on Page 8, Column 5.

Tie-Up of Mines To Be Complete; Say Strike Chiefs

Claim 377,000 Men Quit Friday and That Today Will See Number Increased to 500,000—Figures by States.

Chicago, October 31.—Bituminous coal fields of the nation tonight were in tre grip of a strike effective at midnight, which leaders of the union miners declared already had seen more than 397,000 of their members out of the works to remain out until the strike should be settled. Thousands more of the miners, whose whole number is roughly placed at 500,000, would be out tomorrow, they said.

The men already on strike, the leaders reported, were those who had left the mines today, taking their tools with them. Reports from the soft coal fields were incomplete tonight and even the union leaders agreed that it would be tomorrow before they would know the number of men who had obeyed the strike call.

Tie-Up to Be Complete.

But in almost every instance, the miners' spokesmen asserted that the tie-up of the mines would be virtually complete, although the unions will leave a sufficient number of men in the mines to man the pumps and keep the property in shape for resumption of work when the strike shall be ended. Some union leaders refused to talk on account of the restraining order issued at Indianapolis.

Reports to the union leaders tonight indicated that the bulk of the miners in the great producing regions of Pennsylvania, West Virginia, Ohio, Illinois, Iowa, Kentucky, Colorado, Kansas, Montana and Wyoming had left the mines at the close of the day shift to remain on strike.

But with the strike officially starting at midnight, tomorrow being virtually a holiday in coal mining, and Sunday also a day of nonproduction, it was generally conceded that not before Monday would the actual effect of the strike be known definitely. By that time union leaders will have nearly complete reports from union locals and the coal operators will know to what extent they will be able to operate, if they should decide to attempt actual mining work.

The Figures by States.

The following figures by states of men who left the mines today and tonight to obey the strike call is based on reports, in most instances estimated, received by union leaders throughout the country:

Alabama, undetermined; Arkansas, 4,000; Colorado, 5,000; Illinois, 80,000; Indiana, 25,000; Iowa, 14,000; Kansas, $12,000; Kentucky, 20,000; Maryland, 1,800; Michigan, 2,400; Mississippi, 1,000; Montana, 4,000; New Mexico, 4,000; Ohio, 40,000; Oklahoma, 6,000; Pennsylvania, 100,000; Tennessee, 2,000; Utah, 1,000; Washington, 6,000; West Virginia, 40,000; Wyoming, 8,000, and Texas, 2,500.

In the Southern Fields.

While no reports were available from Alabama, Texas and Virginia, union leaders said there were numbers of men on strike and thousands would be out tomorrow in the southern fields.

What tomorrow's reports would show the union chiefs said they were unable to predict, except that the strike would be of so vast an extent as to paralyze production of bituminous coal.

ST. LOUIS CHIEF SHOT BY JEWELRY ROBBERS

St. Louis, October 31.—Chief of Police Martin O'Brien, of this city, was shot while attempting arrest of two robbers here this morning and is in a serious condition. The chief was on his way to headquarters when he heard shots. He saw two men run from a jewelry store and heard the jewelry clerks call for help. He pursued the men and when they refused to stop at his command he started to pull his pistol. At this moment the men opened fire on him and escaped.

D'ANNUNZIO ORDERS ELECTION FOR FIUME

Fiume, October 31.—(By the Associated Press.)—Gabreiele D'Annunzio has issued a proclamation to the citizens of Fiume, fixing November 16, next, as the date for the election of a deputy representing Fiume in the Italian chamber of deputies.

The D'Annunzio bureau of information announces that "commander Luigi Rizzo, of the Italian navy, will be the candidate." Commander Rizzo will be remembered as the naval officer whose daring exploit resulted in the sinking of two Austrian battleships off the Dalmatian coast. He now is commander-in-chief of the D'Annunzio sea forces.

FEDERAL TROOPS GET RUSH ORDERS FOR STRIKE DUTY

Soldiers Are Being Sent to Central Department and Placed Under Command of General Leonard Wood.

MORE GORDON TROOPS CALLED TO KNOXVILLE

General Lewis Will Use These Troops as Circumstances Demand — Government to Protect the Miners Who Want to Work.

Washington, October 31.—Additional troops, drawn from military departments which apparently will not be concerned with the coal strike, have been moved to points in the central department and placed under command of General Wood. Secretary Baker said today.

Lieutenant General Bullard, commanding the eastern department, which includes part of Virginia and West Virginia, also will be given reinforcements.

All instruments of the government will be brought into play under plans now drawn, if the nation is actually caught in the throes of the strike, to relieve the effect of the crippling of the soft coal mines. The government promises protection to those miners who are willing to remain at their jobs and the public will be called upon to conserve fuel.

United States troops began arriving in some of the mining districts ready to take part in keeping order and protecting those miners who wished to continue at work. The extent and full nature of the troop movements were not apparent, but it was apparent that the war department was acting on a carefully worked out plan to be ready if the local or state authorities reinforced by federal deputy marshals were unequal to the situation.

Congress continued to show its temper and the house amid speeches of denunciation of an attempt to paralyze the country unanimously passed the senate resolution pledging support to the administration in its measures to deal with the emergency.

CAMP GORDON MEN CALLED TO TENNESSEE.

Knoxville, Tenn., October 31.—Major General E. M. Lewis, it was announced here tonight, has ordered three companies of federal troops to Knoxville to be ready to enter the coal fields of east Tennessee or eastern Kentucky in event trouble arises following the strike of miners called for Friday midnight. The men are coming from Camp Gordon. General Lewis acted after a conference with Governor A. H. Roberts. This will give a force of nearly 2,000 soldiers here, as there are already under arms 800 state guardsmen and 600 regulars called out because of local disturbances following a street car strike. The entire force will be held here indefinitely to await developments in the coal fields and in the local situation.

Following an order received from Major General Lewis, commander of Camp Gordon, who is now in command of the United States troops at Knoxville, Tenn., it was announced last night by the executive office at Camp Gordon that three companies of soldiers will leave Atlanta some time during Saturday for Knoxville to be ready to enter the coal fields if called upon.

No details were given as to what companies would respond to General Lewis' order, and the commanding officers have not yet been named. It was not definitely stated what time the troops will leave Atlanta.

TROOPS HURRIED TO WEST VIRGINIA.

Louisville, Ky., October 31.—Under instructions from the central department of the army, 800 troops of the First division, composing two provisional battalions, were on three trains early today en route to coal fields of West Virginia, where they will patrol disturbed mining districts should a strike of coal miners go into effect Saturday.

Colonel W. S. Harrell, commander of the Sixteenth infantry, is commanding the contingent, which, it is said, will detrain at Huntington, W. Va., and scatter in various towns.

Major General Charles P. Summerall, commander of the First di-

Continued on Page 8, Column 5.

Outstanding Facts About Coal Strike

These are the outstanding facts concerning the coal strike and what led up to it:

United Mine Workers of America, meeting at Cleveland September 23, sounded the first strike alarm by declaring the wartime wage agreement ended on November 1.

Executive officers, charged with the duty of negotiating a new agreement, were ordered to stand out for three demands, and, if not granted, to issue a strike call for more than 400,000 soft coal miners in 28 states. These demands were:

A five-day working week; a six-hour day, and a wage increase of 60 per cent.

At scale committee meetings at Buffalo and Philadelphia miners and operators threshed over their differences without peaceful settlement. Representatives of the miners contended that the demands were not arbitrary; that the 60 per cent wage increase was set as a basis for negotiations; that a six-hour day meant actual time the miners were to work underground.

The miners insisted on a five-day week, they said, because there were not four days' work a week the year round for each miner. They contended by limiting each miner to five days there would be a more equitable distribution of the work. The leaders denied that it was the beginning of a nation-wide campaign for a shorter working schedule.

After failure of the two sides to get together the strike order was issued and Secretary of Labor Wilson, acting by direction of the president's cabinet, immediately called into conference the heads of the mining and operating associations. Subsequently, the full scale committees of each were called in and various proposals were offered and rejected.

The final proposal was made by President Wilson. It suggested negotiation without reservation, submission of questions still in dispute with the failure of negotiations to arbitration, and continued operation of the mines, pending final settlement.

The operators, as set forth in a statement by Secretary Wilson, accepted the offer in its entirety; the miners accepted the offer of negotiation, "and held the other two for consideration later." This, as explained by Secretary Wilson, abruptly ended the conference.

The miners, in the series of conferences, charged that while the war-time agreement still bound them to work at the old war-time wage scale, it removed restrictions on the war price of coal and permitted operators to charge what they pleased. This, they declared, had led to profiteering.

An appeal to the miners by President Wilson and announcement by Attorney General Palmer that the strike would be considered "illegal," failed to bring about the rescinding of the strike order.

DEFIANT ATTITUDE SHOWN BY UNIONS REGARDING ACTION OF FEDERAL COURT

John L. Lewis, Leader of Miners, Brands Injunction as Sweeping Abrogation of Guaranteed Rights of Citizens.

OFFICIALS OF UNION FORBIDDEN BY COURT TO GIVE ANY ORDER

Or in Any Way to Encourage the Strikers. Dispatches From the Coal Regions Indicate That Miners Are Paying No Attention to Order and Are Leaving the Mines.

Indianapolis, October 31.—The strike of bituminous miners went into effect tonight with the national headquarters here of the United Mine Workers of America silenced by a restraining order issued today by Judge A. B. Anderson, of the federal district court. No "last word" or other message to the members of the union could be issued by the executive board or officers of the organization and they only smiled grimly when the fact was brought to their attention.

While the strike order was effective at midnight, most of the men who were following the spilt work with the ending of the day shift.

Why Strike Date Was Chosen.

It was stated several days ago at union headquarters that the night of October 31 was selected for the official hour merely because it marked the beginning of November 1, on which date the Cleveland convention of the union had decreed that the war-time wage agreement of the miners should terminate. At that time also it was pointed out that comparatively few mines have been running night shifts.

Deputies of Mark Storen, United States marshal of Indiana, were busy all afternoon serving notice of the restraining order on union officials who had been missed in the general roundup at noon when the meeting of the union's executive board was invaded by the process servers. Eighteen of the union leaders were served. The visits made effective the order which C.

Continued on Page 7, Column 2.

WAR'S GREATEST HERO HERE TODAY

Atlanta Will Welcome Sergeant Alvin C. York, Captor of a German Battalion, Today.

400,000 Meetings.

C. W. McClure,
Atlanta, Ga.

Delighted to learn that the people of Georgia under your able leadership are giving such enthusiastic support to this movement to perpetuate memory and virile Americanism of Theodore Roosevelt. At present it is impossible for us to realize fully what the ultimate results will be. As nearly as we can estimate there have been more than four hundred thousand meetings held throughout the land. Many colleges have already organized nonpartisan Roosevelt clubs for purpose of promoting 100 per cent Americanism. With fragmentary reports from eighteen states over one million members have been enrolled. Cablegrams received from Paris, Rome, Cuba, Panama, Hawaii and Alaska indicate support that movement is receiving surpass our expectations. Many thanks for your splendid co-operation and for continued success of movement in Georgia.

WM. BOYCE THOMPSON,
National Chairman.

Atlanta will welcome Sergeant Alvin C. York, captor of a German battalion, today. When he and his wife arrive at the Union station at 8 o'clock this morning from Pall Mall, Tenn., they will be met by a reception committee headed by Forrest Adair.

Other members of the committee are President A. S. Adams, of the Rotarians; President D. W. Webb, of the Atlanta Advertising club; Julian Boehm, Lucien York, Wylie West, State Chairman C. W. McClure, of the Roosevelt Memorial association, and Frank Weldon, secretary of the Atlanta committee for the Roosevelt memorial fund campaign.

No Public Reception.

By Sergeant—now Mr.—York's request, there will be no public reception or entertainment, and his only public appearance will be tonight at 8 o'clock at the Auditorium, when he speaks for the proposed Roosevelt Memorial institute at Roswell for the education of mountain boys.

Mr. York and his wife may visit Camp Gordon, where "the greatest soldier of the world war" was trained, and which he left as a corporal, after being converted from a con-

Continued on Page 8, Column 5.

NO 500,000 ARMY FOR GEN. PERSHING

General Tells Congress Committee War Department Wants Too Many Men — Universal Training Urged.

Washington, October 31. — Dissenting in many important respects from the program recommended by the war department and the general staff, General Pershing told the military committees of congress today that 300,000 men, raised entirely by voluntary enlistment, would be the outside figure considered for a standing army.

He favored universal military training to provide an emergency reserve, but thought general educational work should be combined with it and military discipline "somewhat relaxed," so that the system would be in complete harmony with democratic institutions. He fixed six months as the training period.

The department had recommended an army of more than 500,000, with a system of universal training not embracing the educational features. Its recommendation for a training period was three months.

Departing again from the expressed views of the department, the general declared army purchasing should be reorganized in a new bureau apart from the quartermaster corps and that a separate department of the government should be organized to co-ordinate and supervise military, naval and commercial aeronautics. He considered the department's request for 231 general staff officers excessive, and made clear his opposition to any effort by the staff to extend authority into the details of department bureaus and of the line.

From Experience in Field.

During his day of testimony before the two committees, which opened a series of special joint sessions to hear his views on peace time reorganization of the army, the former commander of the American expeditionary forces several times h... the presen... the gene... that he ... his expe... dies... lan... at...

Weather Prophecy

PARTLY CLOUDY.

WASHINGTON FORECAST.

Georgia—Partly cloudy Saturday probably followed by local showers Saturday night; Sunday showers; moderate variable winds.

Highest temperature	74
Lowest temperature	64
Mean temperature	69
Normal temperature	56
Rainfall in past 24 hours, inches	.0
Excess since 1st of month, in.	2.59
Excess since January 1, in.	2.89

Reports of Weather Bureau Stations

STATIONS and State of WEATHER.	Temperature, 7a.m.	Temperature, Noon	Temperature, 7p.m.	Rain (24 hrs. Inches.
ATLANTA, cldy.	70	74		.00
Birmingham, clr.	74	84		.00
Boston, cldy.	52	70		.06
Buffa... cldy.	58			.52
Ch... cldy.	6...	6...		.00
C... cloudy.	5...	6...		.08
... clear	4...			.00
... clear	5...	6...		.00
... cldy.	5...	6...		.00
Ha... pr. clear	74	80		.20
Havre, p. cldy.	34			.00
Jacksonville, clr.	78	84		.01
Kansas City, cldy.	48	54		.01
Memphis, rain.	70	78		.00
Miami, clear	80	84		.00
Mobile, clear	78	84		.00
Montgomery, clr.	76	84		.00
New Orleans, clr.	78	86		.00
New York, cldy.	62	70		.14
Norfolk, clear	58	68		

	7am.	Noon	7pm.
Dry temperature	65	73	70
Wet bulb	65	69	68
Relative humidity	100	82	90

Do You Th... War Is Over?

Then What Abo...

The 250,000 disabled figh...
The 800,000 American bo... ...t for service?"
The ONE American baby ... ...t dies in its first year?
The 200,000 people who d...
The 500,000 who would die ... ...a epidemic like the last?
The 300,000 children under ... ...of preventable disease?
The thousands of children ... ...d by physical defects?
The accidents that kill 1... ...,000 yearly?
The ONE adult in SEVEN ... ...of medical attention?
The 7,000 people who dr... ...erican waters?

THE W... ...UN!

THE...

Ignorance —S... Misery

WILL ...

JOIN ...

"There's a ROGERS Store Near You"

Standard Granulated **SUGAR 12c lb.**

NOTE CAREFULLY

We will have a limited supply of standard granulated sugar Monday or Tuesday. The first 100 customers making purchases today will be allowed to give their order for one pound of sugar, pay for same, and call back and get it on Monday or Tuesday. In order to make an equitable distribution, but one pound will be allowed a customer and only 100 pounds to each store.

TODAY'S SPECIALS

Armour's Cloverbloom Best Grade Creamery **BUTTER Lb. 63c**

Sold only in full pound cartons---no fractions

Purity Butterine, Lb. **32c**

Best Cheese, Lb. **37c**

10c Macaroni or Spaghetti **8c**

Campbell's Tomato Soup, 9c 3 Cans **26c**

Chase & Sanborn's Golden Glow or Seal Brand **COFFEE, Lb. 48c**

Del Monte Asparagus Tips, Square Cans white **38c**

Del Monte Asparagus Tips, Square Cans Green **34c**

Lookout Loaf Cakes **10c**

Rogers' Quality Bread, 9c; 3 Loaves **25c**

Hebe Milk Compound

Small Cans **6c** Pint Cans **12c**

ROGERS'

102 --- Economy Stores --- 102

Kellogg's

WON ITS FAVOR THROUGH ITS FLAVOR

BUY YOUR POULTRY, EGGS, FRUITS AND VEGETABLES FROM DIRECT RECEIVERS AND SAVE THE MIDDLEMAN PROFITS

SPECIAL FOR SATURDAY'S DELIVERY ONLY

HENS, ROASTING CHICKENS AND DUCKS, per pound 35c
Broilers and Fryers, per pound 45c
Fresh Eggs, per dozen 60c

SWEET POTATOES, IRISH POTATOES, ONIONS, TOKAY GRAPES, APPLES, BANANAS

All Kinds of Fruits and Vegetables at Lowest Prices
We Deliver All Orders Amounting to $3.00 or More

PHONE MAIN 4907 PHONE MAIN 4907

E. O. Oetgen & Co.

Wholesale and Retail Poultry and Eggs, Fruits and Produce
On the Viaduct

Dropping Into School.

California boasts a schoolboy who journeyed 30 miles daily to his classes in an aeroplane. Admirable perseverance, but think of the potential opportunities for truancy in a real aeroplane.

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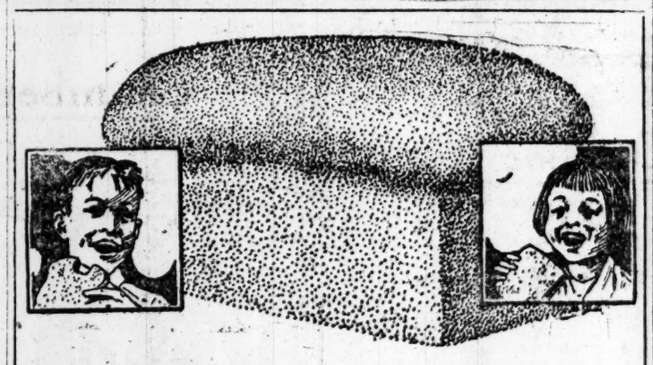
EVERETT UPRIGHT 285.00

82-84 North Broad Street **Cable Piano Co** 82-84 North Broad Street



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It has never lost any of its goodness and purity, but has continually shown an increase in quality.

Bread, rolls and pastry are always different when made with Omega.

Demand Omega Flour of your grocer and be assured of the Best.

C. P. Ozburn & Co.

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Bob's New Market

428.430 Marietta St.

My old stand got too small for me; now I have a large double market and can serve you better.

'Bridget' takes pride in the poultry she cooks when they come from my market.

The flavor is right—the meat is sweet and tender.

Fancy Tennessee Home Dressed Hens 32½c
Fresh Country Butter 60c
Guaranteed Fresh Eggs 64c

Bob's New Market 428-430 Marietta Street
4 Doors West of Jones Ave.

AMUSEMENTS

"Mutt and Jeff" in New Guise.

(Coming to the Atlanta.)

There is no denying the potency of "Mutt and Jeff," the peer of all musical farce comedies, which is underlined as the next offering at the Atlanta theater, on Monday and Tuesday next, with a matinee on Tuesday. The Laugh Twins, now in their ninth yearly edition, are as attractive and entertaining as ever. This season an entirely new version of the enduring cartoon "kick-ups" is offered and the result is one of the most pretentious and thoroughly up-to-date productions ever offered to theatergoers. The fun, while of the brisk, lively nature, is clean and wholesome. There is not the least suggestion of vulgarity or horse play, and the situations, while side-splitting, are not at all improbable. Specialties of the kind that lift any offering above the commonplace are introduced and musical numbers, with catchy tuneful melodies, are scattered throughout the action of the play. Seats now on sale.

Four Shows Today.

(At Loew's Grand)

The usual Saturday schedule of performances will be in effect at Loew's Grand today, continuous, from 1 to 11 p. m., with four vaudeville shows, starting at 2, 4, 7 and 9 p. m. Heading the bill is Phil E. Adams and his company of pretty girls in the musical comedy success, "The Owl." Other acts are The Vicker Sisters, variety dancers; the McMahon Sisters, in harmony songs, Martin and Courtney, in comedy and Charles McGoods and company, equilibrists. Gladys Brockwell is the star on the screen.

D. L. THOMAS
27 SOUTH PRYOR STREET.
"The Pork Sausage Man."
If you want the best Pork Sausage in Atlanta, come to see me down at 27 South Pryor.

Lafayette Market

Fancy Home-Dressed Hens, lb. 38c
Large Fat Dressed Fryers, lb. 55c
Guaranteed Fresh Country Eggs, dozen .. 63c
4 S. Broad St.

N-B Cash Gro. Co.
138 WHITEHALL ST.

Sweet Potatoes, 10 lbs. 30c
Fresh Country EGGS, Dozen 63c
Delicious Grapefruit, 6 for 25c
ALL KINDS FRUIT AND VEGETABLES.

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HELPS TO LOWER PRICES
On
FISH, OYSTERS, POULTRY AND EGGS
We "Under Sell," We "Under Buy"

Fat Hens, lb. 35c
Fat Fryers, lb. 48c
Guaranteed
Country Eggs, doz. . . 60c
The best SWEET POTATOES, and they are sweet. I know you will like them, and, to think, they are only 4 CENTS A POUND
SELECT OYSTERS AND FISH
Full Line Fresh Fruits and Vegetables

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—We Deliver— Call Main 4981.

The Best Coffee Store in the South

Kenny's

Good Rio . . . 35c
High Grade . . 45c
Special 50c
Java and Mocha 55c
Value in Every Pound

WE DELIVER
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Kenny's

Phones: Main 200; Main 559

5 S. Broad St.

AUSTRALIAN SOLDIER MARRIED EIGHT TIMES

(The Constitution—London Times—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

Paris, October 31.—(By Cable.)—The police have arrested a man who is alleged to have had no fewer than fifty fiancees and they have absconded with their savings.

An Australian soldier married eight times in France during the war, finding a fresh bride in each sector where his unit was stationed.

LONDON MARKET REPORTED CHEERFUL

(The Constitution—London Times—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

London, October 31.—(By Cable.)—There was a welcome recovery in the price of war loan shares which, after closing in the house at 92⅜, were bid for a few minutes after 3 o'clock at 92⅝. Scrip of the new Sudan loan again rose sharply.

In other directions the general tendency of the market was quite cheerful, the volume of business being well maintained.

Some banks again called money from the market and the tendency was firm. Short loans were in good request at 3½ per cent, higher rates being paid in some instances. A few December bills were taken by banks at 3⅞ per cent. Otherwise the discount market was quiet and uninteresting.

There was recovery in the value of the francs, while the Belgian franc improved further. New York was slightly less favorable at $4.16½.

James Market
50 MARIETTA ST.
(In Rogers' Store.)

Saturday Specials
Good Beef Rst, pound 20c
Swift's Sugared Hams, lb. ..... 3[illegible]
A full line of best Fresh Meats. Home-Dressed Hens and [illegible]

This Country Store
EAST HUNTER ST.
Next Courthouse

Fresh Country WHOLE GROUND MEAL
Country Butter
Country Lard
Country Side Meat
Fresh Country Eggs
Country Honey
Country Sorghum Syrup
Florida Sorghum Syrup
Fruits and Vegetables

Plenty Nice Fryers and Fat Hens
We dress them while you wait.

PUMPKINS—All sizes.

MAZOLA

MAZOLA is just the oil you want for French Dressing. Rich and delicate in flavor—and at a cost that permits you to make salads a daily dish at home. Mazola "keeps" indefinitely.

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STRIKES OPPOSED BY DIXIE FARMERS

That the farmers of the south and west have no sympathy for the extreme labor leaders who are endeavoring to pull off strikes that threaten the industrial prosperity of the country and the comfort of its people and that they will stand as a unit with the government in support of any steps necessary to be taken to uphold law and order and keep open the regular channels of commerce was the unanimous report of leaders of the American Cotton association, including President J. S. Wannamaker, who returned to Atlanta yesterday after a most successful trip through the southwest in the interest of their organization.

Speaking for the American Cotton association by special invitation to the Mississippi Valley association convened in Memphis Thursday, Mr. Wannamaker declared that foreign labor was the basis of the agitation and that it was endeavoring to inject into our industrial and business life a condition of disorder and class war subversive of American ideals.

Indorse Message.

The delegates to the Mississippi Valley association, which includes in its membership all classes of business and industry in the territory covered, received Mr. Wannamaker's message with enthusiastic approbation, his associates who heard it declared. There were 23 states represented at the meeting. The association gave unanimous endorsement to the work and aims of the American Cotton association.

Those who returned with Mr. Wannamaker from the western trip included Representative Harvie Jordan, of Monticello; Thomas J. Shackleford, of Athens, and Colonel R. M. Mixon, of Williston, S. C.

Discussing the position of the cotton association and his Memphis speech, Mr. Wannamaker said:

"I told them in substance that the American cotton farmer viewed with a great deal of alarm existing labor conditions, caused mainly by the injection of foreign labor into the conutry. This had proved a menace not only by destroyng labor unions in their proper scope and usefulness but by threatening the very

"I called upon the cotton farmers to raise a united voice against syndicalism and the extreme methods now being employed. If these people have been led to believe, I said, that the American cotton farmer shares their views, or will cooperate with them in unlawful methods and excesses, they must be put on notice now that they will not only have no co-operation from us, but that we will stand with every true American interest to suppress anarchy and disregard of law and property rights."

Attend Conventions.

While in the southwest, Mr. Wannamaker and his associates attended conventions in three states, Oklahoma, Arkansas and Tennessee and perfected state organization of the cotton association in all of them. They found the farmers everywhere enthusiastic for the organization, they said.

In Oklahoma City and in Little Rock as well, they declared, all classes of the people were ready to lend a hand in forwarding the work. The association was being generally backed by the banks, in Oklahoma City every bank enrolling as charter members.

"Crop conditions in the southwest," Mr. Shackelford declared, "are even worse than they have been painted, and I have no doubt will reduce this year's yield below minimum estimates. We found parts of Texas, Arkansas and Oklahoma flooded with water everywhere, cotton sprouting in the bolls and the seed mashing in the lint at the gins. The loss is enormous. Permanent organization of the association is going forward rapidly in every cotton state.

ATLANTA OVER TOP FOR AGNES SCOTT

Continued from First Page.

appreciation by the students of Agnes Scott of the splendid efforts during the campaign of Mr. Orr was expressed Friday night in the presentation to him by the student body of a handsome silver loving cup.

The speech of presentation was made by Miss Julia Hagood, of Charlotte, N. C., president of the student body. Mr. Orr responded in an appreciative and charming speech of acceptance. He said that he had had quite a lot done to him before in his life but very little in the way of loving cups.

Accompanying the promise by Mr. Dobbs of another $1,000 for the institution was a forceful appeal by him in behalf of the college and what it means to the girls of the south and to Atlanta. He declared that it was one of his most ardent desires to see one of the greatest colleges for girls in Atlanta in the world.

Now that Atlanta's quota is assured the campaign directors will turn their undivided attention to the rest of the state, and the drive will be pursued until every dollar of the quota has been raised.

List of Subscriptions.

The list of subscriptions as announced Friday night at the meeting is as follows:

Previously announced, $57,017.
Captain James W. English, $2,500.
M. Rich Bros., $1,000.
Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co., $1,000.
J. P. Allen company, $1,000.
A Friend No. 2, $1,000.
A Friend No. 3, $1,000.
A Friend No. 4, $1,000.
G. F. Willis, $1,000.
Asa G. Candler, Jr., $1,000.
John A. Manget, $1,000.
Cable Piano Co., $500 H. M. Patterson & Son, $200; John E. Murphy, $250; The Wright Co., $100; Mrs. E. C. Jones, $500; A. M. Robinson Co., $200; Barclay & Brandon, $100; Calvin Tichnor, $50; H. P. Nelson, $25.
Reed Oil Co., $25; E. W. Alfriend, $25; John Bell, $25; F. K. Boland, $25; J. Eppes Brown, $100; F. J. Cooledge, $200; James W. Smith, $50; Samuel Adams, $25; S. C. Nolan, $10; Sam Zabein, $25; J. K. Roberts, $10; W. H. White, $25.
Parks-Chambers-Hardwick Co., $200; Robison Furniture Co., $50; Isaac Schoen, $50.
Mrs. George W. Parrott, $100; Tipp Specialty company, $100; Red Rock company, $100; J. I. Branham, $100; Wallace Daniel, $100; Fielder & Allen company, $100; Wachendorff Brothers, $100; Julian Clayton, $100; J. N. Goddard, $50; Mrs. Waddell, $5; Mrs. D. B. Harris, $25; J. Regenstein, $200; Lester Book and Stationery company, $100; Maier & Berkele, $100.
Robert Lee, $125; American Hat company, $100; T. K. Glenn, $250 Gordon Kiser, $100; a Friend, $100 W. H. Kiser, $100; A. T. Richardson, $100; F. A. Hardy & Co., $100 A. F. Liebman, $100; Mrs. Paul M Potter, $250; Coursey & Munn, $100; J. A. Sasser, $100; Walter Ballard Optical company, $250; A. L. Belle Isle, $100; Ben Head, $100; Dr. McAlliely, $50; C. J. Martin, $100; Rosa Woodberry, $5; Strickland & Jordan company, $100; High school additional, collected at the meeting, $3.77.

JIM MANOS
110 Whitehall St.

Beef Stew Meat	10c
Beef Roast	15c
Hamberger Steak	15c
Loin, Round or Porterhouse Steak	30c
Veal Stew	10c
Veal Roast	15c
Pork Roast	25c
Pork Chops	30c
Pork Sausage	30c
Fresh Country Butter	50c

Plenty of Fresh Fish and Oysters, Vegetables and Fruits.
EXTRA SPECIAL
Fine White Leghorn Hens for the yard, lb. 40c
Guaranteed 4 Gallon Milk Cow Cheap.
381 S. Pryor Street.

CASH GROCERY CO.

No. 10 PAIL $2.19

No. 10 PAIL $2.19

No. 10 White's Country Style Pure Kettle Rendered LARD $2.84

Swift's Premium Hams	37½c
Best Box Bacon	59c
Salt Boiling Meat	17½c
Choice Side Meat	27½c

18 and 20 South Pryor

Flatauer Fish and Oyster Market
4 N. Broad St.
The Famous Chesapeake Oysters Always Fresh and Fine
An Extra Fine Assortment of Fish Today.
Mackerel, Trout, Spots and many others.
Stop in to see us.
4 N. Broad St.

Phone Us Your Order For Fish
Sometimes you get very busy in your office and don't think about that Pompano or those Norfolk Spots for breakfast until "car time."
Why not just make a pencil memo andum and phone us your order—Main 1500. That's all there is to it.
We prepare it, wrap it and put it on ice for you, so that when you come by it is all ready and you are on your way to the car in a jiffy.
Some Good Ones Here This Week
We have some splendid ones here for you this week. Moreover, we can supply your Sunday fruits and vegetables, the finest you ever saw—also by phone.
You'll find the Trout very good. Then there are Mackerel, Halibut, Spots, Blue Fish, Pompano, Whiting, Snapper, and others, not to speak of the finest Chesapeake Oysters ever brought to Atlanta.
There's some fine fat poultry, too—Hens and Fryers. Call us on the phone. Everything GUARANTEED.
Fulton Market
25-27 E. Alabama St.
Phone Main 1500

J. H. BURGESS
115 WHITEHALL

PURE LARD, Bring your bucket, lb.	27½c
Best Sliced Bacon, lb.	39c
Fancy Beef Roast, lb.	20c
Veal Roast, lb.	20c
Pork Roast, lb.	25c
Best Side Meat, lb.	26c
Pig Heads, lb.	89c
Swift's Premium Hams.	35c
HAMS Sugar-Cured, lb.	30c
Picnic, lb.	24c

John G. Cato
Up-to-Date Market
Home of CATO'S Famous Pork Sausage
89 E. 10th St.
Phone H. 27

When you think of us, you think of the BEST and CLEANEST PLACE in the city.

Guaranteed Eggs	60c
Best Creamery Butter	70c
Lamb Legs	35c
Rib Roast	30c
All Box Bacon	59½c
Cato's Famous Pork Sausage, lb.	35c
Fresh Pig Hams	30c
Calf Liver	30c
Home-dressed Hens	40c
Home-dressed Fryers	50c

Ours is the BEST — you'll find it the CHEAPEST.
THANK YOU—HURRY BACK!

NEW MARKET
38 MARIETTA ST.

Skinned Pork Shoulders, lb.	25c
Pork Roast, lb.	30c
Best Stew Beef, lb.	12½c
Shoulder Roast, lb.	20c
Best Streaked Salt Meat, lb.	24c

All other meats in proportion.
GEO. HENDERSON Mgr.

City Market
Corner Pryor and Alabama Streets.
TODAY'S SPECIALS
Pure Hog Lard Bring Your Bucket 29c lb

CHUCK ROAST, best cut	15c
Fresh Dressed Hens	38c
Fresh Dressed Fryers	58c

FRESH PORK HAMS, lb.	30c	HAMBURGER	20c
FRESH PORK SHOULDERS, lb.	25c	MIXED SAUSAGE	20c
FRESH PORK SPARERIBS, lb.	27c	CHOICE CHUCK STEAK, lb.	17½c
PORK LOIN ROAST, lb.	35c	CHOICE ROUND STEAK, lb.	30c
PRIME RIB BEEF ROAST, lb.	25c	CHOICE SIRLOIN STEAK, lb.	35c
RUMP ROAST, lb.	25c	LAMB CHOPS, lb.	35c
Choice VEAL ROAST	20c & 25c	VEAL CHOPS, lb.	30c
LAMB ROAST	25c and 30c	PORK CHOPS, lb.	35c
		PORK STEAK, lb.	35c

100% PURE PORK SAUSAGE, lb.	30c
Sugar-Cured Picnic Hams, lb.	22c
Sugar-Cured Regular Hams, lb.	32c
Sliced Breakfast Bacon, lb.	50c
Sliced Sugar-Cured Ham, lb.	40c
NO. 10 PURE HOG LARD, per pail	$2.99
NO. 5 PURE HOG LARD, per pail	$1.50
No. 10 Cottonbloom Shortening	$2.20
No. 5 Cottonbloom Shortening	$1.15
No. 3 Cottonbloom Shortening	69c

OMEGA FLOUR
24-lb. - - $1.90
48-lb. - - $3.80
PLENTY SUGAR

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.
In the Junior Department Saturday
Infants' Coats
You will find in our Infants' Department a Display of Long and Short Coats for your young sons and daughters
Coats of Wool Poplin, Cashmere, Crepe de Chine and Silk Faille. They are made with small and Cape Collars, Hand Scalloped and embroidered in exquisite designs. For infants, 6 months, 1 and 2 years, $6.50, $8.50, $10.00, $16.50, $21.50, $25.00, $27.50.
Bonnets and Caps
That match and are adorable with their trimmings of Embroidery and Fur—
Made of Faille and Crepe de Chine. $1.50, $2.50, $3.50, $5.00, $6.50, $9.50.
Girls' Silk Dresses
Sizes 6 to 16 years.
Taffeta Dresses in shades of Navy, Copen, Brown and Green.
There are many styles for your selection and all can be pleased.
The price of taffeta goes higher every day and these dresses are, now, wonderful values for $17.50.
—Second Floor.
Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.
From the Philippines
Hand-Made Gowns and Envelope Chemise
A new shipment just unpacked brings this dainty lingerie that many have been waiting for. These garments are all hand-made, being hand-seamed and hand-scalloped.
Attractive slip-over gowns with trimmings of ribbons, $2.95.
Envelope chemise, the daintiest of garments. Special at $2.69.
Misses' Petticoats
Mothers will be delighted at these sateen skirts for girls, of splendid quality sateen in many serviceable shades of navy, green, burgundy and rose and also in white; lengths 28, 32 and 34 inches.
Regular $2.50 skirts at $1.98.
High and V neck gowns of good quality muslin, yokes formed of tucks and embroidery, good full cut gowns.
Regular $2.50 gowns, at $1.98.
—Second Floor.
Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.
New Black Blouses
A New Shipment Just Arrived
A new showing of these blouses is becoming very popular.
They are well made, of georgette, crepe de chine, satin, peau de soie.
A few tailored models with tucked fronts, collars and cuffs. Semi-tailored styles with round necks, trimmed with tiny pleated ruffles.
Also more dressy fashions, daintily embroidered and beaded with mourning or jet beads or trimmed with a touch of white.

Sizes 34 to 46—Priced
$5.75 to $29.75
House Dresses in a Sale
Just a handful to the early comers. House dresses of voile, just the kind to freshen up in for dinner at home. In pretty pink and white and blue and white stripe voiles.
$5.75 to $7.95. Reduced to $3.98
$9.75 and $11.50. Reduced to $5.98
Small lot of georgettes and crepe de chine waists, mussed from handling. Light colors only—
$5.75. Reduced to $2.98
Voile waists of good quality, with trimmings of laces and embroidery. These waists are splendid values and if they were not mussed they would not be this price—
Regular $2.50 Waists, Reduced to $1.69
—Second Floor.
Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

USE CONSTITUTION WANT ADS

SPRING ST. WORK PLANS ARE READY

Details of Profile Adopted by Street Committee of Council—Approve Resolution to Pave Edgewood Avenue.

Final details of the Spring street profile were adopted by the street committee of council in regular session Friday afternoon and nothing now remains in the way of completing the work of securing waivers and easements between Marietta street and North avenue in order to get ready at once for the county forces who propose to start grading on the street in early December.

Only a few minutes were consumed in the matter as it was merely a formal approval of what had been done Thursday. Several members of the Spring street property owners' executive committee were present.

The street committee returned to council with their unanimous approval a resolution to pave Edgewood avenue, from the railroad bridge to Spruce street, the material to be concrete. Fulton county will pay the city's share of the cost of the paving. By virtue of doing this the county commissioners were permitted to say what the material should be and they selected concrete.

This resolution was held up at the last meeting of council and sent back to the street committee at the request of J. W. Goldsmith, a property owner on the street, who addressed a communication to council asking that this course be taken in order that the property owners affected might appear before the committee.

No opposition was presented when the paper was taken up Friday and the committee sent it to council again. Later J. W. Goldsmith appeared with a petition signed by a large number of property owners on the portion to be paved protesting against any new pavement at all. They declared that the present pavement is serviceable and protested against being assessed for new.

Mr. Goldsmith stated that he had been notified that the hour of street committee meeting was at 4 o'clock, whereas they met at 3, and had passed on the matter before he reached the meeting. After hearing his petition Alderman J. L. Ewing, acting chairman, entertained a motion to reconsider their action with reference to the project, but the committee declined to do so.

Excessive paving assessement was claimed by a delegation of citizens of the third ward who appeared before the committee to represent property owners on South Boulevard, between Fair and Berne streets. This portion of the street was recently paved with asphalt capping on the Belgian blocks already laid. The cost to the property owners was assessed at $1.29 per front foot, which they claimed was more than the estimate they had accepted.

After hearing their representations the committee voted to reduce the assessment to $1 per front foot. Very few of the assessments have been paid, since they are not due until December 1.

$49,051,045 ESTATE LEFT BY MRS. SAGE

New York, October 31.—Mrs. Russell Sage left an estate with a gross value of $49,051,045, according to a report of the state appraiser made public today.

The principal individual beneficiary is Mrs. Sage's brother, Joseph Jeremiah Slocum, who receives $7,157,703. More than fifty charitable and educational institutions receive bequests ranging from $100,000 to more than $1,000,000.

Col. J. D. Bell Ill.

New York, October 31:—Colonel James D. Bell, commander in chief of the grand army of the republic, is seriously ill at his Brooklyn home, it was announced today. He is 74 years of age and until recently was acting United States district attorney. His election to head the G. A. R. was at the Columbus, Ohio, convention last September.

PRICES ARE RAISED FOR BROWN SUGAR

Dealers Will Now Be Allowed to Charge 18 1-2 Cents Per Pound—Dairymen Asking for Increase.

Price raising was the order of the day at the hotly-contested session of the Fulton county fair price committee held at the chamber of commerce yesterday. The maximum price of brown sugar was raised from 16 to 18½ cents per pound; butter from 78 to 79 cents, and cheese from 42 to 45 cents. On the other hand the price of meal was reduced from 5½ to 5¼ cents.

A peculiar feature in connection with the sugar situation was that retailers were allowed to sell brown sugar at 18½ cents, on a showing to the committee that it was costing them 16 cents, while the price of granulated sugar, a higher grade, was held at 12 cents. The reason for this was that the only supply of the latter in sight was the two carloads allotted to this district by the sugar equalization board and for which the government had charged wholesalers 9 to 10 cents.

Why Sugar Is Short.

The shortage of sugar was blamed primarily on the equalization board rulings, which, it is said, prevent the southeastern district from receiving sugar from any except the Louisiana refiners, while the rest of the country is more plentifully supplied.

After this situation had been explained by J. E. Raley, representing the Savannah sugar refinery, Chairman Manget appointed a committee consisting of Mr. Raley, E. M. Hudson, James W. Austin, Francis Kamper and W. E. Dreger to take the matter up with the Georgia representatives in congress and the sugar equalization board to see if the zone rulings might not be modified.

If the fair price committee did not raise prices of other commodities as well as those named, it was not because they were not urged to do so. The biggest fight before the committee was over the price of milk. A committee of producers appeared to give notice that they could not continue to furnish milk to depots in Atlanta at 50 cents per gallon, the price they had been charging. In proof of their contention they submitted the following alleged facts which they said had been laid before the local wholesale dealers at a recent conference:

Milk Dealers Protest.

"The producers have reached the time of low production without a lower cost of operation. In fact in many instances the cost of operation is one-fourth higher than sixty days ago.

"Feed costs are from $20 to $25 per ton higher than when they agreed on a wholesale price of 50 cents per gallon.

"Many cattle are being sold to the butchers because at present prices it is not profitable to keep them in the herds. With pastures going out and an unusually short crop of forage being harvested quite a number of the herds are being disposed of for whatever they will bring. This means that there must be an entirely inadequate supply of milk unless this tendency can be arrested at once. Under present conditions a higher price for wholesale milk is the only possible means to avoid this danger."

Paul White and S. T. Davidson, representing the price committee of the Dairymen's association, asked that the committee fix prices for various grades of milk. He declared that at 25 cents a quart the best grade of milk is being kept off of the market. He declared that the fixed price plan eliminated all considerations of quality and that inferior grades of milk were making it impossible for the producers of good milk to continue business.

After considerable discussion of the milk question the committee deferred action to a later date.

Sumter Contribution.

Americus, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—Crawford Wheatley, Sumter county chairman for the Roosevelt memorial fund, yesterday forwarded the state headquarters in Atlanta a check for $108.70. This sum represents the total amount of collected in Sumter county in the drive which ended Saturday, all of which Chairman Wheatley said was contributed through the ladies of Americus chapter, No. 63, Order of the Eastern Star. Cumter's quota as fixed by the state committee was $700.

FOREST COMMISSION BUYS GEORGIA LAND

Purchase of Two Areas Made to Solidify Reserves Already Owned.

By James A. Hollomon.
(By Constitution Leased Wire)

Washington, October 31.—At a meeting of the national forest reservation commission today nineteen tracts, totalling 3,078 acres, were purchased in Georgia.

They were scheduled in two areas known as the "Georgia" and the "Savannah," and the average price paid for the lands in the Georgia area was $6.61 an acre and in the Savannah area, $5.95 an acre. The tracts in the "Savannah area" are located in Rabun and Habersham counties and were sold by the Tallulah Orchard company and Keney Cragg.

Those in the 'Georgia area" are located entirely in Union and Fannin counties. The sellers in Union county were W. A. Harkins, W. Burnett, L. Bishop, Allis Painter, R. M. Harkins, Blood Mountain Lumber company and Cobb & Smith Timber company. Those who sold in Fannin county are Edmondson & Frasure, Annie Woody, S. Clark, W. A. Woody, A. Edmondson, M. J. Hughes, A. P. Johnson, Ide Hughes and O. B. Edmondson.

These purchases were made largely to solidify areas already owned by the government in its Georgia reserve and to straighten the land lines.

COLQUITT FAIR BREAKS RECORDS FOR ATTENDANCE

Moultrie, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—All attendance records at the Colquitt county fair were broken today when over 15,000 people passed through the gates during the morning and afternoon. These figures do not include the night attendance. The crowd in the city was the largest Moultrtie has ever seen. Most of the visitors came in automobiles, and it is estimated that fully 3,000 cars were parked near the fair grounds.

Two excursion trains were run here also, one from Douglas and the other from Valdosta and both were crowded to the limit. The fair, which has been by far the best ever staged here, will come to an end tomorrow night.

Most of the premiums have already been awarded and the remainder will be given Saturday. The Robinson district won first prize for the best agricultural exhibit, Funston district, second, and Hamilton, third. The first prize for the best exhibit in the canning club department went to the Moultrie district.

New Members Will Be Received Sunday At Wesley Memorial

The reception of new members will be a feature of the morning service at the Wesley Memorial Methodist church Sunday. This will follow immediately after the sermon. Several new members are to be received and a special program has been arranged for the occasion.

Holy communion will be administered at the Sunday morning service and as t his is the last communion of the conference year, Dr. B. F. Fraser, the pastor, is particularly anxious that every member of the congregation be in attendance.

Special musical programs will be rendered at both the morning and evening services by the choir under the direction of B. H. Phillips, of Emory university. The pastor will preach an evangelistic sermon at the evening service at 7:30 o'clock.

BOARD ON LONGSHORE STRIKE AT DEADLOCK

Savannah, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—The board seeking to arbitrate the questions involved in the strike of longshoremen at the port of Savannah and incidentally to give some direction to the same troubles at other ports, has been deadlocked, standing two to two, with the decision left to Judge John Rourke, Jr., to be announced as soon as he can review the case more fully. In case his decision is not satisfactory, an appeal will be taken to the national adjustment commission in New York.

The men are receiving 50 and 60 cents an hour. The yare asking for hours from 7 to 12 and from 1 to 4, with $1 an hour regular time, $2 an hour for overtime, $3 if required to work through the dinner hour, on Sunday or holidays.

The decision will apply to Savannah and to Wilmington, Charleston, Brunswick, Fernandina and Jacksonville. The longshoremen are largely colored men. They handle goods from warehouses to shipping and on the wharfs, cotton and naval stores being the chief commodities they handle.

SUMTER CONTRACTS FOR SCHOOL HOUSES

Americus, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—The contract for the construction of Union High school building was let here yesterday to Kitchens & Edmonson, of Americus, by the school trustees. The structure will cost $50,600 exclusive of its heating plant, and will be located midway between Leslie and De Soto, 15 miles east of Americus. The contract for installing the heating plant was let to W. F. Martin, of Dothan, Ala., for $7,200.

Edwards & Sayward, of Atlanta, who drew the plans for the structure, will be the supervising architects. The Thalean consolidated school building, which will be located seven miles west of Americus, will also be erected by Kitchens & Edmonson, the contract price being $6,500.

U. S. AID TO EUROPE PLEDGED BY REDFIELD

Washington, October 31.—Foreign trade delegations from England, France, Belgium and Italy were told today by Secretary Redfield that their nations could count on the assistance of the United States in the task of "putting Europe on its feet." Asserting that "the United States has a responsibility which it cannot escape," the secretary of commerce expressed the belief that the bankers, business men and people of the nation as a whole would undertake this responsibility.

The delegations of foreign business men were received during the day by acting Secretary of State Phillips, Speaker Gillett of the house, and Senator Cummins, president pro tempore of the senate.

BAPTISTS HOLD MEET AT BAY BRANCH CHURCH

Sylvania, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—The Baptist middle association held its annual meeting with Bay Branch church, in this county, Tuesday and Wednesday. W. V. Lanier, of Millen, was elected moderator; Rev. H. J. Arnett, of Sylvania, clerk, and H. G. Evans, of Halcyondale, treasurer.

On Wednesday talks were made on the seventy-five million campaign by Dr. L. R. Christie, of Savannah, and J. H. Burnett, of Mercer university. The sessions of the association were largely attended. Delegates and visitors were hospitably entertained by the people of the Bay Branch community. The next meeting of the association will be held with Jackson church in this county.

Out to-day

New Victor Records for November

New offerings that are interesting alike because of the selections they present and because of the artists who interpret them. There's untold enjoyment here for every music-lover.

			Number	Size	Price
Elixir of Love—Twenty Crowns		Enrico Caruso and Giuseppe De Luca	89089	12	$2.00
Quartet in D Major—Menuet	(Mozart)	Flonzaley Quartet	74596	12	1.50
Guitarre	Violin	Jascha Heifetz	64823	10	1.00
Messiah—He Shall Feed His Flock		Louise Homer	88613	12	1.50
Nobody Knows de Trouble I've Seen	Violin	Fritz Kreisler	64824	10	1.00
Roses of Picardy		John McCormack	64825	10	1.00
Cradle Song		Ernestine Schumann-Heink	87286	10	1.00
Cohen at the Picnic—Part I		Monroe Silver	18608	10	.85
Cohen at the Picnic—Part II		Monroe Silver			
When I'm Gone You'll Soon Forget		Peerless Quartet	18609	10	.85
Weeping Willow Lane		Henry Burr and Frank Croxton			
And He'd Say Oo-la-la! Wee-Wee		Billy Murray	18610	10	.85
Dixie is Dixie Once More		American Quartet			
The Hand That Rocked My Cradle Rules My Heart		John Steel	18611	10	.85
My Baby's Arms		John Steel			
Caroline Sunshine		Sterling Trio	18612	10	.85
Golden Gate		Charles Hart and Elliott Shaw			
Sahara (We'll Soon Be Dry Like You)		Esther Walker	18613	10	.85
Nobody Knows (And Nobody Seems to Care)		Esther Walker			
Mandy—Medley Fox Trot		Selvin's Novelty Orchestra	18614	10	.85
Novelty One-Step		Selvin's Novelty Orchestra			
Waiting—Medley Fox Trot		Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra	18615	10	.85
Mammy o' Mine—Medley One-Step		Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra			
The Circle, No. 2	(From "American Country Dances")	Victor Military Band	18616	10	.85
Portland Fancy	(From "American Country Dances")	Victor Military Band			
Gems from "Listen, Lester"		Victor Light Opera Company	35691	12	1.35
Gems from "Somebody's Sweetheart"		Victor Light Opera Company			
The American Flag		William Sterling Battis	35692	12	1.35
The Name of Old Glory		William Sterling Battis			
An Irish Folk Song		Laura Littlefield	35693	12	1.35
Ah, Love, But a Day (2) The Year's at the Spring		Laura Littlefield			

Hear these new Victor Records to-day at any Victor dealer's. He will gladly give you an illustrated booklet describing these new records and play any music you wish to hear. We recommend the Victor Tungs-tone Stylus—plays 100 to 300 records without changing.

Victrolas in great variety from $25 to $950.

Victor Talking Machine Co., Camden, N. J.

Victrola

New Victor Records demonstrated at all dealers on the 1st of each month

OUT TODAY

OUT TODAY

Open Tonight

Open Tonight

See the List and Judge for Yourself

DANCE NUMBERS

18615 — 10in. list price 85c — Waiting—Medley Fox Trot — Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra; Mammy o' Mine—Medley One-Step — Joseph C. Smith's Orchestra

The Fox Trot has a slow, rolling, tootsy-wootsy rhythm which is its own invitation to get up on the floor and trot. It sounds, at the beginning, like a slow dance for a heavy and good-natured partner. Things awake, however, and happen—several at once. There are a few fancy bars to try out some new footwork, and then the trombones begin to "holler." You can't be blamed, perhaps, if you holler back. The seductive first movement resumes, with an added rappity-rap-rap at high speed from the orchestra. The composition, by Harold Orlob, from the musical show, "Listen Lester," introduces "Waiting" and "Show a Little Something New." Here it is. You brace up for the One-step—you must or you get left. A South African war dance is modified milk beside it. Fragments of the melody are imitated in the alto instruments of the orchestra as it speeds along. There are whistlings here and there, and the sonorous clang of tom-toms that leave an after-tang like the taste of some fizzy beverage. The joy of youth is in every note of this One-step, which introduces "Mammy o' Mine" and "Dixie is Dixie Once More." It is by Maceo Pinkard.

18614 — 10in. list price 85c — Mandy—Medley Fox Trot — Selvin's Novelty Orchestra; Novelty One-Step — Selvin's Novelty Orchestra

This is the first double-faced record by Selvin's Novelty Orchestra, smack from Broadway. Jazz plus ragtime, and then some! Six very live gentlemen appear and proceed to "get to it." Believe us, there is something doing. The medley introduces "Mandy" and "A Pretty Girl Is Like a Melody," by Irving Berlin, from the "Ziegfeld Follies, 1919." The instruments themselves seem to dance in this number, which introduces a number of novel effects. The "Novelty One-Step," arranged by Benjamin B. Selvin, takes its name from this very feature, for it rags and jazzes on Rubinstein's "Melody in F"—of all pieces! And then goes on to rag "The Old Oaken Bucket" at such a pace that you nearly dance your bones out of your skin. The rhythm keeps up a furious patter-patter through which the strains of the two counter melodies are felt like breaths of cool air through an open window among the dancers.

POPULAR SONGS

18609 — 10in. list price 85c — When I'm Gone You'll Soon Forget — Peerless Quartet; Weeping Willow Lane — Henry Burr-Frank Croxton

Resignation is the keynote of the beautiful quartet in the first of these numbers—resignation to one of those partings that, strive as you will, must be. An English poet once wrote: "The half of music, I have heard men say, is to have grieved." It is true in this instance, as the music itself is not sorrowful—only of a character likely to wake those deeper feelings which we cannot always suffer to rise. Behind the harmonies of the four voices, weave at intervals the half-hidden harmonies of the full orchestra. The song is by E. Austin Keith. "Weeping Willow Lane" introduces a welcome combination in which our old friend, Henry Burr, appears with Frank Croxton. The duet is in a minor key, but it conveys the assurance that one soul at least did not forget, but sancti fied memory with the most precious of all human offerings—the gift of tears. The song is by Harold G. Frost and F. Henri Klickman. Orchestral bells are used with almost magical effect.

18613 — 10in. list price 85c — Sahara (We'll Soon Be Dry Like You) — Esther Walker; Nobody Knows (And Nobody Seems to Care) — Esther Walker

These are the first records by the young comedienne who went on at a Winter Garden concert one night and carried away the house. In her first song she does not speak of love, but thirst. The wails of the desert and the strummings of barbaric instruments introduce a grotesque lament for the departed "Whiskey, wine 'r gin," which is pursued to the beating of Arab-sounding drums and the "whang" of other instruments of percussion. The refrain itself, with its long-drawn mock-doleful "Sa—haa—aa-ra!" makes you want to squat on the floor yourself in Oriental fashion, and keep time by banging together the fire-shovel and the kitchen poker. The burden of the song is that we soon shall all be as dry as the Sahara; and the orchestra gives it an echo in mournful accents, but a sly and very fetching rhythm. The song is by Alfred Bryan and Jean Schwartz, and was a success in "Monte Cristo, Jr.," at the New York Winter Garden. "Nobody Knows," by Irving Berlin, is a coaxing little ditty in Miss Walker's best style, to the effect that "nobody knows" how much she is longing for someone to cuddle up and be nice.

18610 — 10in. list price 85c — And He'd Say Oo-la-la! Wee Wee — Billy Murray; Dixie is Dixie Once More — American Quartet

Isn't it the plain truth that "Oo-la-la!" and "Wee-Wee!" together with the classical "Bocoo" and "Comblen?" make up the vocabulary of nine-tenths of the men we sent to France? Here is a sprightly song of an American soldier and his French sweetheart. He only knows a few words, but the couple seem to get along very well. The song is a lively one, the melody bright and dashing, and the blood will quicken to hear it. It is by Harry Ruby and George Jessel. "Dixie is Dixie Once More," by William Tracey and Maceo Pinkard, is sung, played and spoken to celebrate the return of a Southern regiment. Its march movement stops abruptly, to the great disgust of the loafers and the "hot-dog man" in front of the hotel. Heroes are pointed out, including the bartender who enlisted with the "tanks," and the opinion is delivered that when that regiment started swinging razors, the war was done. The record begins and ends with a fine burst of harmony. Whistlings, trombones and jazz effects appear in the accompaniment.

18612 — 10in. list price 85c — Carolina Sunshine — Sterling Trio; Golden Gate — Charles Hart-Elliot Shaw

Why is it that places that you may have seen but once persist in remaining in memory as long as you live, and in calling you strangely back to them when you have a little time to think? The question is not to be answered; but all know the feeling, and these two songs embody it. "Carolina Sunshine" is by Walter Hirsch and Erwin R. Schmidt. A single voice intones a bar of the song, and the other voices answer in peals of rich harmony. Between the stanzas there is a strain of "Home, Sweet Home," for the violin and the orchestral chime—a combination of almost unearthly sweetness. "Golden Gate," by Kendis and Brockman, is another song of "one's a'n country," which after all is the place one loves the most. It is in slow waltz tempo beautifully harmonized and nowhere so beautifully, perhaps, as in the last verse passages before the refrain begins.

18611 — 10in. list price 85c — The Hand That Rocked My Cradle Rules My Heart — John Steel; My Baby's Arms — John Steel

"The Hand that Rocked My Cradle" is a good American kind of song: it is a young man's tribute to his mother. You may be sure he is a manly and loyal young fellow. He is no sentimentalist, but he probably kisses the old lady goody-bye when he goes to work in the morning, with his package of lunch in one hand. At the week's end, he probably sets his his pay envelope before her, untouched. He has quick sympathies, a strong heart and a ready fist. The song is by Irving Berlin. It will do your own heart good. When you turn over the record, you may expect to hear, from the title, the mother's tribute to her "baby." But instead, it is a young man that sings again, and the "baby" is a full-grown, sweet, wholesome and adorable young blossom. Imagine a lullaby in ragtime with a full orchestra behind the singer, with bells and modern instruments, and a beautiful obbligato the second time the refrain is given. The singer is frank about it—he wants to be held in his "baby's arms." The song, by Joseph McCarthy and Harry Tierney, was one of the successes of the Ziegfeld Follies of 1919. It is given in John Steel's own particular style, with all the charm of youth in it.

McCORMACK, JOHN
64825 Roses of Picardy — Weatherly-Wood — 10-in. list price $1.00

This is a song taken almost at random from the many beautiful songs the new day has given to the world, and translated into a thing of more exalted beauty by the voice of John McCormack, the artist who can find beauty, and redisclose it, in everything he touches. It is adorably sung, and at its climax there is a wonderful high note that brings forth the full power and sweetness of the artist's voice. The sweetest rose of all the millions that bloom in Picardy is th e girl-rose to whom the song is addressed.

MISCELLANEOUS

35691 — 12in. list price 1.35 — Gems from "Listen, Lester" — Victor Light Opera Company; Gems from "Somebody's Sweetheart" — Victor Light Opera Co.

18608 — 10in. list price 85c — Cohen at the Picnic—Part I — Monroe Silver; Cohen at the Picnic—Part II — Monroe Silver

35692 — 12in. list price 1.35 — The American Flag (Joseph R. Drake) — William Sterling Battis; The Name of Old Glory — William Sterling Battis

35693 — 12in. list price 1.35 — An Irish Folk Song — Laura Littlefield; Ah, Love, But a Day (2) The Year's at the Spring — Laura Littlefield

18616 — 10in. list price 85c — The Circle No. 2 (From "American Country Dances") (Burchenal) — Victor Military Band; Portland Fancy (From "American Country Dances") No. 1 "Texarkana." No 2 "Young America Hornpipe" (Burchenal) — Victor Military Band

SCHUMANN-HEINK, ERNESTINE
87286 Cradle Song — MacFadyen — 10-in. list price $1.00

KREISLER, FRITZ
64824 Nobody Knows de Trouble I've Seen — White — 10-in. list price $1.00

HOMER, LOUISE
88613 Messiah—He Shall Feed His Flock — Handel — 12-in. list price $1.50

HEIFETZ, JASCHA
64823 Guitarre — Moszkowski-Sarasate — 10in. list price $1.00

FLONZALEY QUARTET
74596 Quartet in D Major—Menuet — Mozart — 12-in. list price $1.50

CARUSO, ENRICO—DE LUCA, GIUSEPPE
89089 L'Elisir d'Amore—Venti Scudi (Elixir of Love—Twenty Crowns) — Donizetti — 12-in. list price $2.00

SPECIAL—Have you been looking for the following selections? We have them and many others which, no doubt, you will be glad to find:

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No. 18594 The Vamp — Smith's Orchestra
No. 18594 Tell Me — Smith's Orchestra

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MERGER OF CITY AND COUNTY ASKED

Consolidation of Governments Favored by Grand Jurymen—Better School Buildings Outside City Needed.

Commending county officials, recommending an increased school tax to make better school buildings possible and urging the consolidation of county and municipa lgovernments, the Fulton county grand jury Friday submitted its presentments to the superior court and was dismissed.

In addition to the presentments, a minority report in favor of the continued system of city and county governments was also submitted.

The grand jury as set out in the presentments, found 193 true bills, a large number of which charged capital offenses. In the cases that came before the jury it was evident that the carrying of concealed weapons and unlawful sale of liquors played a large part, and for this reason they recommend that such violators of the law be given heavy sentences. The enforcement of the vagrancy law is also urged and heavy penalties are asked for automobile thieves.

The consolidation of the county and municipal governments is urged on the grounds that the efficient coordination of independent authorities in the same territory is not practical and even if it was practical, necessarily would involve duplication of expense in operation, and figures are given which appear to show that some $60,000 can be saved in administration, which would be available for permanent improvements. This, it it set out, can be done without a dollar increase in taxation. Birmingham, which now includes the whole of Jefferson county, is given as an example of the consolidation of governments that have been successful.

The grand jury, the presentments state, wishes to avoid any charge of political intermeddling, and withhold comment on the quality and character of the administration of either the city or county governments. If they need reforming, added responsibility will tend to hasten that result. The principle of concentration of administrative power, in purely corporate management as distinguished from governmental policies, accompanied by responsibility for results, has been demonstrated to be sound too often to require argument.

The jury recommends a referendum on the matter to the people before any legislation is asked, proposing that the majority rule.

A new reformatory for white boys is urged by the jury and the present juvenile court and detention home at 96 Trinity avenue is condemned as an old, dilapidated, insanitary building and a positive disgrace to a rich county like Fulton. Judge W. W. Tindale and his associates of the juvenile court are highly commended.

The county commissioners are praised for the laying of concrete roads through the county, and this type of pavement is recommended for future road paving. The jury asserts that all the concrete roads were found in good condition.

The almshouse and convict camps were found in good condition, and Superintendent A. Q. Turner and his assistants are commended.

Want New Schools.

In regard to the school system in the county the grand jury makes the following comment:

"A local tax of five mills is now levied on all property outside of the corporate limits of Atlanta, East Point and College Park for school purposes, and this is the only source of revenue the board of education of Fulton county has besides what comes from the state. The revenues of the board are now practically $100,000 per annum, and their actual operating expenses for the present school year wil be more than $120,000. Within this territory live 6,827 children of school age, 4,800 of whom are now in attendance upon the schools. There are twenty-eight (28) grammar schools, one high school for whites and fifteen (15) grammar schools for negroes. These white grammar schools range in size from one to nine teachers; the negro schools, with the exception of three, are one-teacher schools.

"A new grammar school should be constructed in the neighborhood of the federal prison. The following school buildings are wholly unfit and should have new buildings erected in their places: Marion Smith, Rock Springs, Hemphill, Mount Olive, E. P. Howell, Mayson, Center Hill and Chattahoochee.

"A new school building should also be erected to house the E. W. Grove school, which now uses a church. Most of the school buildings are badly in need of repairs. Fulton county should find some way to take care of this most urgent problem. If the country school commissioners have no legal right to give assistance in order that these future citizens of Fulton county may be properly house and educated, they should seek to have the law so amended as to give them the right to give assistance.

"The Fulton county high school occupies a rented building on Whitehall in a noisy section of the city; the school is without playgrounds and is wholly unsuited for school purposes.

"Every negro school building in the system except one should be replaced by decent, comfortable buildings. The negro schools are conducted in most cases in negro churches.

"The personnel of the teaching force of Fulton county is good and the board of education is doing all in its power with the limited funds in hand. Superintendent J. W. Simmons is well adapted to his work and is doing splendid work.

"We examined the books of the county school superintendent and found them well kept and in balance. We cannot but express the hope that the people living outside of the cities in Fulton county will rally to the school system and vote for an increased local tax at the coming November election, which has been called for this purpose."

Urges Better Salaries.

The jury recommends better salaries; for teachers; better school buildings; larger school yards; the consolidation of schools; parent-teacher organizations for each school, and the introduction in the schools of manual training for the boys and household economics for girls.

In reporting on the municipal court and justices of the peace, the jury states: We wish to congratulate the county on the personnel of the municipal court.

"The fiscal year of the county ends September 30, and we were privileged to see the auditor's report covering the municipal court. This report showed that they handled 14,570 cases at a cost of $75,-313.20. Receipts from costs and fees in this court were $45,739.30, leaving a net loss in the operation of this court of $29,573.90, upon an average of a little over $2 per case handled.

"We recommend that such action be taken by our delegation in the legislature as is necessary to raise the costs and fees so as to make this court appoximately self-sustaining.

"We desire also to repeat and emphasize the recommendation made by the spring term grand jury, that a penalty be placed on ministers and other officers who perform marriage ceremonies and fail to report them to the ordinary's office. We request that the proper authorities prepare a bill to be submitted to our next legislature which will remedy this defect. Many of our good people who have been legally married in this and other counties could not prove that fact by the records in the offices of the ordinary of their country."

Praise for Officials.

Special mention is made of the index records in the office of Henry Wood, clerk of the county commission.

"We found an index system of the voluminous records in the office of the clerk of county commissioners, which was carefully, neatly and apparently accurately kept, and it gives Fulton county a practically perfect index to its records."

Lucien Harris, tax collector, is highly praised for his efficiency in handling of the office and he is commended for his prompt settlements.

"Our tax collector seems to have made a record of his handling of the office, and we quote the following sentence from the comptroller general of the state, who says, in reference to his recent settlement: 'This is a remarkable showing, and demonstrates the high order of efficiency and intelligence which you have brought to the discharge of your duty as tax collector of Fulton county.' It seems that this officer collected quite a large sum in addition to the amount that was shown on the tax rolls as turned over to him, and has made his settlement much earlier than has been the custom in the past, or is now the custom with other tax collectors throughout the state.

"We found the courthouse neatly and well kept.

"After a careful examination we found that the jail was generally well kept. The prisoners are provided with a sufficient amount of well-cooked and wholesome food The general sanitary condition of the jail itself is as good as could kind. We have only praise for be expected in an institution of this those charged with the management of the jail."

Judge Is Commended.

Judge John D. Humphries and Assistant Solicitor E. A. Stephens were recommended for their efficiency and courtesy.

"We desire to call special attention to the efficient, courteous and businesslike manner in which his honor, Judge John D. Humphries, conducts his court. The amount of business handled by the solicitor general and his assistants in this circuit is something stupendous.

"We have been especially impressed by the courtesy, the ability and the expeditious manner of handling business by Edward A. Stephens, assistant to the solicitor general, with whom this jury has come in contact from day to day. We feel we are doing but simple justice when we express this appreciation of the public services of Mr. Stephens."

In addition to the presentments the grand jury passed resolutions thanking the Atlanta newspapers for their generosity and general policy.

Both the resolutions and the presentments were signed by A. J. Shropshire, foreman, and W. G. Kesnic, clerk.

"The grand jury also desires to take official notice and express its approval of the generostiy and the general policy of our daily papers. The Atlanta Constitution, The Atlanta Journal and The Atlanta Georgian, in opening their columns to the citizens for a general discussion of all problems bearing upon the needs of our growing city and county."

The minority report on consolidation dissenting from the presentment of the grand jury was signed by William M. Slaton, G. W. Little, A. J. Shropshire, O. N. St nes, J. N. McWilliams, R. M. Gaan, W. A. Dodge, J. Frank Beck and Joseph E. Boston.

The minority report sets out that certain outlying districts in the county are not self-supporting, and that to merge the city and county would be to increase the taxation on people living in the city to the benefit of those living in the country.

In this report it is also stated that the consolidation would necessitate the opening of recorder's courts in the country districts, as it would be impractical to arrest a man 15 miles from the city and bring him that distance for trial. The report also sets out that it would be necessary to increase the number of policemen, firemen and other city employees.

SPANISH WAR VETS WILL MEET SUNDAY

There will be a lively meeting of Spanish War Veterans at the Auditorium Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock, when Fitzhugh Lee Camp, No. 6, will assemble to muster in some new members that have lately been elected to membership.

It has been suggested that the name of the camp be changed to Camp Roosevelt in honor of one of the most patriotic Americans that ever lived, and one whose mother was reared in Georgia. This change will be put to a vote of the camp.

The report of Commander B. Bernard will be made on the progress of the Roosevelt Memorial association activities in regard to Georgia's quota of the fund to be raised.

The camp has lately been receiving applications for membership from veterans that live out of the city, and for their information it can be stated that they will be accepted provided they can produce a good discharge covering period from 1898 to 1902. The adjutant will furnish any information desired on this subject.

Illustrating the violence of the wind in Nebraska, The Wood River (Neb.) Interests says: "A bunch of cattle belonging to Alfred Lompe got caught out in the field when the blizzard came along last week, and he had a two days' job getting them back in the corral. The wind had whipped off the tails of two of them."

Sunday School Workers Will Hold Mass Meeting Tomorrow

The Sunday school workers of Fulton county will hold a mass meeting Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock at the Baptist Tabernacle. The meeting is a forerunner of the

PROF. M. A. HONLINE.

school of methods for all Sunday school workers which will be held in the Baptist Tabernacle during next week beginning Monday afternoon and closing Friday night.

The speaker for the Sunday afternoon mass meeting is Prof. M. A. Honline of Dayton, Ohio, who is one of the leading religious educators of America. For five years Professor Honline was the educational secretary of the Ohio Sunday School association and for two years director of religious education for his denomination. A prominent leader in the men and religion movement, he later became secretary of religious education for the International Y. M. C. A. Since 1914 he has been professor of religious education in Bonebreak Theological seminary at Dayton and has just given up this work and is now employed on full time by the Interternational Sunday School associatica as educational superintendent.

D. W. Sims, superintendent of the Georgia Sunday School association, in speaking of the wonderful opportunity offered the Atlanta school workers in hearing Professor Honline at the mass meeting and twice a day throughout the school of methods, said, "Professor Honline has a magnetic personality which, together with his educational attainments, earned through years of college and post-graduate work, places him at once in the forefront of the Sunday school workers of this generation."

Many of the religious leaders of the city have written letters to the pastors and Sunday school superintendents of the country urging them to attend and get their people to go. Professor Floyd Field, the secretary of the Fulton County Sunday School association, indicated that from the reports received at the office he was expecting between 85 and 100 Sunday schools of the county to be represented at the meeting Sunday afternoon.

The program will begin promptly at 3 o'clock, and is as follows:

3:00—Prayer and praise service.
3:15—Address, "The Place of the Bible in Civilization," by Professor M. A. Honline.
4:05—Records.
4:15—Adjourn.

LEGION VOLUNTEERS WANTED FOR STRIKE

Montgomery, Ala., October 31.—Members of the American legion posts of Alabama have been called on to volunteer their services in event they are needed in connection with the mine strike in the state, according to announcement made here tonight.

The National Guard of Alabama numbers only 800 men at the present time, and it is said that Governor Thomas E. Kilby has taken steps to secure the services of at least 3,200 ex-service men who can be used at a moment's notice. Employers of such men as volunteer will be expected to hold their positions open for them.

DYNAMITE IS FOUND NEAR ELKS' THEATER

Talladega, Ala., October 31.—Investigating a slight explosion that occurred Thursday night near the Elks theater, police officials today found a box containing six sticks of dynamite and twenty-four caps, under a truck on the north side of the theater.

Employees of the Western Union Telegraph company, whose offices are in the theater building, declared the Thursday night explosion rocked that building, but no other damage resulted. There is no clue as to who brought the explosives to this city or any purpose that may have been involved.

GEORGIA INVITES GENERAL PERSHING TO INSPECT GORDON

If the governor of the state and the senators and representatives from Georgia in congress can prevail on him to do so, General Pershing will make an early visit to this city for the purpose of inspecting Camp Gordon. In reply to a telegram which he addressed them, Governor Dorsey yesterday received answers from both senators promising to take the matter up at once and do all in their power.

Governor Dorsey's message was as follows:

"I am requested to ask you to invite General Pershing to visit Atlanta for an inspection of Camp Gordon. Our people believe that if he will make such an inspection he will throw his influence for the retention of the camp.

"(Signed) HUGH M. DORSEY, "Governor."

Senator Harris replied: "Glad to comply with your request urging visit of Pershing." From Senator Hoke Smith he received this answer: "Will extend invitation to General Pershing tomorrow, if he is in the city."

British manufacturers of lenses, particularly lenses for photographic work, claim that they have made so much progress since the outbreak of the war that they are making now better lenses than any made by Germany prior to the war, and that improvement is still going on. Considerable advance in this respect has also been made in this country, and lenses for field glasses are also made here, it is said, that are equal in every way to the lenses that were formerly imported from Germany.

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64825—Roses of Picardy—John McCormack.
64824—Nobody Knows de Trouble I've Seen—Kreisler.
88613—Messiah—He Shall Feed His Flock—Louise Homer.

A complete list of November Records on page 4 of this paper

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In Black and Tan Play Shoes

Sizes 6 to 8 ..... $3.00
Sizes 8½ to 11 ..... $3.50
Sizes 11½ to 2 ..... $4.00

Little Gents' Black and Tan Army Shoes

Sizes 11 to 13½ $3.75
Sizes 1 to 2 ..... $4.00

In Baby Patent and Vici Kid Button; Also White Canvas Shoes

Sizes 2 to 4 ..... $2.25
Sizes 4½ to 8 ..... $2.75

Misses' and Children's Gun Metal and Vici Kid Lace Shoes.

Sizes 8½ to 11 ..... $3.95
Sizes 11½ to 2 ..... $4.45

Little Boys' Tan Army Shoes
Sizes 6 to 8 ..... $2.45
Sizes 8½ to 11 ..... $2.95

Misses' and Children's Gun Metal Lace Boots

Sizes 8½ to 11 ..... $4.45
Sizes 11½ to 2 ..... $4.95

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—A SALE OF THIS KIND, OFFERING SUCH REALLY EXtraordinary values calls for an explanation even though it IS sponsored by HIGH'S, which in itself means it is to be relied upon to the utmost. Fact is they are samples which were purchased from a manufacturer who is so reliable that he is our regular source of supply. These dresses, however, while they are samples, are as fine as any we have ever owned. Don't fail to get the full import of this statement, for we are mighty proud, and justly so, of the dresses we sell here. Read below the prices and bear in mind that the values as stated are absolutely correct.

Dresses Worth Up to $35.00

$23.35

In this lot of dresses, made of Jerseys, all-wool serge and men's wear serge. Some are trimmed with metallic embroidery, others have brushed wool and lace trimmings. A stunning model with plaited overkirt effect is to be seen also. These are all in navy or tan.

Dresses Worth Up to $40.00

$27.35

This group is of Jersey, in new suede, copen, olive, brown, navy, heather and Chinese blue. Trimmings are large buttons, silk braids, brushed wool in colors, colored embroidery and white collars and cuffs. The styles are too numerous to be described.

Dresses Worth Up to $60.00

$33.35

Tricotine and velvet is what this group of dresses is made of. They are in black, navy and dark green. Large buttons, laces and handsome novelty ribbons have found their proper places among the trimmings used. A combination of handsomeness and quality is found in them in more than unusual liberaluess.

HOLLWEG GRILLED REGARDING WAR

Former German Chancellor Says He Opposed U-Boat Warfare — Discusses Wilson and Intervention.

Berlin, October 31.—(By the Associated Press.)—Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, German chancellor during the greater part of the war, spent nearly two hours in the witness chair today before the national assembly subcommittee, which is investigating what has been the possibilities for bringing about peace during the war.

Questions for Hollweg.

The committee requested answers from Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, to the following three questions:

First—Why did the central powers make their peace offer on December 12, 1916, when action by President Wilson for peace had been suggested by Germany and a certain prospect of such action was held out, at the latest, from the end of December?

Second—Why were concrete peace conditions not communicated to President Wilson?

Third—Why, instead of pursuing the idea of action toward peace by President Wilson, did Germany assent to ruthless submarine warfare if she knew it would lead to war with the United States?

Condemned U-Boat Warfare.

The former chancellor said he sharply condemned the submarine warfare, but admitted the influence of Admiral von Tirpitz, General Ludendorff and Field Marshal von Hindenburg was so strong that the German people were absolutely convinced of its justification, and followed their generals blindly.

His voice almost broke with emotion as he told of his efforts to meet his responsibilities, both to the people at home and the soldiers in the trenches. When he tried to oppose the submarine war, he said, Generals Ludendorff and Von Hindenburg wired the foreign office that Germany would lose the campaign on the west front and that she must have the submarine war.

It was considered finally, according to the former chancellor, that even America, should she enter the war, could be handled, and the army authorities threw down the gauntlet to political figures who opposed the submarine campaign.

Warnings not to underestimate America, which the former chancellor said he issued, failed of their purpose, because, he declared, intense hatred of America ruled solidly in all political circles owing to the delivery of ammunition to the entente by the United States.

Dr. Von Bethmann-Hollweg acknowledged that the acts established in the course of the proceedings were correct and admitted Germany's wish had been to enter a conference which President Wilson was willing to join.

Replying to the first of the three questions he has been asked to answer, the former chancellor said:

"If President Wilson was upset because the central powers did not wait for his peace step, he did not allow this to influence his action."

Doubt About Wilson.

Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg would not assert that President Wilson was not in earnest in holding out a prospect of peace action, but said there was a long series of facts throwing doubt on whether and when he (President Wilson) could carry out his resolve, which led the German government to doubt whether his intervention could come soon enough.

According to Count von Bernstoff's reports, the former chancellor declared, the president was accustomed to show hesitancy and dilatoriness and appeared handicapped by his own and his country's relationship to the entente.

"We could not see into the president's soul," said Von Bethmann-Hollweg. "However, he had no friendly feeling for Germany, as was recently declared by Premier Clemenceau in the senate; moreover, the commercial relations of England and the United States, for the supply of armaments, were bound severely to restrict the president's peace action, and it would have been venturesome to take his peace action as a certain factor and otherwise remain inactive. For military reasons Germany could not wait indefinitely.

"In order not to give the impression of weakness, the German peace offer had to come at a time when our military successes were at the highest. Moreover, it was necessary to show the German people that the government desired peace and was only waging a defensive war. It was calculated further, the peace offer would increase the entente people's will for peace and they would influence their governments in favor of negotiations. Unfortunately, the entente replied to the German offer with a flat refusal and the war had to be continued."

Suffrage Workers Form Organization At Clarkston, Ga.

The officers of the Georgia Woman's Suffrage association of Atlanta were invited to the home of Mrs. Hemsler at Clarkston, Friday, to speak on and organize an auxiliary there.

The officers of the state organization who spoke at Clarkston were: Mrs. W. A. Maddox, who spoke on the need of the ballot by mothers for the home and school; Mrs. R. E. White, on the reform caused by the suffrage in the states of Idaso and Washington; Mrs. Amelia R. Woodall, corresponding secretary for the state organization, on the results of the school of citizenry.

Mrs. Mary L. McLendon then organized the Clarkston auxiliary.

The following officers were elected: Mrs. J. R. M. Billon, president; Mrs. H. K. Hemsler, vice president; Mrs. Arthur Charles Shepherd, secretary and treasurer.

MORE POWER WANTED BY U. S. SUGAR BOARD

New York, October 31.—The continued existence of the sugar equalization board depends on whether legislation is enacted giving it authority to control profiteering and to ration the manufacturing consumption of sugar. This was emphasized today in a telegram sent to Senator McNary, of Oregon, in charge of the senate sugar investigation, by George A. Zabiskie, chairman of the equalization board.

Mr. Zabriskie said that Senator McNary had apparently misunderstood a telegram sent him yesterday, which led the senator to announce in Washington that the equalization board was preparing to wind up its activities because of inability to secure sugar from Cuba to warrant further government control. In today's telegram Mr. Zabriskie said in part:

"I wish to state explicitly that the sugar equalization board does not consider that any protection can be given to the American people in the matter of supplies and price of sugar during the year 1920 unless there is such legislation as gives the power to the board not only to purchase raw sugar, but also to control speculation, profiteering and to so control the distribution as to ration down the consumption of candy and sweet drinks to a point that will protect the American householder."

The legislation desired probably would enable the board to purchase Cuban sugars eventually at a reasonable price, Mr. Zabriskie said.

Youthful Infringer Of Law Sentenced To Eighteen Months

Jerry Allred, youthful infringer of the law, was sentenced to 18 month in the Connecticut State Reform school at Cheshire, Conn., after being tried for the theft of candies and cigars from an interstate freight car, in the United States district court Friday.

Allred, who is 19 years of age, was arrested with three other boys some time ago for breaking into a freight car and carrying away a quantity of candies and cigars. Two of the boys pleaded guilty and were sentenced to three years at the training school in Washington. One was acquitted.

While he was being taken in a car from the county jail to the courtrooms, Allred leaped from the automobile and made his escape. He was arrested in South Carolina a short while afterwards for another offense and served a sentence there. He returned to Georgia and was immediately arrested.

REWARD IS OFFERED FOR DUBLIN NEGROES

Dublin, Ga., October 31.—(Special.) A reward of $100 each is now offered for the capture of Lige Sowells and Nathan Sowells, negroes, wanted for assault with attempt to murder, committed Friday night, last, when Lige shot Henry Grier, prominent white man, during a fist fight Grier was having with another.

Both negroes have been chased the greater portion of this week; but were last seen between Towns and Lumber City. Trace of them has been lost for the time.

THOMAS B. FELDER SPEAKS AT G. O. P. CLUB IN NEW YORK

According to advices received in Atlanta, the end of the Roosevelt Memorial week in New York was marked by unusual enthusiasm in which Georgia had a big part. During the week addresses were made at the various democratic and republican clubs by many of the great men of the city of New York, such as Charles E. Hughes, Alton B. Parker, Lindley M. Garrison, James A. O'Gorman, Martin W. Littleton and others.

In order that the exercises should be entirely non-partisan, democrats were invited to speak at the republican clubs, and republicans at the democratic clubs. Hon. Thomas B. Felder, formerly of Atlanta, but now a member of the New York bar, was invited not only as a democrat, but as a Georgian, to speak at the Seventh Assembly Republican club. Congressman Rowan, a democratic congressman, was the other speaker upon the occasion.

Mr. Felder spoke of the fact "that Roosevelt was the joint product of the Puritan and the Cavalier," descended from the Puritan Roosevelts of the north and the Cavalier Bullochs of the south, and of his own native state. He spoke of the birthplace of the mother at Roswell, near Atlanta, and of the poetical environment thereof, and the Colonial ancestral home with Corinthian columns "where the pigeons come fluttering down."

The Georgia headquarters of the Roosevelt Memorial association are highly pleased over the reception given the Georgia speaker and the sentiments he expressed.

SALARY RAISES ARE RECOMMENDED BY HEALTH BOARD

Petitions for salary increase featured the meeting of the board of health Friday afternoon. Dr. John D. Wilkins and Dr. S. D. Warnock, city physicians, asked for more money and thirty inspectors in the health department presented a petition requesting a raise.

Dr. Wilkins and Dr. Warnock are now receiving $150 a month, with an additional $25 a month for performing the work formerly done by the city physician assigned to the city stockade and police station. The inspectors are paid $115 a month, which they want increased to $145.

The board of health acted favorably on both petitions and will recommend to council that they be granted.

BANKS IS BOUND OVER; WIFE-BEATING CHARGED

W. A. Banks, a taxicab driver, was bound over to the superior court on a charge of wife-beating Friday morning by Judge T. O. Hathcock in the municipal court. His bond was set at $200. According to Mrs. Banks, her husband saw her in a drug store with Detective William Payne, whom she met for the purpose of discussing the recovery of some money that had been stolen from her. Banks, she testified, did not believe her charge and that night at home beat her. Banks denied that he beat his wife.

Supreme Court of Ga.

The call of the following cases for argument will begin at 10 o'clock a. m. (9 o'clock a. m. Central Standard time), on Monday, November 17, 1919:

1569. City Council of Augusta et al. v. Augusta-Aiken Ry. & Electric Corp. Richmond.
1590. City Council of Augusta v. Augusta-Aiken Ry. & Electric Corp. Richmond.
1656. Jenkins v. Lane et al. Dooly.
1657. Lane et al. v. Jenkins. Dooly.
1664. Ramsey v. Street. Murray.
1670. Street v. Ramsey. Murray.
1665. Jordan v. Barksdale et al. Washington.
1668. Legg v. Legg. Gordon.
1669. Riordan et al. v. Baldwin et al. Ferrell.
1671. Jarrell v. Holland et al. Jones.
1672. Williams v. Littlejohn. Fulton.
1673. Shorter v. Shorter. Fulton.
1674. Jones v. Jones. Pulaski.
1675. Hill et al. v. Whorton, admr. Cobb.
1676. Harris v. Adams, exr. Washington.
1677. Brown v. Tyson. Lee.
1678. Harrell, comr., et al. v. Smith et al. Decatur.
1679. Town of Climax v. Burnside. Decatur.
1680. Turner v. Turner. Putnam.
1681. Johnson v. Holmes. Hancock.
1682. E. Tris Napier Co. v. Gloss et al. Bibb.
1684. Frey v. City of Marietta. Cobb.
1686. Sams et al. v. Sams. Fayette.
1687. Sams v. Sams, et al. Fayette.
1688. Erbelding et al. v. Massengale et al. Richmond.
1690. Peacock v. Tillman. Marion.
1691. Tharpe, tax collector, et al. v. Haslam et al. Houston.
1693. Dougherty v. Dougherty. Fulton.
1694. Jenkins v. State. Fulton.
1695. Brown v. Smith. Cobb.
1698. Laughridge, amr., v. City of Dalton. Whitfield.
1699. Elrod v. Bagley et al. Murray.
1700. Moreland v. Lawson. Murray.
1701. Tyson et al. v. Board of Education of Carroll County et al. Carroll.

ARMY ORDERS

(By Constitution Leased Wire)

Washington, October 31.—First Lieutenant James B. B. Prosser, infantry, now at Camp Gordon, is transferred to United States army general hospital No. 6, Fort McPherson, for further observation and treatment.

Second Lieutenant Kenneth H. Fysh, infantry, is relieved from his present duty at Camp Jessup, Georgia, and will proceed to Camp Gordon and report to the commanding general, Fifth division, for assignment with the division motor transport officer.

Second Lieutenant Earl B. Brooks, infantry, is transferred from Camp Jessup to United States army general hospital No. 6, Fort McPherson, for further observation and treatment.

First Lieutenant John I. Wilson, infantry, is transferred to general hospital No. 6, Fort McPherson, for further observation and treatment.

Colonel George Connolly, coast artillery corps, now at Fort Morgan, Ala., is transferred to general hospital No. 6, Fort McPherson, for further observation and treatment.

Marine Corps Orders.

Colonel A. T. Marix, from this city, to command marine barracks, Charleston, S. C.

Major F. A. Barker, from headquarters, this city, to command marine barracks, New Orleans.

Savannah Carpenters Decide to Go on Strike For Ninety Cents Hour

Savannah, Ga., October 31.—The building boom, fairly under way and promising to be of dimensions to make up for the war years' inactivity, may be halted by a strike of carpenters, who today, it is declared, decided to ask a minimum wage of 90 cents an hour, effective tomorrow. Othehr construction workers may also be involved, electricians, plumbers, roofers, painters, brick masons, plasterers, steam fitters, lathers, etc.

It is said by contractors that carpenters here are receiving more than in other southern cities, except Jacksonville and Mobile, and the same as in Atlanta, 75 cents, with $1 an hour in some exceptional cases.

Dublin Drive.

Dublin, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—Dr. George Merrill Randall, of St. Petersburg, Fla., one of the leading Red Cross workers in the south, is to make an address at Dublin Sunday afternoon, in the courthouse, in teh interest of the roll-call campaign that the Red Cross will open here on Sunday.

VOTERS OF FIVE STATES TO ELECT GOVERNORS

New York, October 31.—Five states, Massachusetts, New Jersey, Maryland, Kentucky and Mississippi, will elect governors at the "off year" elections to be held next Tuesday, November 4. The only congressional election throughout the country will be held in the fifth district of Alabama on November 8, where a successor will be chosen to the late Representative Joseph B. Thompson.

Prohibition is the chief issue in the Ohio elections, where the voters will be called upon to vote on two amendments and two referendums on the subject. The referendums relate to the legislative ratification of the federal prohibition amendment and the prohibition enforcement act passed by the last legislature. The amendments propose that 2.75 per cent liquor shall not be defined as intoxicating and that constitutional state-wide prohibition be repealed. A third proposed amendment relates to classification of property for taxation. Voters of Kentucky will also vote on the question of state-wide prohibition.

Massachusetts, New Jersey, Virginia, Kentucky and Maryland will elect new members to both legislative branches. Voters of New York will be called upon to vote for members of the state assembly and justices of the state supreme court. Illinois and Nebraska are to vote delegates to constitutional conventions and in Texas the voters are asked to approve a call for a constitutional convention and six constitutional amendments.

There are no elections in the far western states.

CAPITOL GOSSIP

Company Pays Taxes.

Following the award of the arbitrators in their favor, which was announced last week, the Georgia Railway and Power company and its subsidiary, the Georgia Railway and Electric company, yesterday paid into the state treasury checks aggregating $77,000. The money came in at a time when the labance was so low that the governor and comptroller general were beginning to wonder where they would find the money to carry on the current expenses until the first of the year.

Bank Charter Asked.

Application for a charter for the Maysville bank at Maysville was received by Secretary of State S. Guyt McLendon Friday. The capital stock is $25,000; incorporators, M. C. Sanders and C. N. Wilson, of Maysville, and J. O. Bryan, of Gillsville.

Will Issue Fi. Fa.'s.

With the expiration today of the period during which corporations doing business in Georgia are required to register annually with the secretary of state, Secretary McLendon is preparing to issue fi. fa.'s against the delinquent companies, with a veiw to collecting the $50 penalty imposed on all corporations which fail to register by the appointed time.

He said that as soon as he could check up his books and ascertain what companies were in default, fi. fa.'s would be issued. About 4,500 of the estimated 5,000 corporations in Georgia had filed the required statement. The registration fee is only $1, but the penalty which the law imposes on companies failing to register by November 1 is $50.

Respite Is Granted.

Respite for thirty days was Friday granted by Governor Dorsey to William Daniels, alias Smoky Joe, a negro sentenced to hang in Hawkinsville Friday. The object of the respite is to allow a lunacy commission to make an investigation as to the negro's sanity.

He was convicted of drowning two negro children by holding their heads under water until they were dead. No motive was alleged for this strange deed and the prior record of the negro, who had spent some time in the state sanitarium at Milledgeville, lends color to the claim made in his behalf that he is insane.

SLEEPING SICKNESS CASE BEING TREATED

Savannah, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—John McGillicuddy, 20 years of age, is at a local hospital suffering from a strange illness, which resembles, if it is not actually, the sleeping sickness. He was affected two years ago and sleeps most of the time, for the past 24 hours having been absolutely in a state of coma. The case is so unusual that a number of specialists have been asked to investigate it, the consultation to be this week.

CHRONIC RHEUMATISM IS NOT DANGEROUS

It Is, However, Very Painful and If Not Properly and Promptly Treated the Trouble Will Return and Eventually Cripple You.

Chronic Rheumatism affects the hips, shoulders, knees and other large joints. Sometimes it is confined to just one joint. Again it may travel from one part to another part of the body.

The attacks cease and for weeks there is no reappearance of the trouble. The patient is seemingly well. The pains return, however, and unless the proper treatment is used, the sufferer becomes a rheumatic cripple.

If you are now nursing a rheumatic knee, shoulder or some other joint, or have suffered in the past from this trouble, you should do something at once to prevent future attacks.

There is no treatment better suited for the relief of Chronic Rheumatism than Plough's Prescription C-2223. This treatment contains some of the most valuable medicinal ingredients known to the medical profession; in fact, it was for years used by a successful doctor.

Plough's Prescription C-2223 is supplied in concentrated liquid form to be taken in small doses. It acts directly on the blood—eliminating all the impurities that are causing the aches and pains.

As it is very important that the liver be active and the bowels open, 2223 Liver Pills are recommended for use in connection with the liquid Prescription Treatment.

So great is the faith of the manufacturers in Plough's Prescription C-2223 that they will refund the price paid for two $1.50 bottles, if satisfactory relief is not secured by the patient.

Your druggist should be able to supply you with Plough's Prescription C-2223 at $1.50 a bottle; 2223 Liver Pills at 25c; or the 2223 Laboratory, Memphis, Tenn., will send both prepaid on receipt of $1.75. Write for sample of pills and leaflet.—(adv.)

Prescription C-2223 Rheumatism

Tech Sunday School Class Will Be Guests At Hallowe'en Party

One hundred Tech boys, composing the Sunday school class of Miss Blanche G. Loveridge, at the Ponce de Leon Baptist church, will be the guests of honor at a Hallowe'en party tonight, tendered them by Miss Loveridge at Elizabeth Mather college.

This large class of young men has been taught by Miss Loveridge for the past four years, and during that time this entertainment at the Hallowe'en season has come to be an annual event, looked forward to with great anticipation and pleasure by members of the class. In addition to the boys, the superintendent and officers of the Sunday school are included in the invitation, and are always on hand.

The parlors of the college will be gaily decorated for the event with autumn leaves, spooks, witches and everything necessary to a perfect Hallowe'en. The guests will participate in the various games that have been planned by the Mather students, who, with Miss Loveridge and other members of the faculty will act as hostesses. Music, fun and frolic will fill the evening's program.

The guests are expected at 7:30, while at 10 o'clock "Goodnight" will be sung, as this is invariably the hour for concluding all social affairs at the college.

JUDGE SIBLEY LEAVES FOR COURT IN ATHENS

Judge Samuel Sibley and Assistant District Attorney Paul Carpenter will leave Atlanta Sunday for Athens, where the federal court will be in session for two weeks. A record-breaking number of cases will be tried at this session.

CHURCHILL COMMANDS SOUTHER FIELD FORCES

Americus, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—Major Loren Churchill arrived at Souther field, the aviation training station here, today and immediately assumed command of the post, succeeding Lieutenant Colonel Ira A. Rader, who is transferred to McCook field, Dayton, Ohio. Major Churchill came to Souther field from Love field, at Dallas, Texas, where he had been stationed during several months.

GOOD FOR THE KIDDIES

Give Them All the Pure Syrup They Want

Give the children Domino Golden Syrup on their bread when they run in between meals for a "piece." It is a pure, wholesome, cane sugar product, and they can safely eat as much as they want. You can give it to them day after day, for they never tire of it.

The rest of the family will like its delicious cane flavor, too. For Domino Golden Syrup is a delightful and wonderful cane sugar syrup. There are so many tempting dishes to be made of it—a never-ending variety. There are seasonable dishes for any time of the year.

Your grocer will bring Domino Golden Syrup today. Ask him! He has it in cans of two sizes—18 oz. and 25 oz. Domino Golden Syrup is made by the American Sugar Refining Company, refiners of Domino Package Sugars—Granulated, Tablet, Powdered, Confectioners. Brown.—(adv.)

GETS 28 EGGS A DAY NOW, FROM 34 HENS

Chas. C. White, Well-Known Breeder, Tells How. Costs Nothing to Try.

"I gave Don Sung to 34 utility Buff Orpingtons and the egg yield increased from 7 to 28 a day. Don Sung is a wonder and I am now giving it to all my hens regularly."—Chas. C. White, Manager Cherry Hill Farm, Flackville, Ind.

Mr. White is the well-known breeder and exhibitor. He wrote the above letter in December, after his test had shown a gain of 21 eggs a day from 34 hens. We will make you the same offer we made him. Here it is:

Give your hens Don Sung and watch results for one month. If you don't find that it pays for itself and pays you a good profit besides, simply tell us and your money will be promptly refunded.

Don Sung (Chinese for egg-laying) works directly on the egg-laying organs, and is also a splendid tonic. It is easily given in the feed, improves the hen's health, makes her stronger and more active in any weather, and starts her laying.

Try Don Sung for 30 days and if it doesn't get you the eggs, no matter how cold or wet the weather, your money will be refunded by return mail. Get Don Sung from your druggist or poultry remedy dealer or send 50 cents for a package by mail prepaid. Burrell-Dugger Co., 293 Columbia Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.—(adv.)

New Issue — Exempt from Normal Federal Tax

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO

(MASSACHUSETTS CORPORATION)

OFFERS $3,000,000

7% PREFERRED STOCK

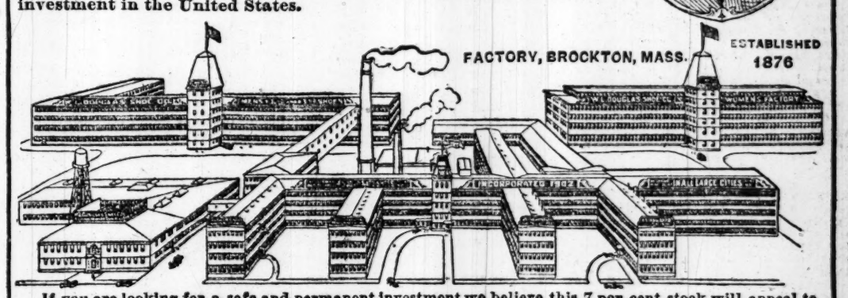
PREFERRED AS TO DIVIDENDS AND ASSETS

PAR VALUE $100.00, NON-ASSESSABLE.

CAPITALIZATION

	AUTHORIZED	OUTSTANDING
7 Per Cent Preferred Stock	$5,500,000	$2,500,000
Common Stock	1,000,000	1,000,000

Dividends have been paid regularly for the past seventeen years. Payable January 1st and July 1st. There is no better 7 per cent investment in the United States.



If you are looking for a safe and permanent investment we believe this 7 per cent stock will appeal to you. It is an old established business. The net earnings available for dividends after the Federal tax and all other taxes were paid during the past four years have averaged nearly four times the dividends on the preferred stock outstanding. W. L. Douglas name is known throughout the world. The trade mark is a very valuable asset worth millions of dollars, and is the property of the stockholders. It is one of the most valuable trade marks in the United States.

You would make no mistake to order at once as many shares of this stock as you can afford to buy, price $100.00 per share. If you care for more particulars fill out the coupon and mail at once. Application will be made to have this stock listed upon the stock exchange.

This company owns and operates 106 W. L. Douglas shoe stores located in the large cities. W. L. Douglas shoes are also sold by over 9,000 shoe dealers in the United States.

The past few years our shoes have been more extensively advertised than ever before. Stamping W. L. Douglas name and the retail price on the bottom of the shoes before they leave the factory has saved the wearers millions of dollars, and guarantees them the best shoes in style, comfort and service that can be produced for the price.

A great demand for W. L. Douglas shoes has sprung up in leading countries in Europe and Asia. Our domestic business has increased so that our sales have actually doubled in four years. In 1915 the sales were $8,069,628.41 and in 1918 $16,660,343.46. The past six months' business was at the rate of over $20,000,000 per year.

In common with other great businesses we need additional capital to meet the urgent requirements of increasing domestic and foreign trade. The new conditions of business also demand more capital. The cost of labor and material has nearly doubled so that twice the amount of capital necessary under the old business conditions is now required.

Send certified check, cashier's check, Post Office Money Order or Express Order to W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.

COUPON

W. L. DOUGLAS SHOE CO., Brockton, Mass.:
Please send prospectus of the W. L. Douglas Shoe Company and special option certificate entitling me to purchase within thirty days.....shares of the 7 per cent preferred stock of the company. It is understood that this request incurs no obligation on my part, unless after investigation I subscribe for the stock.

Name.....
Street address.....
City or Town.....
State.....

Get your overcoat now

A whole lot of people delayed getting their coal. Now a strike is in prospect; at least there's a big shortage; they may have to go without coal.

There's a big shortage in overcoats, too; the makers can't turn them out fast enough; wholesale prices are going up every day.

Copyright 1919, Hart Schaffner & Marx

Overcoats from Hart Schaffner & Marx

We've got a fine lot of them here now—bought before the recent advances in price. You get the benefit as long as they last; when we have to buy again the prices'll be higher.

Don't be like the man who failed to buy his coal in time. Save money and worry by getting your overcoat now.

Allen-Chapman Co.

Clothiers — Authorized Agents Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes 12 Whitehall — Tailors

OVER-EATING

is the root of nearly all digestive evils. If your digestion is weak or out of kilter, better eat less and use

KI-MOIDS

the new aid to better digestion. Pleasant to take—effective. Let *Ki-moids* help straighten out your digestive troubles.

MADE BY SCOTT & BOWNE MAKERS OF SCOTT'S EMULSION

AUSTRALIA

Honolulu, Suva, New Zealand.

The Palatial Passenger Steamers

R.M.S. "Niagara" 20,000 Tons — R.M.S. "Makura" 13,500 Tons

Sail from Vancouver, B. C.

For fares and sailings apply Canadian Pac. Ry., Healey Bldg., cor. Forsyth and Walton Sts., Atlanta, or to Canadian-Australian Royal Mail Line, 440 Seymour St., Vancouver, B. C.

CUNARD ANCHOR

PASSENGER AND FREIGHT SERVICES.

NEW YORK to LIVERPOOL
Orduna.....Nov. 3, Dec. 6
Carmania.....Nov. 12, Dec. 17

NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH CHERBOURG and SOUTHHAMPTON.
Mauretania.....Nov. 22, Dec. 16

NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH, HARVE and SOUTHAMPTON
Royal George.....Nov. 5, Dec. 3

NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH, CHERBOURG and LONDON
Caronia.....Nov. 8, Dec. 13

NEW YORK to PLYMOUTH HARVE and LONDON
Saxonia.....Dec. 3

NEW YORK to PIRAEUS
Pannonia.....Nov. 22

NEW YORK—L'DERRY—GLASGOW
Columbia.....Nov. 8, Dec. 6

J. E. Miller, General Agent, Atlanta, or Local Agents.

$75,000.00 of City Bonds For Sale.

On November 5, 1919, at 4 o'clock p. m., the mayor and city council of Madison, Ga., will offer for sale $45,000 of street bonds and $30,000 of school bonds. The sale will be held at the mayor's office in the city of Madison and said bonds will be sold to the highest and best bidder. For particulars call on the undersigned.

L. C. POU,
Clerk City of Madison.
This October 29, 1919.

Use Constitution Want Ads.

THE LIVER, KIDNEY AND BLOOD ARE THE "TRIPOD OF HEALTH"

If the Liver is Sluggish, the Kidneys and Blood Also Become Affected, Purgatives Alone Will Not Suffice. Take Dr. Hitchcock's Liver, Kidney & Blood Powders for all Three, Toning up the Liver, Regulating the Kidneys and Purifying the Blood.

A Vegetable Compound That Keeps Your Tripod of Health in Balance. Will Not Make You Sick. Eat Anything You Like.

You get up in the morning feeling something awful, bad taste, dull headache, dizziness, irritable and an occasional pang of rheumatism. Then you conclude it's your liver, and so it is, but also your kidneys and blood, because what upsets one will upset the others. You not only need a laxative to start the liver off, but you also need something for your kidneys and blood.

When you treat your liver alone you only treat a third of your trouble, while Dr. Hitchcock's Liver, Kidney & Blood Powders tone up the liver, stimulate the kidneys to healthy action and thus purifies the blood. There is nothing that will tone up your entire system as quickly, or make you feel as good. Puts pep in you and makes you see the rosy side of life.

25 cents will buy a large tin box at your druggist. Take a level teaspoonful tonight and it will straighten you out by morning. Sold on a guarantee that you will be pleased or your money refunded. If your druggist can not supply you, send his name and address to the Hitchcock Medicine Co., Atlanta, Ga., and you will receive a sample free for your trouble.—(adv.)

Reputation

Luzianne is roasted in New Orleans by The Reily-Taylor Company, known throughout the Southland as "makers of good coffee." For 16 years The Reily-Taylor Company has guaranteed every pound of

LUZIANNE coffee

GUARANTEE
If, after using entire contents of the can according to directions, you are not satisfied in every respect, your grocer will refund the money you paid for it.

PRICES OF COAL FIXED BY WILSON

President Issues Order Establishing Maximum. Prices Are Those That Prevailed in Summer.

Washington, October 31.—An executive order fixing maximum prices for bituminous coal was signed today by President Wilson. Prices of anthracite are not affected.

The maximum prices are fixed by states and for prepared sizes range from $4.60 a net ton at mine mouth to $2.60.

Rules set up during the war governing the margins of profits of middlemen and wholesale and retail dealers were re-established and Fuel Administrator Garfield was given all the authority to regulate production, sale, shipment, distribution, apportionment and storage or use of bituminous coal that he had during the war.

Order of the President.

The president's executive order follows:

"Whereas, the United States fuel administrator, acting under the authority of an executive order issued by me dated the 23d of August, 1917, appointing the said fuel administrator and of subsequent executive orders, and in furtherance of the purpose of said orders and of the act of congress therein referred to and approved August 10, 1917, did on January 31, 1919, and on February 20, 1919, execute and issue orders suspending until further order by the president certain rules, regulations, orders and proclamations theretofore promulgated relating to the fixing of the prices, the production, sale, shipment, distribution, apportionment, storage and use of coal, and whereas it is necessary to restore and maintain during the war certain of said rules, regulations, orders and proclamations;

"Now, therefore, I, Woodrow Wilson, president of the United States of America, acting under authority of the aforesaid act of congress, approved August 10, 1917, do hereby revoke and annul said orders of January 31, 1919, and February 20, 1919, to the extent necessary to restore all of the said rules, regulations, orders and proclamations therein suspended concerning:

"(A) Fixing prices of bituminous and lignite coal at the mines;

"(B) Fixing or regulating commissions of persons and agencies performing the functions of middlemen dealing in bituminous and lignite coal;

"(C) Fixing or regulating gross margins or prices of wholesale and retail dealers in bituminous and lignite coal; and do hereby restore all of said rules, regulations and proclamations to the extent herein provided, to full force and effect, as they had not been suspended.

"Inasmuch as it is contemplated that it may be necessary from time to time to revoke other portions of said orders of January 31, 1919; and February 20, 1919, and to restore to full force and effect on rules, regulations, orders and proclamations or portions thereof, regulating the production, sale, shipment, distribution, apportionment, storage or use of bituminous and lignite coal, the fuel administrator shall, as occasion arises, restore, change or make such rules or regulations relating to the production, sale, shipment, distribution, apportionment, storage or use of bituminous and lignite coal as in his judgment may be necessary.

(Signed) "WOODROW WILSON.

"The White House,

"October 30, 1919."

No Reduction in Price.

The maximum prices restored by today's order are approximately those prevailing during the summer and until recent rises owing to the mine. They are the no material reduction from the present prices, officials of the geological survey said. The object of the order was to prevent profiteering or increases.

By states, the prices are for run of mine, prepared sizes and slack or screenings, and vary according statesto the mine. They are the same as those in effect January 31, 1919.

The lowest and highest prices by states include:

Alabama, $2.45 to $4.35; Kentucky, $2.30 to $4.50; Tennessee, $2.75 to $4.50; West Virginia, $2.45 to $3.90.

COAL PRIORITIES FIXED BY GARFIELD.

Washington, October 31.—Fuel Administrator Garfield late today signed an order revising the distribution and diversion orders of the fuel administration under which the old list of priorities immediately become effective. He said it was not contemplated at present to revive any other orders.

While no action is contemplated now with regard to anthracite coal, Dr. Garfield said thatt he course of prices would be watched carefully.

"JuJst the moment anthracite coal shows any disposition to get away," h said, "maximum price orders will be revised to stop profiteering."

The preference list as it will now stand will operate in this order:

Railroads, army and navy and other government departments; state and county offices and institutions, public utilities; retail dealers, manufacturing plants on the war industries board preference list; industries not on the list; jobbers, lake steamers, steamers at tidewater.

Director General Hines today notified al regional directors to carry out the order which gives them authority to both seize and divert coal in transit.

Embargo on Export Coal.

Restoration of the coal priorities means a virtual embargo on the export of coal, as coal for shipment aboard comes so far down in the list that there will be none available for that purpose.

Dr. Garfield late today gave a comprehensive explanation of the plan adopted by the government to safeguard the public interests in the strike.

"Our first duty was to protect the public," Dr. Garfield, said. "It would have required too much time to set up the old machinery of the fuel administration, so the department of justice will have charge of seeing that the maximum price list is observed and the railroad administration, with its staff already in the field, will direct the distribution.

"Any person who is charged more than the legal price for coal can obtain redress by applying to the United States district attorney in his district.

"If the crisis is prolonged, it might become necessary to call on the producing district representatives of the fuel administration. Against such a contingency I have already telegraphed these 27 representatives to hold themselves in readiness to render any assistance necessary to the district attorneys and the railroad administration. It is not expected that the state fuel administrators will be called upon at present."

500,000 COAL MINERS STRUCK AT MIDNIGHT

Continued from First Page.

B. Ames, assistant attorney general, had presented to the federal court and which restrained the defendants from issuing any messages, oral or written, that the strike is to be enforced as previously announced; from issuing any further strike orders or messages of encouragement or exhortation and from distributing any strike benefits.

Can't Address Mass Meeting.

The order was so sweeping that Judge Ames explained after its issuance that it would prevent any of the men named in the bill from addressing mass meetings.

The petition by the government, upon which the order was based, charged that the union men were conspiring to limit the facilities for the production of coal and to restrict the supply and distribution of the fuel. The writ accordingly commanded them to refrain from continuing the alleged conspiracy.

The petition emphasized that the suit was based upon a war-time act by which the government was given control of the fuel and food supplies of the country and also pointed out that the strike would cause cessation of transportation and thus throw back upon the public treasury the burden of paying the guaranteed incomes which the government contracted to pay the railroads when it took control of them. It was also brought out that the act in question specifically provided that it was to continue in force until the end of the state of war had been proclaimed by the president.

84 Union Leaders Named.

Altogether eighty-four leaders of the big coal miners' union were named in the restraining order. Federal marshals here were given names of 25 men to serve in Indianapolis and reached 18 of them as follows:

John L. Lewis, acting president; William Green, secretary-treasurer; Percy Tetlow, sttatistician; Ellis Searles, editor of the Mine Workers' Journal; John Wilkinson, district president of district 21, Muskogee, Okla., and the following members of the executive board: John O'Leary, Pittsburg; A. R. Watkins, Yorkville, Ohio.; M. J. Ferry, Hazelton, Pa.; Lawrence Bramlet, Diamond, Ind.; John J. Mates, Williamstown, Pa. W. D. Vanhorn, Terre Haute, Ind.; Samuel Ballantyne, Boone, Ia. Frank Walters, Jellico, Tenn. William Dalrymple, McAlester, Okla. Hugh McLeod, Acme, Wyo.; George Baker, Central City, Ky.; Andrew Steele, Novingger, Mo.; G. L. Peck, Pittsburgh, Kan.

Other Officer Named.

In addition to these men the order named all other executive board members, district presidents and secretaries of the various districts, including officials of anthracite and Canadian districts, unaffected by the strike. It was stated by L. Ert Slack, United States district attorney for Indiana, that to reach the men resident outside the Indiana, that to reach the men resident outside the Indiana federal district, would be necessary to bring ancillary proceedings in the various jurisdictions.

Mr. Slack was left in charge of the government's case shortly after it became evident that the union would make no immediate move in resistance to it. Judge Ames left for Washington and other members of the special staff which prepared the petition for the attorney general announced that they would depart tomorrow. The defendants were summoned to appear November 8 when a motion for a temporary injunction is to be argued.

While the executive board of the union was effectually restrained from strike activities it took occasion to clear up a number of routine cases which were awaiting its decision. The afternoon session was postponed until late in the day and it was understood, but not announced, that plans for combating the government's injunction suits were discussed then also.

Lewis Denounces Injunction.

Shortly after he had been served with a writ stopping strike activities, John L. Lewis, acting president of the mine workers union, dictated the following statement:

"I regard the issuance of this injunction as the most sweeping abrogation of the rights of citizens guaranteed under the constitution and defined by statutory law, that has ever been issued by any federal court. This instrument will not avert the strike of bituminous mine workers and will not settle the strike after it occurs. The injunction only complicates to a further degree the problems involved in an adjustment of the controversy."

The injunction restraining all strike activities of the United Mine Workers of America was issued in the federal district court here today on application of the United States government. Judge Anderson signed the order on the showing set forth by C. B. Ames, assistant attorney general, that a national disaster was impending, and on the broad general grounds that the government has the right to enforce its laws and protect its people from calamity.

The Right to Strike.

In presenting the petition Judge Ames made it clear the case will not involve the general right of workmen to organize or quit work. He said it would have no bearing on other industries and "merely involves the right of labor during the war to restrict or destroy the supply of food and fuel."

"It rests," he added, "on the broad general powers of the government to enforce its laws and to protect its people against disaster."

Under the order the union officials are forbidden to send out any other orders, written or oral, tending to promote the strike or in any way make it effective. They are restrained from sending any "messages of encouragement or exhortation," or from disbursing any union funds as strike benefits.

DEFIANT ATTITUDE BY FARRINGTON.

Springfield, Ills., October 31.—Assuming a defiant attitude toward the government's move to stop by injunction the threatened strike of soft coal miners, Frank Farrington, chairman of the miners' scale committee and president of the Illinois district, declared today the "strike had developed into something more than a miners' strike," and that it was "an attempt to enslave the workingmen and women of the country."

"I don't believe there is any power on earth that can stop the miners from going on strike tonight." President Farrington said. "The action of the government will only inflame them. The question involved now is whether workingmen and women have the right to strike when they think they have cause to do so."

"We are going through with the strike," Farrington declared. "Labor is bound to fight this injunction. If it stands it is within the power of any court to enslave the working man and woman any time the court decides to do so.

"If this injunction stands there will be a lot of us deceived as to the liberties we thought American citizens enjoy. The restraining order is a blow at the very heart of free institutions of our country."

Branding the act of the government in obtaining the injunction as "the most far-reaching and high-handed restraining order ever issued by a court in this country," Farrington declared its influence to breed radicalism was unlimited.

"Nothing that I know of could have a tendency to incite bolshevism in this country as this restraining order will do," said Farrington. "All the agents of Lenine and Trotzky could not do as much."

Illinois soft coal miners who went on strike late today, were encouraged in circulars prepared tonight by Frank Farrington, district miners' president, to pay no attention to threats that troops would be used.

"You should stay away from the mines, preserve order and do everything in your power in a lawful way to make the strike effective," the circular said. "Threats of placing troops in the various mining camps need have no terror for you, as their presence need be of no concern to you, if you stay away from the mines."

Miners were warned to be on their guard against radicals who might take advantage of the strike, Farrington stated, to preach their "isms."

In a telegram late today to John L. Lewis, acting president of the United Mine Workers of America, Farrington, who also is chairman of the miners' scale committee, declared "the Anderson injunction only makes us that much more determined to fight to the bitter end," and offered the Illinois legal department's aid in combatting the government's restraining order aimed against the strike.

"Let the consequences be what they may," said the telegram, "we feel we must now, once for all, determine whether or not the working man and woman can be enslaved by a writ of injunction."

Repeating his statement of the afternoon that the injunction would encourage radicalism, Farrington declared the restraining order to be "the most vicious blow that has ever been struck at the vitals of free institutions in this country."

MINERS TO DISREGARD FEDERAL INJUNCTION.

Birmingham, Ala., October 31.—United Mine Workers of America will disregard the injunction ordering them not to strike, according to J. R. Kennamer, president of the Alabama district, who received instructions from Indianapolis this afternoon to proceed with the walkout.

Mr. Kennamer received the following telegram from John L. Lewis, acting president of the mine workers:

"Our position remains unenanged. Strike order issued October 15 becomes effective at midnight tonight in all of its provisions. We enter this great industrial contest serene in the knowledge that our cause is just, and is in conformity with our rights granted by the constitution and laws of the United States.

(Signed) "JOHN L. LEWIS."

The message from Lewis was filed in Indianapolis at 10:45 a. m.

"The injunction came too late to be effective."

This was the comment of J. R. Kennamer, president of Alabama district No. 20, United Mine Workers of America, when he was notified that Judge A. B. Anderson, of the federal court at Indianapolis, had issued an injunction against the calling of the coal strike. Mr. Kennamer is a member of the executive committee of the mine workers, but had not been served with the injunction papers at 1 o'clock this afternoon.

"I am taking orders only from national headquarters of the United Mine Workers of America, and have received no orders to rescind the strike order. Even if I did, it would be too late to issue an estopping order in time to prevent a walkout," declared Kennamer.

Indianapolis, Ind., October 31.—The message of John L. Lewis to the president of the Alabama district was filed before the restraining order was issued by Judge Anderson, it was explained at union headquarters here today. "Not one message of any kind has been filed since the writ was served," it was stated.

40,000 OHIO MINERS OBEY STRIKE ORDER.

Columbus, Ohio, October 31.—Approximately 40,000 soft coal miners in Ohio will go out on strike tomorrow despite many rumors to the contrary, and despite the injunction issued against the strike at Indianapolis today by Federal Judge Anderson, according to President John Moore, of the United Mine Workers of Ohio.

President Moore, of the Ohio Miners, said he had received a telegram from John L. Lewis, acting president of the United Mine Workers of America, saying that the strike order issued October 15 will become effective at midnight tonight.

He declared that state officials of the union have no power to call off a strike called by the national headquarters, and that in view of President Lewis' telegram, the scheduled strike would go into effect as originally planned.

"We have no official notice of the injunction, and if we did have it would be impossible to notify the 40,000 Ohio miners in time," said President Moore. Many of the miners will read of the injunction in the newspapers, but other thousands will not see a newspaper for several days.

One of the features of the day's developments was the quitting of work by many miners in the eastern Ohio coal fields. Reports from Wheeling, W. Va., stated that at Bellaire, Ohio, more than 500 miners quit work this morning, nearly 18 hours in advance of the strike time, and that 100 or more had left the mines in the vicinity of St. Clairsville, Ohio. Reports were received from other points, indicating similar action.

State union headquarters announced that it had received no information of the walk-outs today at Bellaire and St. Clairsville.

MICHIGAN MINERS SUPPORT STRIKE.

Bay City, Mich., October 31.—Operations in practically all Michigan mines were suspended for the duration of the strike when the day shifts left work this evening, there being few mines in the state working night forces, William Stevenson, president of district 24, announced tonight.

"The 2,400 miners in the district are unanimously supporting the strike order," Stevenson declared, after spending the day visiting all the workings and interviewing the men. "They will stick to the finish," he added.

18,600 MEN TO STRIKE IN KNOXVILLE REGION.

Knoxville, Tenn., October 31.—Nothing has occurred to stop the strike of 18,000 bituminous coal miners of District 19, comprising the east Tennessee and southeastern Kentucky fields, it was declared tonight by N. E. Ellis, national organizer of the miners' union, who, in the absence of S. A. Kellar, district president, acted as spokesman for a dozen union officials gathered here.

According to Organizer Ellis, 2,000 men working on night shifts in the district are expected to quit at midnight, while the others will not report for work Saturday morning. Enough men will be furnished, he said, to protect the mine properties from damage.

None of the union officials here would discuss the government's Indianapolis injunction suit. Federal court attaches of this district have received no instructions regarding an injunction.

"I feel sure that tomorrow will see the beginning of the strike of the 18,000 miners of district No. 19, just as had been scheduled, and that injunction will not affect the situation," was the statement of S. A. Keller, of Jellico, president of district No. 19, United Mine Workers of America, shortly after his arrival in Knoxville late tonight. Two thousand miners went on strike at midnight, the remainder in this district will strike tomorrow.

"The men at the mines all know what the strike is for," he continued, "and knowing the date set, they probably would walk out even if officials were unable to issue orders."

Mr. Keller came to Knoxville direct from Jellico, where he spent most of today, following his return from Indianapolis, where he had been since Monday in conference with mining officials of the national organization. He is to preside at a conference to be held at a local hotel tomorrow morning at 10 o'clock, which will be attended by officials and board members from district No. 9, and several international organizers.

Mr. Keller said with regard to the meeting to be held tomorrow that it is a session similar to others held every few weeks to discuss internal affairs of the district. He said also that headquarters of the mine workers would be at Jellico during the strike.

According to J. J. Genes, statistician for district No. 19, there are almost 15,000 paid members in that territory, and a total of about 18,000 altogether, including those against whom no dues have been assessed. District No. 19, he says, includes all of Tennessee, and four counties in southeastern Kentucky, and that the big majority of the membership lies in this state.

ALABAMA MEN TO QUIT WORK.

Birmingham, Ala., October 31.—With scores of extra deputy sheriffs sent out to the various mining camps of the Alabama fields today every preparation was being made for strike developments.

Union officials said there had been no change in their plans for the strike in Alabama. Operators today called special attention to last night's dispatches from Indianapolis which quoted mine union officials to the effect that the union has only 7,367 paying members in Alabama. Something over 26,000 men are employed regularly in the mines of Alabama. The employers argue from this that the strike will not have paralyzing results here. Coal stocks are in fairly good shape in this territory. Railroads have accumulated approximately thirty days' supply and railroad men say this is all they want on hand.

PENNSYLVANIA MINERS ANSWER CALL TO STRIKE.

Pittsburg, Pa., October 31.—Union miners in central and western Pennsylvania late this afternoon and tonight picked up their tools and left the bituminous coal mines in answer to the strike call of the United Mine Workers of America, according to reports received by their leaders here.

The only men left in the mines, it was asserted, were those who, under the working agreement, were to look after valuable machinery and keep the pumps going in order that the pits be kept free of water.

If union men in any section failed to obey the strike order, officers of the union said, they had not been informed, and they expressed the belief that the order had met with complete compliance.

No disorder was reported from any section of the district, the men quietly going to their homes on leaving the pits.

No extraordinary precautions had been taken tonight by the Allegheny county authorities, as it was stated no attempt would be made to start the mines at present.

From points along the Monongahela river came reports that union organizers were hard at work among non-union miners, particularly those in the coke country, in an effort to bring them into the strike.

MINERS TO STRIKE IN WEST VIRGINIA.

Charleston, W. Va., October 31.—It is now too late to recall the bituminous coal strike order, in the opinion of President Frank Keeney, of district No. 17. He said, when told of the Indianapolis injunction, that he had nothing to say officially, other than that it would be impossible to prevent the men from going out.

EVERY MINER TO QUIT WORK.

Seattle, Wash., October 31.—Every coal miner in Washington will strike at midnight, Robert R. Harlin, president of district No. 10, United Mine Workers of America, said here today when told of the injunction granted in Indianapolis.

TO CALL "BLUFF," SAY THE MINERS.

Chicago, October 31.—The 13,000 miners working in the Kansas district of the United Mine Workers of America will strike as originally planned, despite the injunction issued at Indianapolis, Alexander Howat, president of the Kansas miners, said here today.

"We'll call their bluff—the strike can't be stopped," he said.

NO GREEN MEN FOR COAL MINES.

McAlester, Okla., October 31.—Ed Boyle, state mine inspector, said today he would prohibit the operation of any mine by men inexperienced in the business. In the event troops are ordered to work the mines, "they would have to prove their experience," Boyle said.

"I will not permit any men to enter the mines who would be a danger to themselves," he declared. "I don't care whether the state or government takes control. I am going to use the full power of my office to keep green men out of the mines."

WALKOUT BEGINS IN COLORADO.

Walsenburg, Colo., October 31.—The walkout of coal miners started in this district this afternoon. By 2 o'clock 100 men had left their work, taking their tools with them. As the men swung out of the workings they appeared at company offices to get their time. The movement started at 1 o'clock, when miners began to leave in small groups. By 2 o'clock it was in full swing.

COLORADO COMPANY TO CLOSE ALL MINES.

Trinidad, Colo., October 31.—E. H. Weitzel, manager of the fuel department of the Colorado Fuel and Iron company, announced today that all company mines would be closed tomorrow morning and remain closed until adequate troop protection is afforded. Notices to this effect were posted at all the mines.

WITHDRAWAL OF ORDER CLAIMED IN KENTUCKY.

Washington, October 31.—The department of labor was advised today that the coal strike order had been rescinded in Hopkins, Webster and Christian counties, Kentucky, comprising one-half of the western Kentucky fields, employing 6,000 miners.

There was no announcement from the department regarding the report from the Kentucky coal fields beyond the bare statement that apparently all miners in the three counties had refused to strike. Officials said the information confirmed confidential advices from government agents that large numbers of miners were not willing to walk out.

Paducah, Ky., October 31.—Coal mine operators in this city tonight declared that the strike of bituminous coal miners set for midnight would in no way affect the western Kentucky fields. Officials of the St. Charles mines, with offices in Paducah, said that the operators had signed an agreement with the miners six weeks ago which forbids them to participate in the present strike.

An order exempting Hopkins, Christian and Webster counties was received in a telegram from W. D. Duncan, president of district No. 23, who advised that at an executive session in Indianapolis yesterday the united mine workers had upheld the contract between the operators' association and the union which contained a provision against strikes in forty-seven mines in that region, effective from last August.

Lexington, Ky., October 31.—Bituminous coal mines of eastern Kentucky will be little affected by the nation-wide strike called by the United Mine Workers of America, according to the operators.

Eastern Kentucky miners have never been thoroughly unionized, due to the fact that the majority of operators are paying from 15 to 20 per cent better wages than the union scale. Operators predict that less than 5 per cent of their men will be out on account of the strike, and say that even these workers will be back on the job within a week.

ARKANSAS MINERS OBEYING THE ORDER.

Fort Smith, Ark., October 31.—Reports from all Arkansas mining centers tonight were that the miners have cleaned their rooms; that night shifts were quitting, and that none would report for work after midnight. Members of the Southwest Coal Operators' association are marking time, one of them declaring "We have turned the situation over to the government and the people." No restraining notices were served today on officials of district No. 21, who left tonight for Muskogee.

STRIKE "CALLED OFF," BUT UTAH MEN QUIT.

Salt Lake City, October 31.—Although the strike of bituminous coal miners in Utah was "called off" today by John M. McLennan, Utah state representative of the United Mine Workers of America, advices reaching here tonight were to the effect that miners in Carbon county, where most of Utah's coal is mined, were quitting work when the shift changes occurred.

McLennan claimed he received the following message from Lewis, acting head of the mine workers:

"You are hereby instructed by the international executive board to withhold strike call so far as it affects coal miners in the state of Utah. Please act on receipt of this message."

The telegram was received by Mr. McLennan at 10:45 a. m., mountain time, today, from Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Ind., October 31.—It was learned here late today that the executive board of the United Mine Workers of America, while in session yesterday, heard reports that messages, purporting to come from John L. Lewis, acting president of the miners, and calling off the strike, had been received in union circles in Colorado and Utah. It was learned that no such messages had been sent and their sources was declared to be a mystery to union officials.

FORSYTH LEGION POST IN DRIVE FOR MEMBERS

Forsyth, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—Tom Hollie, post No. 34, of the American Legion, which was recently organized at Forsyth, is making a drive for new members. On next Tuesday a call has been issued for all soldiers, sailors and marines in Monroe county to attend a meeting at Forsyth, at which time it is expected to enroll a large membership.

The post was named for a local boy, son of L. O. Hollis, who went to France as a member of the 151st machine gun battalion of the Rainbow division, and was killed at Chateau Thierry.

Who Does It?

(From The New York World.)

"Citizens Should Not Be Caught Napping," says the headline of an editorial in a Philadelphia paper. What's the good of living in Philadelphia if you've got to stay awake?

GOMPERS LANDS ON INJUNCTION

Labor Leader Says Court Order Creates New and Disturbing Issues Which May Not Be Confined to Miners.

Washington, October 31.—Samuel Gompers, speaking tonight for organized labor, declared the injunction in the coal strike case "can only result in creating new and more disturbing issues which may not be confined solely to the miners."

The statement, issued jointly by Mr. Gompers, Vice President Woll and Secretary Morrison of the federation, after they had protested to Attorney General Palmer against the action of the federal court at Indianapolis, follows:

"Throughout the period of the war and during the nation's time of stress the miners of America labored patiently, patriotically and arduously in order that the principles of freedom and democracy might triumph over the forces of arbitrary authority, dictatorship and despotism.

"When armed hostilities ceased last November, the miners found themselves in the paradoxical position where their intensive labor was being used to further enrich the owners of coal mines and merchants dealing in coal by the immediate reduction of mining of coal. Of course, the mine owners readily conceived that an overabundance of mined coal would seriously disturb the high prices of coal and endanger their large margin of profits.

Limit of Human Endurance.

"On the other hand the miners found that with the constantly rising cost of necessities of life and with their income reduced over 50 per cent because of idleness that they had reached the limit of human endurance. Orderly and improved processes were invoked to negotiate a new understanding with the mine owners and which would enable the miners to work at least five days during each week throughout the entire year and allow them a wage sufficient to enable them to live in decency and free from many of the pressing uncertainties of life.

"In attempting to negotiate this understanding and relation the miners found that their plea for continuous employment would destroy the mine owners' arrangement to curtail the mining of coal so as to continue exploiting the public with high and exorbitant prices.

"The mine owners very cleverly met the issue by appearing willing and anxious to negotiate, but only if the miners would first throw aside the only power at their command to gain a respectful hearing and fair consideration—the decision to strike whenever it was demonstrated fair dealings did not prevail.

Strike of Vast Magnitude.

"We are now faced with a coal strike of vast magnitude. The government now proposes to intervene because of a possible coal shortage. Apparently the government is not concerned with the manipulation by the mine owners which has made the present coal shortage and undue unemployment of the miners for the past eleven months. Instead of dealing with those responsible for this grave menace to the public welfare it now proposes to punish those who by force of circumstances have been the victims of the coal barons' exploitations. The miners are now told the war is not over and that all war legislation is still in force, and if reports received here are correct, the government intends to apply existing war measures, not against the owners of the coal mines, but against the coal miners. The government has taken steps to enforce war measures by an injunction and it has restrained the officials of the United Mine Workers for counseling, aiding or in any way assisting the members of this organization for relief against grievous conditions of life and employment.

Almost Inconceivable.

"It is almost inconceivable that a government which is proud of its participation in a great war to liberate suppressed peoples should now undertake to suppress the legitimate aims, hopes and aspirations of a group of its own people. It is still more strange that a nation which may justly be proud of its Abraham Lincoln should now reverse the application of the great truth he enunciated when he said that as between capital and labor, labor should receive first and foremost consideration.

The injunction against the United Mine Workers bodes for ill. An injunction of this nature will not prevent the strike—it will not fill the empty stomachs of the miners—it may restrain sane leadership, but it will give added strength to unwise counsel and increase bitterness and friction.

"This injunction can only result in creating new and more disturbing uses which may not be confined solely to th eminers.' These views were presented to Attorney General Palmer in a conference this afternoon lasting nearly two hours by President Compers, Secretary Morrison and Vice President Woll of the American Federation of Labor.

He Never Thought of That.

(From The New York World.)

The New Yorker who tried to give away a dollar because he "could buy nothing with it" might have added 8 cents and got a dozen eggs.

CONGRESS GIVES WILSON SUPPORT

House Adopts Senate Resolution Pledging Co-operation in Efforts to Meet Industrial Emergency.

Washington, October 31.—By an overwhelming vote the house today adopted the senate resolution pledging support to the "national administration and all others in authority," in their efforts to meet "the present industrial emergency."

On the roll call, not one of the 266 members present cast a negative vote. As the senate has adopted the resolution, the house action completed its enactment as the measure does not have to receive presidential approval.

UNITED STATES RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION Announces Following Changes in Schedule on CENTRAL OF GEORGIA RAILROAD Effective November 2, 1919

DIXIE FLYER

Lv. Atlanta.....8:00 p.m. instead of 9:10 p.m.
Ar. Macon .....11:00 p.m. C.T.
Ar. Jacksonville .... 8:20 a.m. E.T.
Lv. Jacksonville ..... 9:00 p.m. E.T.
Lv. Macon ..... 4:40 a.m. C.T.
Ar. Atlanta ..... 7:40 a.m.

Effective November 2, the Southland train between Cincinnati and Jacksonville via L. & N. to Atlanta, C. of Ga., to Macon, G. S. & F. to Jacksonville, will be re-established and operated as follows:

THE SOUTHLAND — First train southbound
Lv. Cincinnati, Nov. 2.. 8:30 a.m.
Ar. Atlanta .....11:30 p.m.
Lv. Atlanta .....11:45 p.m.
Ar. Macon ..... 2:45 a.m. C.T.
Lv. Macon ..... 3:55 a.m. E.T.
Ar. Jacksonville .....12:00 m.
First train northbound
Lv. Jack'ville, Nov. 3.. 8:10 p.m. E.T.
Lv. Macon ..... 3:25 a.m. C.T.
Ar. Atlanta ..... 6:25 a.m.
Lv. Atlanta ..... 6:40 a.m.
Ar. Cincinnati ..... 9:30 p.m.

This train will handle drawing room sleeping cars between Cincinnati and Jacksonville, Louisville and Jacksonville via Corbin, Cincinnati and St. Petersburg via Lake Butler, arriving St. Petersburg 9:35 p. m. northbound, leaving St. Petersburg 7:30 a. m.; Atlanta and Tampa via Hampton, arriving Tampa 7:45 p. m.; northbound, leaving Tampa 1:00 p. m. and Atlanta and Valdosta local car.

On November 2, Train 9 will
Lv. Macon .....11:20 a.m. C.T.
Ar. Atlanta ..... 2:10 p.m.
Train 10
Lv. Atlanta .....12:30 p.m.
Ar. Macon ..... 3:30 p.m. C.T.

All stops between Jonesboro and Atlanta now made by trains 9 and 10 will be discontinued.

Suburban Trains, Daily except Sunday, will
Lv. Atlanta .....12:01 p.m.
Ar. Jonesboro .....12:55 p.m.
Lv. Jonesboro ..... 1:25 p.m.
Ar. Atlanta ..... 2:25 p.m.

ATHENS DISTRICT—Train No. 24
Lv. Atlanta ..... 4:35 p.m.
Ar. Machen .....6:50 p.m.
Lv. Machen ..... 6:55 p.m.
Ar. Macon ..... 8:55 p.m.

COVINGTON DISTRICT—
Train No. 27
Lv. Covington ..... 4:50 p.m.
Ar. Porterdale ..... 5:05 p.m.
Train 16-17
Lv. Porterdale ..... 5:25 p.m.
Lv. R. R. Street..... 5:40 p.m.
Lv. Covington ..... 5:45 p.m.
Lv. Machen ..... 6:50 p.m.
Lv. Machen ..... 6:55 p.m.
Ar. Macon .....10:20 p.m.

For further information, apply to United States Railroad Administration Consolidated City Ticket Office. Telephone No. Ivy 2726—Ivy 426.

—(adv.)

Daniel Bros. Co. 45 to 49 Peachtree

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Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes

Thousands of new suits

Really beautiful fabrics, in designs, in colorings.

HERE'S a great galaxy of new suits, and overcoats in the very latest fashions fresh from the custom shop of

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Every one having that consistent quality, style and value that have made them the most popular clothes made.

Bought months ago, enables us to keep prices down; they are the best values in Atlanta today.

Outfitters to all men

Daniel Bros. Company

45 to 49 Peachtree

Home of Hart Schaffner & Marx good clothes

You Saved For Uncle Sam, Then, Why Not Save for Yourself and Uncle Sam Now?

When the United States asked you to save in order to help win the war you cheerfully responded to the call for Liberty Bonds, Thrift Stamps, Red Cross, Y. M. C. A., and other War Activities.

It seems today that everybody released from the strain of war saving is too prone to spend.

To check yourself now will not only be a wise thing for you to do, but will aid your government to steady itself.

Start thrift and help yourself and your government.

You can make satisfactory arrangements for systematic saving at this BANK.

$1.00 STARTS AN ACCOUNT.

4% INTEREST Paid January 1st and July 1st

Central Bank & Trust Corporation

Candler Building ATLANTA Mitchell and Forsyth Streets

MEMBER FEDERAL RESERVE SYSTEM

SUMMER SCHOOLS FOR A VACATION

Instead of Chautauquas, British Have Friendly Little Conventions With Lectures and Excursions.

London, October 31.—The summer school has been a popular institution in England for a good number of years past, having been first introduced by semi-religious bodies, such as the Y. M. C. A. It corresponds in some degrees to the chautauquas, which are so well known a feature in America, but it is more definite in its aim and probably more definitely designed to meet the needs of those who find it hard to afford a holiday in the ordinary way. The comparatively well-to-do people who frequent chautauquas as a convenient means of acquiring some miscellaneous information and hearing well-known speakers and politicians, would find the summer school as established over here very serious. All of these schools have the definite purpose of conveying instruction and information or extending propaganda, on behalf of some specific organized body. In most cases they have a more or less definitely religious significance.

That, of course, is not so in the case of the co-operative schools. These were first started seven years ago, there being only one held in the first year. Since that time they have been growing steadily in numbers and importance. Their purpose is to instruct the members in co-operative societies in the practice of their movement and to stir them to enthusiasm in the cause. At the same time lectures are given in such subjects as industrial history and general economics, which enables the students to get a clear grasp of the part played by the movement in the general economic structure of the country. Each course of lectures lasts one week, two lectures being given each day by persons appointed for the purpose by the educational committee of the Co-operation union, which has general charge of all the schools. It is usual for a school to run for two or sometimes three weeks continuously, taking in a separate set of students each week, but a certain number occasionally stay for the whole period, as the lectures are usually different each week. The lectures occupy about three-quarters of an hour each and after each of them a period of about the same length is allowed for discussion, which is usually very illuminating. It is a rule of the school that as far as possible every student shall attend each lecture. The number present is, as a rule, from 25 to 35, according to the accommodation available.

Live at Schools.

One of the essential things, in the opinion of the promoters of the schools, is that all the students should live for the week in the place where the lectures are held. For this purpose a school is usually rented during the holiday season, but there is frequently some difficulty in obtaining accommodation. This is particularly the case in Ireland, where summer schools have only been held during the last two years. But at various places in England co-operators have acquired country estates and houses for use in social and educational ways and as convalescent homes for their poorer members and these places serve as excellent centers for the purpose.

The life of a summer school is of simple, almost Spartan character, but very healthy and pleasant for the hard-working people who, for the most part, attend. The catering is done, as a rule, by the United Co-Operative Baking society, and the charge made for board and lodging to each student is about $9 per week. This includes all the expenses of the school except for the occasional trips to the surrounding country side and places of interest which enliven the social side of the week. The great majority of the students are, of course, members of the co-operative societies—usually members of their committees—but many societies send one or more of their employees as well. In the case of those who are not able themselves to afford the trip, it is a common thing for scholarships to be offered both by central bodies and by local societies, which cover the whole cost of the week, including traveling expenses. These scholarships are sometimes awarded as the result of an examination, at other times merely on the judgment of the committee. The lecturers are, for the most part, members of the staff of the Co-Operative union; when outside people are requisitioned, they are paid their fee out of pocket expenses and there is no outlay on large fees, as is the case with chautauquas in America.

Practical Democracy Taught.

The essence of the summer school idea is practical democracy; its general teaching is to emphasize the duties and responsibilities of citizenship, and its special teaching in the case described is to show the co-operative movement and its memebrs in their proper relationship to those duties. There is no departure from this aim, either in the lectures or the social side of the schools, which is almost equally important.

Needless to say, the atmosphere of the schools varies greatly, according to the type of the students or lecturers who happen to attend them. At the ideal school there is an almost continuous discussion of the disputed points of the movement by small groups gathered together in the grounds or by those who are walking or driving together. At other times the holiday spirit is more in the ascendancy, and as soon as the lectures and discussions are disposed of, there is a tendency to disperse in search of amusement. To a certain extent the scholarship system is responsible for sending many people to these schools simply in order to give them a good holiday, and some of the persons in authority are disposed to criticise it from this point of view; others point out that the majority of the people who attend these schools have to do so at the sacrifice of any other holidays, for the nature of their work does not allow of any longer absence, and that it is therefore not reasonable to criticise them if thsy wish to get out of it as much pleasure as possible in addition to instruction.

The great value of the schools lies undoubtedly in the fact that they bring people from all parts of the United Kingdom who are interested in the same movement into close contact with one another. A large part of the effect would be lost if the members attending any one school were increased so that it was not possible to accommodate all the students under one roof or to keep up the senses of personal friendship. For this reason it is found desirable that there should be a large number of these schools established in different places, but that they should take in students from different neighborhoods. It is hoped that now that peace is restored an international element will be introduced and that students will be sent over from America and other countries to take part in the work of the schools.

WHOLE WORLD FEELS HIGH COST OF LIVING

Latin-American Countries Are Seeking Solution for Problem.

By J. H. Benton.
(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, October 31.—The high cost of living problem is awakening considerable interest in a number of countries, according to dispatches received by the state department today.

An arrangement between the nations of Latin-America with a view to doing away with import duties on unmanufactured products so as to cut the high cost of living has been suggested by the Argentine government and discussed in that and other countries. Information which has reached the department regarding this plan to meet the high cost of living problem is to the effect that a suggestion has been made that a conference be called by the Argentine minister for foreign affairs to discuss this question of exchange of real necessities of live customs free.

In Brazil the tariff is being revised with a view to reducing the cost of living in that country. In Uruguay the percentage of increase of present cost of living over the cost in June, 1914, is estimated by the Uruguayan government at: Food, 52 per cent; fuel, 48 per cent; light, 75 per cent, but there was increase in rent.

In Portugal the government in an attempt to lower the cost of living has placed, through the minister of finance, a part of its gold reserves into the banks of Lisbon. In England the cost of living above prewar level is figured at 115 per cent for September and 120 per cent for October, as to actual necessities of life and based upon average living conditions of labor.

A more distinct rise has occurred in the cost of commodities so far as the upper and middle elements of population in England are concerned, being unofficially estimated by some at approximately 135 per cent, with a steady upward trend. In Sweden figures furnished by the Swedish government indicate that the cost of living has increased 157 per cent over the cost in June, 1914. In the cities the increase has been very much greater than the average for the country.

REDS THREATENED TO SHOOT PRIESTS

(The Constitution—London Times — Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

Helsingfors, October 31.—(By Cable.)—The population of Tsarskoe-Selo wanted to greet the arrival of General Judenich's army with the ringing of church bells.

The red commissaries declared that if they heard bells, they would shoot all the priests in Petrograd. The bells were not rung.

STORE GIVEN QUEEN BY DAUGHTER SOLD

Purchaser and Price Not Announced by the Receiver.

Through the consent of Attorneys B. H. Hill and Fred E. Harrison, representing Mrs. Catherine Bradstreet, and Reuben R. Arnold and Troutman & Freeman, for the Fairburn Banking company, the store that is said to have been presented to Mrs. Bradstreet's father, A. P. Queen, by her, was sold Friday morning. Neither the name of the buyer, however, nor the price for which the store was sold, were given out.

The grocery store, which Mrs. Bradstreet is said to have given her father, is located on East Lake drive, and is said to have cost about $1,200. It was stated Friday that Mrs. Bradstreet gave her own check in payment for the store. It was seized by J. H. Longino, receiver for W. B. Green and Mrs. Bradstreet, shortly after their arrest.

Mrs. Bradstreet and her father were in conference with their attorneys several hours Friday, and will be again during Saturday. No developments of interest were announced in the Fairburn Banking case Friday.

UPSHAW TO JOIN PROHIBITIONIST SPEAKING TOUR

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, October 31.—In a campaign conducted jointly by the Anti-Saloon League of America and the league of the state, 300 meetings in the interest of prohibition law enforcement and world-wide drouth will be held in North Carolina, beginning November 21 and closing December 21.

Speakers in the North Carolina campaign will be M. A. Patterson, former governor of Tennessee; Rev. J. D. McAlister, superintendent of the anti-saloon league of Tennessee; George W. Morow, former superintendent of the Michigan league; Joseph G. Camp, of Atlanta; Rev. David Hepburn, superintendent of the Virginia league; Congressman W. D. Upshaw, of Georgia; Robert Lee Davis, superintendent of the North Carolina league; Rev. Dr. Charles O. Jones, superintendent of the Georgia league, and Wayne B. Wheeler, Washington, D. C., attorney and counsel for the national organization.

The Anti-Saloon league, it is announced, is pursuing the plan of holding a series of meetings in practically every state. The prohibition amendment and enforcement law will be explained, and the people will be urged to demand strict enforcement not only of state and local laws, but also of federal enactments. Election of officials favorable to enforcement will be insisted upon.

World prohibition as the next step in reform also will be brought to the attention of the people. It will be explained that the league is a constituent of the world league against alcoholism recently organized in Washington.

Representative Upshaw's speaking dates in North Carolina are only Sundays and begin November 2 at Winston. During the month of November he will speak at Greensboro, Salisbury, Elkin, Wilkesboro and Raleigh.

SALVATION ARMY PLANS INCREASE IN ATLANTA WORK

The Salvation Army forces of this city met last night at a luncheon at their meeting hall, 14½ Auburn avenue, in interest of the advancement of their work of one hundred per cent.

Brigadier Crawford, the divisional commander of this southern district, was the speaker. He said in part:

"I am the speaker for Commander Miss Booth, commander-in-chief of the United States forces. I am just back fresh from the eastern congress hend in New York city, where Miss Booth made a proclamation that we must increase our work along all lines in 1919-1920 100 per cent.'

The Atlanta Salvationists are wide awake and determined they will bring Atlanta up one hundred per cent. Cards were signed by every Salvationist pledging themselves as follows: "I will, by the help of God, get one person converted and make one Salvation Army soldier between November 1 and May 1, 1920."

The interest manifested in this great forward movement was very noticeable and it is believed Atlanta work will be brought up to a new high water mark in Salvation Army activities.

THREE MORE FLIERS FINISH AERIAL DERBY

Chicago, October 31.—Three fliers today completed the twice continental air race, making a total of eight out of the original sixty-two entrants to complete the 5,402-mile derby before it officially closed at sundown tonight. Two contestants remained prepared to finish on advices from Washington that control stations would be held open for them, although they are out of the contest.

Lieutenant Colonel H. E. Hartney landed at Mineola, N. Y., at 3:55 p. m., eastern time today, and was followed in three and one-half minutes by Lieutenant R. B. Bagby. Both recorded a day's flying of 182 miles from Binghamton, N. Y., Lieutenant R. S. Worthington finished at San Francisco at 2:09 p. m., Pacific time, after flying 187 miles from Reno, Nev.

Captain F. Steinle was held at Bryan, Ohio, tonight by darkness following a flight of 591 miles from Omaha. Motor trouble kept Lieutenant D. B. Gish at Chicago, after he had made thirty miles from Aurora, Ill., where he was forced down yesterday by a broken propeller and a leaky radiator.

The five completing the race besides those finishing today were Lieutenant B. W. Maynard, Captain J. O. Donaldson, Captain Lowell H. Smith, Captain Alexander Pearson and Lieutenant Earl Manselman. Although Lieutenant Maynard won the distinction of being first to finish, best time went to Captain Donaldson, who made the flight in 48:37:16.

Seven men were killed in the race, a number of planes were wrecked or burned and one machine fell into Lake Erie. Adverse weather conditions and accidents are mainly responsible for the large majority of contestants who dropped out.

WAR'S GREATEST HERO HERE TODAY

Continued from First Page.

scientious objector, and they may also drive out to Roswell to inspect the Bulloch homestead, where Roosevelt's mother was born, and which is to be the site of the school.

The meeting will close the campaign for $50,000, Georgia's quota of the national Roosevelt memorial fund of $5,000,000. Delegations headed by county campaign chairmen from all parts of the state will be present, and a final general report as to the success of the campaign will be made.

Close to $10,000 remains to be raised, but this amount is expected to be in tonight. Georgia must raise its quota in order to bring the proposed $500,000 memorial institute to Roswell.

The citizens of Cobb and Milton counties are expected to report tonight the success of their own campaign to raise $20,000 to purchase the Bulloch homestead and turn it over to the Roosevelt Memorial association.

For Memorial Fund.

Among the larger contributions received yesterday was $100 from the Atlanta Newspaper Publishers' association, representing The Constitution, The Journal and The Georgian. "The Atlanta newspapers have given the campaign splendid support, and the Roosevelt Memorial association is highly appreciative of this contribution," said Mr. McClure last night.

The proceeds of the York lecture tonight will go to the memorial fund. Tickets may still be procured at the Cable Piano company's, and Chess' place. None are reserved and the admission fee is a dollar for all seats; 50 cents for children. The advance sale indicates that the Auditorium will be crowded from pit to dome.

Tonight will be Atlanta's first and only opportunity to hear York, as he will retire from the lecture platform as soon as he has raised a $100,000 fund for the education of Tennessee mountain boys and girls. He has turned down all motion picture and theatrical offers and is anxious to take up work on his farm as soon as possible.

York Enroute to Atlanta

Nashville, Tenn., October 31.—(Special)—Sergeant Alvin C. York is in Nashville today conferring with the trustees of the Alvin C. York foundation. Sergeant York is on his way to Atlanta, where he will deliver a lecture on Saturday evening under the auspices of the Roosevelt Memorial association, which will on that date launch a campaign for a boys' school to be built near Atlanta, at the home of Colonel Roosevelt's mother.

Sergeant Work will arrive in Atlanta Saturday morning. He is in the midst of his lecture tour, the proceeds of which are to go toward founding and maintaining free schools in his native mountain section. Thus far the tour has met with splendid success and as the big sergeant travels toward the east, his audiences and their donations are steadily increasing.

At Grand Rapids, Mich., where Sergeant York spoke October 27, one gentleman was so impressed with the soldier's unselfishness and his purpose on his present tour, that he pledged himself to donate personally and raise among his friends at Grand Rapids $50,000, the amount necessary to build the proposed main building for the school.

Upon completing his engagement at Atlanta Sergeant York will return to his work of raising funds for the York foundation, going to Chicago, St. Louis and other cities in Illinois, Missouri and Indiana and Michigan.

SOFT COAL OUTPUT RAN 13,117,500 TONS IN LAST FULL WEEK

Washington, October 31.—In the last full week before the strike soft coal mines turned out and railroads moved more than thirteen million tons, which Secretary Lane considers a record for the country.

"This fortunate addition of thirteen million tons to the coal supply," Mr. Lane said tonight, "fulfills the promise of an adequate car supply made by the railroad administration in view of the approaching fuel crisis. Again the coal industry has shown what it can do with a good supply of cars and the mine workers doing their part of the world's work."

Mr. Lane said the geological survey reported that total bituminous coal shipments for the week ended last Saturday were 13,117,500 tons, or a daily output of 2,186,250. Such a weekly output, if continued for a full year, he said, would give an annual production of 685,000,000 tons, as compared with 578,000,000 actually mined last year.

BITTER PROTEST BY UNION LABOR

Continued from First Page.

uel Gompers, president of the American Federation of Labor, with whom he conferred after the meeting with the railroad men, that he did not believe it would be necessary to use any other power than the courts "to protect the government."

Mr. Palmer said he told the union men that they were at liberty to say to either side in the strike that the president was ready to act immediately to have the controversy settled amicably whenever the strike was called off.

President Gompers and other officials of the American Federation of Labor were said, however, to have urged their views on the matter of the injunction in their conference with the attorney general.

Palmer Explains.

"I explained the necessity for the action," Mr. Palmer said, "and the manner in which this case must be differentiated on its facts from all other cases in which injunctions have been used. I have been opposed and the administration has been opposed to government by injunction whereby employers might use the processes of the courts on an ex parte hearing to force their employees into submission.

"This is the government itself, using its courts to protect itself from paralysis. It is not an injunction obtained by employers, not for the benefit of employers, not to settle the controversy, but to save the people of the entire country from disaster. It does not affect the right of a man to work when he pleases."

In this connection Mr. Palmer explained that the petition for injunction as prepared by the government seeks to restrain the officers of the United Mine Workers from doing anything in furtherance of the strike order.

"If the injunction is obeyed," Mr. Palmer said, and it goes without saying that the law must be obeyed, it will take away the direction of the strike from above and leaves to the men perfect freedom to work or not to work as they see fit. No strike can go on without direction."

If the injunction is disobeyed the court can act on its own initiative to punish the violators or on application of the government. Mr. Palmer declared the next step depended on what happened.

It was explained that, while labor naturally opposed government by injunction, in this case the government was moving for the public welfare.

First Offensive Blow.

Application for injunctions will shift the government's fight to the heart of the coal-field territory and will actually mean the first offensive warfare to prevent industrial chaos by the closing of the soft-coal mines. Frequent meetings of the cabinet will be held to keep in touch with the situation.

Secretary Wilson's proposal to the United Mine Workers of America, to which Acting President John L. Lewis made public reply yesterday, was that the miners' executive council reconvene immediately the delegate convention to reconsider the whole wage question, in the hope of averting the strike.

The secretary's proposal provided that pending the assembling of the delegate convention and its consideration of the matters presented, the miners should continue at work.

Mr. Wilson informed the mine workers' officials that he would assume the responsibility for calling a simultaneous meeting of the operators not only of the competitive, but the entire bituminous fields. The secretary proposed that two meetings be held in Washington and to meet the point raised by the executive board in its meeting at Indianapolis Wednesday that it had never been officially advised of President Wilson's appeal. Mr. Wilson sent a copy of the president's statement.

FEDERAL TROOPS GET RUSH ORDERS

Continued from First Page.

vision, said he had received on October 17 from the central department headquarters a request from Governor Cornwell of West Virginia for troops in event of a strike. This resulted in the selection of 2,500 troops from the Sixteenth, Eighteenth, Twenty-sixth and Twenty-eighth infantry regiments, 1,700 of whom remain at Camp Taylor under instructions to be reday for entrainment for strike affected centers.

Charleston, W. Va., October 31.—No official information was available here today concerning the disposition of federal troops on their way from Camp Taylor to Huntington for possible strike duty.

Governor Cornwell's office said that for "obvious reasons" no information as to where the troops would ultimately be sent could be given out.

Reports, however, came from Fayette county to the effect that arrangements were being made for the reception of several hundred soldiers, and some had already arrived at Kanawha Falls. There was no confirmation of the report.

The belief was expressed here that federal and state authorities have planned to dispose of the military forces so as to prevent invasion of the non-union mining fields. If this proved true, it was said, troops would be scattered along the eastern Kentucky and northwestern Virginia borders.

In a proclamation published today, Governor Cornwell warned all persons that the mobilization of an armed force to invade other sections of the state would be regarded as insurrection and dealt with accordingly. The proclamation stated that the governor had obtained information of the accumulation of large quantities of arms and ammunition in the coal fields adjacent to the Kanawha valley, Kanawha county, and that meetings have been held and others planned for the purpose of mobilizing an armed force for invasion of other parts of West Virginia.

"Such an uprising or assembly," the proclamation states, "if in resistance to the lawful authority of the state and with intent to the denial thereof when manifested or intended to be manifested by acts of violence, will be and constitute insurrection, necessary to call upon the military forces for the purpose."

Governor Cornwell further emphasizes that he will not hesitate to use to the utmost degree the power vested in him to handle any emergency.

Huntington, W. Va., October 31.—Four hundred soldiers arrived here from Camp Taylor, Ky., at 6 p. m. for strike duty in the West Virginia coal fields. The men were not permitted to leave the cars, and it was said that their disposition would not be known until the remainder of the battalion, now on the way, was here.

The second troop train and a supply train arrived here at 7:25 o'clock. Major Charles L. Coulter, intelligence officer, said the troops would remain in Huntington pending further orders from Major General Leonard Wood, commanding the central department. The men, it was stated, would remain in the cars until such orders had been received.

TROOPS ARE ORDERED TO COLORADO FIELDS.

Denver, October 31.—Three companies of state troops mobilized at Golden tonight were ordered to proceed immediately to the coal fields at Frederick, Colo. They are to entrain at 11 o'clock. Troops mobilized at Trinidad will proceed to the southern coal fields tomorrow, it was announced at the capitol.

OKLAHOMA GUARD BEING MOBILIZED.

Oklahoma City, Okla., October 31. An order for the mobilization of the Oklahoma national guard was issued tonight by Governor Robertson in connection with the strike of bituminous coal miners at midnight tonight.

Guard officers say territory around every mine in the state will be patrolled by troops who will see that all miners remaining at work have protection.

NEW UNIVERSITY CLUB TAKES RANK AMONG THE BEST

Athens, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—The "Counsellors," for nearly a year a secret club in the law department of the University of Georgia, has made its appearance as one of the foremost clubs of the university. The club for a long time was kept secret, but since coming into the club calendar of the university is recognized as one of the leading clubs, and the leading club of the law department.

For a long time the students of the university as well as of the law department have known the need of a distinctive law club, a club whose membership will be regarded as one of the highest honors a student of the Lumpkin law school can attain. It was to this end that the "Counsellors" were formed. It has done wonderful work for the law department as well as the university, and well deserves the recognition accorded it.

The charter members of the "Counsellors" are R. Glenn Dickerson, of Homerville; R. E. L. Spence, of Albany; Grayson C. Powell, of Swainsboro; J. E. Brannan, of Camilla; P. B. Ford, of Sylvesta, and E. M. McCandless, of Canton. The club has adopted the system of a public initiation and several men of the law school have been complimented by being elected as new members. They were seen Wednesday walking around the streets adorned with the colors of the organization, blue and white, which caused much comment among the student body.

The new men taken in are J. A. McFarland, J. R. Slater, K. Mott, J. P. Atkinson, J. E. Dasher and J. O. Feutrel. With these men as a foundation, the club expects to enlarge and reflect much credit upon both the university and the law school.

MUST A CHILD BE PALE?

Tailor, "Tired-Outness" and Poor Appetite Almost Always Remedied by Pepto-Mangan.

It Builds Up the Blood and Thus Improves the Appetite and Strengthens the Body.

There is but one legitimate excuse for a pale, run-down, listless child, and that is some serious disease of one or more of the vital organs, which, of course, needs the prompt attention of a competent physician. Unless such condition exists, the weak, white youngster who takes no pleasure in romping or playing can be very materially helped by a course of that thoroughly dependable blood enricher and general tonic, Gude's Pepto-Mangan. This standard remedy for Anemia (Bloodlessness) has been continuously prescribed by physicians all over the world for nearly thirty years, to restore the weakened, watery blood to its normal condition, and thus improve appetite, add color to pale lips and cheeks and impart strength to the whole body. Gude's Pepto-Mangan can be had in both liquid and tablet form (no difference in its effect), the liquid, of course, being preferable for young children. When buying Pepto-Mangan, be sure the name "Gude's" is on the package. Without "Gude's" it is not Pepto-Mangan.—(adv.)

NO 500,000 ARMY FOR GEN. PERSHING

Continued from First Page.

whether he approved and apparent tendency of the staff to project its control into details of the line, he brought his first down upon the table and snapped:

"I certainly do not."

He was equally emphatic when a senator asked whether the staff ought not to take the military committees into its confidence about the general situation in the army.

"I am quite sure of it," he quickly replied.

Only once or twice did the questioning lead him into discussion of the activities of the American armies in France, though that is expected to come in for more detailed consideration before he completes his testimony. He will appear again tomorrow and his statement, which is expected to be the last heard by the committees before they begin framing reorganization legislation, may run into next week.

No. U. S. Combat Planes.

The general said no American combat planes at all had been received by the American army in France up to the beginning of this year, though on January 1 a total of 1,443 American machines of the observation type were on hand, together with 5,181 of various types made in Europe. The only American guns which got into action, he said, were some 8-inch pieces. About 170 American-made 75 mm. guns reached France, but they were never used.

The witness said his staff at the time of the armistice, when more than 2,000,000 men were under his command, consisted of less than 350 officers, and expressed an opinion that the department's estimate of 231 for the new peace-time army could be cut down considerably.

General Pershing also recommended that rank up to and including second lieutenant be given army nurses; that students at West Point be required to serve a year in the army or go to a training camp; that the pay of officers and enlisted men be increased; that reserve officers be classified and assigned on paper to definite units; that the scope of army service schools be broadened; and that the duties of bureau chiefs be prescribed by law and the president empowered to remove them.

Suggesting "275,000 to 300,000 and possibly less," as the "outside figure" for the peace army, he said the cost of maintaining a larger establishment was a consideration which could not be overlooked. He did not make a detailed statement of the strategic need for a large army, but said the permanent army should be large enough to meet sudden attacks, take care of internal disturbances and make possible expeditionary forces "on this continent."

For Universal Service.

Universal service, he said, would be a distinct advantage in making better citizens under the plan he outlined. Illiteracy, he thought, might be materially reduced and physical defects overcome by providing an extra three months' training for the "absolutely illiterate," and the physically weak. He added that while discipline was "very necessary," there might easily be a relaxation in view of the character o fthe training.

"I would emphasize the education-all features," he said, "more than the military features."

"Military training makes better citizens," he declared. "Its benefits should be extended to all our young men. Through service it increases their physique, it broadens their view of life and it is democratic."

With universal service established, he continued, the military establishment could be made up first of a small party of regulars, "sufficient for expeditionary forces, which may be called out to sustain our obligations on the American continent," and to garrison outlying possessions—which would be backed up by a force in training, and behind that a citizens' reserve.

500 BALES OF COTTON BURNED AT TIGNALL

Washington, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—Fire of unknown origin early this morning destroyed 500 bales of cotton at Tignall, eleven miles north of Washington. The loss is estimated at $100,000, largely covered by insurance. By prompt work the volunteer fire fighters saved 1,500 bales of cotton, valued at more than a quarter million dollars, and the fire was confined to the compartment in which it originated.

Chas. A. Smith Drug Co.
4 and 6 Peachtree St.
ARCADE

Sophie Mae Candies

We now have the complete line of the SOPHIE MAE CANDIES in both bulk and package—made in Atlanta, fresh every day.

Here Are the Prices:

Sophie Mae Pure Sugar Honeycomb Taffy	50c lb.
Sophie Mae 12-oz. Home-Made	50c Box
Sophie Mae Hand-Dipped Chocolates	80c lb.
Sophie Mae Brazil Nut Fudge	60c lb.
Sophie Mae Pure Sugar Stick	40c lb.
Sophie Mae Peanut Brittle	40c lb.
Sophie Mae Nut Divinities	60c lb.
Sophie Mae Maple Walnut Balls	80c lb.
Sophie Mae Pure Sugar Stick	25c Box

GLASS FOR EVERY PURPOSE!

Protect your furniture! We cut glass for any style table or desk—any size, any thickness. We will be glad to send out and repair broken windows, or to take measurements for table or desk tops.

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ATLANTA.

Auction Sale of Horses and Mules Every Wednesday

We have been having from 300 to 450 horses and mules of all kinds, and we have the assurance of that many or more for each sale.

You can also find at all times at our barns an assortment of from 1,000 to 1,500 all classes of cotton, sugar and miner mules. If you are in the market it will pay you to visit the Wichita horse and mule market.

Wichita Horse and Mule Commission Co.
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Wichita, Kansas

Davison-Paxon-Stokes Co.

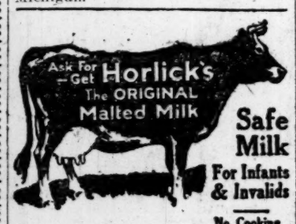
Stylish Winter Millinery
Featuring for TODAY
Trimmed Hats of Velvet and Beaver, Also of Metallic Brocade and Velvet

Newest Ideas in Trimmed Hats

Smart Effects—every desirable style—chic Hindoo Turbans, alluring Chin-Chins, becoming Off-Face Hats, Mushrooms, Pokes, etc.

Attractively trimmed with burnt goose or ostrich, brocade, furs, beaver cloth, stick pins or ornaments, applique, fancies, etc. Black, brown, beige, navy, taupe, etc, at—

Wonder Hats $5 Liberty Hats $7.50 Victory Hats $10 Excello Hats $15



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No Cooking
A Nutritious Diet for All Ages
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Avoid Imitations and Substitutes

Open A Charge Account Today---At The Hub

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Dependable in Quality Correct in Style
At Prices that will bring you back again

Four Months To Pay
:: We divide payments to suit your convenience ::

Smart Middy Suits	$22.50 up	Georgette Smocks	$20.00
Stunning Dresses	$15.00 up	Smart New Silk Skirts	$ 8.98 up
Angora Sport Scarfs	$16.98	Stylish Wool Skirts	$12.50 up
New Fall Coats	$20.00 up	Luxurious New Furs.	

HUB STYLE SHOP
83 Whitehall Street.

SITUATION SHIFTS IN TREATY FIGHT

Administration Placed in Position of Opposing Prompt Action When Hitchcock Refuses to Agree to Plan for Final Vote, November 10.

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

Washington, October 31.—The administration was placed in the position today of opposing that which it has been urging from the house tops for weeks—prompt ratification of the treaty of peace.

Senator Hitchcock would not agree to a unanimous consent arrangement proposed by Senator Fall, republican, of New Mexico, for a final vote on ratification on Monday, November 10. He sought to evade the direct issue of setting a time for a vote, but his efforts were so clumsy as to leave no question that Senator Lodge gained a distinct advantage for the republicans.

In order that Senator Hitchcock's quibbling over the agreement for a vote being reduced to writing might not permit him to escape the onus of blocking a final vote in ten days, Senator Lodge presented late this afternoon a formal request for a vote on November 12. No action was taken upon it and the senate adjourned to meet on Monday. It will be called up on that day.

Would Limit Speeches.

The Lodge proposal would limit all speeches to one hour beginning next Monday, November 3; to 15 minutes beginning Monday, November 10, and provide that all debate should cease and the final voting begin at 5 o'clock p. m. Wednesday, November 12.

Senator Hitchcock presented a counter proposal. He would not name a date for a vote but would limit all speeches to 15 minutes beginning on next Monday. Under such an arrangement it would be possible to prevent final action upon the treaty for weeks or months, as senators would be privileged to offer new amendments or reservations without end.

Senator Lodge was making efforts to persuade republican senators not to object to the unanimous agreement for a final vote on November 12. There were indications, however, that if Senator Hitchcock did not make the objection one of the irreconcilable on the republican side would do so. Whatever happens the move is a smart one politically for Senator Lodge since it is intended to show the people of the United States it is his purpose and desire to obtain early action upon the treaty.

Counter Proposal Hinted.

The objection of Senator Hitchcock to a final vote within ten or twelve days was believed to have been based upon the program which he has in mind after the Lodge reservations are adopted. He would seek to prevent adoption of the resolution of ratification and then to submit a number of counter proposals. He would want to debate those compromise reservations in an effort to win over some of the republicans. The Lodge agreement would stop debate and keep the senate in session until the final vote upon the treaty had been taken.

Regardless of the merits of this objection by Senator Hitchcock to a definite date for a vote, the administration is placed in the position of blocking ratification. The republicans are able to give forceful reply to all of the recent utterances by President Wilson and other administration leaders attacking the republican senators for their alleged failure to permit an early vote.

Debate over the fixing of a time for a vote began early in the afternoon when Senator Fall tried in vain to get Senator Hitchcock to agree to a vote on November 10.

Suggests Agreement.

"I should like to ask the senator from Nebraska and the senate generally," said Senator Fall, "if it is not possible to arrive at some agreement as to a final vote upon the treaty with all pending amendments and reservations, etc., to fix a day now when a final vote may be taken?"

"I think the best plan," Senator Hitchcock replied, "would be for the senator to prepare his request for unanimous consent so that we can examine it."

"Then, I would make this suggestion to the senator—that if we can agree upon a date, the preparation of the request can be easily enough made," Senator Fall replied. "Then I would ask the senator whether it would be agreeable to him that the senate, if it chose to do so, should agree to a final vote upon this treaty and all matters pending by the 10th day of November?"

"What day of the week is that?" Senator Penrose inquired.

"Monday, the 10th of November. That would give us today and tomorrow and all of next week for discussion," Senator Fall replied.

Wanted Matter in Writing.

"I think that is a matter we had better take up next week then," Senator Hitchcock interjected. "I should like to see the matter reduced to writing so that we can examine it."

"That proposition needs no reduction to writing," Senator Fall responded, but Senator Hitchcock insisted that it did.

"We do not know how many amendments may be offered," Senator Hitchcock added, "or how many reservations may be offered, how many resolutions of ratification may be offered. And we are very anxious, of course, to arrive at it, but it is a request, which, from the very necessity of the case, must be in some detail."

"My suggestion is," Senator Fall said, "that we definitely dispose of all reservations and amendments now pending and to be offered and the resolution of ratification on or before the 10th day of November. If the senator will agree in principle, I have no doubt that we can agree on a limitation of debate. I would suggest a limitation of ten minutes to each speaker on any proposition."

Senator Hitchcock argued that the senate might spend all the time on the amendments right up to the last day and the reservations would have no time.

Proposal of Lodge.

"I should be extremely glad if we could agree upon a day to take the final vote," Senator Lodge interjected. "The details can be arranged without difficulty if we can agree upon a day."

"I am gratified," Senator Hitchcock said to Senator Lodge, "that the senator is willing to propose such a consent agreement, and if he will have it in shape on Monday we will be able to give him a prompt answer."

"I think it would be well to agree upon the 10th, but I should not object if we made it Tuesday or Wednesday, say the 11th or 12th," Senator Lodge suggested: "We are not standing on one particular day, but we want an agreement as early as possible to take the final vote on the treaty and all reservations and amendments.

Would Vote Immediately.

Senator Fall said he would be willing to vote at 6 o'clock today on the ratification resolution.

"I would agree to vote at noon tomorrow," he added. "At 6 o'clock tomorrow, or stay over until Sunday, as the legislative day, and vote on Sunday or Monday or Tuesday or Wednesday or any day, but it seems to me certainly that another week might be sufficient in which to argue reservation, the ratification resolution and all amendments.

"We are constantly told that the country is expecting us to do something. We are constantly being urged here that we must vote by a given hour upon a certain amendment, and whenever we seek to have the date fixed to conclude this matter, the other senators are not so insistent. I will accommodate the senator from Nebraska by writing down or dictating to some one else and have written down a proposition, and I will not wait until Monday, either, unless the senate adjourns over to prevent it. I will undertake to present it to the senators tomorrow at the latest."

Later in the day Senator Lodge offered his proposed agreement in writing and Senator Hitchcock submitted his counter proposal.

LOUIE, THE LAWYER :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: :: Strategy Is Louie's Middle Name.

Working Women Elect Officers At Conference

Women Will Sit as Delegates at Next International Labor Congress, Jane Addams Tells Conference.

By J. H. Benton.
(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, October 31.—That women will be sitting as delegates at the next international labor conference is the prediction of Miss Jane Addams, of Chicago, who addressed delegates to the first international congress of working women today.

Miss Addams said that because of the way in which the labor question was constantly in the fore at all gatherings, it was high time that the working women of the world got together and discussed their problems and to formulate their policy for the future on these questions in order that their plans might be presented for the edification of the labor conference.

Following Miss Addams' speech, permanent officers for the congress were elected, including Mrs. Raymond Robins, president of the national women's trade union league of America, as president; Mlle. Jeanne Bouvier, France, first vice president; Mrs. Katherine Derry, Canada, second vice president; Mme. Yadwiga Lukasiu, Poland, third vice president; Mrs. Maude Swartz, New York Women's Trade Union league, secretary.

"No Shackles on Eve."

Mme. Marie Majerova, who is an alderman in the city of Prague, Czecho-Slovakia, in discussing the eight-hour day, said, "There must be no shackles on the modern Eve. She must be the thoroughly healthy, spiritual mother of a freed and just generation of human beings."

She stated that Czecho-Slovakia was the first European country to pass an eight-hour law, effective for all industrial, agricultural and clerical workers, and that this bill was the first one passed by the national assembly.

The average working week in England has been reduced 6.6 hours per person since the admistice, according to Miss Mary MacArthur, speaking for the English delegation. A bill is now before parliament which provides for the 48-hour week for all workers with the exception of agricultural and domestic workers, while the demand for a 40-hour week is quite general. Miss MacArthur, agreeing with delegations from Czecho-Slovakia, France, Italy, Canada and the United States, declared her approval of an international standard of forty-four hours as the maximum working week.

Opposes Child Labor.

Miss MacArthur in replying to Miss Kirsta Hesselgren, of Sweden, on the question of a movement in favor of a shorter working day, stated that she did not approve of children working before the age of 16 and that they should be allowed to do only part time work between the ages of 16 and 18 years. That up until his sixteenth year a child's education should be general, not vocational in nature, and that she had confidence that the working people would not make worse use of their leisure time than other classes have when the shorter week came. "I'm prepared to leave it to the other classes to talk about the evils of leisure," she said. "We could use much more leisure than we have in England."

Organized labor in Canada has declared itself in favor of a six-hour day, Mrs. Katherine Derry, of Toronto, reported, while there is actually before the Canadian parliament a bill for a forty-eight-hour week, while in Toronto there are industries that have adopted the forty-hour week.

Granted Pension.

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, October 31.—Queenie H. Sorrough, of Covington, Ga., has been granted a pension of $12.

TO AID HOUSEWIVES

Bureau of Standards Issues Helpful Cards.

By J. H. Benton.
(By Constitution Leased Wire)

Washington, October 31.—Householders need no longer make rough estimates of food commodities which go into the preparation of table food.

The bureau of standards of the department of commerce, which is giving valuable aid in the government campaign to reduce the cost of living, yesterday announced publication of a card to be hung in the kitchen intended to tell the housewife exactly the proportions of staple food articles. On this card is printed condensed information relative to questions any housewife might ask.

Weights and measure equivalents, weights per bushel of the common vegetables and fruits, weights per cup of rice, corn meal, raisins, bread crumbs, chopped meat and other food articles, pounds per bushel of several common dry commodities and a table of avoirdupois weight are printed on the card. Equivalents of capacity in fluid ounces of common kitchen measures, so that cooking directions given in fluid ounces may be translated into common kitchen measures, are given in a valuable table. The common weights of fruits and vegetables and weights per cubic foot of coal, coke, sand, gravel and solids are included in the tables of weights, and simple rules for determining measurements are also on the card.

The bureau recommends, in connection with determining proper proportions of table foods, that each household be equipped with good household weights and measures set. These should be tested and bear the seal of a weights and measures official.

Copies of the card may be obtained by writing to the bureau of standards and requesting miscellaneous publications No. 39, household weights and measures.

122 PERSONS INDICTED FOR ARKANSAS RIOTS

Helena, Ark., October 31.—O. S. Bratton, of Little Rock, held in jail here since October 1 and indicted recently by the grand jury on a charge of barratry in connection with the negro uprising in the southern part of Phillips county, was released today by Judge J. M. Jackson on his own recognizance.

Thirteen additional indictments charging negroes with murder and night riding were returned today by the grand jury. These bring the number of persons indicted in connection with the uprising to 122.

EXTENSION IS ASKED OF LEVER FOOD ACT

Washington, October 31.—Extension of the Lever food control act six months after confirmation of peace, was requested of congress today by Attorney General Palmer. In his letter to Speaker Gillett, Mr. Palmer did not go into the reasons for his request, but said he would be glad to explain it before any congressional committee.

Young Girls Clad As Witches Help Two Institutions

Churches' Homes for Girls and Atlanta Child's Home Will Get Money Collected From Atlantans Friday.

Atlanta's downtown streets took on the aspect of "Fairyland" Friday, with many pretty girls in witches' costumes, and carrying pumpkins in which they placed nickels and dimes collected for the Churches' Home for Girls and the Atlanta Child's Home.

This work has been carried on by the members of the Witches' club for several years past, and the two institutions depend partly upon the proceeds from these tag days to carry on their work.

From all reports the campaign was a great success.

The chairmen for the day and the several working stations to which they were assigned were as follows:

Mrs. Julia Arnold, Candler building; Mrs. J. A. Erwin, Franklin & Cox; Mrs. J. A. Watson, Ansley hotel; Mrs. Harry Patten, Arcade; Mrs. Harry White, Grant building; Mrs. J. M. White, Piedmont hotel; Mrs. J. H. Salmon, postoffice; Mrs. Jack Turner, Tenth street; Mrs. W. E. Carnes, Liggett's, Alabama and Whitehall streets; Mrs. R. L. McLean, Third National bank; Miss Elizabeth Heckman, Hunter and Whitehall streets; Mrs. W. J. Miscally, Miss Thelma Miscally, Mrs. Ulysses Daly, Keely's; Mrs. E. C. Combs, Miss Ida Court, Mrs. Walter Cain, Mrs. W. F. Trenary, Jr., Mrs. J. P. Cresswell, Liggett's, Five Points; Miss Frances Brown, Mrs. Harold Hentz, Miss Marjorie Weldon, Mrs. B. C. Kitner, Mrs. Talmadge Dobbs, Mrs. E. F. Munn, Miss Minna Miller, High's.

Mrs. E. E. Hugeley, Miss Gertrude Mott, Miss Evelyn Mott, Miss Selma Ewing, Mrs. J. S. Sanders, Mrs. J. M. Beasley, Miss Ruby Ruffner, little Jack Hogg, Terminal station; Mrs. H. D. Weaver, Miss Dorothy Hudson, Mrs. Eugene Travis, Miss Lillie Cofer, Mrs. T. E. Rogers, Jr., Fourth National bank; Mrs. Linton K. Starr, Mrs. Robert McDougal, Edgewood and Peachtree; Mrs. Clarence Ivy, Miss Helen Kiser, Mrs. James S. Moore, courthouse; Miss Adelaide Callaway, Mrs. R. A. McMurry, Mrs. C. A. McGinnis, Mrs. W. F. Spratt, Jr., Mrs. Walter Jester, headquarters; Mrs. E. N. Brown, Healey building; Mrs. Margaret Murphy, Atlanta National bank; Miss Elizabeth Lippett, Miss Elizabeth Reynolds, Miss Rosa Jones, Miss Irene Colwell, Miss Grace Chestnut, Miss Mary Phillips, Hurt building and Lowry National bank; Mrs. W. W. Kilpatrick, Miss Julia Purser, Mrs. George S. Smith, Miss Jewell Byrd, Miss Kathryn Lynes, Mrs. Walter Muse, Auburn and Peachtree streets.

CRIPPLED VESSEL DOCKS AT SAVANNAH

Savannah, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—The Balsto, assigned to the J. H. W. Steel company, arrived at quarantine today towed by the tug Potomac, having developed engine trouble at sea and put in at Nassau several days ago. The vessel in distress brought a cargo of nitrate of soda.

BLIND WORKERS THREATEN STRIKE TO GET MORE PAY

Philadelphia, October 31.—Inmates of the Pennsylvania working home for blind men have presented demands for higher wages and threatened to strike next week unless they are granted. According to the blind men, who make brooms, whisks, carpets and cane work, their board has been raised with comparatively no increase in wages. They have formed an organization affiliated with the American Federation of Labor.

Frederick H. Mills, superintendent of the institution, said:

"I don't see what the men can do, as this is their home and they can do nothing without hurting themselves. The real reason is that they have banded together and like the rest of the world have got the strike fever."

S. S. STUDENTS WILL RECEIVE DIPLOMAS

The exercises at the Central Presbyterian Sunday school tomorrow, when diplomas will be awarded those whose records have been "perfect" for the past year, will be of more than ordinary interest. This has been an annual event for the past eleven years, and tomorrow awards will be given to thirteen persons who, for eleven years, have not been absent from Sunday school or tardy. There are varying numbers whose records are perfect for shorter periods, down to those who win the award this year for the first time. There will be arches representative of each year, through which the recipient of the diplomas will pass in being awarded the honors. In all some 150 diplomas will be given.

12-HOUR DAY ADOPTED BY GERMAN WORKERS

Geneva, October 31.—(By the Associated Press.)—A general meeting at Mannheim, Baden, of associations of miners and transport workers in the Rhine region has decided, owing to the lack of coal in southern Germany, to re-establish the twelve-hour day, with voluntary work Sundays, until the crisis is passed, according to a Basle dispatch. The rates of wages have not been announced.

Commercial relations between Germany and Italy by way of St. Gothard have been reopened.

NEW SILVER COINAGE PROVIDED FOR MEXICO

Mexico City, October 31.—A new silver coinage for Mexico of a peso containing twelve grams of silver is provided for in a decree signed October 29 at Queretaro by President Carranza, and which will be published here today.

The amount of silver in the 50 and 20 centavo pieces is reduced in equal proportions.

Like the decree issued November 13, 1918, the present steps are taken to prevent the disappearance of Mexican silver coins as a result of the high price of silver.

SUGAR IS PLENTIFUL, BUT NONE FOR PEOPLE

New Orleans, October 31.—With 165,000 bags of raw sugar in vessels in the harbor here and with the publication in The Morning Times-Picayune today that thousands of bags of sugar are in the warehouse of a large refinery which is closed down and has none for domestic sale, the people of the city are expecting a wide investigation by government officials in the local sugar shortage which has driven the retail price in some of the few retail stores that have stocks to 26 cents a pound.

Following the report of the vast quantity of sugar in the warehouse United States District Attorney Mooney telegraphed Attorney General Palmer for authority to extend the investigation to refineries. The refinery officials say their stored sugar is for England, but cannot be moved because of the strike of the longshoremen here which has been hampering shipping for more than two weeks.

Harry Keegan, speaking for the longshoremen, said they would not unload the ships of raw sugar here since they are on a strike.

In the meantime, the sugar bowl is fast disappearing in restaurants, several soft drink bottling works have closed, all refineries have shut down, and the candy production has been curtailed 50 per cent.

Warm weather is retarding the arrival of the Louisiana crop which so far has arrived only in small lots.

FARMER GOES MILES TO TELL OF RELIEF

"I have come twenty-six miles to tell you what Tanlac has done for me," said Joe M. Vinson, a well-known farmer of Love, Miss., while in Memphis recently.

"Three years ago," he continued, "my stomach goe all out of order, I couldn't digest a thing and for eight months I lived on buttermilk and the white of eggs. I was too nervous to sleep well, gas on my stomach made me miserable, I had spells of dizziness, would almost faint and could hardly get my breath. I had splitting headaches and was so bilious that I would often vomit.

"Since taking Tanlac my health is as good as anybody's and I feel like a new man. I eat anything I want, sleep like a rock, all the misery and swelling has gone from my stomach, I have gained fifteen pounds and can do a hard day's work. I wouldn't be in the same fix I was before taking Tanlac for my farm and the stock thrown in."

Tanlac is sold in Atlanta by Jacobs' Pharmacy Co., and all other leading druggists.—(adv.)

THE "BLUES" Caused by Acid-Stomach

Millions of people who worry, are despondent, have spells of mental depression, feel blue and are often melancholy, believe that these conditions are due to outside influences over which they have little or no control. Nearly always, however, they can be traced to an internal source—acid-stomach. Nor is it to be wondered at. Acid-stomach, beginning with such well defined symptoms as indigestion, belching, heartburn, bloat, etc., will, if not checked, in time affect to some degree or other all the vital organs. The nervous system becomes deranged. Digestion suffers. The blood is impoverished. Health and strength are undermined. The victim of acid-stomach, although he may not know the cause of his ailments, feels his hope, courage, ambition and energy slipping. And truly life is dark—not worth much to the man or woman who has acid-stomach!

Get rid of it! Don't let acid-stomach bow you back, wreck your health, make your days miserable, make you a victim of the "blues" and gloomy thoughts! There is a marvelous modern remedy called EATONIC that brings, oh! such quick relief from your stomach miseries—acts your stomach to rights—makes it strong, cool, sweet and comfortable. Helps you get back your strength, vigor, vitality, enthusiasm and good cheer. So many thousands upon thousands of sufferers have used EATONIC with such marvelously helpful results that we are sure you will feel the same way if you will just give it a trial. Get a big 50 cent box of EATONIC—the good tasting tablets that you eat like a bit of candy—from your druggist today. He will return your money if results are not even more than you expect.

EATONIC
FOR YOUR ACID-STOMACH

FACE DISFIGURED FOR TWO YEARS

Scaly Itchy Places Turned to Blisters. Cuticura Heals.

"Scaly, itchy places began on my face and then they turned to blisters. My skin was sore and red, and it burned and itched till I scratched so that my face was one solid eruption. I could not sleep, and my face was disfigured for two years. This trouble lasted nearly five years.

"I got a free sample of Cuticura. I used it with such good results that I purchased more. Three cakes of Cuticura Soap and three boxes of Cuticura Ointment healed." (Signed) Edward Oler, R. F. D. 4, Oldfort, Tenn., Mar. 11, 1919.

These fragrant emollients are all you need for all toilet purposes.

Soap 25c, Ointment 25 and 50c. Talcum 25c. Sold throughout the world. For sample each free address: "Cuticura Laboratories, Dept. H, Malden, Mass." Cuticura Soap shaves without mug.

"FIDDLE-FIT"

Keep Liver and Bowels Clean and Active with "Cascarets"

Sick headache, biliousness, coated tongue, sour, gassy stomach—always trace this to torpid liver; delayed fermenting food in the bowels.

Poisonous matter clogged in the intestines, instead of being cast out of the system is re-absorbed into the blood. When this poison reaches the delicate brain tissue it causes congestion and that dull, throbbing, sickening headache.

Cascarets immediately cleanse the stomach, remove the sour, undigested food and foul gases, take the excess bile from the liver and carry out all the constipated waste matter and poisons in the bowels.

A Cascaret tonight will have you feeling clear, rosy and as fit as a fiddle by morning. They work while you sleep.—(adv.)

Theatrical Amusements.

ATLANTA THEATER
LAST TIMES TODAY MAT. AT 2:30 NIGHT AT 8:30
ARTHUR HAMMERSTEIN PRESENTS THE MUSICAL ROMANCE,
"SOME TIME"
MONDAY AND TUESDAY—NOV. 3-4: MATINEE TUESDAY.
THE ANNUAL FUN FESTIVAL
MUTT and JEFF'S DREAM.
EVERYTHING POSITIVELY NEW.
PRICES: 50c, 75c, $1.00. SEATS NOW.

KEITH'S GRAND
CONTINUOUS 1 TO 11 P. M.
4—Vaudeville Shows Today—4
2, 4, 7, 9 P. M.
"THE OWL" MUSICAL COMEDY CO.
5—Big Loew Acts—5
Gladys Brockwell, "Chasing Rainbows."

LYRIC DAILY, 2:30, 7:30, 9:15. TODAY
"SNAPSHOTS OF 1919"
And Other Keith Features
Vaudeville's Finest Attractions.

AMUSEMENTS
Ponce de Leon Park
SELLS-FLOTO CIRCUS
Today At 2 P. M. WITH Tonight At 8 P. M.
World's Champion JACK DEMPSEY.

MOTION PICTURES
The Tudor TEMPLE OF MOTION PICTURES
TODAY
Mildred Harris Chaplin
—IN—
Lois Weber's Wonder Picture
"FORBIDDEN"
SCREEN MAGAZINE
STAR COMEDY
SPECIAL!
"THAT WELL-DRESSED LOOK"
The Latest Fads and Fashions
TUDOR ORCHESTRA
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SERGEANT YORK

Captor of 132 Germans and 35 Guns

Declared by Foch and Pershing the Greatest Soldier of the World War

Trained at Camp Gordon With the 82nd Division

Speaks Saturday 8 p.m. AT THE AUDITORIUM
For the Roosevelt School at Roswell

First Visit to Atlanta Since His Return

TICKETS, $1.00; Children, 50c. At Cable's, Rich's, Daniel's, Pitts', McClure's and Chess' Place.

Phone Ivy 1295

DUBLIN IS PLANNING CHURCH CONFERENCE

Dublin, Ga., October 31.—(Special.) Dublin Methodists have just completed arrangements for homes for every registered delegate so far to the coming session of the south Georgia conference, to meet here on November 19, and this, the largest task of the meeting for the hosts, is now out of the way.

Other details of the conference arrangements here are being rapidly completed, which means that when the conference assembles, Pastor L. A. Hill and the Methodist people of Dublin will be ready to make the delegates' visit pleasant. Bishop Warran A. Candler is expected to preside over the conference.

BIBB CONVICT MATTER MAY BE SETTLED SOON

Macon, Ga., October 31.—(Special.) Arrangements for a meeting of the Bibb county road board Saturday having been made, the city of Macon has postponed the filing of its mandamus proceedings directed against the board to force that body to bring the county convicts into the city for street work for a period of sixty days. All preparations had been made for the filing of the suit when the road board expressed a desire to reach an adjustment without the matter getting into court.

Under the law the city is entitled to the use of the convicts four months out of the year, but so far this year they have worked the city streets only two months and repeated efforts on the part of the mayor and council to get the board to give the remaining two months work have been unavailing. As there are only two months of the present year left, the city decided it had waited long enough and to take steps to see that the county bosses up to the law.

"OH! HOW THIS COLD HANGS ON!"

Give Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey a chance to help you

ITS ingredients are sure to promote speedy and comforting relief from inflammation, phlegm congestion, hoarseness, grippy cough, asthma, bronchitis, hoarseness. While Nature destroys the infectious germs, Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey heals and comforts.

And what widespread, ever-increasing popularity it enjoys! Safe antiseptic, parents give it to their children as freely as they themselves use it. It is nonsensical and dangerous to neglect a cough or cold. Using Dr. Bell's Pine-Tar-Honey is showing good judgment. 30c., 60c., $1.20.

Is Your Child's Liver Inactive?
That means constipation, dullness, listlessness. Correct it with Po-Do-Lax. It cleanses the system gently but positively. Help nature do her duty. Good for young and old. All druggists. 60 c. a bottle. Try it to-night.

PO-DO-LAX
LIVER AND STOMACH

Opening Specials Just for Today and Monday

To introduce Atlanta's latest millinery shop and demonstrate the savings, we offer Two Great Opening Specials just for Opening Day, today.

Opening Special No. 1
Only 150 Hats
$4.98
New, Beautiful Hats that sell regularly up to $10, for today, special .....

Opening Special No. 2
Only 50 Hats
$7.98
Dandy Model Hats that are shown at other shops at $15. Special .....

PAY CASH
Economy Hat Shop
½ Peachtree St., on the Viaduct
PAY LESS

THE OCNSTITUTION
ESTABLISHED 1868.
The Standard Southern Newspaper.

Published Daily, Sunday, Tri-Weekly.

CLARK HOWELL
Editor and General Manager.

Directors: Clark Howell, Roby Robinson, Albert Howell, Jr., E. E. Black, H. W. Grady.

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ATLANTA, GA., November 1, 1919.

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AS TO CONSOLIDATION.

The Fulton county grand jury suggests a consolidation of city and county governments.

But, while the grand jury favors consolidation, it does not indicate its preference as to whether or not the city should be put under the county's form of government, or the county should be brought under the city's form of government.

Upon that proposition will very largely depend the attitude of the public toward the general plan suggested.

Everybody knows that the form of government obtaining in Atlanta is inadequate, inefficient and archaic.

Every well-informed citizen knows that the only thing that has saved the city government, and that has permitted it to even measurably discharge its functions as a government serving a great city, has been **the assistance it has received from the county government!**

Every important highway improvement that has been undertaken in the city within recent years has been made possible **only by county assistance.** The city has admitted time and again that under its present form of government it cannot without county help be expected to do the things that are being done by other cities throughout the country.

Only by assistance rendered by the county has the city been saved from absolute stagnation!

The city is whipsawed by a system of such diversified control and responsibility that it is impossible to obtain adequate result under it.

The city is literally "up to its neck" trying to get through the deep waters of board management and control so involved that the administration of governmental affairs is constantly blocked by a loose-jointed, "pass-the-buck" process of shirking and shifting.

This condition becomes more and more aggravated as the city grows, and it has reached a point where it has become almost intolerable!

On the other hand, the county is operated under a clean-cut administrative system, under which not only good results have been obtained for the county, but which has actually saved the city from stagnation.

The workings of the two systems have established beyond the shadow of a doubt which of them is most competent; and it is not probable that the people will vote to extend a system which the city itself admits, and has been proven, to be hopelessly inadequate.

If something could be done to eliminate the worst features of the two systems and to keep the best in both from which to make a modern, up-to-date form of government to apply to both county and city, the grand jury's suggestion might find its way into public favor.

But if the proposition contemplates the extension of the hopelessly inadequate and incompetent city form of government and to saddle it on the county, then God forbid!

A GREAT WORK.

The Georgia State Illiteracy commission will meet today at the capitol.

The meeting will be for the purpose of hearing reports on the work so far done and of laying plans for its further progress. Splendid reports have been received from over the state, including many letters of thanks from adults, recently illiterate, who have been taught to read and write.

The last census taken by the federal authorities shows that in 1910 we had in Georgia 81,078 white and 308,369 negro illiterates above ten years of age. There were 30,504 illiterate white males and 111,037 negroes of voting age. These are the people the commission hopes to reach. They are, of course, beyond the reach of the public schools. Some of them are people of means and most of them are of character and good standing, but they have been deprived of educational advantages. They are naturally reserved and cannot be reached except by quiet, persistent, individual effort.

This work should make a tremendous appeal to those who have been more fortunate.

Think of it! Thousands of men and women unable to read the Bible, write a letter or sign a check.

The federal census will be taken next spring.

The figures then ascertained by the agents of the government will be used for ten years. The showing will affect our good name and our business relations in many ways.

But a far more appealing reason why we should help the illiteracy commission in its great work is that these men and women who yearn for even eleme tary education were deprived of it in their youth through no fault of their own.

They are entitled to a square deal now.

Those proud of their state and willing to serve humanity should be glad of the opportunity to cooperate to make the work of the commission a success.

APPRAISING THE NEGRO

In an interesting report to the bishop and members of the Atlanta conference of the African Methodist Episcopal church, which appears elsewhere upon this page, a conference committee deplores the nation-wide tendency of the times toward an appraisement of negro character according to standards set by the comparatively few criminals among the colored people.

Unfortunately, the world is prone to measure the progress of the race and the status of its relationships toward the white race, not by the work of its better element, but by the criminal record of the bad.

In other words, the tendency is to judge the negro people as a whole by the bad things they do instead of by their efforts in behalf of better citizenship.

When a negro commits a crime—resulting, it may be, in a riot—that crime is widely exploited and reports of it go broadcast over the country.

The better element of the race—vastly in the majority—may build churches, schools, establish thrifty, peaceful, law-abiding, decency-respecting farm communities and in may ways move upward on the ladder of good citizenship, as they are doing in all parts of the south, and little is said about it. But if one negro brute commits a crime, even in those very communities where the race as a whole is making splendid progress, the world is put on notice, and the ninety-nine who are law-respecting citizens, and who are trying to improve the status of the race, are made to suffer.

This form of injustice is being gradually remedied. Meanwhile, the advice of this conference committee to the race is well worth its careful consideration.

The sentiment expressed in this report merits the approval not only of the negroes, to whom it is specially addressed, but the spirit of the document deserves and will receive the commendation of the white race.

The report is very largely based upon the theory that the south is the natural home of the negro, and that he prefers to stay here if given an opportunity to live in peace and security.

It attributes the fact that so many thousands of negroes have gone to the north to the discontent arising out of a relationship between the races that would not exist if there should be mutual cooperation based upon the observance of law and order, the punishment of any man, black or white, who offends against the law, and fair and just treatment to all under the law.

That is a platform which should meet the approval of all.

The prospect for the reds in Russia looks rather black.

The latest picture of Bernstorff gives him the appearance of an unwilling pallbearer.

Every time the "wets" think they have it, the turn in the tide gives them the "dry" grins.

Shakespeare talked of "burning daylight," and probably some of us saved enough to burn.

There is still hope that blood-spilling warfare between council and the school board may be averted.

It begins to look as though the next week or two will see the rat completely eradicated from ratification.

Just From Georgia

BY FRANK L. STANTON.

Summer's Message.

I.

Summer sings—
from far away:
"Though no
flowers are
growing
There'll be many
a sunny day
When winter
winds are
blowing.
When the flowers
and birds depart,
Keep the summer in your heart!

II.

At the fireside's loved retreat
Music will be ringing;
Dreaming in a child's face sweet
Summer will be singing!
Birds and blossoms may depart,—
Love makes Summer in the heart!

* * * * *

Sure of One Thing.

The Baxter Bulletin talks out in meeting, as follows:

"The editor does not know whether the high cost of living is justified or not, or whether prices are going to fall or to go higher, but we know one thing dern sure: We've got enough clothes to pull through the winter with, but if the price ain't down on wearing apparel by spring we are going back to the fig leaf and wooden shoes."

* * * * *

What "Brand" Did You Have?

Chilhowee Blade: "Jack Anderson, a former resident of Chilhowee, attended the cornerstone exercises here Saturday. Jack now lives at Wichita and travels through parts of Arkansas, Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas and New Mexico. Speaking of strong winds in New Mexico, Jack claims to have seen a ground squirrel thirty feet in the air, digging a hole in the sand, during an ordinary wind."

* * * * *

On the Life-Track.

Hold in de hosses, my honey,
When dey's dancin' an' prancin'
too gay,—
Don't have de people a-shoutin':
"De hosses is runnin' away!"
De long lane will soon have a
turnin'—
How soon not a driver yit knows:
But—watch on de way! It may
turn sharp today,
An' over de life-wagon goes!

* * * * *

The Matrimonial River.

Writing of a recent marriage ceremony, a county correspondent of The White River Journal says:

"On Monday afternoon, October 20, 1919, as the ferry boat was in midstream of the beautiful White river, and as the waves lashed against the sides of the boat, Rev. T. O. Rorie performed the marriage ceremony."

* * * * *

Wise Angels!

Dey's angels, visitin' 'roun' today,
An' many a angel sings
Till de Profiteer meets 'em on de
way,
An' den dey watch dey wings!

* * * * *

Word From Br'er Williams.

Mind de way you gwine, an' go by
line an' rule; Joy picks de banjo,
but Trouble teaches school.

* * * * *

Be at the Station!

I.

It's all time a-comin'—
In light an' in rain—
The old time an' new time
Prosperity Train.

II.

It's bringin' you joy—
So you dreamed not in vain—
The wonderful, welcome
Prosperity Train!

* * * * *

The Busy Time at Last!

"We have done what we could for American literature," says the poet of the Whitsett Courier, "and now, by the grace of God, we're going to work for a living!"

LOVE'S LITTLE WORLD

(For The Constitution.)

I.

Where the hearthstone embers
smoulder
Love's own voice is softly calling;
On her face the lights are falling
As the years grow old and older.

Love's domain is small, but luring,
One sweet face, content and smiling;
But its force is all beguiling
And its strength is all enduring.

It is she, who reads the story
By the fireside, still and lonely
That can make this ingle only
All my wide, sweet world of glory.

II.

Just one little face to ender,
Just these hands, so white and slender,
And one heart that still remembers
Makes my bliss, where glow the embers
Where the hearthstone dreamings
smoulder
As the years grow old and older.
Ah! but such a tiny thing
Makes the heart forever sing:
Life is small, I do aver,
Just this room, old love and
her.

—H. E. HARMAN.

October 30.

Today's Events.

Observance of All Saints' day.

The California international live stock show will be opened today at San Francisco.

Numerous bishops and clergy of the Protestant Episcopal church are expected in St. Louis today for the centennial celebration of Christ church cathedral, of that city.

Prominent educators are to participate in the annual fall meeting of the New England History Teachers' association, to be held today at Tufts college, Medford, Mass.

The cabinet circle in Washington is to have a wedding today, the bride being Miss Mary Archer Glass, daughter of the secretary of the treasury and Mrs. Glass, and the bridegroom John Guerant Boatwright.

Merger of the Western Association of Princeton clubs and other organizations of Princeton university alumni into one national association will be discussed at a big gathering of Princeton men at Pittsburg today.

The Pennsylvania State Federation of Labor has called a special convention for Pittsburg today for the purpose of considering and taking action on the proposed general strike throughout the state of Pennsylvania, in support of the steel strike.

Atlanta---Then and Now

From The Memphis Commercial Appeal.

BY J. M. BARRON.

J. M. Barron, the writer of this interesting article, which appeared in The Memphis Commercial Appeal, was at one time a resident of Atlanta. For many years he was a proof-reader and later a reporter on The Constitution.

I have just returned home after a brief visit to what I consider the most remarkable city in America—Atlanta.

After an absence of 22 years of course I expected to find many changes, but I was not prepared for the wonderful development which greeted me on every hand, and with your permission I shall, as briefly as possible, tell The Commercial Appeal readers and the people of this good city what I saw in this New York of the south. I am not writing in any disparaging sense, for be it known that I was a Memphis booster all the time, and praised my own city while admitting and admiring the wonderful growth of their own.

When I reached my hotel from the great Terminal station I stood for several minutes on the outside in absolute bewilderment at the "towering" surroundings, for skyscrapers and tall hotel buildings met me on every side. The only structures familiar to my eyes were the old "car shed" and the hotel which I was about to enter.

Within a stone's throw of this great hotel, which, by the way, takes in a whole block, and is eight stories high, I could see the Century building, 14 stories and basement; the Peters, 10 stories; the Fourth National Bank, 17 stories above ground; the Third National, 18 stories and basement; the Empire, 16 stories; the Transportation, 12 stories, just completed; the Grant, 12 stories; the Healy, 19 stories, which is white marble, and the prettiest building I ever saw. Directly opposite is the magnificent postoffice which, I was told, cost over $3,000,000, and is already too small for the tremendous government business, and this notwithstanding five blocks south is postoffice "B," which in itself is as large as the Memphis main office.

Wonderful Buildings.

To the north of the Healy building one block is the Piedmont hotel, 10 or 12 stories, and a few steps away, just across Forsyth street, is the Ansley hotel, 14 stories. Half a block north of the Ansley is the Winecoff, 16 stories, one of the newest hostelries. Opposite the Winecoff is the Aragon, an old hotel, though a very nice one. I believe it is seven stories. One block south we run into office skyscrapers again. The first is the Candler building, 17 stories and three basements—that is, three business stories under ground. I understand the foundation for this immense structure was blown out through solid blue granite rock, which makes for its absolute security on the Piedmont escarpment. I was told that Mr. Candler spent $150,000 alone in decorating the lobby of this building. It is certainly the most beautiful interior I ever saw.

Just half a block south of the Candler is the English-American building, known locally as the "flatiron," 11 stories. And it is a flatiron, all right, the north end being only about six feet wide—only broad enough for a single window in each story. A block from this building is the narrowest business building I ever saw. It is not so tall, but its width of only about 16 feet and its six stories give it the appearance of a plank stood on end. I would not occupy an office in that structure gratis. The next from here is the Equitable, 10 stories, and covering more than half a block. Just across the street is the Hurt building, 18 stories, and occupied by the Federal Reserve bank until a few months ago, when it was vacated to go into its own new home, erected several blocks west on Marietta street. There are innumerable others of 8 to 10 stories, but that is enough on that line, I guess.

In the afternoon of the second day after my arrival I was taken in charge by one of the most prominent business men of the city and enjoyed an auto ride of four or five hours, during which we covered a distance of 50 miles, taking in the great burned district in North Atlanta. That was some fire, too. It covered an area of 25 or 30 blocks and ranged in width from half to one mile. It was in this section that I saw more houses (they are all flats, by the way) under construction than I ever saw. I marveled at the number, and my companion informed me that there was under construction at that very minute, or just completed, over 2,000 apartment buildings, ranging in cost from $30,000 to $300,000. Think of that, with the present high cost of building material!

Shortage of Houses.

But it had to be done. Atlanta, like Memphis, is short of homes, and they have started out, regardless of cost, to relieve the situation. In this connection I was told that a permit was issued three or four weeks ago to one of the city's wealthiest men for the construction of one apartment building to cost $1,500,000, with room for 120 families! Some expressed the view that Atlanta was "overdoing" the apartment business, but I do not think so. They cut out things on a big scale, there, the people have absolute faith in the future of the city, and when that spirit prevails it is mighty hard to "overdo" anything. That mysterious something known as the "Atlanta Spirit" is building up a most wonderful town, and I look for the next census to show at least a quarter of a million people. In fact, I made this prediction to a prominent newspaper man and he promptly amended the statement by saying that if Atlanta had one inhabitant, it had 300,000! so there you are—they will "blow"—and they have a right to do so.

One thing that struck me very favorably was the transportation facilities. The street car system especially appealed to me. I have spent half my life waiting on street cars and the other half "cussing" them, but Atlanta seems to have a system that is well nigh ideal. The confederate veterans were there in their annual reunion, and I never saw a crowd handled so easily and with so little confusion. And by the way, the old vets had the time of their lives in Atlanta. I was so fortunate as to see the parade from the sixth floor of the Candler building, and it was the biggest thing even Atlanta ever pulled off. By the watch, it was two hours and 30 minutes passing that point, and was witnessed by at least 250,000 people, it was estimated. I talked to several of the old warriors, and they all agreed that this reunion was the best ever. The citizens vied with each other in entertaining and looking after them. Their money was counterfeit over there—they couldn't spend it if a citizen happened to see them make the effort. In this connection I witnessed an interesting incident at the Terminal station the day I left. An old veteran entered the station and when he reached for his ticket it was gone. A stylishly dressed lady heard of it and at once started out to straighten matters for the old fellow. She reached up and removing her picture hat, dropped a $5 bill in it and began circulating among the crowd. In less than five minutes that old veteran had not only a ticket to his Virginia home, but also had $22 extra to keep it company. I tell this only to show that Atlanta's heart was open and with the boys of the 60's.

46 Cars in 30 Minutes.

Back to the street car system for a minute. I said it seemed to be ideal, and so far as I could see it is. I was spending the day at the home of a relative on Washington street. It is about like Madison avenue in Memphis. I was struck by the great number of cars passing her door—one right after the other, almost. I pulled out my watch and in 30 minutes counted 46 cars going south and about the same number going north. I asked if that was not unusual and was told that it was not. And by the way, they were all crowded—a great many hanging to straps—as here!

As to the immense amount of building going on in Atlanta. While there is a lot of new houses under course of construction in Memphis, still there is not enough. The house shortage here is as acute as it is in Atlanta, and naturally construction is as costly there as here, still they have gone to work to solve the problem, as I havetried to show, regardless of the cost. It is simply a question of faith in the future and in the love of one's city, and this good town should take that view of it and get busy.

Just a word about the department stores in Atlanta. While Memphis has four great stores of that character, I'm bound to admit she is 'way behind Atlanta in that respect. They have several immense department stores—one of them the largest I ever saw. I was told that one big firm on Whitehall street had purchased an entire block, 400 by 200 feet, on which is to be erected the largest department store in the world! I did not doubt the story, for everyone believes in the city and nothing seems too big for them.

Another imposing structure that my attention was called to was the Fulton county courthouse, just completed at a cost, I was told, of $2,000,000. It is built of blue Stone mountain granite and is ten stories high. But we've got 'em on the courthouse proposition. While theirs is a fine one and very beautiful, still Memphis stands out pre-eminent in that line. I think we have the prettiest and finest courthouse building in America.

I could write on and on in describing that wonderful town, but I am tired—so here I quit.

Much Adventured American Is on Eastern Mission

Konia, Asiatic Turkey, October 31.—An hour after I walked into the Bagdad hotel here I met Major Charles Wellington Furlong, who is well known in the United States as an author and explorer. He is now on a mission from Constantinople through Anatolia, Syria and Egypt to Tripoli, where he wrote "The Gateway to the Sahara" in 1909 and "Tripoli in Barbary" in 1911. He still calls No. 40 Nonentum street, Newton, Mass., his home and his studio is still at 23 Peterborough street, Boston, but for the present he is on the general staff United States army and his headquarters at the American embassy, Rome.

Major Furlong has had a varied career. Harper's Magazine put him in charge of the first scientific expedition ever made through Tierra del Fuego and Patagonia in 1907-08 and in 1914—he was then 40 years old, by the way—he won the world's rough-riding championship on the famous bucking bull, "Sharkey," at the Pendleton, Ore., roundup. He kept his seat on "Sharkey" for 12½ seconds, a feat which nobody had equaled before or has since. The stipulated time was 10 seconds, a time which none had equaled at the 1914 round-up. Furlong stuck it out to 12½ seconds, when "Sharkey" made a lunge at a nearby cowboy who dodged the bull and goaded him as he passed. The lunge took Furlong off his guard and the bull ,noting it, did a series of hard corkscrew bucks which unseated the explorer.

Furlong's war record has been an active one. After being rejected for physical reasons, he succeeded in 1917 in joining the first troop, Massachusetts cavalry, as a private. He was given the rank of captain in December, 1917, and the next year was transferred to military intelligence and attached to the general staff. In this capacity he had charge of the fitting out of the conference room aboard the U. S. George Washington, which took President Wilson to France. This was a job which entailed the collection of vast masses of evidence and maps and the arrangements of a lighting system which would make them most available. Before this assignment Furlong had compiled a set of military handbooks on the Murmansk region, which are now the standard in the war department.

Following the armistice Major Furlong was dispatched to Fiume and played a prominent part in the compilation of evidence which led to President Wilson's proclamation on the subject of the Italian claim to Fiume. He was the only American officer in Fiume during the Italian developments which led up to the Fiume proclamation. Later he was assigned as military observer with the allied and American armies in the Balkans, an assignment from which he is on his way to Tripoli.

Furlong is a Cornell and Harvard man, with art studies at the Ecole des Beaux Arts and the Academie Julian in Paris. He was an instructor of painting and drawing at Cornell later and an illustrator for magazines. He began his work as an explorer in 1904 by discovering the wreck of the American frigate Philadelphia, which was sunk by Lieutenant Decatur in 1804 in Tripoli harbor. The Tierra del Fuego expedition followed, in which he was the first American to penetrate into the heart of that country. In 1910 he headed an expedition through the wilderness of Dutch Guiana, up the Orinoco and across the llanos of Venezuela.

He turned his attention to the Crow Indians in 1912, went through northern Mexico in 1913 and visited the Blackfeet Indians in 1914. In 1915 he crossed the Atlantic in the 20-ton schooner "Kitty A" as a member of the West African Islands expedition, a feat which alone deserves to perpetuate his fame as one of the most daring of modern explorers. He followed this feat with explorations through the interior of the Azores, Madeira, the Desertas and the Canary Islands and along the west coast of Morocco for Harper's Magazine. He wound up the year by investigating the wreck of the "Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse" at Rio de Oro.

He is a member of the Explorers, Salagundi (New York), Harvard Travelers (Boston), Cornell Club of New England, Boston Art club and the Cavalry clubs In 1916 he was named a member of the second Pan-American Scietific Congress.

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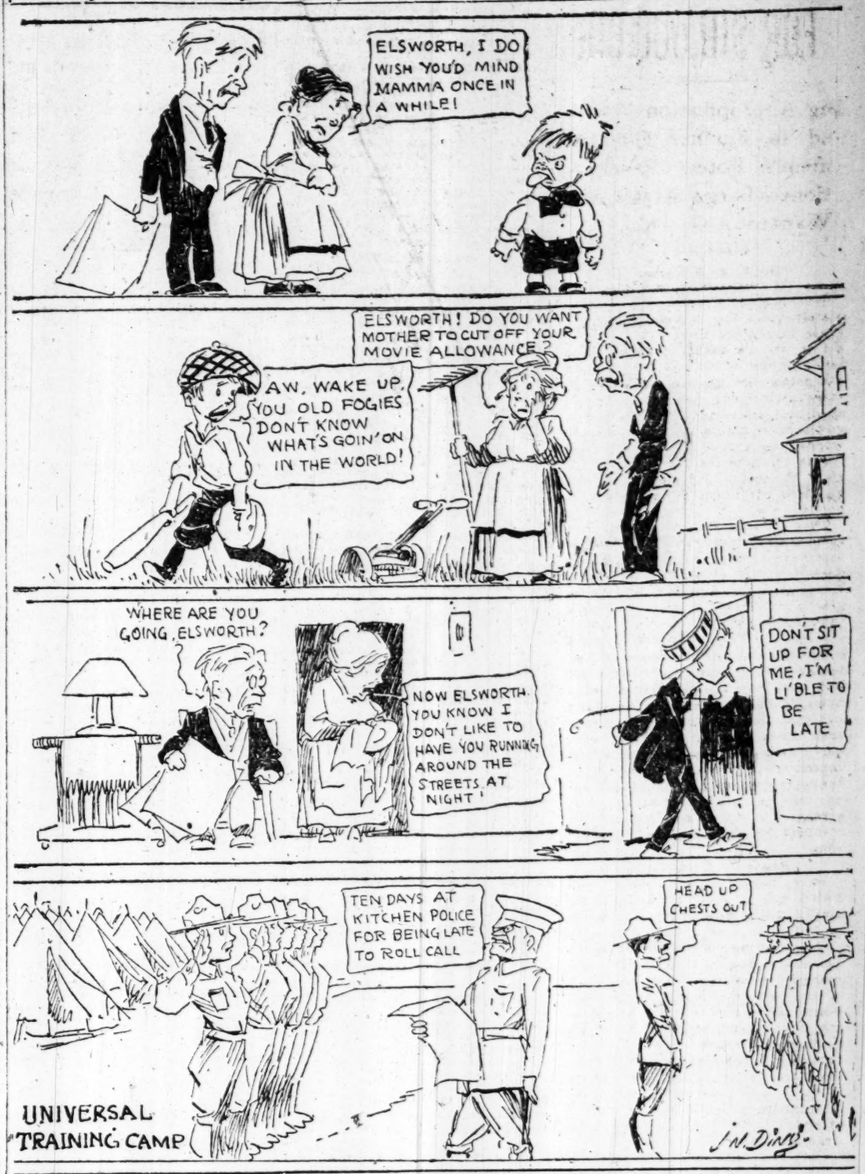
After a Careful Inspection of the Rising Generation



HEALTH TALKS

By WILLIAM BRADY, M. D.

INDIGESTION.

A quick-action diagnosis of "indigestion" was quite popular in the days of shotgun therapy. Our grandmothers may have been punk cooks, yet I would rather attribute the prevalence of "indigestion" to the paucity of pathological knowledge available to the medical gentlemen of the time. This suspicion is supported by a letter I have received from a correspondent in California, whose physician, a veteran in years, had perpetrated the diagnosis of "catarrh on the kidneys due to the damp climate." Some of the creations the old masters turned out were about as good as that.

As nearly as I can determine, "indigestion" is any discomfort, ache or pain felt between the collar bones and the hip bones, between meals, until such time as the real cause of the trouble is discovered. Occasionally it turns out to be a disease involving the digestive tract as some point, though that is rather exceptional. In cases of alleged "indigestion" sufficiently studied and observed to warrant a reasonable accurate diagnosis the cause is more likely to be a lesion of the appendix, or one of the gall-sac, or the heart, or the kidneys, or the arteries, or the spinal cord.

To recommend a remedy for indigestion is equivalent to fitting a square peg to a round hole—yet countless nostrums purport to serve the purpose.

Among one hundred cases in which "indigestion" was the patient's chief complaint, in a general practice among ordinary folks four were diagnosed as abdominal arteriosclerosis, nine as ptosis or sagging of some section of the food tube, four as slow heart muscle failure, seven as chronic nephritis (Bright's disease), fourteen as gall-sac inflammation or gall-stones, one as chronic lead poisoning (from chewing thread weighted with lead), one as stone in the kidney, two as cancer of the stomach, one as pulmonary tuberculosis, three as chronic appendicitis, etc.

Certain dietetic faults are popularly considered responsible for acute indigestion. If that means anything more than trifling discomfort it is a sad mistake. It is true that an individual with gallstones or some such lesion may suffer great distress a few hours after eating this or that particular article—in fact such an occurrence is rather suggestive of chronic gall-sac inflammation (with or without gall-stones). It is hard to believe that any article of diet which tastes good and is good can possibly produce a serious illness, although this is an accepted belief of the laity.

We still hear of cases of alleged acute indigestion with fatal termination. When any such announcement is made we may be sure that the responsible physician is either at sea as to the real cause of death or he is endeavoring to conceal from the public the facts. Acute indigestion, if such a thing does occur, never amounts to a serious event.

QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

Varicocele.

Will you please tell me what varicocele is from, and if there is any way to get rid of it without the use of the knife. Do you think there will be any danger caused by leaving it as it is? (W. A. C.)

Answer—Varicocele is a varicose or dilated condition of some of the veins of the scrotal region, and, like varicose veins in the legs or in the rectum (piles) may be cured only by surgery. There would be no danger from varicocele in any case, but merely annoyance and discomfort in some cases.

The Hard Whole Ordinary Wheat Grains.

I was much interested in a suggestion you gave some time ago about the use of whole wheat as a cereal. You recommended boiling the wheat in a double boiler an hour on three successive days or three hours on one day. Did you mean the wheat as it comes from the farmer? It would seem a very excellent thing to oppose constipation. (F. G.)

Answer—Yes, unmilled wheat as it comes from the threshing machine. It makes a very good breakfast cereal and a natural laxative if taken every day.

Dr. Brady will answer all signed letters pertaining to health. Writers' names are never printed. Only inquiries of general interest are answered in this column, but all letters will be answered by mail if written in ink and a stamped, self-addressed envelope is enclosed. Requests for diagnosis or treatment of individual cases cannot be considered. Address Dr. William Brady, in care of The Constitution.

Bits of New York Life

BY O. O. M'INTYRE

New York, October 31.—So clever have the thieves become in the hotel foyers that a woman in one of the most fashionable hotels in town actually lost an anklet wallet the other day. Her mortification was so great that the matter was not reported to the police. She does not know when it happened, but when she got home there was a big slit in her skirt and her silk stocking was also ripped and the wallet was gone.

The smoothest crooks from London, Paris, Madrid and South America have suddenly flocked to town where the word has gone forth that the "picking" is easy. It is ridiculous for the hotel managers to think that the "foyer dick" or hotel detective can cope with them.

The hotel detective for some reason or other can always be spotted a mile away. He wears the mountainous toed shoes, the derby cocked to one side and invariably has a bulldog jaw. His name is either Jerry, Terry or Mike. He talks out of the side of his mouth and in the vernacular of the crook. He thinks that is impressing and shows he knows the ropes.

I met one the other night. He is always just two steps behind one of the international crooks. His lingo was about like this: "I'm Jerry to his plant now. I ups and downs his Moll buzzer at noon east yestiddy. She was there with a big chunk of ice on a chain and I gave her the office but she grinned. I trailed her to the hatch and found him waiting." I nodded gravely and with great understanding, although it was all Greek to me.

In the meantime satin mustached men who know Thackeray as well as Voltaire and who look as though they had just been poured into immaculte evening clothes are bumping into ladies and gentlemen into hotel lobbies and during the confusion snatching watches, pearl necklaces, purses and other things of value.

There is not even a dead line in Manhattan any more. The crooks work everywhere. They used to stay away from the important hotels and the Waldorf even chased the bond salesmen out of Peacock Alley a few years ago. But there is no restrictions now. The barrier is up and the crook is hopping to some gaudy hauls.

From the morning and evening journals here one gets a roseate impression of the life of the Sob Sisters. Their interviews are generally followed or preceded, according to the stories, by the most sumptuous repasts. While some screen hero is putting a Sob Sister wise to all the secrets of his career you read of her dallying with a prune surprise or dissicating a juicy chop. The next day she is questioning Mrs. Fiske above some fragrant Ceylon tea. Just today I have read of a young lady breakfasting with Doug at 11:30 while hot milk toast, poached eggs and strips of rare bacon were dawled over. I wish I could give these daily trivialities I write a running underplot of food. But the fact is I'm always hungry and nobody asks me to eat. I paid a dollar and a quarter for a sandwich at the Ritz yesterday and six dollars for dinner for two at the Majestic today.

Most dog shops in New York are a blot on the vigilance of the board of health. They are foul smelling, unclean and breeding places for the mange and other diseases generally supposed to be the product of filth. So it was a genuine joy to stumble into the cleanest most beautiful shop I ever saw on West Forty-sixth street between Fifth avenue and Sixth the other afternoon. In the white enameled window was a large Russian greyhound sleeping. Inside in glass receptacles were Poms and Pekes and Bostons, and Sotch Terriers and Collies and not an odor about the place. The attendants were spotless in white suits. Each time I go to a dog shop I make a solemn vow it is the last visit so depressing is the effect. My idea of an orgy is to go into a dog store and buy every dog just to turn them loose out in some wild and green spot.

13th Are You Superstitious?

By IMOGENE BURCH

Fads and Superstitions About Names.

If parents used their liberty about selecting a name for the baby wisely we should not find so many persons bearing peculiar and discordant names. It would be well for them to remember that as a name is for life it must be suitable for mature years as well as during childhood.

A law of the church once made it obligatory that each child should receive at baptism the name of some saint. Opening the Bible at random the parents adopted the first name upon which their gaze fell. Nebuchadnezzer, Talitha-Cumi and Mahal-shalal-hash-baz are pleasing results of this method.

Although this custom has long since been abandoned, when the Vassar faculty ordered each student to hand in her full name for the annual catalogue a few years ago, one girl called Kitty begged to be an exception to the rule, as her real name, which was chosen in the old way, was Karen-Happuch.

The story is told of the mother who wanted to give an unusual name to her son. She passed a building where one-half of a double door was open and the boy was christened Nosmo King. After the church ceremony, upon the closed doors, she found the words, "No Smoking."

An Indiana man believes that the selection of names has such a vital effect on the lives of children that he has chosen for his daughters the names Sunshine and Delight, and for his son the name Pleasant, for he believes that these names will tend to make their lives cheerful.

A father who believed that nicknames were unlucky, decided that none of his family should have them. And after much thought he named his boys Edgar, Edwin, Edmund Edward, Edson and Exchert. But—they were known as Eddie, Chuck, Bim, Snorky, Muggins and Spike, and every one of them assumed those names proudly.

(Copyright, 1919, for The Constitution.)

Today's Birthdays.

Hon. Rodolpe Lemieux, M. P., former postmaster general of the Dominion, born in Montreal fifty-three years ago today.

Boies Penrose, senior United States senator from Pennsylvania, born in Philadelphia fifty-nine years ago today.

Horace V. Winchell, president of the American Institute of Mining and Metallurgical Engineers, born at Galesburg, Mich., fifty-four years ago today.

Rt. Rev. M. Edward Fawcett, Protestant Episcopal bishop, of Quincy, Ill., born at New Hartford, Iowa, fifty-four years ago today.

William Hodge, a popular actor of the American stage, born at Albion, N. Y., forty-five years ago today.

TO ASK CONGRESS FOR $10,000,000

Big Appropriation Wanted to Further Government's Forest Reservations—Large Areas Are Wanted in Georgia.

By J. A. Hollomon.
(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, October 31.—Immediately upon the convening of congress in regular session in December it will be asked to appropriate ten millions of dollars for further extending the government's forest reservations not alone for watershed protection, but to assure to the government ample supplies of hardwoods and spruce in the event of future emergencies. It is one of the steps for national preparedness regardless of international brotherhoods.

That fact developed today at the semi-annual meeting of the forest reservations commission, of which Secretary Baker is chairman and Representative Gordon Lee, of Georgia, a member. It also developed that the $11,000,000 appropriated in the act of 1911 establishing the commission for the creation of the reserves now has been extended, and that the lands acquired have not only been judiciously purchased but that they are worth today several times more than the government paid for them, besides having served most useful purposes during the war, not only in supplying needed timbers, but in opening vast acreages to live stock grazing, in co-operation with the food commission.

Report of Commission.

In a report framed today but which will not be made generally public until transmitted to congress in December, the commission says:

"In carrying out the purpose of the act of March 1, 1911, the commission primarily selected areas only in the southern Appalachians and White mountains, on the headwaters of navigable streams, on which at that time there were located no national or state forests. Purchases have now been made in seventeen of these areas and for the purpose of securing consolidation have been extended to two national forests in Arkansas which were created out of public domain.

"In addition to consolidation of existing purchase areas, conditions now seem to justify the inauguration of a policy for expansion. The demonstrates the necessity for a situation brought about by the war large area of government controlled forests in the eastern states in which timber can be produced of a size and quality to meet urgent demands either of commerce or of war. This region in which are located the important center sof population and industry is already beginning to draw upon west coast timber, the local and southern supply being insufficient to longer meet requirements of users.

Situation Acute.

This situation was most acute in securing the supply of spruce for airplane stock and with ample area of spruce lands in the eastern states it was yet necessary to transport airplane stock entirely across the continent to have assurance of filling the needs of the government.

It is believed that additional new areas should be established not only in the Appalachians, especially in Kentucky, which has now granted the federal government the right to acquire lands for national forests within its borders, but additional areas should be established in West Virginia, and if suitable conditions exist in Ohio and Vermont, as well as in the other states within which areas have already been located. It is further believed that the time has now come when the purchase policy can very well be extended to include other national forests, after approval by the geological survey.

Such a policy is needed on many forests. It not only will increase further the extent of the forests, protecting navigable streams, but will add to the area of permanently productive woodland under conservative management and block ing in and solidification will facilitate administration and enhance the value of government timber.

To Submit Proclamation.

It also developed today that proclamations will soon be submitted to the president for his signature combining the Savannah and the major portion of the Nantahala purchase areas into the Savannah national forest; creating the Cherokee national forest out of the Georgia-Cherokee purchase areas; the Boone national forest out of the Mount Mitchell and Boone purchase areas; the Unaka national forest out of the White Top and Unaka purchase areas, and adding the Potomac and Massanutten purchase areas to the Shenandoah national forest.

The commission's report to congress will further declare that large areas in Georgia should yet be acquired. The text of this reference will be as follows:

"There have been approved for purchase on the Savannah area 151,899 acres out of a total of 539,702 acres in the purchase area lying within the states of Georgia, South Carolina and North Carolina. A great portion of this area lies on the headwaters of the Savannah river and there are located within its boundaries the important water power developments on the Tallulah and Chattooga rivers, the upper tributaries of the Savannah.

There are a number of interior holdings which should be acquired. Some of these are small mountain farms, the cleared lands of which are on slopes so steep as to be subject to constant erosion, the detritus from which reduces the storage capacity of the power reservoirs located on the larger streams below. There are also at the eastern end of the area a number of large tracts of valuable timber lands on which logging operations have not yet been begun and which should be acquired with the timber rather than as cut-over holdings after the timber has been removed.

Contain Valuable Timber.

The national forest lands on this area contain a large amount of extremely valuable timber and the control of this remaining timber tributary to these logging units will tend to enhance the operating value of the timber which the government already owns. On the western portion of the area there is a large tract of land in process of being logged and this should be acquired either when cut over, or whenever logging operations have been sufficiently advanced to justify its consideration.

"On the Georgia purchase area 64,127 acres have been approved for purchase out of a total of 337,272 acres, the approved lands bieng located entirely in the southwestern half of the purchase area. In addition to several thousand acres, largely in small holdings and which join lands in process of being acquired, or which form interior holdings therein, there are several large bodies of unlumbered timber land in the eastern and northern portions of the area which should be acquired."

One of the interesting developments of the meeting was the fact that there will be established a government game preserve in Georgia to be stocked with buffalo and elk and all game that is rapidly becoming extinct.

The report will say:

"The state of Georgia has already indicated its desire to follow the lead set by North Carolina and Tennessee through the passage of legislation designed to co-operate with the federal government in the establishment of a game preserve within the boundaries of the purchased forests in Georgia."

A. M. E. CONFERENCE SEES BRIGHTER DAY COMING FOR NEGRO

While deploring certain forms of injustice to which, it maintains, the members of the negro race are subjected the nation over, the committee on the state of the country, of the Atlanta conference of African Mthodist Episcopal church, in annual session at Social Circle, Ga., submits an interesting report as follows:

"Our common country has reasons to congratulate itself in that we are at peace with other nations of the world. While we are not as peacable and happy as we would like to be, we are on the road to a great future if we will maintain ourselves. Many of the irregularities of the world have been taken in hand, and our religious, educational and economic problems are better understood than at any time in the world's history. We will understand each other better and as a larger and more progressive people will join hands in making the world better for our having come into it. The world believes that President Woodrow Wilson is a man of large and liberal vision for all peoples everywhere, and that he and his coadjutors mean to extend the business and good of our country to the very ends of the earth, and whatever of criticism of mistake may be caused on his part is not intended to the injury of our country.

LABOR CONDITIONS.

"The conditions of labor and capital are to be regretted, and yet the strenuous conditions which they cause throughout the country foreshadow that which will be for good of all the people. We will all be wiser in the broadest sense of the term when satisfaction is given both sides, which will be in the near future, we trust. The students of these conditions are carefully considering that which is best for all the people, and they will no doubt give the counsel for the benefit of what they conceive to be just and right for all concerned.

LYNCHING AND MOB VIOLENCE.

"This evil, which occurs in every part of the country, exploited through the public press and agitated by our own people, and more largely charged to them, is calculated to do our race and the southern section of the country a greater injustice than anything which has occurred since the days of slavery. A grade and class of the two big political parties and a certain element of our own race never cease to keep the fires burning. The intelligent, Christian, law-abiding homemaking element of our race are buying farms, building little towns, establishing schools, adjusting themselves to the communities where they live and making homes for their families. The press says little or nothing of this phase of negro life and progress which is going on in the southern states. Lynchings and mob violence injure the white people of the south far more than it could ever do harm to the negro. It has sent from the south in the last three or four years more than a million from the cotton and corn fields, rice swamps and labor circles, and they continue to go. Such crimination and recrimination does not help the white or colored people and should be changed by the thoughtful people of this section. The negro of the south must be wise and tactful to the extent of not allowing himself to be exploited for those things which are not for his moral intellectual and economic development, for these are the things that count in the end. Justice and right come to those who improve themselves wisely and sensibly, and wait upon the Lord.

EDUCATION.

"The educational propaganda of the negro from any angle is our greatest need today. This system and method of training must be along proper and sane lines and must be done by persons who themselves must understand and are in great sympathy with those they are training.

"The south is taking on new life and if wisely managed will be the place for those who must have a happy future. For justice and moderation will abound, and right will be granted to all according to their good conduct.

New York Bankers Making Inquiries About Cotton Bank

So widespread has grown the fame of the Georgia Cotton Bank and Trust corporation, launched in the hall of the house of representatives a few days ago, that Governor Dorsey was yesterday in receipt of telegrams from leading New York banks and capitalists asking for information about it.

Besides these, he received a number of letters commending the plan, some including stock subscriptions and others from applicants for a job in the bank. These latter are evidently believers in the early bird proverb as organization of the concern, while progressing satisfactorily, is still far from having been perfected.

Among the letters received by Governor Dorsey was one from the veteran representative from Wilkes county, Boyce Ficklen, Sr., who thoroughly approved of the bank and profyfered his services in forwarding its organization. Mr. Ficklen reminded the governor that he had started a bank twenty-seven years ago on $200 borrowed capital and that the institution was still running.

A letter from an Alpharetta man reported that Milton county had subscribed its quota with a rush at a meeting held for the purpose.

ANOTHER SHIPPING CONCERN IN SAVANNAH

Savannah, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—Still another shipping company has been added to the steadily growing list of maritime concerns now going into foreign trade at the port of Savannah, the Trosdal-Planta Fonta company, steamship agents and brokers, having established offices here for foreign business only. The headquarters of the company is at New Orleans, and it has also offices in New York.

Write for a Copy of Our New Illustrated Catalogue--Just Off the Press

Our twenty-fifth annual catalogue is just being delivered by our printers.

This catalogue contains 136 pages of beautiful half-tone pages which will suggest thousands of gifts that are appropriate, useful, durable and everlasting.

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Write for a copy of this handsome catalogue, and let it explain why you should make this a Jewelry Christmas.

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Historic Lamp Post In Heart of Atlanta Dedicated Friday

Simple But Impressive Ceremonies Mark Tribute Paid to the Memory of General Andrew J. West.

By Cliff Wheatley.

After fifty-five years, a silent testimonial to the intensity of the fighting during the siege of Atlanta, in the summer of 1864, the old lamp post at the corner of Alabama and Whitehall streets, pierced at the base by fragments from a federal shell, was dedicated Friday afternoon by the members of the Old Guard and the United Daughters of the Confederacy to the memory of General Andrew J. West, an officer of the confederacy and one of the bravest of the followers of Lee and Jackson.

The ceremonies were simple, but filled with the impressiveness that marks any tribute to the defenders of the south.

Gathered around the steps of the Atlanta National bank, were scores of spectators, anxious for a glimpse of the ceremony that would perpetuate the memory of one of Georgia's noblest sons, and leave fresh in the minds of generations to follow, a vivid illustration of the sanguinary fight waged against their forefathers for the possession of Atlanta.

Old Guard at Attention.

Drawn up at rigid attention, the Old Guard, resplendent in their uniforms of blue, with shining sabers flashing in the sunlight, saluting the spot where a shell from the guns of the invader left a visible scar in the heart of the Southland, formed the center of the crowd.

Found here and there were the veterans. One group, with the trail of years showing in white, flowing whiskers, in backs bent by the decades spent in redeeming the lost fortunes of the south, their eyes flashing at the recollections of the bitter fight they waged, represented the remnant of Lee's valiant hosts.

Another group, filled with their own memories of the Argonne, but in strange contrast to the wrinkled fighters of the sixties: straight bodies showing the result of intensive training, clear eyes bubbling with the confident spirit of youth, symbolized America's youngest veteran, the fighter of Flanders fields, and the defender of the world.

And still another group. This of the future guardians of the earth's sovereignty, the boy scouts. Wondering at the deeds of their forefathers, proud of the deeds of their brothers, this group, unconsciously being trained for the conflicts and problems the years will bring, gazed in silent awe at the impressive scene.

Daughters of Confederacy.

The United Daughters of the Confederacy, sponsors for the preservation of these historic spots to memorialize forever the glories of the Lost Cause, were represented at the ceremonies by a delegation from the local chapter of the organization.

The services began with the arrival of the Old Guard, commanded by Colonel Frederick J. Paxon, marching in perfect cadence, the guard swung gracefully into line, and with unsheathed swords saluted the flag of the confederacy, furled around the historic lamp post.

Dr. James E. Dickey, pastor of the First Methodist church, offered prayer, paying beautiful tribute to the memory of the south's gallant heroes.

Short addresses were made by Mrs. W. S. Coleman, president of the Atlanta chapter of the United Daughters of the Confederacy, and by Mrs. Edward T. Warner, past president of the chapter and chairman of the committee for marking battle spots around Atlanta.

In these addresses, the speakers reminded the people of the south of their sacred duty in caring for the spots of Dixie, so filled with evidences of the confederate veterans' heroism, and concluded with appeals for the welfare of the old fighters, while they are waiting for the summons of the Commander-in-Chief of the last bivouac.

As master of ceremonies, Colonel Paxon introduced the speaker of the day, Colonel George M. Napier, solicitor general of the Stone Mountain circuit.

Eulogizes General West.

Colonel Napier, in his address, eulogized the life of the hero in whose memory the post was dedicated, General Andrew J. West.

"The career of General West," he said, "was filled with a passionate love for the section he fought to defend; a love that caused him, at the age of 16 years, to enlist for service at the front; a love that impelled conspicuous bravery on Malvern hill, made crimson by the blood of his enemies and his comrades; a love bringing gallantry on the blood-stained battlegrounds of Virginia, that won for him a captaincy; a love that, in later years, made him labor hard and long to repair the ravages war had wrought to his southland.

"The world has seen few braver than he, and certainly Georgia never reared a nobler son."

With the conclusion of this address "To the Colors," rendered by Dan Clarke, the young son of Captain Peter F. Clarke, marked the final preparation for the dedication of the memorial. When the notes of the bugle died away on the wings of the breeze, with the sabers of the Old Guard at "present," the flag of the confederacy was slowly drawn from the post by Mrs. Coleman and Mrs. Warner, displaying as a perpetual memorial to a departed hero the tablet with this inscription emblazoned on the bronze surface:

"Erected under the auspices of the Old Guard and the Atlanta chapter, United Daughters of the Confederacy, A. D. 1919. In memory of Andrew J. West, Captain, C. S. A.—General, U. C. V."

The damage at the base of this lamp post was caused by a shell during the war between the states at the battle of Atlanta July 22, 1864.

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JAPANESE NOTE DEEMED OVERDUE

Is Expected to Be Conciliatory and Express Japan's Wish to Co-operate With the United States.

(The Constitution—London Times — Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

Washington, October 31.—Japan's reply to the American note inquiring whether the Japanese government is willing to co-operate with the United States in Siberia and threatening to withdraw American forces from that country if the answer is negative, is expected to be conciliatory and express Japan's wish to co-operate with the United States, but to deny the note's implication that co-operation heretofore has been denied.

The Japanese note, which is considered overdue in state department circles, is likely also to advance counter intimations concerning the conduct of the American forces in Siberia, particularly the refusal of the American commander to permit American forces to proceed to the assistance of a Japanese force which, as a consequence, was practically exterminated in a bolshevist ambush, in the opinion of some authorities here.

It is also considered probable that the Japanese government will differentiate between the interests of the United States and those of Japan in Siberia, on account of Japan's geographical position, and declare that Japan cannot, whatever may be the decision of the United States government, withdraw the Japanese troops from Siberia. It is understood that Japanese commitments to the Omsk government would make such a withdrawal impossible, in addition to the determination of Japan not to allow a bolshevik menace to be erected close to the territories of Japan.

Caused Sensation.

The American note, according to advices from Tokio, caused something of a sensation in Japan, arousing the Japanese press against the United States. The "Kokumini" says:

"Japan has a natural position which she ought to occupy in the far east; she will continue to follow her proper course; she need not imitate the action of America—will not America be sufficiently magnanimous to entrust the protection of the peace and order of the Far East to a country which is bound to fulfill that mission, devoting her attention to the development of her economic resources?

"There is reason to believe that the government has long since established a policy to be taken with regard to the American proposal. There is no cause for fear that the proposal may affect Japan's economic and industrial interests. We can well afford to leave alone the American proposal for the withdrawal of troops from Siberia."

Japan's Position Different.

The "Chugai Shogyo" states:

"The duty of the Japanese troops in Siberia consists in the rehabilitation of Russia on one hand and in preserving peace in the Far East on the other. Japan cannot withdraw her troops, whatever proposals may be made from other countries, unless the disturbances in Siberia be quelled and the peace of the Far East be insured.

"Japan's position is different from that of the other allied countries; she should establish her own policy, and obtain the allies' approval thereof. For geographical reasons Great Britain and France some time ago decided to withdraw their tropos from Siberia in order to re-enforce their troops in European Russia, and we understand that the two countries expressed the hope to Japan that she would re-enforce her forces in Siberia.

"As there are considerable differences of opinion between America on one side and Great Britain and France on the other, further disputes may arise between the allied and associated countries regarding the situation in Russia and Siberia. In any case, however, Japan should go ahead to realize the object for which her troops were first dispatched to Siberia."

ATTEMPTED THEFT LAID TO SANDEFUR

Macon, Ga., October 31.—(Special.) T. D. Sandefur, who says his home is in Atlanta and who has been employed as a local taxicab driver, was arrested here today on a charge of larceny from the person, it being alleged he took $220 from the pocket of E. W. Braswell, his employer, while the latter was pretending to be asleep in the taxicab company's office.

Braswell told the police he waited until Sandefur got the money, then covered him with a shotgun. Sandefur said he did not intend to steal the money, but was only going to "borrow" $10 of it and return the rest.

134 PEACHTREE ARCADE
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Four-Minute Men Help in Campaign For Baptist Fund

Speakers Will Be Present at Both Services at Every Church of That Denomination in Atlanta Sunday.

The four-minute speakers of the Baptist 75-million campaign in the city of Atlanta now number 119. This organization is composed of the leading business and professional men of the city, and their service in the campaign in this city is proving one of the most effective mediums of reaching the Baptists for the big drive which begins November 30 and ends December 7.

W. W. Gaines is director of the four-minute speakers for Atlanta, and he states that the men who have joined the corps of speakers are gladly giving their time to this work of arousing the Baptist churches of Atlanta to the importance of the campaign.

The ministers are greatly pleased with the co-operation which they are getting from the speakers' bureau. They declare that it will definitely insure the success of the drive in this city.

W. W. Brookes, who announced last Sunday that he would give $50,000 to the campaign, was a four-minute speaker, and closed his address with the statement of his personal gift.

At Morning Service.

Every Baptist church in Atlanta will have a speaker at both services tomorrow. The four-minute speakers for the 11 o'clock service are as follows:

Antioch, J. T. Hardman; Bellwood Avenue, Everett Millican; Brown Memorial, O. N. Due; Buckhead, T. F. Sellers; Capitol Avenue, Walter F. George; Capitol View, W. Z. Smith; Central Baptist, Dr. Joe Broughton; College Park, Paul S. Ethridge; Cooper Street, R. C. McCoy; Decatur, Dr. L. B. Warren; Druid Hills, F. J. Cooledge, Sr.; East Atlanta, J. M. Daniel; East Point, F. F. Hillburn; East Side Tabernacle, H. G. Weekley; Edgewood, J. L. Culver; First Baptist, M. W. Bell; Fortified Hills, O. H. Puckett; Grant Park, S. B. Turman; Gordon Street, John S. Spalding; Providence, A. E. Wheeler.

Hapeville, W. M. Rainey; Inman Park, H. A. Etheridge; Inman Yards, W. C. Stradley; Jackson Hill, F. H. Jackson; Jones Avenue, C. G. Zeigler; Kirkwood, J. B. Beal; Lakewood Heights, T. R. Stephenson; McDonald, John S. Burgess; North Atlanta, C. W. Hatcher; North Side Park, Lester A. Brown; Oakland City, J. M. Garner; Ponders Avenue, J. J. Foy; Second Baptist, W. W. Orr; South Side, J. E. Slider; Tabernacle, Professor M. L. Brittain; West End, R. E. Harvey; Western Heights, H. A. Allen; White City, J. L. Turner; Woodward Avenue, Dr. William Crenshaw.

At Evening Service.

The four-minute speakers for the 7:30 service are as follows:

Antioch, E. M. Vary; Bellwood Avenue, George E. Girling; Brown Memorial, H. W. Dews; Buckhead, F. A. Willingham; Capitol Avenue, George P. Whitman; Capitol View, A. B. Morton; Central Baptist, E. L. Barlow; College Park, Ben R. Padgett, Jr.; Cooper Street, M. E. Sentell; Decatur, E. C. Laird; Druid Hills, F. J. Paxon; East Atlanta, Julian Youmans; East Point tabernacle, Bryan W. Collier, Jr.; East Side tabernacle, C. H. Etheridge; Edgewood, M. P. Floyd; First Baptist, W. B. Willingham; Fortified Hills, B. H. Messer; Grant Park, J. E. Raley; Gordon street, A. M. Smith.

Hapeville, Joe W. Little; Inman Park, E. F. Brown; Inman Yards, Dean S. Paden; Jackson Hill, A. J. Orme; Jones avenue, W. D. Green; Kirkwood, L. T. Scallings; Lakewood Heights, C. D. Gibbs; McDonald, Paul V. Jackson; North Atlanta, W. M. Perryman; North Side Park, John R. Dickey; Oakland City, J. J. Greer; Ponders Avenue, J. P. Flore; Second church, H. M. Willett; South Side, James S. Hargrove; Tabernacle, W. W. Gaines; West End, A. W. Jackson; Western Heights, E. N. Upshaw; White City, J. E. Bowden; Woodward Avenue, L. R. Castleberry.

PERU HEALTH HEAD VISITS SAVANNAH

Savannah, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—Dr. Henry Hanson, director of sanitation for the republic of Peru, is in Savannah in conference with the city health officials. He is making a special study of the prophyla of malaria. His home is Lima. He told business men here today that Peru is anxious to see trade developed between that country and the United States and indicated vast possibilities of a coming increased business between Savannah and the South American countries.

MACON WELL STOCKED WITH SUPPLY OF COAL

Macon, Ga., October 31.—(Special.) Local dealers estimate there are 8,000 tons of coal in the Macon yards at the present time, which will be sufficient to run for about one month. The last coal was received here last Saturday and it is not expected any more will reach Macon for some time.

Coal dealers have kept busy most of the summer supplying Macon homes with coal for the winter and it is reported the supply laid in for the winter is larger than ever before in the history of the city. Most of the manufacturing plants which use steam coal have several weeks' supply on hand. However, the greater part of the industries of the city use coal only for heating purposes. The board of water commissioners has laid in enough coal to operate the Riverside pumping station throughout the entire winter.

Pheumatism

is completely washed out of the system by the celebrated Shivar Mineral Water. Positively guaranteed by money-back offer. Tastes fine; costs a trifle. Delivered anywhere by our Atlanta Agents, Coursey & Munn Drug store, Marietta and Broad Sts.—(adv.)

"The American is always a gentleman—"

An 8-Day Event
Nov. 1st to Nov. 8th
Think of It!

A GUARANTEED TIRE for $1

Here is without question the most extraordinary and amazing sale of tires and tubes ever brought to the attention of the motoring public. It is at once an occasion of commanding importance and it compels the attention of everyone who is interested in the saving of money on tires and tubes.

For eight days beginning November 1st, and ending November 8th, to every customer purchasing one tire and one tube at the regular list price we will give an extra tire for $1.00 and an extra tube for $1.00. In other words, you practically get two tires for the price of one and two tubes for the price of one.

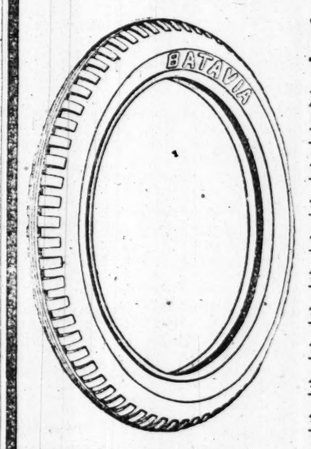
Such widely known makes of guaranteed first tires as the Keystone (guaranteed 6,000 miles), the Batavia (guaranteed 4,000 miles), and the National Speedway (guaranteed 4,000 miles) are offered in this sensational sale. Included are also our entire stocks of "Blemished Tires," in such widely known makes as Firestone, Fisk, Boone, McGraw and other favorites. All big values even at regular prices, but in this sensational $1.00 sale the values are greater than were ever dreamed of by any car owner.

This event will give the hundreds of people who were disappointed and could not take advantage of a similar sale held recently an opportunity to get their share of these bargains in tires.

There is sure to be a big rush of buying following this announcement, so come early before the size assortments are broken. First choice is best choice. Only two tires and two tubes to a purchaser. No C. O. D. orders filled—only spot cash. NO TIRES MOUNTED DURING THIS SALE.

In every instance these prices are absolutely genuine factory lists and there is no war tax charge added.

FOR EXAMPLE: The regular retail price for a Keystone Tire, size 30x3 is $17.68 and the regular retail price for a Keystone Tube, size 30x3 is $3.48. If you buy one of each at these prices, we give you an additional tire for $1.00 and an additional tube for $1.00. The same applies to other makes and all sizes of any tire or tube we carry in stock.



BATAVIA (firsts) 4,000 Miles

28x3	Price Two for...	$15.85 $16.85	35x4	Price Two for...	$40.75 $41.75
30x3	Price Two for...	$17.65 18.65	36x4	Price Two for...	$41.50 42.50
30x3½	Price Two for...	$22.70 23.70	32x4½	Price Two for...	$48.50 49.50
31x3½	Price Two for...	$24.50 25.50	33x4½	Price Two for...	$50.08 51.08
32x3½	Price Two for...	$26.20 27.20	34x4½	Price Two for...	$51.10 52.10
34x3½	Price Two for...	$30.25 31.25	35x4½	Price Two for...	$53.40 54.40
31x4	Price Two for...	$35.00 36.00	36x4½	Price Two for...	$54.15 55.15
32x4	Price Two for...	$35.65 36.65	35x5	Price Two for...	$60.95 61,95
33x4	Price Two for...	$37.40 38.40	37x5	Price Two for...	$64.20 65.40
34x4	Price Two for...	$38.40 39.40			

Blemished Tires

Century Plainfield

30x3	Price Two for...	$19.15 $20.15	30x3½	Price Two for...	$20.20 $21.20
30x3½	Price Two for...	$24.25 25.25	32x3½	Price Two for...	$23.00 24.00
32x3½	Price Two for...	$27.95 28.95	33x4	Price Two for...	$32.85 33.85
31x4	Price Two for...	$34.75 35.75	34x4	Price Two for...	$33.70 34.70
33x4	Price Two for...	$39.10 40.10	WASHINGTON		
34x4	Price Two for...	$39.50 40.50	30x3½	Price Two for...	$20.00 $21.00
FISK			32x3½	Price Two for...	$22.50 23.50
30x3½	Price Two for...	$19.15 $20.15	FIRESTONE		
32x3½	Price Two for...	$22.40 23.40	30x3½	Price Two for...	$20.75 $21.75
31x4	Price Two for...	$29.90 30.95			
33x4	Price Two for...	$31.95 32.95			
34x4½	Price Two for...	$43.35 44.35			
35x4½	Price Two for...	$45.35 46.35			
37x5	Price Two for...	$56.40 57.40			
BOONE					

KEYSTONE (firsts) 6,000 Miles

30x3	Price Two for...	$17.68 $18.68	Red Tube, Two for	$3.48	$4.48
30x3½	Price Two for...	$22.79 23.79	Red Tube, Two for	$4.06	5.05
32x3½	Price Two for...	$26.27 27.27	Red Tube, Two for	$4.40	5.40
31x4	Price Two for...	$35.20 36.20	Red Tube, Two for	$5.30	6.50
32x4	Price Two for...	$35.73 36.73	Red Tube, Two for	$5.83	6.63
33x4	Price Two for...	$37.49 38.49	Red Tube, Two for	$5.35	6.85
34x4	Price Two for...	$38.50 39.50	Red Tube, Two for	$5.98	6.98
34x4½	Price Two for...	$51.13 52.13	Red Tube, Two for	$7.70	8.70
35x4½	Price Two for...	$53.46 54.46	Red Tube, Two for	$7.92	8.92
36x4½	Price Two for...	$54.21 55.21	Red Tube, Two for	$8.14	9.14
35x5	Price Two for...	$60.98 61.98	Red Tube, Two for	$8.71	9.71
37x5	Price Two for...	$64.46 65.46	Red Tube, Two for	$9.11	10.11

SPEEDWAY (firsts) 4,000 Miles

30x3	Price Two for...	$18.04 $19.04	34x4	Price Two for...	$39.34 $40.34
30x3½	Price Two for...	$23.32 24.32	34x4½	Price Two for...	$51.74 52.74
32x3½	Price Two for...	$26.84 27.84	35x4½	Price Two for...	$53.42 54.42
31x4	Price Two for...	$35.32 36.82	36x4½	Price Two for...	$54.12 55.12
33x4	Price Two for...	$38.23 39.28			

REMARKS

It is only because this store is a link in the great chain of Keystone stores and because of the enormous buying power of our parent organization that we are able to hold such a great sale as this.

A KEYSTONE STORE

ONLY TWO TIRES AND TUBES WILL BE SOLD TO EACH CUSTOMER

MAIL ORDERS In order to accommodate our host of out-of-town friends who may not be able to attend the Big Dollar Tire Sale, we have arranged to accept mail orders. In ordering, specify size; give first, second and third choice as to make of tire, and enclose at least $5.00 deposit, balance to be shipped collect. Money will be refunded if you are not entirely satisfied on receipt of goods.

THIS MAKES YOU JUST AS SAFE AS IF YOU SELECTED YOUR OWN TIRES

Atlanta Tire & Rubber Co.
56 Auburn Avenue
Ivy 84

The KNOX *Derby*

WE wish we could hold this hat up for every man in town to see—wish we might hand it to you to examine closely—to feel the wonderful surface—to note the quality of the band, the binding, and the leather. You would fully appreciate what we mean when we say that the value of a stiff hat depends upon the way it holds its shape and keeps its appearance.

TEN DOLLARS

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PARKS-CHAMBERS-HARDWICK COMPANY
Only Agents In Atlanta

GAY SPIRIT OF HALLOWE'EN REIGNS AT BALLS AND PARTIES

Hallowe'en Ball at Piedmont Driving Club Brilliant Social Event of Friday Evening

There were nine hundred guests assembled for the annnual Hallowe'en ball given last evening at the Piedmont Driving club, which marked the formal opening of the fall and winter season. Dinner was served at 8 o'clock in the ball room, where the most elaborate decorations, suggestive of the Hallowe'en spirit, were used.

Decorations in Ball Room.

To add to the enchantment of the scene the walls were covered with yellow and black, and the figures of black cats and witches embossed on the yellow panels, while yellow figures ornamented the black panels.

At the top of each white column were autumn leaves and peeking from these leaves were faces of pumpkins and witches, illuminated with crimson eyes and mouths. Each table was decorated with pedestal vases filled with splendid yellow chrysanthemums. The favors given during the evening were face masks, wooden paper pumpkins, lanterns, cats, owls and other fanciful articles.

Costumes Worn.

Mrs. Robert C. Alston was gowned in a handsome model of French blue velvet, the bodice trimmed in gold and silver lace.

Mrs. Troup Howard wore blue satin with overdraperies of black net embroidered in blue sequins.

Miss Grace Goldsmith's gown was of apricot chiffon over satin of the same shade.

Mrs. Edwin A. Peeples wore pink satin brocaded in silver flowers.

Mrs. William C. Wardlaw's costume was of yellow satin foundation with overdraperies of silver net.

Mrs. Robert W. Davis wore a French model of rose pink moire with hemstitched bands and caught with roses of taffeta, with a draped bodice.

Mrs. Berry Collins wore a becoming gown of rose-colored chiffon, beaded in rose-colored bead design.

Mrs. Edward McCerren wore a gown of orchid colored velvet trimmed with cloth of silver.

Mrs. Henry P. Nelson's gown was of orchid colored satin.

Mrs. John Byrley wore white satin.

Mrs. Robert Butters was gowned in emerald green satin brocaded in large silver flowers.

Mrs. Edward Van Winkle wore a gown of blue brocaded satin, with gold lace trimming.

Mrs. Ulric S. Atkinson was gowned in white satin with trimmings of lavender ostrich.

Mrs. John Glenn's gown was of lavender satin brocaded in silver chrysanthemums.

Mrs. J. H. Lewis wore a toilet of black velvet, with trimmings of jet, and carried a yellow ostrich feather fan.

Mrs. William H. Barnwell wore a costume of pale blue rádium, the panels of the skirt lined with opal-colored chiffon, and the bodice trimmed in opalesque sequins.

Mrs. Evelyn Harris wore a gown of orchid-colored satin with cloth of silver trimmings.

Mrs. Thomas P. Hinman's gown was of pink moire silk, combined with chiffon of the same shade.

Mrs. William W. Banks wore a model of turquoise blue velvet.

Mrs. Julius Jennings' gown was of black satin foundation, with tulle overdraperies, trimmed with jet.

Mrs. Andrews' Toilette.

Mrs. Walter P. Andrews wore a handsome gown of white satin brocaded in silver, and carried a fan of yellow ostrich feathers. Her guest, Miss Jean Ashcraft, was gowned in apricot velvet, trimmed with cloth of silver brocaded in blue and finished by a girdle of jet.

Mrs. J. Hall Miller wore a gown of cream colored silk, handsomely brocaded in pink roses, and trimmed with crystal fringe and bands.

Mrs. Gus T. Dodd wore a gown of midnight blue velvet with silver cloth trimmings.

Mrs. Edward S. Gay, Jr., was gowned in jade-colored velvet trimmed with cloth of silver.

Miss Campbell's Gown.

Miss Isoline Campbell wore a Cheruit model of nattier blue satin foundation with overdraperies of tulle edged with satin, and the satin bodice was finished with nasturtiums effectively arranged.

Miss Martha Louise Cassels wore a costume of blue velvet. Miss Henrietta Davis was exquisitely gowned in American beauty satin.

Mrs. Lewis Beck's gown was of black tulle, introducing trimmings of jet, and draped over black satin.

Mrs. Joseph S. Raine's toilette was of flame-colored brocade satin, richly ornamented with crystal trimmings.

Mrs. Forrest Adair, Jr., was elegantly costumed in crush rose velvet.

Miss Georgia Rice was gowned in yellow charmeuse with girdle of orchid and yellow satin ribbons.

Mrs. Eugene Haynes wore blue satin brocaded in silver.

Mrs. Louis Gregg was gowned in white panne velvet, trimmed with silver.

Mrs. John D. Little wore ciel blue satin brocaded in silver roses. Her jewels were turquoise and diamonds.

Mrs. Valdemar Gude, Jr., was costumed in henna-colored georgette crepe, embroidered in henna bead design.

Mrs. Becker's Costume.

Mrs. Charles Becker wore black velvet with black ostrich feather trimmings. Her guest, Mrs. James Judd, of Detroit, was gowned in tomato-colored Georgette crepe, brocaded in silver flowers, trimmed with silver lace, and draped over cloth of silver.

Mrs. Joseph G. Blount wore rose-colored velvet with silver trimmings.

Mrs. Orme Campbell wore a French model of midnight blue chiffon embroidered in velvet, and trimmed with cloth of silver and rhinestones.

Mrs. Ewell Gay wore Nile green taffeta trimmed with cloth of silver.

Mrs. Murphy's Gown.

Mrs. John E. Murphy wore an elegant gown of pink satin brocaded in silver flowers, and trimmed with rhinestones.

The gown worn by Miss Julia Murphy was of pale green chiffon draped over pink satin.

Miss Nellie Dodd was gowned in black velvet, with rhinestone trimmings.

Miss Marion Dean wore a costume of yellow panne velvet, the bodice being entirely of jet.

Miss Hallie Crawford was gowned in black satin with tulle overdraperies introducing jet trimmings.

Miss Bland Williamson, of Camden, S. C., wore black velvet.

Mrs. Frank Ellis wore a handsome cloth of gold gown, with trimmings of jade green tulle, gold lace and French flowers.

Mrs. James J. Ragan was gowned in black velvet trimmed in jet.

Mrs. Rucker McCarty wore orchid colored chiffon embroidered in silver and draped over orchid colored satin.

Miss Dorothy Haverty was gowned in gold lace draped over cloth of gold.

Miss Mary Faith Yow wore white lace in hoop-skirt fashion and made over a foundation of white satin.

Mrs. Clarence Martin, formerly of Australia, a guest in the party given by Mr. and Mrs. William W. Banks, wore a gown of black velvet and lace.

Miss Marion Stearns was gowned in yellow chiffon, draped over flesh colored satin, and a bodice of cloth of gold ribbon, with rhinestone straps over the shoulder.

Mrs. Roby Robinson wore a gown of black satin with overdraperies of black tulle, and trimmings of jet.

Mrs. William Perrin Nicholson was gowned in light blue chiffon, brocaded in chenille and trimmed with pink ostrich.

Mrs. Wilmer L. Moore wore a gown of black satin with trimmings of jet.

Mrs. Quil Orme's gown was of black satin and lace.

Mrs. A. D. Adair, Jr., wore a gown of cream colored satin trimmed in irridescents and sequins.

Mrs. Benjamin Holt wore sapphire blue velvet combined with silver lace.

Mrs. Hughes Spalding wore gold cloth draped in brown tulle.

Mrs. LeRoy Chiles' gown was of blue and gray brocaded velvet.

Miss Margaret Pratt wore gold cloth with overdraperies of old blue georgette embroidered in gold and trimmed with old blue ostrich tips.

Miss Augusta Crawford, of Columbus, wore black satin embroided in green and burnished gold.

Mrs. Hugh Scott's gown was of orchid tulle over cloth of silver and trimmed with French flowers.

Mrs. Strather Fleming wore sapphire blue velvet embroidered in silver.

Miss Glenna Willis, of Morristown, N. J., the guest of Miss Alice Muse, wore a gown of black jet.

Miss Janet Pierce, of Milwaukee, wore black net embroidered in sequin.

Miss Louise Walker, of Monroe, wore white taffeta embroidered in blue and silver.

Mrs. Jack Hays wore French blue velvet embroidered in silver.

Dinner Parties.

At one long table were seated the debutantes and their escorts, including Miss Margaret Pratt and her guest, Miss Augusta Crawford, of Columbus; Miss Edgarda Horton, Miss Julia Brantley, of Blackshear; Miss Margaret Vaughan, Miss Frances Dudley, Miss Dorothy Haverty, Miss Ludie Speer, Miss Marian Bean, Mr. Baylor Hickman, Mr. Orme Campbell, Mr. Lowry Nicolson, Mr. Ralph Ragan, Mr. James Alexander, Mr. Louis Morrison, Mr. Esmond Brady, Mr. Rhodes Haverty, Mr. John H. Jones, of LaGrange; Mr. Powhattan Harper, of Danville, Va.; Captain C. N. Jacobson, of Athens; Mr. Elwyn Tomlinson, Mr. Lehman Phelan and Mr. Thomas Denny.

Colonel and Mrs. Brattom, of Fort McPherson, had as their guests, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Ashcraft, Colonel and Mrs. L. A. Williamson, Colonel and Mrs. H. S. Hansell, Major and Mrs. Paul Larned, Mr. W. A. M. Motts and Miss Bland Williamson, of Camden, S. C.

Dr. and Mrs. Bates Block entertained Mr. and Mrs. Charles Megahee, Commander and Mrs. Walter Gordon Roper and Mr. and Mrs. Curtis Bush, of Mobile, Ala.

With Mr. and Mrs. Cary Baker were Mr. and Mrs. Henry Tompkins, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Slicer, Mrs. Beverly DuBose and Mr. D. Dana Belcher.

Mr. and Mrs. Philip Alston entertained Mr. and Mrs. Brutus Clay and Mr. and Mrs. Cam Dorsey.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter P. Andrews entertained in honor of Miss Mary Faith Yow, a debutante, and invited to meet her were Miss Jean Ashcraft, Mr. and Mrs. William P. Spalding, Mr. Jack Bolles, of Statesville, N. C.; Mr. Ernest Ottley and Mr. Rufus Long.

Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Haynes, Miss Georgia Rice, Miss Isoline Campbell, Dr. J. S. Williams and Mr. Orme Campbell formed a party, having dinner together.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry E. Watkins entertained Mr. and Mrs. W. H. White and Mr. and Mrs. Charles Atkinson.

Judge and Mrs. Nash Broyles, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Orme, Mr. and Mrs. Richardson, Mr. and Mrs. Walter P. Maude, Mr. and Mrs. Haynes McFadden, Mr. Huelling Davis, of Jacksonville, Fla., and Mr. Richardson, of New Orleans, La., will form a party.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles Shelton had as their guests Mr. and Mrs. Cam Dorsey and Mr. and Mrs. Roy Dorsey.

Mr. and Mrs. J. Hall Miller entertained Mr. and Mrs. Robert Gregg.

With Judge and Mrs. Arthur G. Powell were Mr. and Mrs. Carroll Latimer.

Miss Marion Stearns, Miss Eloise Robinson, Mr. Bowie Martin and Mr. Russell Compton formed a congenial party.

Mr. Howard Withington's party of eight complimented Miss Doris Thornley, of Forest Hills, N. J., the attractive guest of Miss Esther Smith, and included Miss Thornton and Miss Smith.

Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Beck entertained at dinner at the Hallowe'en ball. Their guests were Mr. and Mrs. Henry W. Miller, Mr. and Mrs. Charles E. Selple, Mr. and Mrs. John E. Murphy, Mrs. Jacob Phinizy and Mr. Anthony Solenus, of Augusta.

Miss Alice Muse, whose marriage to Mr. Marshall Ramsey Diggs will be a social event of November 5, was the guest of honor in the large party entertained by her sisters, Mrs. George Street and Mrs. Dugas McClesky. Their guests will be Miss Muse, Miss Glenna Willis, of Morristown, N. J.; Miss Janet Pierce, of Milwaukee, Wis.; Miss Louise Walker of Monroe; Miss Emily Robinson, Miss Alice Orme, Miss Elizabeth Hawkins, Mrs. Glenn Ryman, Mrs. Eugene R. Black, Jr., Mrs. W. D. Grant, Mrs. Hunter Muse, Mr. John Westmoreland, Mr. Charles Rawson, Mr. Willard McBurney, Mr. Rhodes Haverty, Mr. William McKenzie, Mr. Clark Howell, Mr. Robert Maddox, Mr. William E. Campbell, Jr., Mr. Joseph Patterson, Mr. Al Thornwell, Mr. Hollis Lanier, Mr. Glenn Ryman, Mr. W. D. Grant, Mr. Eugene R. Black, Jr., Mr. Hunter Muse, Mr. George Street and Mr. Dugas McClesky.

A congenial party having dinner included Mr. and Mrs. Troup Howard, Mr. and Mrs. Chessly B. Howard, Mr. and Mrs. Ulric Atkinson, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Adger Smythe, Mr. and Mrs. Robert F. Maddox, Mr. and Mrs. John D. Little, Mrs. Richard A. Johnston, Miss Katherine Erwin, Captain Joseph Brown Connally, Mr. Inman Sanders, Mr. Homer Hunt and Lieutenant Commander Wick.

Miss Alexa Stirling was the guest of honor at the dinner given by Mr. and Mrs. Thomas D. Paine.

Dining together were Dr. and Mrs. Leroy Childs, Mr. and Mrs. Cobb Caldwell, Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Forrest Johnson, Mr. and Mrs. Edward H. Inman, Mr. and Mrs. Jesse Draper, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Adair, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Thornton, Jr., and Dr. and Mrs. Phinizy Calhoun.

Mr. and Mrs. Hugh Scott, Mr. and Mrs. Strother Fleming and Dr. and Mrs. John F. Denton had dinner together.

A congenial party having dinner together included Mr. and Mrs. Ewell Gay, Mr. and Mrs. J. Rucker McCarty, Mr. and Mrs. James Ragan, Mr. and Mrs. Marshall Johnson, Dr. and Mrs. Glenville Giddings, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Gregg and Dr. and Mrs. William Perrin Nicolson, Jr.

Miss Dorothy Tormley, of New York, the guest of Miss Esther Smith, will be the central figure.

Mr. and Mrs. John Glenn had as their guests Colonel and Mrs. Jack Hayes, Mr. and Mrs. Charles P. King and Mrs. Ray Powers.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph S. Raine, Mr. and Mrs. James T. Williams and Mr. and Mrs. Thomas H. Daniel had dinner together.

Mr. and Mrs. Wickliffe Goldsmith, Mr. and Mrs. Claude Douthit, Mr. and Mrs. Graham Phelan and Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Noble, of Montgomery, are a congenial group who dined together.

Major and Mrs. Henry Parker Blanks, who are interesting members of the army set, were the guests of honor in the party given by Mr. and Mrs. John H. Byrley.

Mr. and Mrs. Henry P. Nelson, Miss Mary Nelson, Miss Martha Louise Cassels, Miss Henrietta Davis, Mr. Clem Murphy, Mrs. Ross Califf and Mr. Spencer Tunnell, of Knoxville, dined together.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Perrine and Mr. and Mrs. Myron Keith, of New York, who are at the Georgian Terrace, were the guests of honor in the party given by Mr. and Mrs. Berry Collins. Invited to meet them were Mr. and Mrs. Hollins Randolph and others.

Mr. and Mrs. Gus T. Dodd had as their guests Mr. and Mrs. Forrest Adair, Jr., and Mr. and Mrs. Edward Gay, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. William W. Banks entertained Mr. and Mrs. Robert C. Alston, Mr. and Mrs. B. L. Winchell, Dr. and Mrs. Willis Westmoreland, Mr. and Mrs. James E. Hickey, Mr. and Mrs. John Marshall Slaton, Mr. and Mrs. Milton Dargan, Sr., Mrs. Edward McCerren, Miss Isma Dooly, Mr. Edward T. Lamb, and Mr. Jack Murphy.

Mr. and Mrs. Julius Jennings, Mr. and Mrs. William H. Barnwell, Miss Elizabeth Lochridge, Miss Caroline Blount, Mr. Claiborne Glover, Mr. Langdon Quin, and Mr. Saunders Jones had dinner together.

Mr. and Mrs. Augustus Dixon Adair, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Alfred Newell, Mr. and Mrs. Phillips McDuffie, Mr. and Mrs. Russell Porter formed a party having dinner together.

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin Holt, Mr. and Mrs. William S. Manry, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. L. F. Montgomery, Jr., and Mr. and Mrs Harrison Jones formed a party that had dinner at the club.

Mr. and Mrs. Hughes Spalding entertained Mr. and Mrs. Winship Nunnally, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Haverty, Mr. and Mrs. Alexander Smith, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Ernest E. Dalks, Mr. and Mrs. Westerfelt Terhune and Mr. and Mrs. Brutus Clay.

Another congenial party dining together were Mr. and Mrs. Robert Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Evelyn Harris, Dr. and Mrs. Thomas Hinman, Mrs. Edward Van Winkle and Mr. Van Astor Batchelor.

Mr. and Mrs. J. H. Lewis, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Butters, Mr. and Mrs. Valdemar Gude, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Wester, Chattanooga, were together.

Mr. Eugene Black, Sr., was the guest of honor in a party which included Mr. and Mrs. Wilmer L. Moore, Mr. and Mrs. Roby Robinson and Mrs. Black.

Luncheon for Wedding Guests.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Jerome will entertain at a luncheon Monday at 1 o'clock at the Druid Hills Golf club, in compliment to the visiting guests, who will arrive in Atlanta Sunday to be present at the marriage of Miss Frances Winship and Mr. George Bohen Raine, which will be solemnized Wednesday evening, November 5, at the home of the parents of the bride, Mr. and Mrs. Charles A. Winship, on Peachtree road.

Mr. and Mrs. Giles K. Tinker, of New York, and Mr. and Mrs. Hanly Bohen, will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John Raine at their apartment on West Eleventh street. Miss Ora Wilmore, of Nicholasville, Ky., will be with Mr. and Mrs. Scott Hudson, at their home at East Lake.

Those who will enjoy the courtesy extended by Mr. and Mrs. Jerome include Mr. and Mrs. Tinker, Mr. and Mrs. Bohen, Mr. and Mrs. Raine, Mr. and Mrs. Hudson and Miss Wilmore.

Hallowe'en Ball Tonight At East Lake Country Club

The annual Hallowe'en dinner-dance of the East Lake Country club this evening will be a very attractive feature. The large ball room and dining room will be decorated with smilax, pumpkin lanterns and other various articles. There will be several favors given away, among which will be fool knockers, orange and black coats, noisemakers, orange and black hats and various other favors. There will be several large dinner parties and the dance will be largely attended by the members. Several of the junior members of the club have arranged for a large dinner party. Seated at this table will be Mr. E. Gordon Thomas, Jr., Miss Louise Scruggs, Mr. Carlyle Holleman, Miss Marianna Goldsmith, Mr. A. P. Phillips, Jr., Miss Ada Peeples, Mr. Edgar C. Walthall, Miss Mildred Fraser, Mr. Bob Adams, Miss Margaret Maddox, Mr. Armon Maier, Jr., Miss Irene Thomas, Miss Frances Poole and Mr. George Sheffield and others.

Another set of the junior members who will dine together will be Miss Margaret Ransom, Mr. Jack Toland, Miss Julia Clarke, Mr. Charles Daniel, Miss Nellie McIver, Mr. Clayton Daniel, Miss Marguerite Gresham, Mr. Dewey D. Bowen, Miss Mildred Winston, Mr. Pierce Cook and others.

Mr. and Mrs. Robert P. Stahl will entertain in honor of Mrs. Fraus, of St. Louis, Mo. Other guests in the party will be Dr. W. E. Lambright, Mrs. W. M. Fain, Mr. and Mrs. William L. Mathers and Mr. and Mrs. Homer Crater.

Among others to entertain at dinner will be Mr. and Mrs. E. D. Willingham, Mr. Regnas, Mr. and Mrs. Haslett, Mr. and Mrs. Willis, Mr. E. H. Cox, Mr. and Mrs. G. H. McCutcheon, Mr. and Mrs. C. Spurgeon King, Mr. Philip Schoeneck, Mr. Linton E. Buchanan, Mr. and Mrs. G. A. Harbour, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur G. Saville, Mr. and Mrs. Scott Hudson, Mr. and Mrs. C. K. Byfield, Mr. John Marshall Miller, Mr. Thomas H. Scott, Mr. Hentz, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Dunn, Mr. and Mrs. H. B. Futch, Mr. and Mrs. O. G. Sanford, Mr. Russell Baker, Mr. Sidney S. Dean, Mr. and Mrs. Massengale, Mr. and Mrs. W. L. Reilly, Mr. A. O. Green, Mr. J. M. Bloodworth, Mr. Walter Brown, Mr. J. Edgar Hamlett, Mr. Tye Carter Sanders, Mr. L. B. Griffith, Mr. D. Willis Johnson, Mr. D. B. Gay, Mr. J. B. McNalley and others.

Hallowe'en Ball Will Be Given This Evening at Standard Club

Elaborate arrangements have been perfected for the Hallowe'en ball to be given this evening at the Standard club on Washington street.

Dancing will begin at 9 o'clock and continue until 12 o'clock. This ball will be the initial occasion of the Standard club for the fall and winter season.

The decorations in the ball room will be very appropriately carried out in the Hallowe'en ideals, and favors will be given to the guests.

Among those who will entertain at dinner are Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Kingdon, Mr. and Mrs. Morris Eiseman, Mr. and Mrs. Lee Strauss, Mr. and Mrs. Sig Samuels, Mr. and Mrs. Alex Rosenfeld, Mr. and Mrs. George Kahn, Mr. and Mrs. George Davis, Mr. and Mrs. Julian Boehm, Mr. and Mrs. Harris, Mr. and Mrs. Max Lowenstein, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Metzger, Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Selig, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Haas, Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Haas, Mr. and Mrs. Henry Wellhouse, Mr. and Mrs. Frank Lowenstein, Mr. and Mrs. Louis Regenstein, Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Bodenheimer, Mr. and Mrs. Meyer Regenstein, Mr. and Mrs. Charles Adler, Mr. and Mrs. Nathan Strauss, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Gershon, Mr. and Mrs. Ralph Rosenbaum, Mr. and Mrs. Eugene Oberdorfer, Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Wiseberg, Mr. and Mrs. Sol Wiseberg, Mr. and Mrs. Ben Wiseberg, Mr. and Mrs. Kreigshaber, Mr. William H. Rich, Mr. and Mrs. Rudie Adler, Mr. Dan Michaelove, Mr. Alfred Levison, Mr. Sinclair Jacobs and Mr. Nat Ullman.

Bridge Luncheon.

Miss Mildred Thomas, a bride-elect of November, was the central figure at the bridge-luncheon given Friday morning by Miss Lillian Farley at her home in Druid Hills.

The home was attractively decorated in yellow chrysanthemums, cosmos and zinnias.

The honor guest was presented with a novelty powder box, and the prizes for top score and consolation were a tapestry dorin and a party bag.

The guests included Miss Thomas, Miss Harriet Bailey, Miss Mildred Summerlin, Mrs. Malcolm Reybold, Miss Lillian Jacobs, Miss Josibel Christopher, Miss Edyth Epps, of Monticello, Fla.; Miss Edith Couch, Miss Maude Couch, Miss Lelia Ponder, Miss Dorothy Sims, Miss Minnie Lou Burchfield, Miss Raiford Monerief, Mrs. Julian Lifsey, Mrs. Dan Ennis and Mrs. Percy McGaughey.

To Women Who Know

We wish to call your attention to

HELEN KENDALL'S

Department

"YOUR HOME AND YOU"

We believe you will find it both interesting and profitable

Her daily articles will appear in The Constitution, beginning Sunday, November 2, informal little chats in the details of making a home sweeter, neater and more liveable. There are illustrations, too.

WE THANK YOU.

BALLARD Bifocals BALLARD Kryptoks

Moved

September 1st, we moved into our new store—105 Peachtree Street, opposite Piedmont Hotel.

Our new fixtures have not arrived, but we are doing business as usual and your needs will be well taken care of. Our shop is in thorough shape to take care of any amount of high class optical prescription work. Our stock is the most complete ever shown in the states—no need of going East, you will find everything here of merit at prices which will interest you.

Walter Ballard Optical Co.

105 Peachtree St. Atlanta, Ga.

RED PEACOCK LABEL SYRUP

THE SYRUP with an irresistibly delicious flavor that makes every meal more palatable and nutritious. A scientific blend of corn and cane. Economical. Healthful.

Red Label Can—at your Grocer's.

SOUTHERN SYRUP COMPANY

MONTGOMERY BIRMINGHAM JACKSON

134 PEACHTREE ARCADE

Christmas Greeting Cards
Dance Programs Party Invitations
Wedding Announcements

Webb & Vary Company, Inc.

Printers, Engravers, Stationers

New York Model Hat Shops

We Bring New York To You

Saturday—

This Shop Offers

Smart Winter Hats

$5.00 and $7.50

New York sends some very wonderful new Hats to sell at these prices.

—And when you see this advertisement of hats at $5 and $7.50, don't think of the hats you would ordinarily expect to buy for these prices.

—Expect something MUCH better—and even then you will be agreeably surprised!

—These hats of ours are wonderful not alone for value, but for style—originality—and variety.

—There are hats for every type and every time of life—and to please each individual fancy.

New York Hats
New York Styles

New York Model Hat Shop
82 Whitehall

The First Birthday of "The Greater Boys' Store"

And here are some very Special Values for the occasion—

Saturday, November 1st, marks the first birthday of "The Greater Boys' Store" of Atlanta. Eiseman's have been selling boys' apparel for many years and the response of discriminating mothers was indeed so generous that a year ago we completely rebuilt our second floor Boys' Department, and offered to mothers and boys the largest and finest Store for Boys in the entire South.

Mothers who had never bought here before soon began to find out that they could save money at most every turn at this faithful store. Our pledge of absolute satisfaction; the many exclusive styles; the broad varieties for selection; pleasant and painstaking salespeople, and the unique facilities for rapid service all combined to make them constant patrons and well wishers of our Boys' Department.

And so a year of added success has passed. But we have not forgotten the first anniversary of this better and bigger department. We have prepared a little surprise for you. Several special lots of apparel were bought and laid aside for the occasion. They represent our remembrance to mothers for their splendid support. You won't find such qualities as these elsewhere—they are altogether too notable to be overlooked.

All-Wool Two-Pants Suits at Only $16.50

These beautiful fancy homespun suits are cut clean as a whistle. They're substantially tailored by men who know how to build boys' clothes for style and service. In handsome Brown, Green and Grey color tones. Pleated Norfolks, belted and waist-line styles are to be had. With the extra pair of pants they constitute a great offering. Sizes 8 to 17 years.

Stunning! French Blouse Suits $4.75

Something very fine! The models are a treat to the eye and the values will quickly appeal to you. This all-in-one combination outfit comes in splendid blue serge pants and a white galatea French blouse with Eton collar. You'll certainly admire these little suits, and we were indeed fortunate to be able to get them for you. Sizes 2 to 6 years.

Blouses $1

Into this event is an unusually fine Boys' Blouse value at $1. These come in sizes 6 to 14 and have collars attached. The pattern variety is very broad, the quality is excellent and the workmanship most substantial. You will want some at this low price of $1.

Romper Suits

of durable chambray. Come in Blue, Green and Tan all over striped effects on plain bodies, with striped belt, collar and cuffs. Fast colors. They were bought special for our birthday and you'll find them exceptionally fine at $1.35.

Shirts $1

When you see the quality of these Boys' Shirts you'll want to lay in a supply, for it will be a long time before you will be able to get them again at this price. Neat striped effects. Fine Percale. Sizes 12 to 14 neckbands only. $1.00.

Special Sweater

In the favorite coat style that buttons up around the neck. Has two side pockets and is of a most dependable make. This sweater in grey only. Sizes from 28 to 34. Most interesting is the special low price of..... $2

Fine Union Suits

This is the famous E-Z heavy cotton ribbed union suit and underwaist combined. It has buttons around the waist. Sizes 2 to 13 years. In other cities they sell at a higher price. You should buy a good supply—now. Only..... $1

When you come in to avail yourself of our special birthday offerings let us show you the finest collection of juvenile and large boy overcoats and mackinaws that have ever been assembled at "The Greater Boys' Store" of Atlanta.

BOYS' DEPARTMENT EVERYTHING BOYS' WEAR · ENTIRE SECOND FLOOR

The Daylight Corner

EISEMAN'S 51 YEARS IN ATLANTA

One Whitehall Store

IN THE REALM OF WOMAN'S AFFAIRS

A. T. O. Fraternity Entertained At Brilliant Dance Last Night

One of the brightest affairs of the fall for the college set was the dance given last evening by the members of the A. T. O. fraternity at Georgia Tech at the Capital City club. Dancing began at 9:30 o'clock and the occasion was one of the happiest events of the winter.

The ballroom of the club was elaborately decorated in the colors of the fraternity, sky blue and gold. Three electric signs, A. T. O., Tech and the seal of the fraternity, with dense backgrounds of blue and gold, flared on the walls of the ballroom. Attractive favors were given and two orchestras furnished the music for the evening.

The chaperons included Mrs. A. J. Poole, Mrs. R. H. Scott and Mrs. A. J. Orme.

The following members of the A. T. O. chapter were hosts: Messrs. H. J. Price, R. H. Scott, C. P. Armbrecht, T. E. Twitty, F. H. Tabor, J. W. Colley, P. G. Cushman, J. M. Heath, R. Bardweel, R. C. Pate, R. D. Cole, A. H. Spivey, L. G. Moore, J. S. Russell, L. G. Bennett, B. R. Sherman, O. S. Oldknow, A. W. Polen, J. T. Parks, L. W. Pollard, Lamar Potts, C. H. Schofield, J. S. Schofield, C. H. Stevens, D. G. Thomas, G. B. Turner, P. B. Willingham, Roy LeCraw, Ralph LeCraw, G. B. Raine, J. Dodd, J. A. Setz, T. N. Colley, R. S. McIver, R. S. Oliver, J. Y. Arnold, S. C. Bleckley, Jim Brewster, J. W. Brice, Tom Cole, W. H. Curry, J. H. Dowling, J. J. Jones, Jr., R. L. King, T. C. Longino, A. H. Murphy, M. S. Hall.

The guests were Misses Elizabeth Binford, Sara Orme, Fair Esther Meakin, Elizabeth Reed, Corinne Johnson, Virginia Collier, Rudine Becht, Esther Reynolds, Mary Dorothy Palmer, Frances Winship, Georgia Rice, Nellie Dodd, Hallie Poole, Natalie Stokes, Sara Soye, Marion Smith, Mary Malone, Katherine Sanders, Margaret Pratt, Augusta Crawford, Ruby Walker, Christine McArthur, Mary Nevin, Frances Ellis, Carrie Lou Born, Ruth Perkins, Mary Bardwell, Margaret Whitman, Christine Blair, Earnestine Campbell, Vencentia Allen, Marjory Stringfellow, Helen Whitehurst, Lois McIntyre, Vivian McLain, Sarah Schoen, Helen May, Newby Farrer, Sarah Smith, Willie Green Childs, Emily West, Dorothy Bryant, Ruth Stanton, Mr. and Mrs. Edgar Dunlap, Jr., Messrs. J. W. Brown, J. Paul Jones, Mr. Parramore, Messrs. Price Gilbert, Mac Barnes, Oscar Davis, S. D. Hooker, Charlie Turner, J. W. Growland, H. Carson, Judy Harlan, F. Asbury, J. Hightower, Bill Rutherford, Dan Holland, James Wheeler, Herschel Harris, A. Rylander, E. D. Parsons, B. P. Webb, H. Beewick, C. H. Boone, T. Bell, C. A. Dethl, Harry Stevens, Bailey Jones, John Cruise, S. S. Walker, Jr., W. D. Houser, B. Adams, George Howard, E. J. Oates, Frank Pruitt, Roger Whitley, A. J. McKey, Sam Greer, Jimmie Johnson, Pete Bailey, Bill Jergen, Emmett Hines, Joe Mathewson, S. G. Holmes, Gary Hall, George Griffin, A. Roderiques, W. H. Herndon, Mr. Ingram, Messrs. Buck Flowers, Nolan Murray, M. F. Guill, Jake Mason, P. B. Guessnor, F. Coleman, Harry Haynesworth, G. P. Phillips, Hugh McMath, C. W. Weston, Bert Wilder, Bennie Wilkins, L. Y. Dawson, George Lester, R. G. Weise, J. M. Robinson, S. J. Manning, J. F. Carreker, W. U. Parsons, Calvin Desports, T. B. Ames.

The Testing of Julia Grant

BY HAZEL DEYO BATCHELOR

Copyright, 1919, for The Constitution.

By Hazel Deyo Batchelor.
Read This First.

Julia Grant, a quiet sort of girl, of an unusual type of beauty, has been engaged to Dan Carson nearly a year, when she begins to worry about a steadily growing indifference on his part. The wedding date has been set, but three weeks before she can stand the agony no longer and decides to ask him what is wrong? Finally, Julia wrings from Dan the admission that he no longer loves her—that there is someone else. Although completely crushed, she bravely renounces her claim and returns the engagement ring. On the day on which she was to have been married Julia goes fourth alone in the pouring rain.

Then Start the Story.

CHAPER VI.

Julia, walking along in the rain with her head bent and her thoughts turned inward, was suddenly startled by someone speaking her name.

"Well, upon my soul, Julia Grant."

"Martha Blake, where on earth did you drop from?"

"My dear, I've been in France since I saw you last. But what has been the matter with you, Julia? You don't look well, child."

"Oh, I'm all right," Julia was looking eagerly at Martha Blake. Martha was inclined to be stout, but her round, cheery face was infinitely appealing. Julia noticed that she wore a trim dark blue uniform and looked very well in it. Julia felt suddenly that she could tell Martha everything.

"Let's go somewhere and talk," Martha was saying. "Have you had lunch?"

Julia shook her head, and the two walked off together. Before she knew it Julia was telling Martha everything, her thoughts and dreams, the fact that Dan Carson had jilted her, everything.

"And I can't seem to get back my self-respect," Julia finished. "I keep thinking that there is something lacking in me, something that I should have had in order to hold Dan."

The girls were sitting opposite each other at a small table. It was early, and there were few people there. As Julia finished speaking she saw that Martha's face was flushed with anger.

"The man is a cad," she flamed hotly, "an utter cad, he's not worth a single thought from a girl like you."

Julia opened her wide, black-lashed eyes. "Oh, but Martha, you don't know him. He's so dear and so big and so worth while."

"How can you say he is worth while, Julia Grant, when he has treated you as he has?"

"A man can't help it if he falls in love with another woman," Julia insisted.

"Oh, can't he?" exclaimed Martha. "Well, the right kind of a man can, let me tell you that much. But we won't waste any more time on him. I want to talk about you, Julia. Do you know you're thinking too much about the whole matter? You've got to get your mind away from it and interested in something else. Why don't you go to work?"

"But I don't know anything."

"You can learn."

"What, for instance?"

"Do you think you would like nursing?"

Julia's lovely brow wrinkled. "I don't know. I have never thought about it. I might."

Martha leaned across the table. "Julia, my dear, life is just beginning for you; you're not waked up as yet, and when you do wake up you're going to look back on this experience as something that helped you. I know you don't believe that now, but you will some time. You're young, life is still an adventure, and, my dear, you're beautiful—so many girls haven't that."

"Martha, just now I can't think of anything but the fact that I wasn't big enough to hold Dan. If I could forget that, I could go on."

"You will forget it after you have started work. You haven't known enough people, Julia. You have lived too much in your own narrow circle. You need to get out in the world now and be independent. If you think you'd like nursing, I can get you into one of the hospitals, but you want to be sure. Some girls can't stand it at all."

Julia raised her proud little head. "I could stand it," she said.

"Good! That's the spirit. Then go to it and work so hard that you can't do anything but fall on your bed at night exhausted. Work has cured many heartaches as real as yours. And work is what you need; it will take your mind off your own troubles and give it to others who need it worse than you do."

Julia had not thought of work of late. She and Lucy had always had plenty at home—never an abundance of everything, but always plenty for clothes and necessities.

"It isn't as if you had a marked talent for anything," her mother would say. Mrs. Grant wanted to go along in the same rut, without any change, and she was quite confident that both her daughters would marry well.

"I'll try it," Julia said suddenly, smiling a "faint little smile at Martha. Martha had brought the first ray of hope into the grayness of Julia's heart—the first flicker of interest into her life. She hadn't the faintest idea of what a hospital training would be like, but it was Julia's creed to like to do things for others. She had done too much for Dan Carson, only that she hadn't realized it as yet.

(Monday Dan Carson discovers that all women are not cut out of the same patterns.)

A fly swatter that resembles a pistol and is operated by a trigger has been patented by its Michigan inventor.

VOTE! - - - - - - By Gwen Davies

Shall it be found that the cynics were right—that women wanted the vote merely because it was something they didn't have, and found some difficulty in getting? Not if all the women to whom suffrage has been extended up to this time, realize the importance of voting on this election day. Women who have voting power, it is not merely your right to vote—it is your duty as American citizens. The right of suffrage carries with it the responsibility of voting, whether you particularly care to or not—and of voting right. Vote—for those men and measures which will insure better communities, a finer America.

CAPT. J. U. H. BARKER RECEIVES DISCHARGE

Captain J. U. H. Barker, who was in charge of the government base salvage plant on Ponce de Leon avenue for several months, has received his discharge after two years of service in the army.

Captain Barker's home, before entering the service through the first officers' training camp at McPherson, was at Pensacola, Fla., where he was in the publishing business. He has sold out his business in Florida and will remain in Atlanta.

Today's Calendar.

The marriage of Miss Edith Couch to Mr. Carl Elton Green, at Druid Hills Methodist church, will take place at noon.

Mrs. Alvin York will be the honor guest at a reception given by the Atlanta Woman's club from 4 to 6 o'clock.

The juvenile department of the Music Study club will hold its regular meeting this afternoon at 3 o'clock at Egleston hall. The Hallowe'en season will be featured and the weird witches are conspiring with the director, Miss Evelyn Jackson, to entertain the little folks in a delightfully novel way.

Mr. and Mrs. J. W. Patterson will be hosts at a dinner in compliment to Miss Alice Muse and the members of her bridal party.

The brilliant ball at the East Lake Country club will partake of the nature of "Al Hallowes Eve."

A brilliant Hallowe'en ball will be given at the Standard club this evening, at the club on Washington street, at 9 o'clock.

KWIZ

Answers to Yesterday's Kwiz.

1. The Bowery is a lengthy street in New York City taking its name from Old Bowerie in London, wherein flourish stores with wares appealing to the poor.
2. Drury Lane is a great and historic theater in London.
3. Joaquin Miller was called "the Poet of the Sierras;" he lived in and sang of California.
4. Stockholm is the capital of Sweden.
5. A majority of the tin of the world is mined in England.
6. A lariat is a long rope, with a lopped end, used by cowboys and cattlemen in herding cattle, horses, etc.
7. A boa constrictor is a great serpent, habitat in tropical countries, that kills by enveloping its prey and crushing to death.
8. Brand Whitlock, former minister to Belgium, has recently been elevated to the rank of ambassador to that country.
9. "Free" verse or "vers libre" is supposed verse written without regard to rhyme or meter.
10. The pyrenees mountains is a range crossing Europe and separating France from Spain.

New Questions.

1. What are two great sources of the wealth of the Argentine republic?
2. What is a croquette?
3. What is croquet?
4. What is a coquette?
5. What country dominated the local government of Korea?
6. Who was Li Hung Chang?
7. What is a tout?
8. What is the final word in the expression, "as big as a ——?"
9. Who is Frank A. Vanderlip?
10. What is the meaning of the abbreviation "C. O. D."?

Bank Chartered.

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, October 31.—The comptroller of the currency has issued a charter to the Woodside National bank of Greenville, S. C., with a capital of $200,000; president, Robert L. Woodside; cashier, T. P. Carson.

Hallowe'en Party.

Mrs. I. Lipstine entertained at a children's party yesterday at her home on Peachtree road for her niece, Miss Mary Morrison. The little girl's schoolmates from the Peachtree Heights school were the guests. They assembled in the late afternoon on the picturesque terraces on the north side of the house, where a Hallowe'en setting was beautifully carried out. Pumpkin heads here and there peered through shrubbery and in the trees electric lights showed through little red and yellow shades.

Apples hung from the trees and witches' heads were in evidence on all sides.

Under the trees, tables were spread, decorated in flowers in the red and yellow colors and in the fall fruits. Delicious refreshments were served and there were little souvenirs of the occasion.

Little Miss Morrison wore a pink muslin dress trimmed in black ribbons.

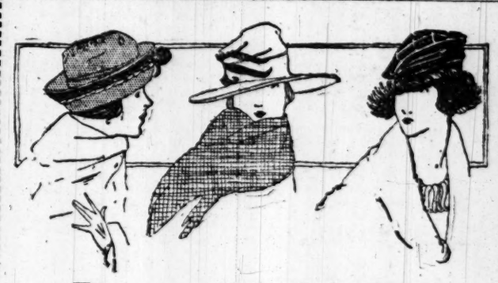
Hallowe'en Party At Nursery.

A Hallowe'en party was given last evening at the John Barclay Day Nursery, on Marietta street, the guests of the occasion including the members of the Blue Bird and Ironsides clubs, two social organizations among the young girls and boys of the nursery.

Miss Mary Rivers, the teacher of kindergarten in the nursery; Miss Susie Sandiford, the former kindergarten teacher, and Mrs. Gertrude Bock, the matron, were the hostesses of the evening. The guests were entertained in the clubrooms from 7 to 10 o'clock. Games were played and trophies given to the successful winners. The Blue Bird and Ironsides clubs have been most active in clubwork and the plans are progressing this year on a broader basis.

52-54-56 Whitehall Street — Rich's — Telephone Number Main 3132

News for Saturday, Nov. 1.



Pretty Little Hats for Fall Reduced to $5.50

HATS right out of our own stock, and you know all of our hats are priced a good deal higher than $5.50. They're the odds and ends of higher priced hats that didn't sell as fast as we thought they should. And yet hardly a hat of the lot has been here a month!

—They're in becoming, attractive shapes fashioned of velvet and sleek panne velvet. In turban shapes and styleful little close-fitting shapes. And there are those fascinating beaver tams, too, and a few broad brimmed shapes in the lot.

—Trimmed with perky little velvet or ribbon bows, novelty ornaments, embroidery and plumage.

—Want one? They're going to hurry away with such a small price, you had better be early if you do!

$2 Silk Pongee
Plain Colors: 36-inch
$1.29 Yard

Rich's

$5 Trimming Plush
Black or Brown: 54-inch
$3.39 Yard

52-54-56 Whitehall St. — NEWS FOR SATURDAY, NOV. 1. — Telephone Main 3132

With $100,000 in Fine Silks

(This Is the Retail Valuation)

Rich's November Silk Sale Got Under Way Yesterday Morning

THIS Silk Sale is big enough and broad enough to be of benefit to every woman in the city of Atlanta who needs silks. Think of it—$100,000 worth of silks! That's a far greater quantity than we ever offered in a Sale before. Fashionable silks for all dress purposes—at PRONOUNCED SAVINGS! Quality silks—vouched for by "The First Silk Store of the South." Of course, you'll find varieties better now than they will be later on in November, so you would do well to make your selections today.

Some of the Silks Presented Are:

—$3.50 satin charmeuse, 36 inches wide, in navy, brown, taupe, Burgundy, gray and black. Yard..... $2.19

—$3.50 plain Georgette crepe, 40 inches in width, in navy, brown, black, white, flesh, etc. Yard.... $2.39

—$3 chiffon taffeta, 36 inches in width, in black, navy, brown, taupe, orchid, gray, rose, etc. Yard $1.89

—$2.25 all-silk crepe de chine, 36 inches wide, in white, black, flesh, pink, navy, taupe, etc. Yard..... $1.59

—$3 dress satin of heavy quality, 36 inches wide, in gold, rose, pink, French blue, gray, etc. Yard $1.98

—$3 pure silk crepe de chine, 40 inches wide, in white, flesh, pink and wanted street shades. Yard .. $1.89

—$3.50 silk shirting, 32 inches wide, in satin stripes on white grounds. Fast in color. Yard .. $2.69

—$5 brocaded silk, 40 inches wide, in white, black, navy, taupe, turquoise, Pekin, etc. Yard $3.95

—$2 printed chiffon, 40 inches in width, in floral and Grecian designs Variety of colors. Yard $1.49

—$3 printed Georgette crepe, 40 inches wide, in a variety of designs in dark and light colors. Yard $2.19

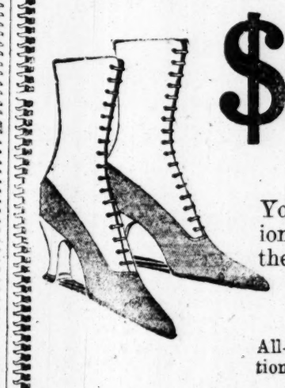
—$3 all-silk foulard, 36 inches wide, in polka dots. This silk is fine for linings. Yard $1.98

—$12.50 silk duvetyn, in taupe, brown, suede, gray, navy, tan and black. This is pure silk. Yard $6.95

November Sale Of Fashionable Boots

We announce the arrival of 5,000 pairs of the very newest Fall Boots, values ranging from $12, $15 to $18. Although slightly imperfect, they are fully guaranteed. Secured especially for our great November sale of Boots for—

$6.85



You can not find a more complete showing of fashionable boots anywhere. Every size and width in the lot, over and over again.

Brown, Grey and Fieldmouse Kid

All-leather boots, with turn or welt soles, plain toe or imitation tip, leather or covered heels.

Black Satin Lace Boots

This new Fifth Avenue style has turn sole, plain toe and covered full Louis heels.

Duotone Colored Kid Boots

Every choice color combination. Welt and turn soles, French and Military heels.

Patent Moire Top Boots

Patent vamp with black moire top. Also Patent vamp with brown, gray or fieldmouse kid tops.

Military and Low Heel Boots

A choice collection of Black Calf and Black Kid lace boots, with Military, low heel and common-sense heels. Walking boots, school shoes and comfort shoes for elderly ladies in the lot. Values $8, $10 to $12. All sizes and widths in the lot.

On special sale for..... $5.50

Downstairs Shoe Department

Rich's Shoe Department

52-54-56 Whitehall Street

CHILLS, COLDS, FEVERISHNESS

Black-Draught Is Used by Virginia Lady for Colds, Fever and Other Troubles With Fine Results.

Rocky Mount, Va.—Miss Mae Chitwood, of this place, recently stated: "I have used Black-Draught for colds and stomach trouble and certainly have found it very satisfactory.

When I would feel bad and feverish, as though I was taking a fresh cold, I would make a good cup of Black-Draught tea and it would soon set me all right.

I can recommend it as a splendid laxative and gladly do so. You may publish my statement."

When you feel chilly, tired, feverish, headachy and fear that you are taking cold, take a good dose of the old, reliable, liver medicine you have heard so much about—Thedford's Black-Draught. It is made from purely vegetable ingredients, acts in a gentle, natural way, and by helping to drive out poisonous waste matter from your system, it will often, if taken in time, prevent a chill from developing into a cold.

Thousands of people, during the past 70 years, have found Black-draught of benefit in such cases.

Try it, the next time you chill or sneeze.—(adv.)

Society

Golf Tournament Comes to Close With Large Tea

The tea given by the Druid Hills Golf club at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon marked the close of the five-day tournament of the Atlanta Woman's Golf association on the links of the Druid Hills club.

Baskets and vases of yellow and white chrysanthemums were used throughout the club and the tea table in the palm room was attractive with its central decoration of yellow chrysanthemums in a large wicker basket.

At 2 o'clock an approaching and putting contest was held. The prize was a huge Cornfield ham, which was donated by Mr. W. H. White, was awarded to the successful contestant.

In the finals played during Friday morning, Mrs. S. H. Beck and Mrs. W. Y. Atkinson, of Newnan, were matched for the championship. Miss Douglas Payne and Mrs. Guy King, contesting for second place.

For the trophy awarded the best player of the defeated eight in the first flight, Mrs. Cyrus Strickler and Mrs. Thomas B. Paine contested.

The defeated eight in the second flight were represented by Mrs. Sargent Hamilton, pitted against Mrs. Carpenter Jones.

The officers of the Atlanta Woman's Golf association are: President, Mrs. T. H. Latham; vice president, Mrs. Dozier Lowndes; secretary and treasurer, Mrs. Thomas B. Paine; chairman executive committee, Mrs. George Harrington. The chairmen for the various golf clubs of the city are: Druid Hills, Mrs. Cyrus Strickler; Brookhaven, Mrs. Inman Sanders; Ansley Park, Mrs. Toulman Williams; East Lake, Mrs. L. H. Beck.

Miss Alexa Stirling is an honorary member of the executive board.

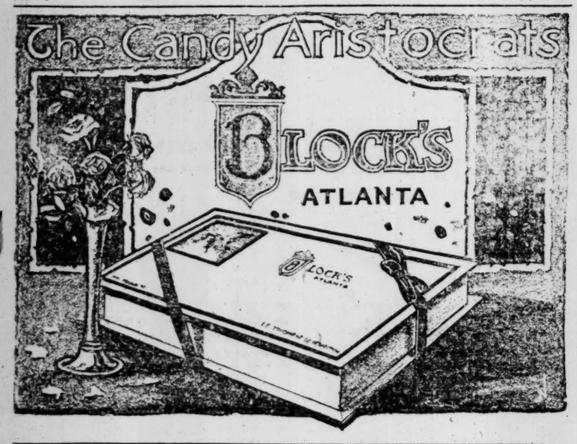
Dinner for Miss Winship.

Miss Dorothy Traynham was hostess at a dinner at her home on Peachtree road, in compliment to Miss Frances Winship and Mr. George Bohon Raine, whose marriage will be a brilliant event of Wednesday evening.

The house was decorated throughout in garden flowers. In the dining room the table had as its central decoration a shower bouquet of white roses and swansonia gracefully arranged in a silver basket. A dainty color scheme of green and white was carried out. Unshaded white tapers in silver candlesticks alternated with silver compotes holding mints and bonbons.

Miss Winship's place was marked by a miniature bride's bouquet of swansonia in cascade effect and a small boutonniere was Mr. Raine's place card. The other places were marked by hand-painted Eton boys and quaint old-fashioned girls.

The guests included only the members of the Winship-Raine bridal party.



A sweet that's as good for the children as it tastes to them.

Order a can of ALAGA from your grocer and spread it on bread for the kiddies. A delicious, wholesome treat.

Packed by
ALABAMA-GEORGIA SYRUP CO.
Montgomery, Ala. Jacksonville, Fla.

The United States Railroad Administration
N., C. & ST. L. R. R.—W. & A. R. R.

Announces the following

CHANGE IN SCHEDULE AT ATLANTA
Beginning With Sunday, Nov. 2nd, 1919

"DIXIE FLYER" through train between Chicago and Jacksonville Will arrive (TERMINAL STATION) from Chicago at 7:40 p. m. Will leave (TERMINAL STATION) for Chicago at 8:00 a. m.
Train No. 2 for Chattanooga and Nashville will Leave UNION STATION at 8:30 a. m. instead of 7:30 a. m.
Train No. 1 from Nashville and Chattanooga will arrive UNION STATION at 7:25 p. m. instead of 7:15 p. m.
For reservation of Pullman space, tickets and further particulars, apply to:

Consolidated Ticket Office, Flatiron Building. | Terminal Station Ticket Office. | Union Depot Ticket Office.

The Lady of the Night Wind

BY VARICK VANARDY

Author of "The Two-Faced Man," "Alias the Night Wind," Etc.

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(CHAPTER XXVIII.—CONT'D.)

Belknap was not there; the bed had not been disturbed; and Belknap's evening clothes had been flung carelessly across the back of a chair, showing that he had changed before he went out.

Julius searched further, then, by the aid of a small flash-light that he always carried for emergency use around an automobile; and because he had been the one to direct the stowing of Belknap's effects when they came down from the city, he soon found that a black leather handbag which should have been there was missing.

Julius was gravely puzzled, and he hurried down the stairs to inform his master of his discovery. "Miss Kitty," he decided, "musn't be bothered with such trifles."

But Harvard was not to be found anywhere, and the black, after waiting around for a time, figured it out that Belknap's interview with the stranger at the old mill that morning had been for the purpose of perfecting plans for the robbery of Myquest that night, and he decided that he would remain in the grounds and watch—till daylight, if need be.

There is just one more thing of which cognizance must be taken if we are thoroughly to understand the events that followed.

Ex-Lieutenant Rodney Rushton, whose services Tom Clancy had retained for reasons already known to us, possessed one gift that had taken him over many a difficulty that might have put a shrewder man at fault; tenacity of purpose.

Having been directed to "Find out who Belknap is," he had never had an idea of stopping investigation until he did find out. Having been balked in Arizona, and in New Orleans, he had sent a boy with a camera to the neighborhood of Myquest, and he had secured a snapshot of Mr. Conrad Belknap (among others, to be sure) without arousing suspicion.

He had had that one head of the group enlarged, and hundreds of the enlargements had been printed for him. He had sent them broadcast over the country, accompanied by the simple request: "Please identify, if possible."

It was by the last mail that Monday evening that he received the first definite reply—that the first information on the subject came to him that was worth consideration as a possible clue.

He realized the importance of discussing the matter with Clancy without delay, but a telephone call to Tom's home informed him that Mr. Clancy was staying at Myquest for the entire week, so he called him up at Harvard's home, and announced that he had something important to discuss, and would drive down late in the evening.

Unexpected duties detained him, so that it was late when he started, but he called Tom up again in the meantime, and asked that he should meet him at the lodge gate at twelve, which was the earliest that he could get there, possibly.

Truly that forthcoming midnight promised to be replete with incidents, as it already was with appointments and surveillances.

Katherine was to seek Belknap beneath the box-elder by the lake, after midnight. Roberta and Carruthers had made the same appointment, and the Night Wind was already at the spot, waiting. Black Julius was hot on the trail of Belknap. Betty had planned to watch the senorita, and Rushton and Clancy were also to be abroad that night.

CHAPTER XXIX.

The House of Aladdin.

When Harvard seated himself upon the rustic bench under the tree, the time was approximately half past ten, and he had been there a full hour when he roused himself to a realization of what he was doing.

"Good heavens!" he exclaimed audibly, but softly. "What was I doing! Spying upon Katherine." But instantly he denied the charge that he had made against himself.

He had not gone there to spy; he had not thought of such a thing; he had been puzzled, and he had wandered to that spot merely because the location of it had been uppermost in his mind.

"My goodness!" he murmured, smiling. "What a thing for me to do—to come here and sit down and wait, simply because—" He got to his feet and strode swiftly away, taking a course that led him to the lodge gate and out upon the highway, for he felt the necessity of the exercise that a long and rapid walk would give him. "Katherine may meet whomsoever she pleases, at any time and place that best suits her, if she wishes to, and she can inform me about it at her own good pleasure. She always has reasons for doing things, and her reasons are always good ones," he announced to himself as he passed the gate.

The saving grace which assisted Belknap's plans—and Katherine's—that night was that both were a trifle ahead of time in arriving at the appointed place.

Belknap left his room soon after eleven. He had stowed some necessary articles in the black bag which he lowered to the ground from one of his windows by a cord—after the watchful Julius had transferred his espionage from the windows to the veranda.

He then descended the stairs nonchalantly to the first floor, and encountered nobody, as it happened, although he was prepared for such an event; but everybody was outside.

He went out at the side entrance, darted into the shadows, made his way cautiously to the point under his room windows, secured his bag, and went swiftly toward the lake, having determined that he would conceal himself in the woods behind the rustic bench out at a point where he could keep an eye upon it, until Katherine should appear.

A strong point with Belknap was that he never neglected caution; therefore, without having made a sound in his approach to the place, he made the discovery that the bench was already occupied—and by a man.

He watched and waited, not without misgivings, a time that seemed interminable; but at last Harvard left the bench, and Belknap recognized him—and attributed the circumstance of his being there to accident.

Fifteen minutes later Katherine came—fully ten minutes before midnight.

She also approached the spot through the woods, and so silently that even the watchful Belknap did not hear her; but when she crossed the open space to the elder, he saw and recognized her.

Instead of following her, his caution being predominant, he uttered a low whistle, which brought her to a standstill, listening. When he repeated it, she went to him among the trees.

Neither of them suspected that other ears than their own had heard that warning whistle; but there was one who did—who heard it and crept toward the sound of it—who caught a recognizing glimpse of Katherine as she returned from the tree to the wood—and who very nearly forgot to watch on, because of the utterly amazing fact.

Katherine went close to Belknap.

"Do not speak," she said in a whisper. "Make no sound whatever, if you can avoid it. Follow me."

She led the way among the huge trees where the darkness was so deep that Belknap felt as if he was pursuing only a shadow that was more dense than those around it. Meanwhile, the owner of those other ears that had heard the whistle signal, came to a full stop, stood irresolute for a moment, and then deliberately turned away in the opposite direction.

Katherine led her companion to a point where she halted a moment as if to rest. In reality she did it in order to press a finger upon a certain spot in the bark of the tree against which she leaned. After a second or two she went on.

They came, presently, to a long flight of hardwood steps which she proceeded to mount. When they were nearly at the top, Belknap murmured:

"Can I venture to make a remark, Mrs. Harvard?"

"If you speak softly, yes," she answered without turning her head. "What is it?"

"I thought that I had thoroughly looked over the place, but I never saw these steps before. I didn't know they were here."

"They weren't," she replied laconically. "Come on, please."

PROSPECTS BRIGHT FOR FAIR IN TOOMBS

Lyons, Ga., October 31.—(Special.) The Toombs county fair will open at Lyons next Tuesday, November 4, to continue until the night of November 9. This is the fifth annual fair and the prospects are that it will be much larger and better than ever before. The fair will open at 9 o'clock Tuesday morning. Hon. Robert N. Hardeman, judge of the superior courts of the middle judicial district, of which Toombs is a part, will deliver an address formally opening the fair. Judge Hardeman will be introduced by Hon. G. W. Lankford, representative in the legislature from Toombs county and president of the Toombs County Fair association.

Tuesday, the first day, will be opening day, Wednesday will be woman's day, Thursday, agricultural and live stock day; Friday, children's, soldiers' and educational day. All the school children of the county will visit the fair this day. A reunion of the Toombs boys who served in the recent war will be held, and General Harris, of Macon, will make an address during the day. The Central States shows, with fifty attractions, will furnish amusements. Aeroplane flights by the Macon Aero company will be made each day and night.

ANTI-STRIKE LAWS PROPOSED BY SMITH

Washington, October 31.—Federal legislation to prevent strikes which, like the bituminuous coal strike, affect the public generally, was advocated in the senate today by Senator Smith, democrat, of Georgia.

Referring to a speech by former President Taft pointing out that there are two classes of strikes—those affecting only a negligible part of the public and others the whole public—Senator Smith said the responsibility to prevent the latter rests on congress.

LITTLE HOPE IS FELT FOR SENATOR MARTIN

Charlottesville, Va., October 31.—There was no change for the better evident this morning in the condition of Senator Martin, who is seriously ill at a local hospital. Senator Martin was very restless this morning after a bad night and declined no[illegible]nt. Little hope is

Bridge Benefit Soon to Be Given At Capital City Club

A bridge benefit will be given at the Capital City club Friday afternoon, November 7, by committee No. 6, of All Saints' church.

The tables will be $2 each, or 50 cents for an individual ticket. Those desiring to make reservations are asked to notify Mrs. Ewell Gay or Mrs. Charles M. Sciple.

The following reservations have been made: Mrs. Charles E. Sciple, Mrs. Rucker McCarty, Mrs. Robert Troutman, Mrs. William F. Prescott, Mrs. Lute Hunnicutt, Mrs. Arthur Reid, Mrs. Marshall McKenzie and Miss Mai O'Brien.

Home Cooking

By MRS. M. A. WILSON
Queen Victoria's Former Cuisiniere

(Copyrighted, 1919, for The Constitution)

Cold, dark mornings during the winter months make one hesitate about rising until the last moment. Yet the wise housewife can, if she will only devote a short time after the evening meal, make many of the preparations for the breakfast, and then the time usually allotted to these tasks can be devoted to preparing and cooking the meal itself.

Arrange the fruit on saucers, ready for instant serving. Place the cereal to cook in the fireless cooker or in a double boiler on the back of the range. Prepare the bread for toast by cutting into slices, trimming the crusts and then wrapping in a napkin.

If waffles or hot cakes are part of the breakfast, mix the batter in a pitcher and place in a cool place, so that it will be ready to use. Sausage, scrapple or dried beef or fish should be made ready and laid on a platter. Remove the salt from the dried beef or fish by placing it in a piece of cheesecloth and dipping three or four times in hot water and then squeezing dry.

Grind and measure the coffee into the pot and then cover the top of the coffee pot with a piece of wax paper.

In the morning the kettle can be filled with water and the griddle put on the range to heat. You can just slip on your kimono and do this, and then, while the griddle and water are heating, you can dress. Now make the coffee and start to bake the cakes. Cook the bacon and sausage or scrapple, or cream the beef or fish, or perhaps eggs are on the menu for this morning.

Place the fruit, saucers, cream, butter and other dishes intended for the tables on a tray and then arrange the table.

During the winter months the family should have an attractive, substantial breakfast, for the body requires additional foods containing starch for heat.

Save all the bits of stale bread, placing them in a pan and drying them well in the oven. Run through the food chopper and then sift and use the coarse crumbs toasted with hot milk for a cereal in the morning.

Use the fine crumbs for bread omelets, bread griddle cakes and for dipping foods that are to be fried

To Use Bread in Griddle Cakes.

Place one cup of bread crumbs in a bowl and add one cup of boiling water. Let cool and then add
One and one-half cups of flour.
One teaspoon of salt.
Three teaspoons of baking powder.
One tablespoon of sirup.
One tablespoon of shortening.
One cup of milk.

Beat to mix thoroughly and then bake on a hot griddle. Or if you are using an aluminum griddle, no grease will be required, but for those of us who still cling to the steel, soapstone or old iron griddle, a grease will be needed.

Griddle Grease.

How to make a griddle grease that will last all winter: Purchase a ten-cent Turkish wash cloth. Wash and dry the cloth and then fold it in four and tack firmly about a small block of wood about the size of a blackboard eraser. Now cover with well-washed, heavy unbleached muslin. When the greaser is ready to use, dip in good salad oil and let stand for two hours. Lift, place on a plate and let drain. Set in the icebox and it is ready to use. This greaser will eliminate the smoke from the kitchen.

Rye Griddle Cakes.

Place in a mixing bowl
One cup of rye flour.
One cup of white flour.
Six tablespoons of cornmeal.
One teaspoon of salt.
Four teaspoons of baking powder
Sift to mix and then add
One tablespoon of sirup or molasses.
One tablespoon of shortening.
One and one-half cups of milk or water.

Beat to mix thoroughly and then bake on a hot griddle.

Try baking potato biscuits on the griddle for breakfast some cold morning and see how keenly the family enjoys them.

Irish Potato Biscuits.

Place in the mixing bowl
One and one-half cups of mashed potatoes.
Two cups of flour.
One teaspoon of salt.
Two tablespoons of baking powder.
Two tablespoons of shortening.
One tablespoon of sirup.
Four tablespoons of milk.

Mix to a smooth, elastic dough, working well and then roll on a floured pastry board one-quarter inch thick. Cut into squares or oblongs and bake on well-greased griddle for fifteen minutes, turning when well browned. Serve these potato biscuits in the following menu

Breakfast
Baked prunes.
Cereal and Cream
Panned Country Pork, Cream Gravy
Potato Biscuits Coffee

To abort a cold and prevent complications, take

Calotabs

The purified and refined calomel tablets that are nauseless, safe and sure.

Medicinal virtues retained and improved. Sold only in sealed packages. Price 35c.

BIG MAIL ORDER HOUSE SOLD TO CORPORATION

New York, October 31.—Control of Montgomery, Ward and company, a Chicago mail order house of international reputation, has been acquired by the United Retail Stores corporation interests, it was announced today. The corporation also controls the United Cigar Stores company. The Montgomery, Ward management will remain unchanged.

BRITAIN IS RESOLVED TO KEEP GREAT NAVY

London, October 31.—Speaking before the Navy league, Walter Long, first lord of the admiralty, said that the peaceful future of the world is inseparably associated with future British naval policy. Efforts were being made to convince the country that new methods of naval protection must be introduced, but it must not forsake the substance of naval protection for the shadow.

HARDING NO CANDIDATE FOR THE PRESIDENCY

Columbus, Ohio, October 31.—In a letter to the Ohio republican state advisory committee in session here today, United States Senator Warren G. Harding announced that he is not a candidate for the republican nomination for the presidency and asked for the committee's support for re-election to the senate. The committee adopted a resolution endorsing him for re-election to the senatorship.

U. S. Troops at Brest.

Paris, October 31.—The United States army transport President Grant with 5,000 American troops on board, who are destined for Coblenz, arrived at Brest today.

DANCING
MON.-WED.-SAT.
NIGHTS: 9 to 12

Lesson any time day or night at Studio or your home. Phone Ivy 5786.
LANE'S
Peachtree and Cain Streets.

J. P. ALLEN & CO.
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Blouses—

In This Sale Have Special Price Concessions

THESE blouses were specially purchased—they are the equal of the models which we sell regularly at much higher prices in quality, good style and values—they were bought for less—we shall sell them for less—today.

Costume Blouses
—As Illustrated—
$12.75

delightfully new in design and treatment. Clever adaptations from well-known designs—the production of celebrated blouse makers. Hundreds of new styles, choice colors—beads, silk and yarn embroidery—exceptional values.

Blouses in this sale sketched by our own artist

Georgette Blouses
—good quality—
—popular styles—
—exceptional values.
$5

Crepe de Chine Blouses
—Exceptional quality—
—desirable styles—
—good fitting models—
—special "stout" models—
—white and flesh—
$5.95

Voile Blouses

French Voiles—colored collar and cuffs. Youthful styles—the college girls' delight..... $1.45

French Voile—new models—lace trimmed—very dainty..... $2.00

French Voile, Buster Brown—models, with black string tie..... $2.95

Special Lot of Shawlettes
—a great variety for selection specially priced for this sale— $10

Petticoats
—specially priced for this sale.

All-Silk Jersey—they are worth a great deal more— $4.85

Satin and Taffeta—the price is special for this sale—extraordinary value. $3.45

PHILIPPINE HAND MADE
Envelope Chemise and Gowns
—Richly Embroidered by Hand

These handsome garments are particularly appropriate for Christmas gifts.

This special purchase was contracted for several months ago—hence the prices are lower than they would have been had we ordered them later. We have carefully reserved them for this sale. They are all new, having just now been unpacked. A fascinating variety of patterns. Prices ranging—

$2.95 $3.50 $3.95

A Sale of Silk Underwear
With Lowered Prices

THO THE USUAL PRICES OF ALL SILK GARMENTS ARE HIGH—this sale has been specially prepared thru a fortunate purchase—and you will instantly recognize the very appreciable difference in the price.

Camisoles---Bloomers---Chemise---*Crepe de Chine*
Exquisitely trimmed with lace, georgette yokes—dainty embroidered motifs— $2.75 and $3.95

Camisoles--- *Crepe de Chine and Satin* —Beautifully trimmed with lace, ribbon and embroidered Georgette bands—choice designs— $1.75 *and* $2.45

SPECIAL LOT OF
Girls' and Junior Silk Dresses
HALF-PRICE

A SPECIAL LOT OF SATIN AND TAFFETA DRESSES AT HALF PRICE PROMISE to prove the attraction in this department today. An early call will assure the selection, the color and size in the style you prefer—mostly the popular navy, though there are a few gray, tan and copen shades. Wonderful values—very suitable for these warm autumn days. Sizes 8 to 16 years—

$18.50 Dresses ..... $ 9.25
$19.75 Dresses ..... $ 9.88
$25.00 Dresses $12.50
$29.75 Dresses $14.88
$35.00 Dresses $17.50
$39.75 Dresses $19.88

"Miss America" and "Mar-Hof" Middy Suits
Navy all-wool serge. Red and yellow sleeve emblems specially priced for this sale..... $18.75

Paul Jones Middy Blouses
All white Lonsdale Jeans—full regular made—specially priced for this sale..... $1.95
—Junior Dept., Third Floor.

J. P. ALLEN & CO.

Society

Bass Stover.

Miss Laura M. Bass and Mr. Claude Stover were united in marriage yesterday afternoon by Rev. P. R. Kendall at his residence, 31 Poplar circle, Inman Park. After a short honeymoon trip, they will make their home at 71 Williams street, Atlanta.

Miss Tucker's Party.

One of the most delightful parties of the Hallowe'en season was that of Thursday afternoon given by Miss Nana Tucker to the members of her piano class. The rooms were decked in autumn foliage, candles being artistically arranged among the branches; and the long table at which the refreshments were served was specially effective in its Hallowe'en appointments.

Musical games were enjoyed.

MEETING NOTICES

The Woman's Missionary society of Payne Memorial church will meet Monday afternoon at 2:30 o'clock at the church. At 3 o'clock Mrs. May Betts, district conference secretary, will give a talk, also Mr. Miller Baker, who has returned from Russia. All the ladies of the church are invited to be present.

SOUTHERNERS GIVEN MEDALS FOR BRAVERY

Pittsburg, Pa., October 31.—Fifty-one acts of heroism were recognized and rewarded by the Carnegie hero fund commission at a meeting held here today.

In five cases silver medals were awarded; in forty-six cases, bronze medals. Thirteen of the heroes lost their lives, and to the dependents of three of these pensions aggregating $2,160 a year were granted; to the dependents of six of the others who lost their lives the sum of $3,750 was granted to be applied as the commission may sanction. One of the heroes sustained injuries, and he was granted disablement benefits in the sum of $400 to reimburse him for his loss.

In addition to these money grants in seven cases $10,000 was appropriated for educational purposes, payments to be made as needed and approved, and in twenty-seven cases awards aggregating $23,500 were made for other worthy purposes. Payments in the one sum cases will not be made until the beneficiaries' plans for the use of the awards have been approved by the commission.

Awards were made to the following southerners:

Preston S. Cowan, Tullahoma, Tenn.; attempted to save Hubert and F. Myrtle Ragan and Mamie B. Corbin, from a runaway at Tullahoma, September 15, 1918.

Sam S. Wollner, Montgomery, Ala.; saved A. Ewing Wright and J. Raleigh Potts from drowning at Shelbyville, Tenn., April 24, 1915.

Ernest Ward, deceased, Amory, Ala.; saved Romney O. Havan from drowning at Santa Rosa island, Florida, June 18, 1916.

THE INSTRUMENT OF QUALITY

Sonora

CLEAR AS A BELL

For velvety tone and silvery sweetness, the Sonora is the queen of phonographs. It has won distinction in every test. It is a favorite with all who have appreciation of tone quality, and is growing in popularity all the time.

We have this splendid instrument, and we cordially urge you to hear it. Come any time to our Sonora Rooms, third floor, and enjoy a little concert. Any record you like will be played for you—you will find all the latest here.

If you have any thought of purchasing a musical machine, be very sure to hear the Sonora before making up your mind. We're inclined to believe you will vote it the winner.

We shall be glad to arrange convenient terms.

Records! All the new ones here waiting for you! Come hear Baby Jim. Come hear Harry Lauder and John McCormack and Alma Gluck and Caruso and lots of the new stars. Some of those whose names are not yet so famous give performances that promise tremendous futures for them. We have very full lines of popular records.

They may, if desired, be charged on your monthly account just as other merchandise is charged.

The November Victor Records go on sale Saturday. Come and make your selections early.

—Third Floor.

Chamberlin-Johnson-DuBose Co.

86-96 Whitehall Street

From Woman's Viewpoint

By FLORENCE DAVIES

A TALK-FAST.

No, the printer has not made a mistake. It is not a talk-fest (than which nothing more is delightful) that we recommend, but a talk fast, a more trying ordeal to the average woman than any Lenten denial.

It is the gifted singer Tettrazini, according to either fact or her press agent, who recently undertook the eight-day talk fast, pledging herself to silence for the sake of her voice.

Perhaps the silver-toned singer had been making too many records and her voice was weary, but one thing is certain, and that is her sudden dumbness was only assumed in the interests of her vocal cords.

But there are some women who never even qualified for second soprano in the volunteer choir of a country church, who would emerge from a talf fast with enormous benefit, and a certain sense of self mastery.

If this were an effort to be even feebly facetious one might have added "with benefit to herself and friends."

But that is not the point, for there are women who talk well and whose talk is always welcome, who nevertheless would be vastly better off for an occasional season of silence.

Talk uses up a lot of nerve-force. And after all, a vast amount of even the best of talk is unnecessary.

It's a kind of delicious frappe which adds an agreeable element to the meal but doesn't really sustain life. And if the frappe is too highly spiced or sweetened it may even be a detriment to the feast. But just suppose that one summoned the courage of Tettrazini and entered an eight-day silence.

Even granting the experimentor a few brief phrases with which to carry on the necessary business of the day, the resulting silence, and in turn the accumulated nervous energy would be astounding.

Perhaps one reason that ants can carry bodies greater than their own weight is that they never stop to talk.

To dispense with talk, good talk, spirited, animated, interesting talk, altogether, would be a disastrous calamity. But an occasional dose of silence would add a lot of capital to one's fund of nervous energy and give the individual a wholesome sense of self sufficiency.

PORTO RICO CRYING FOR FOOD SUPPLIES

San Juan, Porto Rico, October 31. Because of the continuance of the longshoremen's strike at New York and the consequent failure of food supplies to reach Porto Rico, Governor Yager has seen the following message to Washington:

"The stock of provisions in Porto Rico, especially flour, rice and potatoes, has greatly diminished. Unless vessels arrive immediately with provisions very serious conditions will arise. The soldiers of the Porto Rico regiment have been reduced to a rice ration. If the strike continues a transport with provisions, especially rice, flour and potatoes, should be sent to Porto Rico. The price of flour has nearly doubled in the last few days."

The department of justice has requested the public to report instances of profiteerings.

FEDERAL PRISONERS COMING TO ATLANTA

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, October 31.—Forty-two prisoners, whose sentences range from 18 months to 15 years, were taken from the district jail here today to the federal penitentiary at Atlanta under guard of 11 men, headed by W. L. Peak, deputy superintendent of the jail. Two of the prisoners only are white.

WORKING TO RESCUE ENTOMBED MINERS

Amsterdam, Ohio, October 31.—With thousands of miners throughout the local field preparing to strike at midnight, the mine workers here tonight laid aside all thought of work or strike in the confident hope of reaching the twenty men entombed since Wednesday morning in the burning Youghiogheny and Ohio Coal company's mine No. 2 tonight or tomorrow morning. For the first time in the sixty hours the flames have been raging the fire fighters tonight reported the fire under control.

Rescue parties reported excellent progress during the day. Hope was expressed that the trapped workers had escaped into other entries from No. 15, where they were caught when the fire broke out. Rescue work was carried out under difficult circumstances during the day.

In many places the entries have started to cave in.

Hundreds of relatives and fellow workers of the entombed men stood for hours today in a downpour of rain waiting for word of the miners. The Amsterdam branch of the Red Cross has been caring for the stricken families and has been feeding the rescue parties.

Steubenville firemen today fought the flames from two entries and rescuers tonight were following up the water through a third entry.

Every one of the 135 miners who escaped the disaster is taking his turn entering the mine with rescue parties.

ACCUSE POLICE CHIEF OF FIRING FIRST SHOT

Charlotte, N. C., October 31.—R. C. Coleman, one of the nine witnesses for the prosecution heard today in the trial of Chief of Police Walter Orr and thirty policemen on charges of murder of five men at the street car barn August 26, testified that he was told soon after reaching the barn that night that the policemen were there only as a bluff and that a number of men from Spencer, N. C., were expected to arrive soon on a special train to assist the crowd in taking the strike-breakers out of town.

Other witnesses testified that the first shot was fired by Chief Orr and one swore that he heard the chief with drawn gun shout:

"Get back or I'll kill you."

H. M. Fowler testified that Patrolman Mason, of the defendants, told him the morning after the recent recall election that every man in the crowd at the barn should have been shot and that after the chief fired, he himself fired until the streets were cleared.

BIBB WILL ORGANIZE UNIT OF COTTON BODY

Macon, Ga., October 31.—(Special.) A Bibb county unit of the American Cotton association will be formed at a meeting to be held in the chamber of commerce auditorium tomorrow. The matter came before the commissioners of the chamber of commerce at a special meeting and received their endorsement. They named M. Felton Hatcher chairman and turned the entire matter of perfecting the organization over to him.

Plans for conducting a campaign for members will be discussed at tomorrow's meeting and chairmen for each militia district in the county will be named. Campaigns will be conducted in each district and as soon as sufficient members have been enrolled the county organization will affiliate with the American Cotton association.

Search for Perfect Feminine Foot Vain; Unique Demonstration at Y. W. C. A. Today

Photo by Francis E. Price.

Left to right: Martha Cheely, Clara Harbuck, Suzanne Smith, Bonnie Roberts, four Y. W. C. A. girls who will bare feet today to learn defects and how to correct them.

For the foot demonstration that is to be held this afternoon at the Y. W. C. A., fourth floor, Arcade building, at 3 o'clock, up to date, the Atlanta girl with the perfect foot has not been found by the Young Women's Christian association.

Atlanta has been searched and the search is being continued, but when the association thinks the perfect foot has not been found by the corn or a callous or a sagging arch, some physical defect that has been caused from wearing high heeled, badly fitting shoes.

"Search a pity shrdltou tshruldNN workers of the entombed men stood "Search a pity we can't find the perfect feet in this city," exclaims Mrs. E. P. McBurney, first vice president of the Young Women's Christian association, who not only wears sensible shoes herself, but is a leading factor in the association's present "Better Health for Girls" campaign.

Purpose is Educational.

The purpose of the foot demonstration is educational. Eight Y. W. girls will have their bared feet examined by S. G. Cox, a foot specialist, in order that other girls present may know the penalty the eight are paying for wearing shoes that do not fit them. These eight girls not only wish to know and correct their foot ailments themselves, but they wish other girls and women to profit by hearing Mr. Cox diagnose the physical defects of their feet.

The attention of the public is called to the time of the demonstration—3 p. m. in the Y. W. C. A. gymnasium. The association announces that no seat reservations can be made for school and college girls as the demonstration is free and open to the public.

The colleges are to send their girls in force as an expression of the value educational leaders place upon the Y. W. C. A. "Better Health for Girls" campaign.

Girls From Agnes Scott.

The following one hundred and ninety-three girls will be present from Agnes Scott college:

Joyce Alexander, Clara Mae Allen, Ethelyne Allen, Imogene Allen, Carrie Allison, Ruth Almond, Frances Arant, Elizabeth Armstrong, Lucile Bailey, Mary Bailey, Martha Ballard, Iris Battle, Anna Bedinger, Vera Bonishe, Ethel Bittick, Delight Bernhardt, Adeline Bostic, Cecile Bowden, Ruth Bowden, Dorothy Bowron, Margaret Brenner, Ruth Broach, Clara Bright, Sara Belle Brodnax, Louise Brown, Sarah Bryan, Virginia Burum, Mary Caldwell, Maybelth Carnes, Ruth Carpenter, Willie Chappell, Minnie Lee Clarke, Evelyn Cohen, Jessie Dean Cooper, Mary M. Cooper, Harriet Costin, Essie Craig, Alma Crenshaw, Louise Cresland, Rebecca Dick, Elizabeth Dickson, Mildred Dismukes, Eileen Dodd, Mary K. Dolvin, Rowena Dorn, Achsah Edwards, Ella Ellis, Dorothy Elyea, Rosalie Engel, Nell Essinger, Christine Evans, Anne E. Farmer.

Helen Faw, Elizabeth Flake, Margaret Foster, Maude Foster, Estelle Gardner, Anne Gambrill, Anna B. Glenn, Mary Goodrich, Geraldine Goodroe, Anne Griffis, Doris Guill, Emily Guille, Mildred Ham, Helen Guy, Isabel Hall, Lula Hammett, Quennelle Harrold, Frances Harwell, Anna Harwell, Jessie Mae Hatcher, Margaret Hay, Loulie Hendrick, Emma Hermann, Mary Hewlett, Laura Mae Hill, Elizabeth Hoke, Viola Hollis, Lucie Howard, Ruby Hudson, Eleanor Hyde, Erskine Jarnagin, Margaret Jenkins, Anna Jennings, Clara Johns, Myrtle Johnson, Frances Jordan, Mary Kincannon, Elizabeth King, Lillian Kirby, Eloise Knight, Jane Knight, Hazel Lamar, Caroline Langford, Christine Lawrence, Concord Leak, Elizabeth Ligon, Parrish Little, Lucile Little, Elizabeth Lockhart, Josephine Logan, Marjorie Lowe.

Edith McCallie, Lois McClain, Elizabeth McClure, Mary McCurdy, Margaret McColgan, Hilda McConnell, Martha McIntosh, Margaret McLean, Margaret McLeod, Mary McLeod, Harriet McLeod, Harriet McMillan, Mary Mack, Rachel Maddox, Mary Malone, Jane Mann, Marguerite Martin, Mary Matheson, Jane Maultsby, Anne B. Maxwell, Anna Mende, Mattie Mitchell, Elizabeth Malloy, Caroline Moody, Lillian Moore, Sarah Moore, Dolores Morgenes, Lois Moriarty, Alexander Morrison, Susie Morton, Myrtle Murphy, Catherine Nash, Margaret Neal, Carrie Belle Norton, Harriet Noyes, Fredeva Ogletree, Virginia Ordway, Isabel Page, Elizabeth Parham, Margaret Parker, Alethea Pinkston, Valeria Posey, Mary L. Pope.

Eugenia Pou, Elizabeth Ransom, Margaret Ransom, Clarisse Read, Eugenia Rennie, Lila Rivenbark, Wilda Richardson, Rosalie Robinson, Edith Ruff, Susan Russell, Gertrude Samuels, Ruth Sanders, Angelyn Sasnett, Dorothy Scott, Alma Seagle, Katherine Shields, Annie Shurman, Olive Smith, Pearl Smith, Lilla May Stanton, Frances Stewart, Anabel Stith, Polly Stone, Mary Stone, Elizabeth Stroud, Annie Wilson Terry, Margaret Terry, Margaret Thorington, Eunice Tomlinson, Nancy Tripp, Margaret Turner, Nell Veal, Alice Virden, Ruth Warner, Margaret Walker, Eva Wassum, Catherine Waterfield, Helen Watkins, Irene Watts, Jessie Watts, Mary Lee Wilhelm, Elsie Williams, Mary Williams, Pearl Woodward, Margaretta Womesdorf, Mary Wray, Margaret Young, Nellie Young.

VERDICT OF NOT GUILTY FOR MILK PRODUCERS

Chicago, October 31.—Eight officials of the Milk Producers' Association of Indiana, northern Illinois and southern Wisconsin, were found not guilty by a jury of a conspiracy to fix the price of milk. A "milk strike" in 1916 first brought the association to wide notice, when the producers agreed to raise the price of milk from $1.30 to $1.55 a hundred. Reports of milk being destroyed and clashes between "strikers" and farmers who attempted to sell to dairymen followed, and, with a veritable milk famine in Chicago, the local dairymen agreed to pay the new price. The price was raised to $2 September 8, 1916, to $2.12 February 22, 1917, and to $3.42 following a meeting of the producers September 21, 1917.

NORTH DAKOTA FAILS TO SELL ITS BONDS

Bismarck, N. D., October 31.—Sale of $3,000,000 worth of state bonds, $2,000,000 of which were to be used as capital for the Bank of North Dakota, has fallen through, according to word received here by the state industrial commission, the bonding houses of New York and Chicago having refused to underwrite the issue. The refusal of the bonding houses followed the declination of attorneys for the bonding companies to approve the bonds pending the outcome of a suit brought by forty-two taxpayers of the state attacking the constitutionality of the bonds.

PURE AND DELICIOUS

BAKER'S COCOA

Is a most satisfactory beverage. Fine flavor and aroma and it is healthful.

Well made cocoa contains nothing that is harmful and much that is beneficial.

It is practically all nutrition.

Choice Recipe book free.

Walter Baker & Co. Ltd.

Established 1780. Dorchester, Mass.

Col. Wm. L. Kenly, Twice Honored, Demoted by U. S.

Head of Division of Military Aeronautics, Decorated by France and England, Demoted to Rank of Colonel.

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

Washington, October 31.—Colonel William L. Kenly, formerly major general and director of the division of military aeronautics, has been decorated by the British government for his unfailing activity during the war to increase the efficiency of the air service. He has been made commander of the Order of the Bath by General Charlton, chief of the aviation section of the British mission to the United States. Colonel Kenly previously received the award of the Legion of Honor from France, but his only reward from the American government was a reduction to his pre-war grade of colonel.

Colonel Kenly was designated more than three months ago for the British decoration, and it was the plan of the British mission to have it presented by the prince of Wales when he arrived in Washington. The award was made Thursday when it was learned that Colonel Kenly would be out of the city at the time of the prince's visit.

Colonel Kenly's work in the American air service won him speedy recognition during the war, when he was advanced from the rank of colonel to major general. His opposition of the war department policies for a permanent air service is said by his friends to have been the cause for his demotion and lack of recognition by this government. Secretary Baker at one time denied that he personally had held up the awarding of a decoration to Colonel Kenly.

At the outbreak of the war Colonel Kenly commanded the Seventh field artillery and went abroad with that organization. He was placed in charge of the air service abroad by General Pershing, and when he found that he could not obtain planes from the United States devoted his time to getting what equipment he could from the British and French and studied the latest developments in aviation for the benefit of the men who were designing the American planes. During this time Colonel Kenly engaged in much bombing, scout and combat work and was one of the allied squadron that participated in the air raid on Bruges.

He was made a brigadier general in August, 1917, and a major general the following April. In January, 1918, he was returned to the United States at the request of Major General G. O. Squier, head of the signal corps, and made director of the division of military aeronautics. His demotion in rank and return to the field artillery came in March of this year.

Extend System.

Americus, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—Workmen today began the work of extending the city sanitary system 500 feet along Reese street and 300 feet on Cherry street, between Elmore and Forsyth, in East Americus. This portion of the city heretofore has not enjoyed city sanitary privileges, and the extension there is being made at the request of residents. John B. Ansley, city engineer, is in charge of the work.

BRITAIN TO WITHDRAW TROOPS FROM SYRIA

London, October 31.—The proposed withdrawal of British troops from Syria is asserted by those well informed to have caused something akin to consternation among even those advocating it. Now that the British have unexpectedly acquiesced it is brought forcibly to attention that they have been the buffer between foreigners and the natives, and that the withdrawal will create a situation which might easily become acute unless delicately handled.

The British withdrawal does not mean that they have abandoned their attitude regarding the disposition of Syria, it is asserted, but has been ordered so that the tension may be relieved.

100 GENERAL OFFICERS FOR AMERICAN ARMY

Washington, October 31.—Under authority given by congress to retain 18,000 commissioned officers in the army until the end of the fiscal year, the war department has decided to retain in their present emergency grades about 100 general officers, including General March and Lieutenant Generals Hunter Liggett and Robert L. Bullard. There will be fifty-five major generals, headed by Leonard Wood, commander of the central department.

SHOWERS FOR TODAY, CLAIMS FORECASTER

"Showers today, with noticeable change in temperature," is the weather man's verdict.

Weather conditions will be cloudy, with more or less threatening weather prevailing over the greater portion of the United States, with light showers at numerous stations in all sections.

The atmospheric pressure is high both over the southeastern states and over the northeast, with a trough of low pressure between. High temperatures continue in all sections, except the extreme northwest, where below freezing is reported at nine stations, with the lowest 8 degrees below zero at Havre, Mont.

SOCIAL ITEMS

Mrs. J. Lloyd Teaford has been called to Birmingham on account of the serious illness of a little nephew, Lloyd Miller Teaford.

***

Mr. Hugh L. Stevens is at home for the winter at the Georgian Terrace.

***

A congenial party motoring to Columbus today for the Georgia-Auburn game will be Miss Loudie Speer, Miss Lula Graves Campbell, Miss Augusta Crawford, of Columbus; Mrs. Sims, Mr. Brooks Mell, Mr. John Jones, Mr. Henry Robinson and Lieutenant Thomas. Several bright parties have been planned in their honor. Mrs. Walter Crawford will entertain at a buffet luncheon today and a large dance will be given at the Country club tonight.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Charles M. Jerome have recently taken possession of their apartment on Lafayette drive, in Ansley Park, after an absence of a year in Washington, D. C., where Mrs. Jerome spent seven months in voluntary service of the bureau of communication in the American Red Cross. She gave very valuable and intelligent work in this branch of national organization, in which the interest of the soldier and soldier relatives were put in touch with one another.

***

Mrs. William M. Clemens has returned from a visit in Chicago and to relatives in Georgetown, Ky. Mr. and Mrs. Clemens have recently moved to Atlanta for residence.

***

Mrs. Thomas Thrash has returned to her home in Mississippi after a visit to her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Lloyd Binford, on Ponce de Leon avenue.

***

Mr. Henry W. Grady, Jr., and Mr. Marion Lyle, of the Trust Company of Georgia, are in New York, where they will remain until the first of the year taking a special course in the bond department of the Guarantee Trust company.

***

The "Black Friars," the dramatic club at Agnes Scott college, had its annual tryout last Monday night. The names of those girls who have been accepted into the club will be announced later.

***

Mr. Walter Downan entertained a number of the high school set at his home Thursday night.

***

The Sunbeams of the Baptist church in Decatur enjoyed a Hallowe'en party at the home of Mrs. Hutchens Thursday evening.

***

Mrs. McGeachy's Sunday school class was delightfully entertained on Thursday night at the home of Mrs. Bright on Melrose avenue, in Decatur.

***

Miss Louise Braswell will entertain informally at her home this evening.

***

Mrs. Oscar Pappenheimer has postponed her visit to New York for a week.

***

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Martin, of New York, are at the Georgian Terrace hotel until the latter part of November, when they will start on their journey to China, where Mr. Martin will be engaged in business.

***

Mrs. Samuel Lumpkin is in Tennessee in the interest of the thrift and W. S. S. movement, of which she is the woman director in the sixth federal reserve district. She will return early next week.

***

Major Graham Johnson has returned from Montgomery, Ala., where he attended the Ligon-Bowdoin wedding. Mrs. Johnson will return later.

***

Miss Susie Sandiford has returned from a visit to South Georgia.

***

Mr. and Mrs. St. Elmo Massengale are at the Piedmont hotel for the present. They have closed their cottage at St. Simons and will be cordially welcomed by their many friends.

***

Mrs. Howell Cloud is reported as slightly improved in her critical illness at her home on Peachtree road. She is still very ill, but there is some slight hope entertained for her recovery.

The Old Order Passes.

(From The New York Morning Telegraph.)

The ex-kaiser has sued a former subject for exhibiting a film that "reflects" on him. In the good old, glad old days of yore he would have prosecuted the exhibitor.

NO FEAR OF CROUP NOW

Give the Sufferers Cheney's Expectorant, the Famous Remedy for Colds, Coughs or Whooping Cough.

Good for Every Member of the Family.

To relieve cold, croup and pain in the chest, thereby preventing influenza, pneumonia and other troubles that start with an ordinary cold, take Cheney's Expectorant, and old and tried remedy, which can be procured at any drug store, at a small cost, and should be kept in every home as it is invaluable for both children and grown people. Boykin R. Smith, of Jasper County, Ga., says, "It is the BEST preparation for coughs and croup in existence." "Cheney's Expectorant is the greatest relief for whooping cough I ever tried."—Mrs. W. A. Blackwell, Roost, Ky.

Cheney's Expectorant is a combination of the best recognized drugs prescribed by physicians for the treatment of stubborn coughs, asthma, colds, bronchial troubles, whooping cough, sore throat. Try it.—(adv.)

ALL NEGROES DRIVEN FROM KENTUCKY TOWN

Corbin, Ky., October 31.—Angered by a series of robberies and attacks on white men, a mob here last night rounded up practically all negroes in Corbin except the older residents, placed more than 200 on departing trains and forced the remainder to leave on foot.

During the demonstration a large number of shots were fired. One negro was killed, according to reports, and two others were wounded. The town is quiet today.

AGED NEGRO UNEARTHS SECRET

Old Ditch-Digger Finds Curative Power in Mississippi Mud. Cured of Rheumatism While on Job.

In our minds, all of us can recall some old negro whose usefulness seems gone and whose steps seem uncertain save for their steady progress toward the grave.

Such was the condition of an old man who was hired to dig a small irrigating ditch out near the village of Hickory, Miss. His steps were uncertain, his joints swollen and his body was infested with a plague of sores.

But on the third day his steps grew quicker, his sores were healing and the gleam in his eye showed that he had again taken a new interest in life.

Right then and there it was learned that the mud in which this negro had been working was possessed of some wonderful medicinal virtue.

Investigation resulted in the development of Sul-Ferro-Sol, a blood remedy of wonderful capacity.

It so happened that where this ditch was begun, nature had placed a rare combination of Iron, Sulphur and Potash—correctly proportioned and correctly combined.

And thus it's ever back to nature. Sul-Ferro-Sol is highly recommended for all troubles arising from an impure blood: Rheumatism, Pellagra, Eczema, Tetter, Etc.

At all drug stores, everywhere. Liberal bottles for one dollar.

Interesting booklet, "Road to Health," upon request. The Sul-Ferro-Sol Co., Montgomery, Alabama. Desk B.—(adv.)

Don't let skin trouble spoil your good time

Resinol heals sick skins

"I can't have any fun! I am such a *sight* with this eczema that people avoid me wherever I go. And the *itching* torments me so that I don't get any peace, anyhow."

Don't be discouraged! Even in severe, well-established cases of eczema, ringworm or similar skin-troubles, Resinol Ointment, aided by Resinol Soap, usually relieves the itching at once and quickly clears the eruption away.

Doctors prescribe the Resinol treatment. All druggists sell Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap

To Stop Coughing Stop The Tickle

Hayes' Healing Honey

Stops The Tickle
Heals The Throat
Cures The Cough
35c per Bottle

A Free Box of Grove's O-Pen-Trate Salve

Opens the Pores and Penetrates

For Head Colds, Chest Colds and Croup, is enclosed with every bottle of Hayes' Healing Honey.

You get the Cough Syrup and the Salve for one price, 35c.

Made, Recommended and Guaranteed to the Public by

PARIS MEDICINE COMPANY

Manufacturers of Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets and Grove's Tasteless Chill Tonic.

Bring the Boys to Headquarters

Every Garment in the House Absolutely New

This is the first season for our boys' department, therefore, every garment in the entire stock of overcoats, suits, hats and furnishings is new and desirable.

We clothe the boys from head to foot—from shoes to hat—and all the necessary requisites in between.

Bring the boys to headquarters—where they will find the newest and most desirable wearables to be had.

Carlton Shoe & Clothing Co.

36 Whitehall St.

The Constitution's Markets, Business and Financial News and Reviews

Early Cotton Rallies Met by Heavy Selling Following Crop Report

Sharp Break Ensued, But List Rallied Late in Day and Closed Very Steady, Net 8-66 Points Up.

RANGE IN NEW YORK COTTON.

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev. Close.
Dec.	36.75	36.88	36.15	36.65	36.49
Jan.	35.95	36.29	35.55	35.92	35.75
Mar.	35.29	35.66	35.07	35.25	35.15
May	34.80	35.35	34.73	34.90	34.75
July	34.10	34.60	34.00	34.30	34.13

Closed very steady.

RANGE IN NEW ORLEANS COTTON

	Open	High	Low	Close	Prev. Close.
Dec.	36.90	37.00	36.40	36.75	36.88
Jan.	35.92	36.21	35.50	36.00	36.00
Mar.	35.11	35.62	35.00	35.10	35.17
May	34.64	35.19	34.58	34.70	34.62
July	34.20	34.70	34.12	34.12	34.13

Closed barely steady.

New York, October 31.—The extra government crop report making the condition 51.1 against 54.4 at the end of September seemed a disappointment to recent buyers in the cotton market today. At any rate there was heavy liquidation and early advances were followed by a sharp break with January selling off from 36.22 to 35.50, or 72 points from the best, and 25 points net lower.

There were rallies later on trade buying and covering, however, with January closing at 35.92 and with the general list closing very steady at a net gain of 8 to 66 points.

The market opened steady at a decline of 8 points on July, but generally 4 to 39 points higher on the unfavorable weather map, continued bullish trade accounts and a steady cable. There was probably some disappointment over the absence of anything to confirm yesterday's late rumors that the coal strike had been declared off, but buying was stimulated by prospects for frost with freezing temperatures in northern parts of the western belt, and prices soon sold 39 to 50 points above last night's closing figures.

At 36.88 for December and 35.66 for March the advance was checked by a renewal of near month liquidation and the selling became more active and urgent right after the publication of the government report, which was taken as indicating that October rainfall had been more detrimental to the grade than the size of the crop.

December broke to 36.15 and March to 35.05, or about 12 to 24 points net lower, but there was good buying on a scale down and reports that the government had secured an injunction against the strike helped the tone of the afternoon market.

SPOTS IN NEW YORK.

New York, October 31.—Spot cotton steady; middling, 38.40.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET IRREGULAR FRIDAY

New Orleans, October 31.—It was an irregular market in cotton today, owing to the switching and straddling trading between the near and the distant months on a large scale. The near months were under selling pressure, while the distant months felt buying pressure.

The wide discounts which have been quoted on the late months finally proved very attractive to the long side and many holders of long contracts in the near options sold out and bought the discounts on the far months.

The government report on condition on October 25 of 51.1 per cent of a normal crop was not as low as expected, but it caused only momentary declines of half a cent a pound, after which the market recovered fairly well. Last prices were 8 points higher to 13 points lower than the final quotations of yesterday.

In the early trading switching operations were the main feature. Around the opening prices were 7 to 13 points off on the most active months, but bad weather created a demand on which the market rose to net gains of 12 to 43 points.

At the time of the government report, 11 o'clock, the most active months did not show much net change. January dropped 50 points when the figures were read to the ring, but selling pppressure was not sustained, the news of the injunction against the coal strike proving a supporting influence.

SPOTS IN NEW ORLEANS.

New Orleans, October 31.—Spot cotton, steady and unchanged. Sales on the spot, 2,060; to arrive, 1,832. Low middling, 33.75; middling, 39.00; good middling, 40.75. Receipts, 12,573; stock, 390,416.

London Money.

London, October 31.—Bar silver, 65¼d per ounce.

Money, 2% per cent; discount rates, short bills, 4% per cent; three-month bills, 4% per cent.

Liverpool Cotton.

Liverpool, October 31.—Cotton, spot in good demand; prices lower. Good middling, 25.65; fully middling, 25.05; middling, 24.25; low middling, 22.20; good ordinary, 20.25; ordinary, 19.25. Sales, 15,000 bales, including 10,600 American. No receipts. Futures closed steady: November, 23.90; December, 23.49; January, 22.94; March, 22.24; May, 21.69; July, 21.24. Official noon closing: October, 24.15.

Weekly Statistics.

Total forwarded to mills, 84,000 bales, of which American, 64,000. Stock, 699,000; American, 444,000. Imports, 39,000; American, 35,000. Exports, 8,464.

AMERICAN EXCHANGE COTTON QUOTATIONS

New York, October 31.—(Special.)—Following were ruling prices on the American Cotton and Grain Exchange, Inc., today:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
December	37.60	37.60	36.50	37.00
January	36.50	36.58	35.90	36.40
March	36.00	36.10	35.46	35.65
May	35.90	35.90	35.10	35.40
July	34.70	34.84	34.39	34.65

Metals.

New York, October 31.—Copper, dull; electrolytic, spot and fourth quarter, 21@22.

Iron firm and unchanged.

Antimony, 8.75.

Metal exchange quotes lead quiet; spot, 6.70 bid; December, 6.70 bid, 6.85 asked. Spelter firm; East St. Louis spot, 7.40 bid, 7.55 asked.

At London: Standard copper, spot, 100 pounds 12s 6d; futures, 101 pounds 10s; electrolytic, spot, 114 pounds; futures, 118 pounds. Tin, spot, 275 pounds 2s 6d; futures, 275 pounds 12s 6d. Lead, spot, 31 pounds 2s 6d; futures, 31 pounds 7s 6d. Spelter, spot, 44 pounds 10s; futures, 45 pounds.

Swift & Co.

Chicago, October 31.—Swift & Co., 1.37.

Provisions.

Chicago, October 31.—Cash:

Pork, nominal.

Lard, $26.95.

Ribs, $18.25@19.25.

White Potatoes.

Chicago, October 31.—Potatoes, steady; arrivals, 45 cars; northern sacked and bulk, $2.15@2.40.

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS COTTON SEED PRODUCTS

Crude oil, basis prime	$20.00
C. S. meal, 7 per cent ammonia	71.00
C. S. meal, Ga. Com. R. Pt.	70.00
Cotton seed hulls, loose	12.50
Cotton seed hulls, sacked	16.50
Linters, first cut, high grade	.08
Linters, clean, mill run	.04

COTTON MOVEMENT

Port Movement.

New Orleans: Middling, 39.00; receipts, 12,573; sales, 3,892; stock, 390,416.

Galveston: Middling, 40.50; receipts, 8,695; exports, 5,500; sales, 8,813; stock, 271,684.

Mobile: Middling, 37.00; receipts, 10,372; sales, 135; stock, 20,057.

Savannah: Middling, 37.38; receipts, 11,293; sales, 458; stock, 327,770.

Charleston: Middling, 37.00; receipts, 5,634; sales, 30; stock, 78,443.

Wilmington: Middling, 36.25; receipts, 1,142; stock, 53,899.

Texas City: Receipts, 234; stock, 24,554.

Norfolk: Middling, 36.88; receipts, 1,735; exports, 5,370; sales, 1,334; stock, 94,372.

Baltimore: Receipts, 1,422; stock, 4,200.

Boston: Middling, 38.25; receipts, 50; stock, 3,923.

Philadelphia: Middling, 38.65; stock, 6,290.

New York: Middling, 38.40; stock, 98,719.

Minor ports: Receipts, 11,385; exports, 1,424; stock, 28,159.

Total today: Receipts, 64,535; exports, 12,294; stock, 1,402,486.

Total for week: Receipts, 312,865; exports, 77,900.

Total for season: Receipts, 1,527,100; exports, 1,068,931.

Interior Movement.

Houston: Middling, 40.00; receipts, 15,073; shipments, 13,587; sales, 3,334; stock, 169,062.

Memphis: Middling, 40.00; receipts, 9,000; shipments, 7,065; sales, 2,700; stock, 184,653.

Augusta: Middling, 37.50; receipts, 3,791; shipments, 3,391; sales, 2,142; stock, 188,745.

St. Louis: Middling, 40.00; receipts, 1,356; shipments, 1,656; sales, 50; stock, 5,022.

Atlanta: Middling, 37.90; receipts, 2,219; shipments, 1,936; stock, 35,573.

Little Rock: Middling, 38.38; receipts, 1,567; shipments, 2,003; sales, 2,003; stock, 39,027.

Dallas: Middling, 40.30; sales, 10,342.

Montgomery: Middling, 37.00; sales, 388.

Total today: Receipts, 33.00; shipments, 29,638; stock, 613,080.

Cotton Region Bulletin.

Atlanta, Ga.—For the 24 hours ending at 7 a. m., 75th meridian time, October 31, 1919.

STATIONS OF ATLANTA, GA., DISTRICT.	Temperature. Highest	Temperature. Lowest	Precipitation. Hundredths.
Atlanta, foggy	72	64	.01
xColumbus, cloudy	78	74	.00
xGainesville, cloudy	75	62	.00
xGriffin, cloudy	80	66	.00
xMacon, cloudy	—	68	.00
Monticello, cloudy	76	66	.00
xNewnan, cloudy	83	68	.00
xRome, cloudy	77	66	.00
xTallapoosa, cloudy	86	61	.00
xToccoa, cloudy	77	61	.04
xWest Point, cloudy	84	70	.03
xSpartanburg, cloudy	69	61	.02
District averages	79	65	

zHighest yesterday, ‡Lowest for 24 hours, ending at 7 a. m., 75th meridian time, except where otherwise indicated.

NOTE—The "state of weather" is that prevailing at the time of the observation.

xMinimum temperatures are for 12-hour period ending at 7 a. m. this date.

Summary for Cotton Region States.

New Orleans, La., October 31.—Temperatures were above normal in all sections of the belt, with the maximum from 4 to 14 degrees above the minimum from 11 to 24 degrees above the seasonal average. Numerous showers, mostly light to moderate, occurred in Oklahoma, eastern Texas, Arkansas and Louisiana, with scattered showers near the east gulf and south Atlantic coasts. Heavy rains: Alabama, Evergreen, 1.62. Louisiana, Franklin, 2.14. Oklahoma, Durant, 1.34; McAlister, 1.02.—Cline.

Note.—This is the last bulletin of the season.

C. F. von HERRMANN,
Meteorologist, Weather Bureau.

PROFESSIONAL VIEWS ON COTTON SITUATION

New York, October 31.—(Special.)—The government bureau report as of October 25, of 51.1, was slightly better than expected and some realizing was engountered immediately thereafter, but the market absorbed the selling readily as the trade continues to buy on all setbacks. The government secured an injunction against the united mine officials and we look for defeat of the coal strike. Some local long interests who liquidated a few days ago fearing labor trouble were replacing their contracts. Naturally reactions will occur from time to time, furnishing a better buying basis.

J. W. JAY & CO.

New York, October 31.—(Special.)—The chief feature of today's market was the government's special report on condition of the crop as of October 25. It showed 51.1 per cent, and was slightly higher than had been popularly expected.

The market sold down rapidly about 50 points, after its publication, but recovery was instantaneous, heavy demand appearing on the depression.

The Journal of Commerce condition of 48.1 per cent, published today, also attracted considerable attention. There are some who believe this is nearer in line with the true situation than the government report. An injunction against the coal strike contributed favorable influence to cotton as did the buoyant stock market. With trade buying spots and futures persistently higher prices appear inevitable.

ORVIS BROS. & CO.

New York, October 31.—(Special.)—A government condition report of 51.1 was a surprise to the trade, who felt that a lower report would be published. Heavy selling appeared on the report, the offerings, however, being quickly absorbed, bringing a sharp rally. On the recovery the south turned sellers on the idea that all the news was out and in face of the coming coal strike it was well to take profits and await developments, a not unwise thing to do, after the high markets which have prevailed and the uncertainty of the outcome of the labor situation. While eventually prices may sell higher, just now it is well to be content with present values. Frost is predicted for the northern belt tonight.

HUBBARD BROS. & CO.

New York, October 31.—(Special.)—Today's condition report of 51.1 forecasts a minimum yield of less than ten million bales. The day by day sales of 15,000 bales in Liverpool shows England is selling goods to countries on a silver basis and also shows cotton will inevitably advance to a point where it will automatically check consumption. Fluctuations wild and wide are sure to come, but we feel strongly that cotton has not seen its best prices.

CLARK & CO.

METHODISTS TO KEEP OLD FOUNTAIN HEAD

Nashville, Tenn., October 31.—The Tennessee conference, Southern Methodist church, voted today to take over the old Fountain Head church in Sumner county, where the Tennessee conference was organized November 12, 1812.

Store Robbed.

Savannah, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—The wholesale house of A. Ehrlich & Bro. is short more than a hundred caddies of slab tobacco and more than 25,000 cigarettes, as a result of a visit of burglars some time in the early hours of yesterday morning. It is believed the burglars, who entered the big store in the heart of the business area, got away with the weighty loot in an automobile truck.

STOCKS IGNORE LABOR SITUATION

List Moves Upward Friday in Face of Coal Strike—Affected Issues to Highest Levels.

New York, October 31.—Disregarding the more critical aspects of the labor situation, as suggested by the threatened walk-out of the bituminous coal miners tonight, stocks were again pushed forward today, the turn-over being most extensive.

Steels, equipments and affiliated shares, whose productive capacity would be most seriously affected by a protracted suspension of operations at the mines, dominated the market to a greater degree than at any recent period. These issues, almost as a whole, soared to highest levels of the current movement. In a number of noteworthy instances new maximums not only for the year, but for all previous periods, were registered.

The market displayed remarkable stability throughout, reacting only moderately in the final dealings, when call loans rose to 19 per cent, the highest rate in many weeks and 10 per cent over the initial quotation.

Foremost features included Republic Iron, which retained the greater part of its 15 points advance; Lackawanna and Gulf States Steels at extreme gains of 8 points, Pressed Steel Car 5 and others of that group 2 to 4. United States Steel, however, eased at the close.

Baldwin Locomotive led the equipments, though forfeiting part of its 6 point rise, and several of the less prominent shares of that division, notably Worthington Pump, Otis Elevator and Chicago Pneumatic Tool, made gross gains of from 5 to 12 points.

Shippings, Republic and Stutz Motors, United States Rubber, American Woolen, May Department Stores, International Paper, American Writing Paper preferred, and sugars comprehended the other outstanding stocks, advancing 4 to 20 points at their best.

Bonds were without especial feature, though irregular in the main on smaller dealings. Total sales, par value, aggregated $13,375,000. Old United States bonds were unchanged on call.

NEW YORK STOCKS

	High.	Low.	Close.	Prev. Close.
Am. Beet Sugar	100	98½	98¾	98
Am. Can	63⅞	62	63¼	62½
Am. Car & Fdry	136	132¾	134	133
Am. H. & L. pfd.	133	131½	131½	131¾
Am. Intl. Corp.	132¼	129½	129⅝	128⅝
Am. Locomotive	109	105¾	107	105½
Am. Linseed	80½	80	80½	79¾
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	90¼	87¾	90	88
Am. Sugar	146⅞	144½	145	144¾
Am. Sum. Tob.	104½	103¼	103½	103½
Am. Tel. & Tel.	99½	99¼	99¼	99½
Am. Tobacco	309	303½	306¼	305
Anaconda Copper	66⅝	65¼	65⅞	65½
Atchison	90⅝	89¾	90	91
Atl. Coast Line	—	—	—	92½
Atl., G. & W. I.	192⅜	185	187½	184
Bald. Loco.	147¾	143	145½	142
Balt. & Ohio	39¼	38	39¼	39
Beth. Steel "B"	109½	106¾	107¾	106¼
Canadian Pacific	149¾	148¾	149⅜	148¾
Central Leather	107⅜	104	106¾	103½
Ches. & Ohio	57½	57½	57½	57
Chic., M. & St. P.	43	42¼	42¾	42
Chic., R. I. & Pac.	27½	27	27⅜	27¼
Chino Cop.	41½	41⅜	41⅜	41⅜
Col. F. & Iron	47¼	46	46	44⅞
Corn Products	97⅜	94¾	96	95¼
Crucible Steel	250	245½	247	245¼
Cuba Cane Sugar	44½	43¾	43¾	42¾
Erie	15¾	15¼	15¼	15½
Gen. Elec.	176	173	173	172
Gen. Motors	385½	380½	381½	381¾
Grt. Nor., pfd.	84¾	84¼	84¼	84⅝
Grt. Nor. Ore Ctfs.	43⅜	43	43½	42⅞
Gulf States Steel	84¾	78½	80	76
Illinois Central	91	91	91	91½
Inspiration Copper	58⅜	57⅞	58⅜	57⅝
Int. M. M., pfd.	113½	112	112¾	111½
Int. Nickel	27¼	26¾	26⅞	26¾
Int. Paper	70	70	70	67½
Kennecott Copper	33	32⅜	32⅝	33
Louis. & Nash.	113¾	113¼	113⅜	111
Max. Motors	53½	51¾	51½	51¼
Mex. Petroleum	259	251	253	249½
xMiami Copper	25¾	25⅜	25⅝	26⅞
Midvale Steel	54⅛	53	53⅜	52⅝
Missouri Pacific	28¼	28	28¼	28
N. Y. Central	73	72	72½	72⅝
N. Y., N. H. & H.	33¾	32¼	33⅜	32½
Nor. & Western	100⅝	100	100	100⅝
Northern Pacific	85½	84⅞	85⅜	84⅝
Ohio Cities Gas	54⅜	53	53½	53¼
Ok. Prod. & Ref.	10⅛	10	10⅛	9⅝
Pan-Am. Pet.	134½	130½	132	130⅝
Pennsylvania	42⅞	42¼	42⅜	42¼
Pitts. & W. Va.	32⅜	32½	32¾	31
Ray Con. Copper	22⅛	22	22	22
Reading	81⅝	80¾	81	81
Rep. I. & S.	143⅜	128	140¼	129
Royal Dutch, N. Y.	108⅝	106¾	107¾	106⅝
S. A. L.	9	9	9	8¾
S. A. L., pfd.	—	—	—	17½
Sinclair O. & R.	61⅜	60¼	60⅝	60¼
Sloss-Shef. S. & I.	79½	72¾	76½	73⅝
Southern Pac.	108¾	107⅜	108¼	106⅝
Southern Ry.	25¾	24⅞	25	25¼
Sou. Ry., pfd.	63½	63¼	63¼	62⅞
Studebaker Corp.	141⅜	137½	140½	138
Tenn. Copper	123⅜	12½	12½	12½
Texas Co.	342	336	336	336
Tobacco Prod.	102⅜	101½	101⅞	102⅜
Union Pac.	123¾	122¼	122⅜	122¾
U. S. Retail tStores	118½	116⅜	117	115⅜
United Fruit	211	208	208½	207
U. S. Food Prod.	86	85¼	85¾	86
U. S. Ind. Alcohol	106⅜	104	106⅛	105¼
U. S. Rubber	138	134	135	133
U. S. Steel	110¾	108½	109⅜	108¼
U. S. Steel, pfd.	115⅜	115¼	115½	115¼
Utah Copper	80¾	79	80	80
Va.-Car. Chem.	78	77½	78	77
Western Union	—	—	—	85⅝
West. Elec.	58⅜	56½	57¼	56⅜
Willys-Overland	35¼	34	34½	34¼
xEx-dividend.				

Total sales of stocks, 1,935,700 shares.

NEW YORK BONDS

U. S. 2s, registered, bid 100
do. coupon, bid 100
U. S. convertible 3s, registered, bid 88
do. coupon, bid 88
U. S. 4s, registered, bid 106
do. coupon, bid 106
American Tel. & Tel. cv. 6s 100
Anglo-French 5s 97⅝
Atchison gen. 4s 79
Atlantic Coast Line 1st 4s 79¾
Baltimore & Ohio cv. 4½s 68¾
Bethlehem Steel ref. 5s 88
Central of Georgia Consolidated 5s, bid 87
Central Leather 5s, bid 95⅝
Chesapeake & Ohio cv. 5s 83⅜
Chicago, B. & Quincy joint 4s 95⅜
Chicago, Mil. & St. P. cv. 4½s 75¼
Chicago, R. I. & Pac. Ry. ref. 4s 69⅞
City of Paris 6s 90
Colorado & Southern ref. 4½s 79¾
Denver & Rio Grande ref. 5s 56⅜
Dominion of Canada 5s (1931) 95
Erie gen. 4s 48¼
Illinois Central ref. 4s 81
Int. Mer. Marine 6s 96⅜
Kansas City Southern ref. 5s 77
Liggett & Myers 5s 99⅝
Louisville & Nashville un. 4s 88
Missouri, Kan. & Texas 1st 4s 64
Missouri Pac. gen. 4s 57
New York Central deb. 6s 94
Norfolk & Western cv. 6s 104½
Northern Pacific 4s 77¼
Pennsylvania Consolidated 4½s, bid 91½
Pennsylvania gen. 5s 93
Reading gen. 4s 82¾
Republic Iron & Steel 5s (1940) 94½
St. Louis & San Fran. adj. 6s 59½
Seaboard Air Line adj. 5s 46¾
Southern Bell Tel. 5s, bid 88⅜
Southern Pacific cv. 5s 108¾
Southern Railway 5s 87½
Southern Railway gen. 4s 63⅞
Texas Company cv. 6s 104
Texas & Pacific 1st, offered 88
Union Pacific 4s 84½
U. S. Steel 5s 100
Virginia-Carolina Chemical 5s 95¼
Wabash 1st 91¾

Liberty Bonds.

New York, October 31.—Final prices of Liberty bonds today were:

3½s	100.70
First 4s	95.00
Second 4s	93.00
First 4¼s	95.20
Second 4¼s	93.10
Third 4¼s	93.14
Fourth 4¼s	93.24
Victory 3¾s	99.52
Victory 4¼s	99.40

Local Market Quotations

ATLANTA BANK CLEARINGS.

BANK CLEARINGS FRIDAY	$13,063,025.27
Same day last week	15,574,396.04
Same day last year	11,363,268.99
Increase over same day last year	1,699,756.28

ATLANTA MARKETS

(Prices quoted by wholesale dealers to retailers. Corrected daily by the State Bureau of Markets, State Capitol, Atlanta.)

EGGS, POULTRY AND BUTTER.

Eggs, per dozen, No. 1 candled	$0.59
Eggs, cold storage	.53
Friers, live, per pound	.45
Hens, live, per pound	.30
Roosters, live, per pound	.20
Ducks, live, per pound	.30
Geese, per pound	.34
Turkeys, live, per pound	.35
Butter, creamery, quarters	.70
Butter, choice table, per pound	.69
Butter, cooking, per lb.	.45
Cheese, per pound	.33

PRODUCE.

Cabbage, per cwt.	$4.00
Irish potatoes, new, cwt.	3.25
Onions (red), cwt.	5.00
Snap beans, hampers	3.00
Oranges, Florida, crate	4.50
Grapefriut	$3.75@4.50
Tomatoes, 6-basket crates	$3.50@ 4.00
Sweet potatoes, cwt.	2.50

FEED STUFFS.

Mixed stock feed, ton	$48@70
Corn, No. 2, bushel	1.95
Oats, No. 3, bushel	.95
Hay, No. 1 timothy, per ton	40.00
Hay, alfalfa, per ton	43.00
Shorts, gray, ton	46.00
Shorts, brown, ton	59.00
Bran, per ton	48.00
Chicken feed, cwt., sacked	$3.80@ 4.25

GROCERIES.

Corn meal, cwt.	$3.90
Flour, 24-lb. sacks, per bbl.	11.70
Flour, 48-lb. sacks, per bbl.	11.50
Flour, self rising	add. .25

ATLANTA LIVE STOCK MARKET.

(Corrected by the White Provision Co.)

Good to choice steers, 850-1,000, $9@9.50.

Good steers, 750-850, $8.50@8.75.

Medium to good steers, 750-850, $7.50@8.50.

Good to choice beef cows, 750-850, $6.75@7.50.

Medium to good cows, 650-750, $6.25@6.75.

Good to choice heifers, 550-650, $6@7.

The above represents the ruling prices for good quality fed cattle.

Inferior grades and dairy types quoted below:

Medium to good steers, 700-800, $7@8.

Medium to good cows, 600-700, $5.50@6.50.

Mixed common cows, $4.50@5.50.

Good fat oxen, $7@7.50.

Good butcher bulls, $6@7.

Choice veal calves, $6.50@8.

Yearlings, $4.50@6.

Prime hogs, 165-225, $11.75@12.

Light hogs, 135x165, $10.75@11.

Heavy pigs, 100-135, $9.75@10.

Light pigs, 60-100, $8.75@9.

The above applies to good quality mixed fed hogs.

ATLANTA QUOTATIONS SPOT COTTON MARKET

ATLANTA SPOT COTTON	39.00c
Same day last year	30.10c
Receipts, bales	2,219
Shipments, bales	1,936
Stock, bales	35,573

Atlanta Securities.

	Bid.	Asked.
Atlanta National Bank	290	310
Atlantic Ice & Coal Corp.	82	83
Atl. Ice & Coal Corp., pfd.	82½	84
A. & W. P. Railroad	148	150
Atlantic Steel	90	92
xAtlantic Steel, pfd.	92	95
Bibb Mfg. Co. (Macon)	200	210
Cen. Bank & Trust Corp.	152	1.55
Augusta & Savannah Ry.	90	.....
Fulton National Bank	135	.....
Exposition Cotton Mills	2.40	2.50
Eagle & Phoenix Cot. Mills	204	209
Empire Cotton Oil Co.	80	.....
Fourth National Bank	325	.....
Ga. Ry. & Elec. 5 per cent pfd.	77	79
Ga. Ry. & Elec. stamped	106¼	108
Ga. Ry. & Power Co. 1st pfd	70	75
Ga. Ry. & Power Co. 2d pfd.	14	16
Ga. Ry. & Power Co. com.	10	13
Ga. R. R. & Banking Co.	228	232
Hillside Cotton Mills	220	225
Mandeville Mills	235	250
Southwestern Railroad	93	95
Trust Company of Georgia	250	.....
Citizens' & Southern Bank	250	.....
Lowry National Bank	235	240
Atlantic Steel 6s	97½	100
Atlantic Ice & Coal Corp. 6s	94	95
Ga. R. R. & Banking Co. 4s	78	83
Cen. R. R. & Bank Co. Col. Trust 5s	89	91

ATLANTA PROVISION MARKET.

(Corrected by the White Provision Co.)

Cornfield hams, 10-12 average	$ .32
Cornfield hams, 12-14 average	.32
Cornfield skinned hams, 16-18 av.	.33
Cornfield picnic hams, 6-8 average	.21
Cornfield breakfast bacon, wide or narrow	.45
Cornfield sliced bacon, 1-lb. packages, 12 to case	.33
Grocers' bacon, wide or narrow	.33
Cornfield pork sausage, fresh link or bulk	.24
Cornfield wieners in 10-lb. cartons	.22
Cornfield wieners in 12-lb. kits in pickle	3.00
Cornfield bologna sausage in 25-lb. boxes	.20
Cornfield smoked link sausage in 25-lb. boxes	.18
Grandmother's pure lard, tierce basis	.32½
Country style lard, tierce basis	.32½
Compound lard, tierce basis	.27
D. S. extra ribs	.22
D. S. bellies, light average	.22
D. S. bellies, medium average	.22

Condition Cotton Crop 51.1, Says Special Report

Washington, October 31.—Condition of the cotton crop on October 25 was 51.1, according to a supplemental report issued today by the department of agriculture at the direction of congress. No comparative figures for last year are available, the announcement said, and there is no basis for a forecast of production.

The regular report as of September 25 gave the condition as 54.4 per cent of normal, which forecast a production of 10,696,000 bales.

Congress directed that a new estimate as of October 25 be prepared because members from southern states insisted that the September 25 crop forecast was erroneous, the department of agriculture not having taken abandoned acreage into consideration in its preparation.

Today's report showed a decline of 3.3 points during the month, as compared with a decline of 7 points shown by the September estimate and an average decline of less than 5 points on the September date during the ten preceding years.

The following were the condition reports issued during the year:

	Oct. 25	Sept. 25	Aug. 25	July 25	June 25	May 25
Virginia	63	64	67	80	82	89
North Carolina	64	61	70	76	83	85
South Carolina	60	61	67	71	78	78
GEORGIA	48	49	55	67	72	81
Florida	33	35	38	50	57	75
Alabama	44	45	55	64	67	77
Mississippi	49	52	61	63	63	73
Louisiana	32	38	47	52	61	..
Texas	46	52	61	67	69	76
Arkansas	55	60	65	63	64	68
Tennessee	64	64	69	67	64	64
Missouri	78	78	75	67	69	70
Oklahoma	68	72	71	75	69	65
California	92	95	98	100	99	91
Arizona	89	92	90	93	93	..
Total	51.1	54.4	61.4	67.1	70.0	56.6

Hester's Cotton Statement

Comparisons are to actual dates, not to close of corresponding weeks.

	Bales.
In sight for week	495,000
do. same seven days last year	411,000
do. same seven days year before	487,000
do. for the month	1,754,000
do. same date last year	1,668,000
do. same date year before	2,025,000
do. for season	2,679,000
do. same date last year	3,079,000
do. same date year before	3,567,000
Port receipts for season	1,528,000
do. same date last year	1,551,000
do. same date year before last	2,031,000
Overland to mills and Canada for season	160,000
do. same date last year	298,000
do. same date year before	250,000
Southern mill takings for season	768,000
do. same date last year	918,000
do. same date year before	929,000
Interior stocks in excess of August 1	223,000
do. last year	312,000
do. year before	358,000
Foreign exports for week	78,000
do. same seven days last year	63,000
do. same seven days year before	102,000
do. for season	1,069,000
do. same date last year	1,003,000
do. same date year before	1,382,000
Northern spinners' takings and Canada for week	63,000
do. same seven days last year	75,000
do. for season	399,000
do. to same date last year	531,000

STATEMENT OF SPINNERS' TAKINGS OF AMERICAN COTTON THROUGHOUT THE WORLD.

This week	287,000
Same seven days last year	281,000
Same seven days year before	300,000
Total since August 1	2,453,000
Same date last year	2,306,000
Same date year before	2,610,000

STATEMENT OF WORLD'S VISIBLE SUPPLY.

Total visible this week	4,523,000
do. last week	4,323,000
do. same date last year	3,802,000
do. same date year before	3,554,000
Of this the total American this week	3,403,000
do. last week	3,195,000
do. last year	2,605,000
do. year before	2,461,000
All other kinds this week	1,120,000
do. last week	1,128,000
do. last year	1,097,000
do. year before	1,093,000
Visible in the United States this week	2,341,000
do. this date last year	2,206,000
Visible in other countries this week	2,182,000
do. this date last year	1,596,000

Live Stock.

Chicago, October 31.—Hogs: Receipts, 18,000; estimated tomorrow, 5,000; strong to 10c higher. Bulk, $13.60@14.10; top, $14.20; heavy, $13.65@14.10; medium, $13.60@14.20; lights, $13.65@14.15; light lights, $13.50@13.85; heavy packing sows, smooth, $13.25@13.60; packing sows, rough, $12.85@13.15; pigs, $13.25@13.75.

Cattle: Receipts, 10,000; estimated tomorrow, 8,000; weak. Beef steers, medium and heavy weight, choice and prime, $17@19.50; medium and good, $10.50@16.75; common, $8.25@10.50; light weight, good and choice, $13.75@19.25; common and medium, $7.25@13.75; butcher cattle, heifers, $6.50@19.25; cows, $6.40@12.75; canners and cutters, $5.25@6.40; veal calves, $17@18.25; feeder steers, $6.75@12.75; stocker steers, $6@10; western range steers, $7.50@15.25; cows and heifers, $6@12.50.

Sheep: Receipts, 14,000; estimated tomorrow, 4,000; weak. Lambs, $12@15; culls and common, $8.50@11.75; ewes, medium, good and choice, $6.75@8; culls and common, $3@6.50; breeding, $6.75@12.50.

Louisville, Ky., October 31.—Hogs: Receipts, 1,700; 25c higher; 165 pounds up, $14; 120 to 165 pounds, $13.25; pigs, $12.75; throwouts, $11.50 down.

Cattle: Receipts, 250; active; steady. Heavy steers, $11@13.50; beef steers, $9@11.50; heifers, $8@11.50; cows, $5@10.50; feeders, $9@11; stockers, $7@10.50.

Sheep: Receipts, 300; steady. Lambs, $12; sheep, $6.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, Ga., October 31.—Turpentine firm, $1.52; sales, 135; receipts, 226; shipments, 9; stock, 9,119.

Chicago, October 31.—Swift & Co., 137. shipments 409; stock, 35,007.

Quote: B, D, E, F and G, $16; H, $16.50; I, $18.25; K, $19; M, $19.75; N, $20.25; window glass, $21; water white, $22.25.

BULLS AT HELM IN CORN MARKET

Rainy Weather and Consequent Delay in Husking and Cribbing Switches Control of Situation.

The Constitution's Markets, Business and Financial News

Wall Street Treated To A Real Money Scare

By R. L. BARNCM.

(The Constitution-Philadelphia Public Ledger Service. Copyright, 1919.)

New York, October 31.—Wall street had a real money scare today. When the money market opened around 11:30 the renewal rate was 9 per cent. Around 1:30 it was 10 per cent with the demands of brokers aggregating $20,000,000 and practically no money in sight. In the last hour the rate on call loans touched 19 per cent. The rate on time money remained at 7 per cent, but little or no funds were available.

Today's stock market was according to the schedule that has been carried for many days past: First, thee was a strong opening in the pool stocks. Then during the first hour and a half, or until the renewal rate on call money was made public, there was a rapid upward movement in pool stocks, followed by a break and then an irregular market. During the early trading today Republic Iron and Steel was up 3 points, American Ice 3½, United Fruit 4, International Paper 5¼, Atlantic Gulf 6½. The early decline was stopped by dispatches from Indianapolis to the effect that an injunction had been issued against the leaders of soft coal miners. Wall street, however, was much puzzled as to just how the injunction would work.

Wall Street More Cheerful.

Sentiment in Wall street was more cheerful than yesterday when rumors were flying about that the federal reserve board was about to take some action, the result of which would be the calling of loans secured by stock market collateral to obtain relief for the strained money market. However, most brokers were still advising their clients to sell on all strong spots. The general feeling was that owing to the large oustanding short interest there would be plenty of opportunities during the coming month to sell on strong spots.

Today ends a month of trading on the stock exchange when every full day witnessed a turnover of more than a million shares. This month there was one Saturday at a two-hour session as against the regular five-hour day when trading exceeded a million shares. There was also one day this month when the turnover exceeded the two million-share mark.

October Trading.

Total transactions on the stock exchange for October reached 36,618,000 shares, the largest month's trading for the year.

The largest day's trading on the stock exchange this month was 2.156,300 shares, on the 23d, and the smallest, 1,287,711, on the 29th. In bonds the turnover for October amounted to $361,230,000, the largest months on record. The largest single day's business this month was $18,808,000, on the 15th, and the smallest, $10,771,000, on the 9th.

Railroad Earnings.

Earnings of the railroads for the month of September, now coming to hand, show decreases in net income of 50 per cent on the average and in some cases 100 or more. Jersey Central, for example, failed to earn its bare operating expenses during the month of September by $61,000, whereas, for September of 1918 there was a sulplus of $1,086,000. When it comes to checking up the figures for the nine months up to the end of September, it is found that the company has only $2,041,000 net income against $8,200,000 for the same months of last year. This is typical of many other roads. Inasmuch as many roads failed during 1918 to earn the government guarantee of net income the question is what are these roads going to do after the return to private ownership unless the government guarantee is continued.

A report published this morning that a group of American bankers, in co-operation with Japanese financial interests, is about to launch a comprehensive scheme for the development of Manchuria, Mongolia and Siberia, was denied in responsible quarters today at the same time it was admitted that an announcement would soon be forthcoming in regard to the Chinese financing. A loan to China was under discussion in financial circles last week. The present scheme, it is understood, will be a sort of combination of the "four-power" loan which has long been under negotiation and an independent transaction such as has been recently discussed.

Iron and Steel Jumps.

Republic Iron and Soel furnished the sensation of the day. The stock advanced by leaps and bounds until it touched 143⅞, an advance of 27¾ points over yesterday's low quotation. This is an absolute high record for these shares. This movement, however, was not based upon any news developments as is the case with most specialty movements these days. But the speculators who are operating in the stock had something better than news developments to favor them and these were the rumors which were being whispered about the various brokerage offices. These were to the effect that Republic would be a second "Crucible Steel," or that probably the stock would act the same as Baldwin. Asked for an explanation as to why republic should sell as high as the other two stocks mentioned, one big operator stated that he did not know anything other than that an important development was in the making. This only added to the mystery and the stock advanced still further.

There seems to be no end to the number of companies being taken over by the United Retail Stores corporation, but the biggest surprise thus far was the announcement today that company had taken over the Montgomery-Ward company of Chicago. This is supposed to be the second largest mail order house in the country. The company, however, is to be reorganized and will have 1,000,000 shares of stock with no par value. These will be taken over by a new holding company to be formed shortly. The stock of this new holding company in turn will be offered to shareholders of the United Retail Stores, who will be given the right to subscribe at a figure which is to be announced later. This makes the third large company to be taken over by the United Retail Stores, the American Tobacco company, the United Cigar Stores company and the Montgomery-Ward company. Besides these numerous smaller concerns are included in the combination.

Weekly Cotton Review

New York, October 31.—The cotton market has shown continued activity and strength during the past week, with prices making new high records. December contracts here have been as high as 37.00, making an advance of nearly 9 cents per pound from the low level of early September, while the quotation for middling cotton in some of the southwestern markets has worked well above the 40-cent level.

These advances have been due to the continued bullish character of the crop news, particularly with reference to the supply of the better grades and what has appeared to be continued competition for such grades by spot buyers in the south.

During the earlier part of the week near months were relatively firm, owing to the covering of straddle and hedge shorts, which were transferred to later positions, with Liverpool taking a large number of December contracts against sales of January and March. The 37-cent level for December brought out increased offerings, however, and later in the week the near months were relatively easy, although there was no change in the generally bullish character of the spot news.

Further rains have been reported in the belt and some very substantial reports have been received regarding their effect in the southwest, while today's forecast suggested that the wet weather might be followed by a freeze tonight in northern sections of the western belt.

The extra crop report of the government issued today, however, making the condition 51.1, against the report of 54.4 at the end of the last month, was a disappointment to some of the early week buyers. This report suggested that the wet weather since September 25 had been more detrimental to the grade of the crop than to its quantity, which probably increased the disposition to take profits on long contracts.

There was also nervousness over the threatened coal strike, but trade interests were credited with buying on declines of about 75 or 80 points from the best.

The export movement has been light, but has included clearances to Germany, tending to color rumors of buying for German account in the south.

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NEW ORLEANS CLOSED.

New Orleans, October 31.—The cotton exchange and local markets wil lbe closed here tomorrow because All Saints' day is a legal holiday in New Orleans.

Labor Casting Heavy Shadow Over Economic Outlook, Dun's States

New York, October 31.—Dun's tomorrow will say:

"After months of growing disaffection, labor unrest casts a deepening shadow over the economic outlook, and tempers the optimism engendered by the present activity of business in many quarters. With some strikes reaching a settlement and others apparently nearing a conclusion, the situation would be less disturbing if fresh troubles were not constantly arising, or if there were definite assurance that more stable conditions would soon be witnessed. Yet demands for adjustments in wages and hours of employment have continued, both in manufacturing and mercantile channels, and prospects have not been improved by the menace of a walkout among bituminous coal miners and the possibility of still greater inconvenience to the country's industries.

"The disorganization which results from the many existing controversies and the decreased efficiency of labor not alone seriously restricts production and tends to advance prices further depleting the already meager stocks of various commodities, but also diminishes the purchasing power of thousands of workers, and evidences of a contraction of retail trade are more plainly discernible in some sections.

"Weekly bank clearings, $8,205,327,091."

Curb Securities.

New York, October 31.—Although the trading was less active in the market for curb securities today, a good demand developed for stocks and there was a steady upward swing throughout the trading. Aided by short covering advances as high as six points were made. Again the most active feature was General Asphalt, which advanced six points to a new high record, after heaviness later in the morning. Improvements of a point or more were numerous in the independent oil and industrial groups. Soft drink stocks were all bought.

Steel stocks were firm, with more activity in Vanadium, Replogle was weak, however, declining two points.

	High.	Low.	Close.
Industrials.			
Aetna Exp.	10⅛	9⅞	10⅛
Allied Packers	65	64¼	65
American Metcoal	7¼	7	
Brit.-Am. Tob.	27	26	27
Carlight	4⅜	3⅞	4⅜
Coca-Cola	43	41½	42
Colonial Tire	20¼	18	20¼
Gen. Asphalt	162	156	159½
Grapcola	1	⅞	⅞
Hupp Motors	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝
Martin Parry	20⅞	20⅝	20⅞
North Am. Pulp	5	4⅝	4⅝
Otis Steel	42	40¾	41
Overland Tire	31½	31	31½
Tobacco Products Exp.	34½	33	33
Wayne Coal	5½	5	5½
Standard Oils.			
S. O. California	300	300	300
do. New Jersey	714	714	714
Independent Oils.			
Amalg. Royalty	1⅜	1¼	1⅜
Cosden	10⅝	10½	10⅝
Esmeralda Oil (New)	5-16	¼	5-16
Federal Oil	3	2⅞	3
Glenrock	4	3⅞	4
Guffey Gillespie	28½	28	28½
Inter. Pet.	38	37⅝	38
Island Oil	7⅝	7⅜	7½
xMorritt	24½	24	24½
Metro. Pet.	2⅝	2⅜	2⅝
Midwest Ref.	171	167	170
North Am. Oil	6½	6½	6½
Ohio Ranger	1	⅞	1
Ranger Oil	⅝	½	⅝
Salt Creek Prod.	55	53	53½
Shell Trade & Trans.	82⅝	81½	81⅝
Slumm Pet.	42½	41½	41½
Trinity	1¼	1⅛	1¼
Bonds.			
Allied Packers 6s	91	90	90
Am. T. & T. 6s	98⅝	98⅜	98⅝
Can. Gov. 5½s (1929)	97⅝	97⅝	97⅝
Swedish Gov. 6s	97½	97	97½
Bethlehem Steel 7s	101⅞	101⅞	101⅞
I. R. T. 7s	70	68	70
Can. Gov. 5½s (1021)	90⅞	90⅝	90⅝

GOODYEAR TIRE STOCK BEING OFFERED HERE

The Goodyear Tire and Rubber company has just sold a new issue of $40,000,000 7 per cent first preferred stock to a strong syndicate of bankers. This stock is being offered in this city by the Robinson-Humphrey company, Third National Bank building. The Goodyear Tire and Rubber company was incorporated in 1898 and is today the largest manufacturer of automobile rubber tires in the world; maintaining branch offices in all the principal cities in the United States and abroad and employs over 43,000 people.

The company has called its old outstanding first and second preferred stocks and the new stock will be offered first to the old stockholders and to employees of the organization. The balance is being offered subject to allotment and subscription at $100 a share. It is considered in financial circles that this is one of the most attractive industrial first preferred stocks that has been offered to the public in some time.

This company has had a most successful career and is paying 12 per cent dividends on its common stock and earned last year over nine times first preferred stock dividend requirements.

Coffee.

New York, October 31.—An early advance in the market for coffee futures was followed by reactions with late months relatively easy under hedge selling and selling against purchases of near positions. The opening was 10 to 15 points higher and active months sold 15 to 21 points above last night's closing figures during the early trading on Wall street and European buying. There was no special feature in the Brazilian cables to encourage the advance, however, and the market was rather unsettled during the afternoon with March selling off from 16.60 to 16.30, or about 9 points net lower. The close was net unchanged to 12 points lower. A good deal of the business consisted of switching from May and July to September. Closing bids, December, 16.45; January and March, 16.32; May, 16.31; July, 16.30; September, 16.28.

The market for spot coffee was quiet and steady at 17c for Rio 7s, and 26@26¼c for Santos 4s. No change was reported in firm offers, which included Santos 3s and 4s at 27¼c, and Victoria 7s and 8s at 18c, London credits, with offers of Rio 7s at 16 to 16¼c, American credits.

The official cable did not quote the Santos market and reported Rio unchanged. Tomorrow will be a holiday in Brazil. Brazilian port receipts, 22,000; Jundiahy receipts, 13,000.

Dry Goods.

New York, October 31.—Cotton goods market today was very strong and prices rising. Many goods have been withdrawn from sale in an effort to check the demand for late future deliveries. Combed yarns were high and active. Wool markets were quiet and firm. Silks were steady, with the demand in excess of present supplies.

Cotton Seed Oil.

New York, October 31.—Cotton seed oil advanced 21 to 35 points early on lighter crude offerings and with lard and cotton, but a reaction followed upon the publication of the government report on cotton, which made a little better showing than had been looked for. Final prices were 10 to 22 points net higher. Sales, 12,100 barrels. Prime crude, $19.50@20.00; prime summer yellow, spot, nominal; prime winter yellow and summer white, nominal.

The market closed firm. Prime summer yellow, nominal; November, $22.30; December, $22.37; January and February, 22.43; March, $22.64; April, $22.63; May, $22.60; June, $22.75.

Sugar.

New York, October 31.—The local market for old crop sugar was unchanged at 7.28 for centrifugal to the refiner. In new crops no additional purchases were reported, although prices are strong with holders asking fractionally higher levels. There is only a small portion of old crop sugar still awaiting tonnage for the United States with the board today reporting no purchases.

In refined, prices are unchanged at 9 cents for fine granulated. The distribution continues to improve through the committee, as meltings are larger on account of the increased supplies of raw sugar now coming in, owing to the improved labor situation in the local harbor.

Presentments Returned By Fulton Grand Jury

The following resolution was passed by the Fulton county grand jury in session October 29, with the request that a copy be furnished to The Atlanta Constitution, The Atlanta Journal and The Atlanta Georgian:

Resolved, That the grand jury of Fulton county look with favor upon the widest publicity of all the activities of the county and city to the end that all the people, as far as possible, may be fully informed of the expenditures of all public moneys.

One of our daily papers recently devoted an entire page to a discussion of the needs of Atlanta and Fulton county by some of our leading citizens. We wish to encourage such discussion, for we believe it will not only educate all the people about their government, which should be thoroughly understood by every citizen, but will ultimately result in evolving some plan that will make for greater efficiency in our government, both county and city, and for the greater happiness of our people as a whole.

The grand jury desire to commend to the public the article of Edward H. Inman, whose views on the improvement of our county and city government we consider both timely and wise.

The grand jury also desire to take official notice and express their approval of the generosity and the general policy of our daily papers, The Atlanta Constitution, The Atlanta Journal and The Atlanta Georgian, in opening their columns to the citizens for a general discussion of all problems bearing upon the needs of our growing city and county.

A. J. SHROPSHIRE, Foreman.
JOSEPH E. BOSTON, Clerk.

To His Honor, Judge John D. Humphries, of the Superior Court of Fulton County: We, the grand jury empanelled for the September-October term, 1919, beg leave to offer the following suggestions and recommendations for the consideration of the court and the citizens of the county of Fulton:

We had before us a great many bills covering offenses, or alleged offenses, committed in this county. This grand jury has found 193 true bills. We have endeavored to do our full duty and to give all offenders justice so far as the facts were developed in the testimony for our consideration. We make no boast of the number of true bills we have found, but recognize it is for the good of society that all offenders should be brought to the bar of justice and given a fair and impartial trial for violations of all laws which are on our statute books.

An unusual number of capital offenses were before this jury and we could not but be impressed with the fact that in nearly every instance the carrying of concealed weapons and the unlawful barrning of alcoholic liquors played an important part in the committing of such offenses, and we cannot too strongly urge the courts to place such penalties on those who deal in whisky and carry pistols as will deter those found guilty from committing a second offense so far as it is within the power of the courts to do so.

We also recognize the fact that there are a large number of people in our community who apparently have no fixed employment, and we urge all officers of the law to as rigid an enforcement of the vagrancy law as is possible. Automobile thieves are numerous, and we especially commend his honor, Judge John D. Humphries, for his plain and outspoken purpose in so far as it is within his power to inflict penalties that will, if not entirely break up this type of crime, certainly have the effect of materially lessening it.

We desire especially to commend the probation system. We believe that many young persons who have unfortunately become entangled in the meshes of the law and who were previously good citizens can be saved to society by the judicious exercise of the probation system when wisely administered by those having the power, after a careful investigation has been made by officers charged with this duty and such persons found guilty of crime have been proven to be worthy of probation.

This grand jury is also charged with the duty of looking into and investigating the various activities of the county, and before making a detailed report on these activities we desire to submit through this channel to the general public for discussion some fundamental propositions which a majority of the grand jury believe to be worthy of the serious consideration and study of every citizen of Fulton county. While we are the sworn servants of Fulton county, a large majority of our grand jury are also citizens of Atlanta and there are certain problems which are of paramount importance at this time and which we believe should have the earnest thought and careful study of all of our people, and we respectfully submit a suggestive plan for a consolidated county and municipal government.

Consolidated County and Municipal Government.

The activities of municipal government as applied to police, fire and sanitary protection and the maintenance of schools, roads and streets affect the daily lives and comfort of the citizens more intimately and more powerfully than any of the other functions of government, local or national. The tendency of modern development is to consolidate these activities under single and responsible control. Efficient co-ordination of independent authorities in the same territory is not practical, and if practical involves duplication of expense in operation. If these principles are sound the unwisdom of maintaining both city and county organizations in these fields is apparent.

The growth of the city of Atlanta is more rapid now than ever before, and its needs are becoming more pressing every hour. The funds raised by taxation of the property of its citizens for county purposes are not, and cannot be, under the present plan of independent government by the city and the county within the city limits, equally and justly expended for the welfare of the people and property so taxed. Taxpayers in the city are no less citizens and residents of the county than those outside and are entitled to the benefits of moneys exacted from them as county taxes to the same extent as the taxpayers living in the county but outside the city limits. This obviously just result cannot be obtained under the dual government operating in the same territory.

Certain constitutional functions of county government extend and operate throughout and for the benefit of the county as a unit, such as matters appertaining to the courts, the jail, the almshouse, etc., but the functions involving protection, education and streets affect the population according to its density and hence operate unequally within and without the densely populated territory.

If the county activiites were confined to the former functions and the latter committed to the city government, the tax rate of the county could be materially lowered and the city tax rate increased without added burdens to the taxpayer and all taxpayers get more for their money.

A few figures are added to give point to the suggestion. Take the year 1918. The city collected in ad valorem taxes in roudn numbers $2,500,000; the county collected, including school tax, $1,300,000 by levying a 7½ mill tax. Of course for the year 1919, levying a 9 mill tax, they have collected a much larger amount. Fulton county collects more than $800,000 on the county valuation for the state. This makes a grand total of more than $4,600,000. The average aggregate rate on the tax payers under present valuation was about 26 mills, of which 5 mills went to the state. These valuations were in round numbers $204,000,000 for the city property and $163,000,000 for the county property. If the city was extended over the county and tax values reduced to $100,000,000 for the whole county, the city and county tax rate combined could be increased from the present average of 26 mills to 41 mills wthout increasing the present burden on the tax payers. Adding 5 mills for the state, the total rate would be 46 mills on $100,000,000 value, producing $4,600,000 of revenue, of which $500,000 would go to the state and $4,100,000 to the enlarged municipality and the county. Of the present county expenditures $900,000 would be transferred to the city by the change, leaving $400,000 to cover the non-delegable duties of the county as a political division of the state. The distribution of the aggregate rate and revenues on a $100,000,000 valuation would be as follows:

State	5 mills	$500,000
County	4 mills	400,000
City	37 mills	3,700,000
	46 mills	$4,600,000

Assuming that the $900,000 of county disbursements transferred to the city would cost as much as to spend under the dual form (and of course it would be much less) the city would have an increase over its present revenues of $300,000 without adding a dollar to the burdens of the tax payers. But under the city government the $900,000 of transferred obligations, consisting principally of road work, could be largely diverted to more pressing needs of the city, such as schools, pavement, police protertion, etc., and $300,000 additional be available for like purposes.

By reason of the elimination of duplicate expenses some $60,000 can be saved in administration, which would be available for permanent improvements. The aggregate saving to the people of the county, most of whom live in the city, would thus appear to be $30,000 a month without a dollar increase in taxation.

Splendid roadways are desirable in all sections of our country and we wish to congratulate the county commissioners on the type and character of the work which is now being done in road construction. We believe that the building of some of these magnificent roads through the sparsely settled sections of the county could well be postponed and the funds applied to the betterment of the schools, streets and sidewalks constantly used to meet the necessities of the danse population in many sections of the city and county now suffering for such improvements.

Observation of the policy of other cities, notably Birmingham, which now includes the whole of Jefferson county, convinces a thoughtful mind that the territorial jurisdiction of the city of Atlanta should be enlarged to include the whole of Fulton county. Most of the lands in Fulton county have values far in excess of their agricultural possibilities by reason of their being in or adjacent to centers of population. The equitable adjustment of the taxation of the more sparsely settled part of the county could be easily accomplished by gradations in assessment. If the county were incorporated into a municipality, of course the county should and would function only in the discharge of its constitutional and non-delegable duties imposed upon it, and other activities as to which the present duplication of authority exists should be carried on by a consolidated government.

The grand jury wishes to avoid any charge of political intermeddling and withhold comment on the quality and character of the administration of either the city or county governments. If they need reforming, added responsibility will tend to hasten that result. The principle of concentration of administrative power, in purely corporate management as distinguished from governmental policies, accompanied by responsibility for results, has been demonstrated to be sound too often to require argument.

We are advised that necessary legislation to carry these suggestions into effect can be constitutionally passed whenever the delegation from this county request the legislature to pass it. A referendum to the people on such legislation would be desirable, if not necessary; and if any changes in the form of government of the city or county or both were proposed they could be submitted at the same time, and let the majority rule.

We make these recommendations in order to direct the attention of the people to these matters and trust wide publicity may be given them for purposes of discussion and consideration.

Roads and Bridges.

We were much impressed with the manner in which the concrete roads heretofore constructed have withstood the traffic, and we believe that so far as the county travel is concerned concrete paving is the best form. We found all the concrete roads constructed in first-class shape. We beg to suggest, however, that all of the macadam and bithulithic roads be patched and kept in good passable condition until such time as it is advisable to rebuild them.

We find that certain portions of the following roads need immediate attention: Roswell road, Howell Mill road, collier road, Chattahoochee avenue, the Jonesboro road just beyond the reformatory, and the McDonough road south of the federal prison. The bridge over the Seaboard Air Line railroad on Chattahoochee avenue needs new guard rails; the bridge on the road from Bolton to Moore's when rebuilt should be raised a sufficient height to be out of reach of flood waters; the bridge on Lake avenue over the A. B. & A. railway needs new floor timbers right away; the bridge on McDonough road over the Southern railway tracks at Roseland, while in good physical condition, is not in keeping with other permanent bridges of the county carrying as much traffic as this bridge does. The bridges on South Moreland avenue and on South Boulevard over Entrenchment creek are too narrow and in bad condition.

Reformatories and the Juvenile Court.

We do not find conditions at the reformatory for white boys near Hapeville such as to justify a favorable report. The reformatory is unfortunately located; the buildings are old and dilapidated and entirely inadequate to provide suitable quarters for the one hundred and sixteen (116) white boys which it is now caring for. The kitchen and dining halls are unsanitary and a menace to the health of the boys. We urge the county commissioners to immediately take steps to erect suitable buildings on the new tract of land purchased for this institution. The county should not only safeguard the health of these boys, but should give them quarters and surroundings which would be an inspiration to them. The reformatory for negro boys is provided with up-to-date buildings well equipped and well kept. This institution has several hundred acres of fertile farm lands and doubtless is and will be largely self-sustaining.

We found the juvenile court and detention home at No. 96 Trinity avenue housed in an old, dilapidated insanitary building and a positive disgrace to a great and rich county like Fulton. The building is unsuited to the use to which it is put and offers no accommodations to the children held there, sometimes against their will.

The surroundings are unsanitary and likely to breed and spread disease and infection and is abhorrent to the finer senses of anybody who is compelled by subpoena or otherwise to visit there. The juvenile court work, which is so well worth doing, is worth doing well. There ought to be nothing too good for a chanceless child who is capable of being turned into a better product.

We desire to commend in the strongest terms the splendid work which is now being done in the juvenile court by Judge W. W. Tindall and his associates.

Almshouse and Convict Camp.

We found the inmates of the almshouse well cared for and in general good health. They are furnished wholesome, well-cooked food; their sleeping quarters are comfortable and are kept clean and tidy, for all of which we commend Superintendent A. Q. Turner and his assistants.

We also found the quarters of the colored at the almshouse in good condition, clean and sanitary.

We visited the convict camp, examined the food and clothing of the convicts and found both up to standard. We ate of the food ourselves and found it good and wholesome. Our observation is that the management at this time is excellent. The warden and his able assistants keep the camp in a high state of efficiency. The health conditions at all the camps we found most excellent and the treatment of the convicts humane. We were pleased to learn from the well-kept records that the number of whippings had been very greatly decreased.

We suggest that the building for the colored women's convict camp and also the main building at Bellwood camp, which was destroyed by fire, be replaced, as both of these buildings are much needed.

Education.

A local tax of five mills is now levied on all property outside of the corporate limits of Atlanta, East Point and College Park for school purposes, and this is the only source of revenue the board of education of Fulton county has besides what comes from the state. The revenues of the board are now practically $900,000 per annum, and their actual operating expenses for the present school year will be more than $120,000. Within this territory live 6,827 children of school age, 4,800 of whom are now in attendance upon the schools. There are twenty-eight (28) grammar schools, one high school for whites and fifteen (15) grammar schools for negroes. These white grammar schools range in size from one to nine teachers; the negro schools, with the exception of three, are one-teacher schools.

A new grammar school should be constructed in the neighborhood of the federal prison. The following school buildings are wholly unfit and should have new buildings erected in their places: Marion Smith, Rock Springs, Hemphill, Mount Olive, E. P. Howell, Mayson, Center Hill and Chattahoochee.

A new school building should also be erected to house the E. W. Grove school, which now uses a church. Most of the school buildings are badly in need of repairs. Fulton county should find some way to take care of this most urgent problem. If the county school commissioners have no legal right to give assistance in order that these future citizens of Fulton county may be properly house and educated, they should seek to have the law so amended as to give them the right to give assistance.

The Fulton County High school occupies a rented building on Whitehall in a busy section of the city; the school is without playgrounds and is wholly unsuited for school purposes.

Every negro school building in the system except one should be replaced by decent, comfortable buildings. The negro schools are conducted in most cases in negro churches.

The personnel of the teaching force of Fulton county is good and the board of education is doing all in its power with the limited funds in hand. Superintendent J. W. Simmons is well adapted to his work and is doing splendid work.

We examined the books of the county school superintendent and found them well kept and in balance. We cannot but express the hope that the people living outside of the cities in Fulton county will rally to the school system and vote for an increased local tax at the coming November election, whic hhas been called for this purose.

We recommend the following:

(1) Better salaries as a matter of justice to teachers.

(2) Better school buildings with sufficient light and ventilation for the protection and health of the children.

(3) Larger school yards so as to give spece for play and exercises and for vocational instruction in agriculture and horticulture.

(4) The consolidation of schools by the transportation of pupils in sparsely populated districts to convenient centers in order to avoid as far as possile having one teacher instruct from two to seven grades.

(5) Parent-Teacher associations for every school. The organization of a Parent-Teacher association for every school which will encourage the purchase of good books for the libraries, the beautifying of the grounds and buildings and for the purpose of otherwise making school life attractive to the children.

(6) Manual training should be introduced to teach the boys to handle tools and to do things. Household economics should be introduced to give the girls some preparation for the social life that awaits them.

Justices of the Peace and Municipal Court.

We examined the records of all justices of the peace in the county except one; we found some of them in excellent shape and all were well kept. Few cases originated in our country districts.

We also examined the records and the methods of handing business by our municipal court. We wish to congratulate the county upon the personnel of this court and upon the ability clearly shown by judges and attaches in the conduct of their business. The wisdom of the establishing of this court for Fulton county is clearly demonstrated by the manner and expedition with which business is handled.

The fiscal year of the county ends September 30, and we were privileged to see the auditor's report covering the municipal court. This report shows that they handled 14,570 cases at a cost of $75,313.20. Receipts from costs and fees in this court were $45,739.30, leaving a net loss in the operation of this court of $29,573.90, upon an average of a little over $2 per case handled.

Of course a court should not be used as a money-making institution. The most of the business in this court is of a civil nature and we believe the fees and costs should be revised so they would pay expenses.

The auditor's report discloses the fact twenty (20) firms and individuals filed practically 25 per cent of the cases handled by this court (to be exact, 3,577 cases), and that five (5) firms filed 2,138 cases, the fees in which fell $4,500 short of taking care of the expenses. These fees do not include any charge for office rent, janitor service, light, heat, telephone, etc. In view of these facts we recommend that such action be taken by our delegation in the legislature as is necessary to raise the costs and fees so as to make this court approximately self-sustaining.

County Officers, Officers and Records.

We visited the county officers. We were courteously received by each one and given every facility for making such investigation as we could in the length of time at our disposal. We found all records in good shape and feel that the county may well be congratulated on the high type of its officers.

We wish to congratulate the board of commissioners for employing an independent auditor, under a yearly contract, to audit the records and books of several of our offices.

We were privileged to examine a number of reports made by Mr. Respess, the county auditor, and are impressed with the fact that he has brought a high order of intelligence and ability to bear in his work. He has not only checked, with apparent accuracy, the receipts and expenditures, but his reports of costs in various departments, particularly in the public works department, have been so arranged and subdivided and analyzed as to make the costs and results of these operations in these departments much more easily digested by the commissioners and others interested. We are quite sure his employment has been the means which enabled the commissioners to make economies in several directions which would not otherwise have been possible.

We repeat the recommendations made by the spring term grand jurors—that a lot of old papers which seem to be of no further use, now stored in the ordinary's office, shall be destroyed. These old papers consist of whisky record slips, old registration oaths, registration lists, etc.

We desire also to repeat and emphasize the recommendation made by the spring term grand jury, that a penalty be placed on ministers and other officers who perform marriage ceremonies and fail to report them to the ordinary's office. We request that the proper authorities prepare a bill to be submitted to our next legislature which will remedy this defect. Many of our good people who have been legally married in this and other counties could not prove that fact by the records in the offices of the ordinary of their county.

The system of having a purchasing agent and of making purchases only on proper requisition and after competitive bids, have been filed, we commend.

We also commend the method the paymaster of the county pursues in the making up pay rolls and the disbursement of the county's funds to the various employees of the county. We believe this system will prevent a padding of the pay rolls, as has sometimes in the past been possible.

We found an indexing system of the voluminous records in the office of the clerk of county commissioners, which was carefully, neatly and apparently accurately kept, and it gives Fulton county a practically perfect index to its records. We wish to commend the instituting of the same.

Our tax collector seems to have made a record in his handling of the office, and we quote the following sentence from the comptroller general of the state, who says, in reference to his recent settlement: "This is a remarkable showing, and demonstrates the high order of efficiency and intelligence which you have brought to the discharge of your duty as tax collector of Fulton county." It seems that this officer collected quite a large sum in addition to the amount that was shown on the tax rolls as turned over to him, and has made his settlement much earlier than has been the custom in the past, or is now the custom with other tax collectors throughout the state.

Public Buildings, Courthouse and Jail.

We found the courthouse neatly and well kept. We wish to request that the county commissioners take some steps to improve the accoustics of the grand jury room. Unless this can be done, or the din of noises abated, it is next to impossible for the grand jury to conduct intelligently their deliberations.

After a careful examination we found that the jail was generally well kept. The prisoners are provided with a sufficient amount of well-cooked and wholesome food. The general sanitary condition of the jail itself is as good as could be expected in an institution of this kind. We have only praise for those charged with the management of the jail.

We wish to request that the kitchens of the jail be immediately screened as a precautionary measure against disease. It is the opinion of the grand jury that all sheets and blankets used by the prisoners should be more frequently laundered and that a change of sheets be made at least once a week. We also recommend that a sleeping garment of some material of good, strong texture, which can be laundered and cleaned, be supplied for the use of the prisoners. It appears that the authorities in charge of the jail have not the authority to require prisoners to bathe regularly. Some prisoners, who come to the jail in their filthy clothing, and sometimes diseased and even covered with vermin, are a menace not only to the health of other prisoners, but to society at large, and should be compelled to bathe and keep clean. A few changes of clothes could be furnished at the expense of the county so that such prisoners may have something to wear while their clothes are being cleaned and otherwise disinfected. People who are innocent are sometimes placed in jail; the presumption of the law is that they are all innocent until they have been proven guilty. It is unjust to such persons to require that they be housed with people who have no regard for the laws of sanitation and hygiene. If the authorities in charge of the jail cannot, under our present law, make rules and regulations to carry out these recommendations, we request that this matter be brought to the attention of our legislators.

We desire to call special attention to the efficient, courteous and businesslike manner in which His Honor, Judge John B. Humphries, conducts his court. The amount of business handled by the solicitor general and his assistants in this circuit is something stupendous.

We have been especially impressed by the courtesy, the ability and the expeditious manner of handling business by Mr. Edward A. Stephens, assistant to the solicitor general, with whom this jury has come in contact from day to day. We feel we are doing but simple justice when we express this appreciation of the public services of Mr. Stephens.

We recommend that these presentments be published once in The Atlanta Constitution, The Atlanta Journal and The Atlanta Georgian.

Respectfully submitted,
A. J. SHROPSHIRE, Foreman.
W. G. M'KESNIC, Clerk.

MINORITY REPORT ON CONSOLIDATION.

To the Honorable Judge of the Superior Court: We respectfully dissent from the presentment of the grand jury that Atlanta be enlarged to cover Fulton county.

If the plan is adopted we must, in honesty, give municipal benefits where we accept municipal taxes. A large portion of the county cannot be self-supporting, and taxes must be placed on people living in the city limits for the benefit of those living fifteen miles away; and the Atlanta people who have waited for years in expectation of better facilities must have their hopes indefinitely delayed.

Such action, therefore, would be unjust alike to the citizens of Atlanta and of the county, because the first would be heavily taxed to make improvements and maintain them in remote districts, and the latter would necessarily receive an insufficient return for the taxes they would be compelled to pay.

Increased Taxes Seen.

A few years ago when the city was extended over a large non-productive territory, the enlargement then anticipated a possible growth of twenty years. The extension was followed by a heavy bond issue, the proceeds of which were largely used in benefiting the new territory; and we will have bond issues, with increasing sinking funds and interest tolls following another enlargement covering the entire county. Likely other towns in Fulton county have bond issues, which we would have to assume.

The suggestion that such extension would prevent duplication of offices is a mistake. Municipal offenders could hardly be brought fifteen miles to be tried before a recorder; so various recorder's courts would have to be established over the county. Policemen would have to be multiplied; water and gas lines would have to be extended; sewage systems would have to be created; and in many other ways the burdens of the city generally would be largely increased.

It is well known that Atlanta needs more policemen; but because of the greatly enlarged limits of the city, as at present constituted, they must be so distributed as to police territory rather than people; and yet the public press quotes the police committee as reporting to the city council that Atlanta has more policemen to its population than any city in the United States.

If more fire engine houses be built, if more lawyers be employed to defend damage suits from which the county is now immune, if a larger council be elected, if municipal facilities and their maintenance be granted, if, in fact, all the burdens and difficulties which such enlargement would cause be considered, we think the result would be disastrous.

From another point of view, the levying of assessments on Fulton county by municipal authorities would make greater the disparity between Fulton county and the other counties of the state, and increase the unequal burden now placed upon this county in its payment of state taxes.

Fulton county has its own schools, and necessarily the rural population has different educational needs than an urban people. The officers of the schools would justly demand larger pay for more work, and their number would necessarily be increased to perform the enlarged service. If the system is to be homogeneous the same school books must be used, and this would place a great burden on the parents of the pupils.

Other Courts Necessary.

Another consideration, a municipal court has been established in Atlanta, with jurisdiction over the city, and if all of Fulton county be taken into Atlanta, it will be necessary to establish other courts in order to render justice to citizens living at remote distances, together with a large increase in the expenses of this court; and there would also be involved the abolition of the justice courts now performing their functions.

The county commissioners of Fulton county are elected largely by the vote of the citizens of Atlanta, and they will very likely respond to the wishes of their constituency. Their aid will in all probability be forthcoming whenever sought by the city, without attempting revolution

Sports — CONDENSING THE DOPE

EDITED BY LES RAWLINGS

Jackets Are Ready For Davidson Cats In Annual Struggle

Players Will Be Numbered, and Scoreboard Will Keep Track of Tech's Touchdowns. Hard Fight Is Expected.

By George C. Griffin.

With her hatches battened down the good ship "Yellow Jacket" is all ready for the referee's command to get under way against the Davidson Wildcats in their annual contest today on Grant field. The last long signal drill before the game was held Friday afternoon and the squad to a man showed more "pep" than has been dispensed around these parts in quite a few days.

They are determined to go into the game from the word go with a smash and a bang that will carry the Davidson team off its feet and try and redeem some of the glory lost in last Saturday's contest with Pittsburg.

If the Jackets can stage the old come-back stunt they will save their season after all, and it would be foolish for the mto let one defeat ruin their season for them when they have four of the hardest games still before them, and tomorrow afternoon the fans will have a chance to see whether they possess the old punch or not.

Davidson, as has been said, thinks her luck is due for a break and is determined that should the Jackets be a little slow about getting down to business they will slip over a victory before they know what has happened and for the rest of the game try and hold the Tornado.

It is no mediocre football team that the Jackets are meeting today, but one of the best playing the game in the south. In Spann, Hamnett and Black they have three stars that would make good on any team in the south. Spann especially is one of the cleverest men at tossing forward passes in the game today. It seems as if he never misses his man.

For the first time in many years the fans will be able to tell who is who on the field. The managements of the Tech and Davidson teams got their heads together over the idea of numbering the players in tomorrow's game, and it was decided that this procedure will be carried out.

Another new stunt will be the scoreboard that has been erected in the west end of the field just outside of the end zone.

On account of injuries and such the team that starts the game will be a little different from the one that opened up against Pitt. Flowers and Barron, the Jackets' star halfbacks, will more than likely view the game from the bench. Their places will be taken by Ferst and Gaiver, who has been shifted from full to half. McDonough goes to full in case Harlan is unable to play.

The Davidson team will arrive Saturday morning and they also have an eleven that is all shot to pieces, according to the dope from the mountain. Starting out with the brightest prospects in years, misfortune has camped on their trail from the very beginning, and they don't seem to be able to shake the jinx that has been following them for the last three weeks. But they will put a fighting machine in the field and a team that is built on the same lines and speed as Clemson.

G. M. A. Cadets Play Locust Grove Team On Park Gridiron

G. M. A. will meet Locust Grove this afternoon at College Park in what promises to be a fast game. The Locust Grove team is small but fast.

Coach Tolbert has his men working smoothly now and will show something Saturday when they meet Locust Grove.

The cadets have not had a hard game this year and an estimate can not be made of the team in comparison with the other prep teams of the state. They have only played two games and were victors by a large score.

Sinowitz seems to be the fastest man in the line-up and judging from his past records he will do a great part of the running this afternoon. Conway, at center, is also expected to show that he is in the class with the other linemen of the preps.

Today's Calendar of Sports

Racing—Close of fall meeting of Kentucky Jockey club at Louisville; opening of fall meeting of Maryland Jockey club at Pimlico.

Billiards—National pocket billiards championship tournament opens at Philadelphia.

Athletics—Harvard-Cornell cross-country run at Cambridge, Mass.

TODAY'S FOOTBALL SCHEDULE

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 1.

Atlanta, Ga.—	Georgia Tech. vs. Davidson College.
Columbus, Ga.—	University of Georgia vs. Alabama Polytechnic Institute.
Lexington, Ky.—	Vanderbilt University vs. Kentucky State College.
Birmingham, Ala.—	University of the South vs. University of Alabama.
Marion, Ala.—	Spring Hill College vs. Marion Military Institute.
Lynchburg, Va.	Washington & Lee University vs. Virginia Polytechnic Institute.
Spartanburg, S. C.—	Wake Forest College vs. Wofford College.
Charlottesville, Va.—	University of Virginia vs. Central College of Kentucky.
Knoxville, Tenn.—	University of Tennessee vs. University of North Carolina.
Birmingham, Ala.—	Howard College vs. Marion Military Institute.
Greenville, S. C.—	The Citadel vs. Furman University.
Richmond, Va.—	Randolph-Macon College vs. Richmond College.
New Orleans, La.	Tulane University vs. Miss. State College.
Washington, D. C.—	Catholic University vs. Gallaudet College.
New York, N. Y.—	Columbia vs. Union.
Ithaca, N. Y.—	Cornell vs. Lafayette.
Cambridge, Mass.—	Harvard vs. Springfield.
Philadelphia, Pa.—	Pennsylvania vs. Penn State.
Philadelphia, Pa.—	Pennsylvania Freshmen vs. Virginia Freshmen.
Princeton, N. J.—	Princeton vs. West Virginia.
West Point, N. Y.—	Army vs. Tufts.
Annapolis, Md.—	Navy vs. West Virginia Wesleyan.
New Haven, Conn.—	Yale vs. Maryland State.
Starkville, Miss.—	Louisiana State University vs. Mississippi A. & M. College.

PREP TEAMS STAGE BIG GAMES TODAY

Most Hotly Contested Fight Will Be Between Boys' High and Riverside Military Academy on Gainesville Gridiron.

By Roy E. White.

There will be a big day in prep football circles today. All three of the Atlanta teams will be in harness and the best game will be the one between Boys' High and Riverside Military academy at Gainesville, Ga.

This battle will no doubt have a direct bearing on the state championship, neither team having suffered a defeat this year. Boys' High is determined to make a victory and will then be in a position to claim the championship. In case Boys' High is winner the state championship will probably lie among the Atlanta teams, namely, Boys' High, Tech High and G. M. A.

Coach David and his team that represents the Purple and White will leave on the Southern at 6:50 o'clock this morning.

Coach David has been working hard all week in order that he and his men may bring back the bacon from Gainesville. He will no doubt use every regular to start the game and will have a supply of reserves to send in at any time.

The Riverside team has been doing quite a bit of practice this week and if it is beaten it will be by a better team, says T. B. Lewis. Captain Neal will again be seen at center, while Joe Davis, the sensational fullback, will again appear in the line-up. This will be a big help to the backfield. It will have more weight and will be faster.

Lewis will do a large part of the work on account of doing all the kicking and punting. Lewis averaged fifty-seven yards on his punts recently in the Tech High game at Ponce de Leon park. It was his toe that kept the Junior Smithies so far away from the Riverside goal. His toe will no doubt prove vital to the Boys' High eleven.

The line-up of the game will probably be as follows:

BOYS' HIGH.	Pos.	RIVERSIDE.
Mathewson	L. E.	Bradfield
Clark	L. T.	Johnson
Jones	L. G.	Rosser
Fields	C.	Neal
Gordon	R. G.	Sage
Thompson	R. T.	Estes
McGarrity	R. E.	Flournoy
Staton (C.)	Q. B.	Lewis
Albright	L. H.	Cooper
Morris	R. H.	Green
Wallace	F. B.	Davis

W. AND J. CANCELS GROVE CITY GAME

Pittsburgers Charge Washington and Jefferson With Trying to Rest Up Before Panther Team Next Saturday.

Grove City, Pa., October 31.—(Special.)—On the football eve of her annual sectional clash with "Pop" Warner's Pitt Panther machine, and while the Pittsburgers will be playing Lehigh at South Bethlehem, Pa., Coach Morrow, of Washington and Jefferson college, tonight notified Coach Ancher, of the Grove City team, that owing to the condition of the Washington and Jefferson field, it would be impossible to play Saturday's game.

Coming just a week before the clash with Pitt, and while the crippled Panther team is going into action, local sport enthusiasts are intimating the action smacks of unfairness. They charge Morrow with holding off on the game to insure his men a complete rest, while the Pitt men stand a chance of being crippled in their game with the eastern huskies.

Several years ago a game was postponed for the same reason.

Morrow is understood to have refused to play the game on a neutral field, or on the local lot.

DEMPSEY HONORED BY HOTEL MANAGER

C. A. Creighton Entertained Champion With Otto Floto and Newspaper Men.

C. A. Creighton, manager of the Ansley hotel, entertained Jack Dempsey and Otto Floto at a luncheon given in the college grill Friday at noon in honor of the world's heavyweight champion and his friend and part owner of the Sells-Floto circus, who is considered the dean of western sport writers, as well as a circus magnate.

Following the luncheon the newspaper men were taken to the circus as guests of Dempsey and shown over the entire works, from cook tent to main top.

Among those present at the luncheon were Jack Dempsey, Otto Floto, Mr. Creighton, Morgan Blake, sporting editor of The Journal; Henry Vance, sporting editor of The Georgian; Leslie Rawlings, sporting editor of The Constitution; Raleigh Crumbliss, visiting Chattanooga newspaper man; J. Hume McDonald, local fight promoter, and Ed Carnes, southern representative for Collier's Eye, of Chicago.

THAT GUILTIEST FEELING - - - - - - - - - By Briggs

Charles Ebbetts Is Generous Man To Ball Players

Brooklyn Magnate Wanted to Show Appreciation of Jimmy Ring, But National Moguls Frowned on Idea.

Enemies and just plain knockers have a lot of fun characterizing him as a close-fisted gent, but perhaps when the grand showdown comes Owner Charles bbetts, of the Brooklyn National League club, could prove his generosity more Cincinnati team, returned to his ics. No matter what else they may say about the Brooklyn magnet, they cannot say he lacks civic pride, as was most emphatically shown in his offer to the baseball fans of Brooklyn after the recent world's series.

When Pitcher Jimmy Ring, of the Cincinnati team returned to his home in Brooklyn, Ebbetts wanted to do something to honor the son of Brooklyn and also honor the National league. He proposed a committee of fans get together and stage an exhibition game between the Empire team of Brooklyn, the club with which Ring made his semi-pro debut, and a picked club of International league players. He also donated the use of Ebbetts field for the occasion, and promised to start the ball rolling with a donation of $350. It was his idea to charge admission to the game and give the entire receipts to Ring.

Naturally, the proposition was frowned upon, and largely by magnates of the National league, it is understood. The main reason why it was frowned upon was because some of the ultra conservative moguls figured Ring would be getting too much glory and too much money, while others whispered that the National league should not be so intimate with the International.

When the plan was first announced, Ebbetts was asked his reason for wanting to put on a proposition of this kind, and he replied that he wanted to give Ring some substantial gift for the fame he brought to Brooklyn and to the National league and "Dinners and parades and that sort of thing may be all right in their places," said Squire Ebbetts, "but I think we ought to show our appreciation in a substantial manner, and I am willing to start the ball rolling by giving the use of Ebbetts field free, and donating $350."

The plan fell through when the conservatives attacked it, but their cold water throwing does not detract from the generosity of Ebbetts' offer. Ring would have profited to the extent of a couple of thousand dollars.

READ 'EM AN' WEEP

By Les Rawlings

Well, me and Jack talked things over Friday and finally decided that Willard is a bum, that the circus business is a great game for sporting editors and prize fighters, attested by Otto Floto, who used to be one of the former, and Jack Dempsey, who at present is very much the latter, and that Atlanta is a great town.

Jack accepted our invite, which was seconded by the urgings of Otto and his little man Friday, who handles the press stuff, and drifted to the fourth floor Friday morning.

Of course it meant that we had to snatch off about three winks and then swear off for the rest of the day, but what's a little sleep when you've got a chance to chin with the greatest world champ this weary old world has ever known?

When Jack hit the front door, business suspended.

The office boys immediately crowded forward in battalions to worship at the shrine of greatness, the stenographers spilled ink all over the best stationery and there wasn't a story in type that wasn't pied beyond hope of redemption by every printer in the shop, as they dropped what they were holding and rushed forward.

Of course, me and Jack had to sort o' fend 'em off while we introduced him, and then the fun started.

Little Jess, the fourth floor office boy, wanted to know if Jack wouldn't come to Buckhead and umpire a ball game which the Battling Juniors are going to play with The Journal Juniors. Jack declined, but he did so in such a way that the kid will remember it the rest of his life.

After wading through seven or eight thousand who had gathered by the time the champion has gotten to the sixth floor Jack graciously agreed to pose for one or two photos and Francis Price finally got a chair for him.

To play safe, F. Price cornered a steel chair somewhere, but as things will happen, when Jack's some odd bulk hit that baby it was a gone goslin. He cracked the ribs of the thing in two places.

Of course, F. P. got excited and turned over a few cameras, then decided we'd better go to the roof, and after fiddling around until everybody thought the champ would chuck him over the edge, we took the first picture with the slide in the camera, and then took it over with the slide out just to make sure.

Hugh Trotti, who counts out the nickels to us poor slaves weekly, breezed onto the roof about the time the last picture was being taken, and after counting the crowd, wanted to charge everybody two bits admission, but, of course, Jack wouldn't let him do that.

If Jack ever blows into Atlanta broke, needing a few eatss and a place to bunk or somebody to help him spend his money, all he'll have to do will be call on The Constitution. We're strong for him from top to bottom, and he's uannimously voted one of the "nicest boys" (one of the stenos said that), who ever mounted the highest pinacle of pugilistic success.

Mrs. W. Y. Atkinson Wins Golf Tourney

Newnan Woman Defeats Mrs. L. H. Beck for the Championship in Successful Event Staged on Druid Hills Links.

Mrs. W. Y. Atkinson, of Newnan, won the Open Woman's Golf tournament over the course of the Druid Hills Country club Friday afternoon when she defeated rMs. L. H. Beck by the close score of 3 and 2 in a hotly contested match, followed by a record gallery for an event of the kind.

In the defeated eight of the flight in which rMs. Atkinson won the tournament, Mrs. V. W. Strickler won by default over rMs. T. P. Payne.

Mrs. Guy Kind was returned winner in the second flight when she defeated Mrs. Douglas Payne, 1 up, while Mrs. Sargent Hamilton was returned victor in hte defeated eight of that flight by defeating Mrs. G. C. Jones 3 and 2.

Mrs. Atkinson in winning the tournament also won a handsome silver lovin gcup, offered by Davis & Freeman, jewelers, and Mrs. Guy King was awarded a silver loving cup offered by Milton Dargan for her victory in the second flight.

The runners up in both flights were presented with handsome ivory-headed brassie clubs, while Mrs. Payne was awarded a fine Cornfield ham for winning the approaching and putting contest, and Miss Marianna Goldsmith won three golf balls for getting second in the approaching and putting contest.

The ham was offered by W. H. White, Jr.

Officials in charge of staging the tournament announce that it was one of the most successful of the kind over held in Atlanta, the fact that entrants came from all parts of the state attesting tot that fact.

There were more than thirty-two players entered in the tourney with representative society women from Newnan, Rome, Athens and other cities participating.

Dope on Today's Game

TECH.		DAVIDSON.
Fincher, Scott	left end	Miley
Huffiness, McRee	left tackle	Hammett
Lebey	left guard	Davis
Phillips (Captain)	center	Brady
Dowling	right guard	Romefelt
Higgins, Lyman	right tackle	McMaster
Staton, Granger	right end	Douglas
Guill	quarter bazck	(Captain) Spann
Giaver, Flowers	left half	Johnson
Ferst	right half	Black
McDonough	full back	Streibick

Captains: Phillips, Tech; Spann, Davidson.

Coaches: Heisman, Tech; Crayton, Davidson.

Officials: Elcock referee; Major, umpire; Tichenor, head linesman.

Time: 3 P. M.; Place, Grant Field.

Dempsey's Return Shows Come-Back Greater Than Any

The World Heavyweight Champion Used to Get $8 Weekly With Same Circus That Now Pays Him Several Thousand.

Jack Dempsey has just staged the greatest comeback of all time—greater than Napoleon's after Elba, greater than Washington's at Trenton, greater than any of the series by that rebounding military acrobat, Pancho Villa.

Where's Dempsey been that he's gotta stage a comeback? you may ask. Well, here's the answer.

Five years ago a young knight of the road unwound himself from the brake beams of a Santa Fe limited at Trinidad, Colo., He was adventuring, was he, but he was fed up with cinders and woefully shy on eats. There was a circus in town, and with the circus there was the usual cookhouse. One hour later the young knight of the road, who was none other than our hero, Jack Dempsey, was a member of John Eberle's crew on canvas with the Sells-Floto circus, and Jack had his feet under the table in that cookhouse in one hour and one minute. His salary was $8 per week and "cakes." Dempsey stayed with the circus a week, and then blew to fight a box fight at Cheyenne.

A few weeks ago Jack Dempsey came back to the Sells-Floto circus. Instead of $8 per week and a seat at a workingman's table, Jack, now the champion of the world, pulls down more than several thousand iron men per week and has a private chef on his private Pullman with the circus train. The owner of the show, Otto Floto, famous sporting editor, is his best chum. His old boss, Jim Eberle, superintendent of canvas, is still just that—superintendent of canvas, starving to death on a mere pittance of $5,200 per annum and expenses. Does Jack Dempsey, world's heavyweight champion, look down on poor John? Does he come it over him? Well, if you see Jack and John over by the stake and chain wagon at the Ponce de Leon avenue lot Saturday whooping with glee, that'll be Jack and John recalling the night in Pueblo when the India rubber man biffed Jack Dempsey on the ear. That incident started the story of the man straving to death who put on the rubber boots and jumped out of the window of the burning building. Eberle swears that the India rubber man bounced back and forth between a freight house and an elephant car until the show pulled out. And Jack only slapped him.

But say now. Isn't it your opinion that Jack Dempsey has staged the greatest comeback of the ages? Of course, that part of the story about the India rubber man is stretching it a bit, but the rest of the yarn is true. Ask Dempsey when he comes in with the circus Saturday. Jack'll tell you all about it—everything, except that he'll touch lightly on the "Now see what I am" stuff.

SPORTOGRAPHY

By "Gravy."

MAY I NOT

ask what team has been awarded the world's championship for the next season—by the Stove league, now in session all over the country?

Curb the Pitchers!

Bill Donovan, once the star pitcher of the Detroit Tigers, is another strong advocate of new rules to prohibit the use of the spitter, shiner and paraffine ball by big league boxmen.

"The pitchers have already too great an advantage over the hitters," says Donovan. "They should not be allowed to rub the ball on their uniforms or thrust their fingers into their pockets. I believe that the wind-up should be abolished and that the pitchers should work without gloves.

"The umpires should provide all of the balls, as it is a common practice to doctor them before they are thrown into play. By using a small file on a part of the seam a ball can be made to break in the most extraordinary manner. Wetting the seam is another trick much in favor. The rule makers should put an end to all forms of sharp practice. Natural pitching is enough."

Harvard Sports Council.

A new committee to govern sports at Cambridge has been appointed by the Harvard corporation and will assume control very shortly. This council is composed of nine members, representing the student body, the faculty and the alumni. Bill Murray, captain of the football team; Bobby Emmons, captain of the baseball team, and Norman Walker, captain of the hockey team, will speak for the students. The viewpoint of the faculty will be aired by Dean Le Baron Russell Briggs, Acting Dean Chester N. Greenough and Dr. Irving Lee. Henry Pennypacker, head master of the Boston Latin school; Laurence Curtis II., former football, tennis and hockey player, and Representative Benjamin Loring Young will act for the graduates. Dean Briggs is chairman of the committee.

Cross-Eyed Indian.

A straight-eyed Indian is bad enough, especially if he is playing football against you, but when you meet a cross-eyed Indian, good-night nurse! Big Bill Hollenback was talking about a game he played against a Carlisle team in the days of Carlisle glory on the field. He was facing an Indian center whose eyes crossed at precarious angles, and Bill had a terrible time of it.

"It was this way," said Big Bill. "I looked at that guy, trying to figure where he was going. I thought I had him right, but he crossed me up delightfully. He never went where his eyes looked, but he sure saw me, for he held a tribal council on my diaphragm on every other play. After the game I took off my hat to every cigar store Indian in Philadelphia."

Packey is 27 Today.

Mr. Patrick McFarland, the well-known Chicago brewer and captain of industry, will be the recipient of congratulations today on the occasion of his thirty-first birthday Packey is a native of Chicago, and was reared in that section of the Windy City afterward made famous by Upton Sinclair. He left school at 15, and found his first employment in a boiler shop owned by an uncle. He was afterward employed in a packing house, and as it was at this time that he was winning his first laurels with the gloves his admirers wished the name of "Packey" on him. He took many beatings from his dad because of his pugilistic proclivities, but he was game and stuck it out. His first public battle was for three dollars, but his manager turned over to him only $4.10. At his last public appearance in the role of ring gladiator McFarland got away with $17,500 as his share of the swag, with an added $1,200 from the pictures. And he married an heiress!

Class in Sportography.

Answer—The only game ever known to be postponed because there was no one on the grounds was a contest scheduled between the Allentown and Lancaster clubs on May 27, 1888. A large parade, which was being held at the same time, kept the people away.

Which two teams played 26 innings against each other without either team scoring?

(Look for the answer on Monday.)

Athenians Tackle Auburn Plainsmen In Columbus Today

Southern Football Classic Will Be Seen When Red and Black Meets Alabama Tech on Neutral Battlefield.

GOV. DORSEY TO ATTEND COLUMBUS FOOTBALL GAME

Governor Dorsey has accepted the invitation to be present at the annual football game today between the University of Georgia and Auburn, to be played at Columbus. Consequently he will not be in his office at the capitol Saturday.

The Georgia-Auburn game is one of the annual football events of greatest importance on the southern gridiron. The governor of Alabama has also been invited and it is thought likely that both governors may view the game from the same box. As an alumnus of the state university, Governor Dorsey is expected to prove a strong rooter for the Georgia eleven.

By Comer Howell.

Columbus, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—Determined to put up the fight of their lives the Red and Black squad of huskies has taken wing of the Classic City and is now in Columbus and will do their best to rout the Plainsmen this afternoon. The "Georgia Special" left Athens last night carrying a couple of hundred Georgia students and supporters, who will be on hand in Columbus to witness the affair. The thirty-piece band was also included in the aggregation.

Now in saying that the Georgians are determined to put Auburn to rout the writer by no means predicts a walk-over for either team. Far from it. The game will be close, exceedingly so, and when the final whistle blows in all probability there will be a difference of about seven points in the two ends of the score.

Teams Evenly Matched.

The teams are very nearly evenly matched, with Auburn holding the favorite end of the betting odds by a small margin.

Auburn outweighs the Red and Black, man for man, by an appreciable margin, and they have it on the Athenians when it comes to the point of experienced men on the team. The big question which confronts Georgia is whether or not the Red and Black line will be able to tsop the charges of the Auburn backs into it. If that big Plainsman full is brought to a halt when he charges into the fray, well then, Georgia will have a good chance of coming out victors.

It is a pretty safe prediction that the Auburn backs will not take wings and circle the Georgia ends. No team so far has done it and Auburn will find the extremities of the Red line a rather tough proposition to get around. Collings and Owen Reynolds form a pair of ends around whom no team so far has been able to consistently circle. In the Florida game the 'Gator backs were thrown for a loss every time an end run was called for. Can Auburn get around? Have they a system of interference which will enable them to get away? This afternoon only shall answer this question.

In the game with Vandy last week Auburn more or less effectively used a system of open football, but tomorrow it is a pretty safe prediction that the Plainsmen will endeavor to take advantage of their advantage in weight and try to rip open the Georgia line with their famous split-shift formation.

Good Practice Work.

For the past two weeks on Sanford Mead the scrubs under the direction of Charlie Thompson and "Kid" Woodruff have been using split-shift against the varsity and the varsity has got a pretty clear idea of how to smother it. Coach Stegeman has been drilling the varsity in a system of defense which should make Auburn call a halt and take a breathing spell.

Georgia took to Columbus with them a backfield wihch is rather badly crippled, but one which can be counted upon to deliver the goods nevertheless. Dick Hartley, who at the beginning of the season, was counted on the run a half as a mate of Jim Reynolds, is out of the game for the season. Some three weeks ago he was put in the hospital at practice suffering from a broken collar bone and three broken ribs. He is still in bed and will remain there for perhaps a month. Jim Reynolds will go into the game in pretty bad shape and it is extremely doubtful if he will last the first half out. He has a bad knee and was unable to enter the Florida game last week at all. Jim has been the most consistent gainer of the team and is needed badly.

As a running mate of Jim, Buck Cheeves will probably start the game, either he or Rothe. Buck has a bad leg and Rothe may take his place. Both of these men are as fast as the old greased fire and with the interference that has been afforded them have been able to get away for some pretty gains. Booze McWhorter and Norris Broyles are a couple of halves who have been showing up pretty well and may get into the game.

Georgia will in all probability play an open game, counting upon her splendid interference to let her fleet backs circle the ends from a punt formation. The Red and Black squad have a bunch of fake plays up their sleeves and it is upon these that they are counting for a touchdown in the early stages of the game.

HARD GRID FIGHT ON IN LYNCHBURG

Virginia Polytechnic and Washington and Lee Will Grapple in Muchly Talked of Game on Neutral Territory.

Blacksburg, Va., October 30.—(Special.)—Virginia Polytechnic and Washington and Lee university will grapple for football honors in Lynchburg Saturday in what is believed to be the biggest and most Generals off the field in this phase ginia since the memorable battle between Tech and the University of Virginia in 1905.

Never was enthusiasm throughout the state as great as it is on the eve of battle. Washington and Lee has perhaps the best eleven she has ever put forth, and Tech claims to have one of equal strength. It will be a fight from the initial whistle and close observers of the two elevens predict that the game will be won by a single touchdown or a field kick.

No two teams were ever so evenly matched. This is true in weight, speed and a keen ability to closely follow the ball. Besides this, the two teams are expert at running and overhead attack.

Tech's great showing in this department in the games with Georgetown and Maryland State has given confidence to her supporters and they claim that they will run the Generals off their field in this phase of offense. On the other hand, the Generals have a heavy and almost impenetrable rush line. This is what is giving the Poly eleven the greatest amount of worry. Both Coach Rafferty and Coach Bernier have brought their teams to a state of perfection, which is well nigh perfect. Their plays are varied in extreme and both teams have the knack of getting them off with clock-like precision.

Both institutions will take their student bodies on special trains and Lynchburg bids fair to be the "high spot" on the football map in the South Atlantic division.

George Parrish, the basketball star, will be seen at right end in the W. & L. game. Parrish has been playing center until a few weeks ago when he received an injury which has kept him out of the line-up. "Hank" Hardwick, who substituted for him in the Georgetown and Maryland games, made town and Maryland games, made has decided to call him a regular. This shifts the burly Parrish to the wing position as he is a past master at the overhead game. In today's game he completed seventeen forward passes without a bobble.

Lancaster will be Tech's general at quarter, the veteran Crisp going back to his old position at right tackle. Crisp is a demon in the line and his friends predict that he will crumple the W. & L. left, once he gets started. Beyond a doubt, Crisp is one of the fastest, headiest and most consistent ground gaining tackles that has come out of the south in years. Next to Neely, of Dartmouth, he is the greatest one-hand football artist in the country today.

EASTERN GRID RACE MAY NARROW TODAY

Particular Interest Centers in Dartmouth-Colgate Game.

New York, October 31.—A further reduction of the eastern college championship football field may be expected from the games to be played tomorrow. Interest particularly centers in the Dartmouth-Colgate at Hanover, N. H., for both these powerful elevens have swept all before them to date.

Two other contests stand out in the day's schedule, involving undefeated combinations in the Pennsylvania-Pennsylvania State and the Lehigh-Pittsburg games.

Lehigh, one of the few elevens which has not been scored against yet, will entertain Pittsburg at South Bethlehem and another hard contest is assured. Pittsburg, regardless of the loss of a game to Syracuse, is a formidable aggregation and can be expected to give Lehigh a bitter battle.

The other more important contests in the east are:

West Virginia at Princeton, Springfield at Harvard, Maryland State at Yale, Syracuse at Brown, Lafayette at Cornell, Tufts at Army, West Virginia Wesleyan at Navy.

Sports

Kearns Wants Fight in Atlanta

Sports

Dempsey's Manager Says No Definite Plans Are Known

Jack Kearns Arrived at 8:40 Friday Night and Announced Intention of Seeing Local Promoter for Discussion of Affairs.

By Paul Warwick.

There is no fight booked for Jack Dempsey in the near future, although Manager Jack Kearns would like to arrange for the world champion to battle before an Atlanta audience and will interview Promoter J. Hume McDonald relative to staging a bout here, according to statements made by the popular manager of the champion when interviewed soon after his arrival in Atlanta last night.

Kearne arrived in the city from completing business engagements shortly after 8:40 o'clock last night and hurried to the Ponce de Leon ball park to see Dempsey, who was getting ready to stage his exhibition as a part of the Sells-Floto circus.

The manager is as genial and jovial a personage as ever and seemed to be glad to rejoin his young protege under the big top with Otto Floto's family of acrobats and trained animals.

When questioned relative to the proposed match between Dempsey and Joe Beckett, English champion, Mr. Kearns stated that the best he could say relative to that subject is that the $200,000 purse offered through William Brady for Charles Cochran, big English theatrical man, for Dempsey to meet the winner of the Carpentier-Beckett scrap, is still in the air and an effort is being made to bring the match about.

"Dominick Tortorich has sent James F. Dougherty to England," said Kearns, "to see about bringing Beckett to this country to fight Jack in New Orleans for a purse of $150,000. We don't know yet what the outcome of that offer is going to be, although, personally, I hope it is accepted."

Kearns further stated that he was just as anxious to hape the champion in a match as soon as possible as Jack is anxious to go into one.

MAY FIGHT DEMPSEY.

San Francisco, October 31.—Willie Beehan, of this city, today claimed he had received a telegram from Dave Mackey, Newark, N. J., promoter, saying final details for an eight-round bout between himself and Jack Dempsey, at Newark, on December 8, had been arranged.

DONAHUE MAY QUIT AUBURN THIS YEAR

Reports Are Persistent in Birmingham That the Noted Coach Is Serving His Last Season as the Trainer of Plainsmen.

Birmingham, Ala., October 31.—(Special.)—Reports that Mike Donahue is serving his last year at Auburn as coach of the football squad have gained such currency in Birmingham that they cannot longer be ignored. The matter has not come to the surface in a definite movement so far, but it is known that prominent alumni of Auburn have been working steadily toward this end.

It is not to be denied that there is considerable dissatisfaction with athletics at Auburn and a heated controversy raging behind the scene with the student body and a large portion of the alumni on one side and Tom Bragg, faculty director of athletics, with school authorities on the other. Donahue has sided with Bragg and the college authorities and has set in motion forces actively inimical to him.

Perhaps the chief cause of dissatisfaction with the athletic situation at Auburn is the continued and persistent refusal of Auburn authorities to resume athletic relations with the University of Alabama at Tuscaloosa. The situation in Alabama is somewhat similar to that in Georgia in the acute rivalry between the state institutions and for nearly 15 years it has been a source of discontent that the teams of the two colleges did not meet either on the gridiron or on the diamond.

Fuel to Flames.

Fuel was added to the flame last week by the issuance of a statement by the Auburn athletic committee in which it was reiterated that Auburn had no intention of resuming athletic relations with the university. The reason assigned was that the rivalry between the institutions was so keen that it would lead to unpleasant incidents and to violations of regulations governing amateurs in seeking to attract prospective students of known prowess to these institutions.

Donahue was one of the signers of the statement and Bragg was another and it caused bitter comment among the alumni and in the newspapers of the state.

The history of the split between the two institutions is somewhat interesting. The annual Auburn-Alabama game up to 1906 was regarded here as the classic of the south. It was played in Birmingham and tens of thousands were always present. The rivalry between the institutions was at fever heat.

In the fall of 1906, the odds were heavily in favor of Auburn. Alabama, seemingly didn't have a chance. The "thin red line" was thin in veritable truth and the games already played gave little indication that the Crimson would be any match for the Plainsmen.

Pollard Directing Affairs.

Dr. John Pollard, probably the greatest coach that ever conditioned a southern eleven, not even excepting Heisman, was directing athletic affairs at Alabama. He went to the west and brought back with him his own version of the Minnesota shift.

The day of the game came. Wise ones knew that Alabama had something in reserve and a tremendous amount of money was wagered on the outcome. Over 11,000 people gathered to witness the contest at the state fair grounds.

During the first half it was a ding dong battle with Alabama holding on by the eye-brows. Once the Plainsmen crossed the Crimson goal. But during the first half the Crimson, outweighed, fought desperately and succeeded in holding Auburn to the single counter. This was before the days of the quarter.

On the first scrimmage in the second half Pollard sprang his Minnesota shift, probably the first time the play was ever used in the south. It was a stampede. The Auburn forwards seemed dazed. They could not break it up. In the twinkling of an eye the Crimson had scored and only with their backs to the wall did Auburn stiffen and stave off another touchdown. The torn and weary Crimson players lacked the strength to put the ball over again and the game ended with the score 6 and 6.

Auburn Was Beaten.

Auburn left the field virtually a beaten team. And since that time no Auburn team has met a team from the University of Alabama. Only the puerile reason given above has ever been assigned. The estrangement has caused intense bitterness among the alumni and considerable feeling between the colleges. For three years after 1906 Alabama authorities sent Auburn a signed contract but this was ignored and the practice ceased. It has been announced from Alabama that the university stood ready to resume relations with Auburn whenever the latter was ready and there the matter has rested.

But to get back to Donahue. The showing of the Auburn team has been far from pleasing this year. It is complained that Donahue has failed to progress with the times and plays the same game he did ten years ago. His attitude toward the Alabama game has also occasioned friction and it is generally whispered that a change is impending at Auburn.

Here Are Three Real Celebrities

Jack Dempsey is the greatest fighter in the world today; "Uncle Ed" Bruffey is the greatest sport authority the south has ever known, and Otto Floto, in addition to being the dean of western sport scribes, is a great circus man. This is truly a "grand triumvirate."

FIVE BIG BATTLES SCHEDULED TODAY

Greatest Interest of the Southern Fans Will Center on Georgia—Auburn Game on Neutral Territory This Afternoon.

Five football games of the score or more that will be played on southern gridirons today will be watched with more than usual interest, for one team in each has not yet met defeat, with the exception of Georgia Tech, which has not been scored on by a southern eleven, but lost 16 to 6 to Pittsburg university a week ago.

The big games include that between Auburn and the University of Georgia at Columbus, Ga., with the governors of two states, according to plans, present to cheer their respective elevens. Georgia has yet to be scored on this year and Auburn has met but one defeat, and that 7 to 6, Vanderbilt a week ago.

The Mississippi A. & M. eleven, which has shown up a powerful team thus far and conquered all opponents, takes on Louisiana State university at Starkville, Miss.

The Davidson college team meets Georgia Tech in Atlanta with prospects of putting up a strong fight against the Yellow Jackets.

Washington and Lee's undefeated gridiron athletes clash with their fellow Virginians from Virginia Polytechnic institute at Lynchburg.

The University of Alabama, with its "thin red line" still victorious, meets Sewanee at Birmingham.

Among other important games are:

Vanderbilt vs. Kentucky State at Lexington, Ky.

University of Virginia vs. Central College at Kentucky at Charlottesville.

University of Tennessee a. University of North Carolina at Knoxville.

Tulane vs. Mississippi State at New Orleans.

Wake Forrest vs. Wofford at Spartanburg, S. C.

The Citadel vs. Furman at Greenville, S. C.

Randolph-Macon vs. Richmond College at Richmond, Va.

MACON RACE MEET CLOSED ON FRIDAY

More Than 7,000 Persons Attended Event, Which Showed Fast Harness Horses in Week's Engagement.

Macon, Ga., October 31.—(Special.) The local race meet came to a close here and it is estimated by fair officials that more than seven thousand persons were on the grandstand for the national card.

Pete Daly, piloted by Galloway, came back today and took first money in the 2:30 trot. Moran's Rossy Fuller took second money in this event. John R. Braden, the fast pacer, belonging to Johnny Thomas, smashed the Macon track record when he went a mile in 2:05½ during an exhibition.

Thomas was given $125 for breaking the track record of 2.06¾, which was made in 1913 by Possibility. Harry S., owned by Billy Lotz, of Atlanta, and piloted by Bartley, took the first two heats in the 2.14 trot, but dropped the third to Stiles, Cherry Abbey III.

The Summary.

2.14 trot, purse $250 added money.
Harry S., ch.g., by Robert Willis (Bartley), 1 1 2.
Cherry Abbey III., blk.m., by The Abbey (Stiles), 2 2 1.
Burr Oak, b.m., by Searchlight (Russell), 3 3 3.
Lula Dillon, ch.m., by Sidney Dillon (Rogers), 4 4 4.
Time, 2.18¼, 2.13¼, 2.19¼.

2.18 pace, purse $250 added money.
Locco Gratton, ch.s., by Locco Wilkes (Walker), 1 2 1.
Lucy Wilkes, b.m., by Tommie (Wallace), 2 1 4.
Harvest Day, br.s., by The Harvester (Stiles), 3 3 2.
Merrier, blk.m., by Belbar (Miller), 6 4 2.
Clayville Hall, ch.g., by Halliwall Hal (Armstrong), 4 5 6.
Star King, blk.g., by Ebony King (Russell), 5 6 5.
Time, 2.16¼, 2.16¼, 2.13¼.

2.30 trot, purse $250, added money.
Pete Daly, s.g., by Marcus Daly (Galloway), 1 5 1.
Rossy Fuller, bm., by John Fuller (Moran), 2 1 2.
Rev. Ansell, bm., by Prince Ansell (Miller), 3 3 4.
Nellie Sunshine, ch.m., by Polo King (Hogoboon), 4 2 5.
Pilatus Bill, bg., by Pilatus (Wallace), 6 4 3.
Bessie King, blk.m., by Star King (Russell), 5 6 6.
Time, 2.21¼, 2.21¼, 2.19¼.

GERMAN TOWN FINED BY FRENCH GENERAL

Mavence, October 31.—(French Wireless Service.)—General Degoutte, the French commander, has imposed a fine of 60,000 marks on the town of Kaiserlautern in the Sarre region on account of recent disorders in that locality fomented by German political agents. One of the agents is said to have been identified as having created disturbances in various non-occupied German towns.

The manifesto of General Degoutte imposing the fine, says the French authorities will tolerate no movement of a revolutionary character.

A dispatch from Paris, October 16, said that during a demonstration at Kaiserlautern a French officer commanding a detachment was seriously wounded. The dispatch added that French soldiers opened fire on the mob, killing one person and wounding several.

M'CLELLAN COMMANDER GETS HIS DISCHARGE

Anniston, Ala., October 31.—(Special.)—Major John Griffith, who has been commander at Camp McClellan, has received his discharge from the army, and will go this week to New York to visit his mother, before taking up his permanent residence elsewhere. For several days Major Griffith will visit the families of John B. Fitzgerald and P. J. Mundle, in this city. Major Robert F. Scott, construction quartermaster at Camp McClellan, succeeded Major Griffith as camp commander.

Jack Wants to Fight If Kearns Can Get Worthy Antagonist

"GUNBOAT" SMITH BEATEN.

San Francisco, October 31.—Roy McCormick, light-heavyweight champion of England, was given a decision over "Gunboat" Smith in a four-round bout here last night.

World Champion Says Mill With Beckett Would Suit Him--Dempsey Likes Atlanta and Is Fine Fellow.

By Les Rawlings.

"I want to fight and am going to just as soon as Jack Kearns can find someone worth fighting," said Jack Dempsey, heavyweight champion of the world as he sat in the office of the Sporting Editor of The Constitution Friday morning and discussed things in general, among them being the game of which he is the world leader.

The champion reached Atlanta early Friday morning on his private car, accompanied by his sparring partners and trainers, to show here with the Sells-Floto circus which played Friday afternoon and night and will be seen this afternoon and tonight at Ponce de Leon park.

Jack Kearns, manager of the famous fighter, reached the city at a late hour last night.

Will See Atlanta.

While in Atlanta Jack will see the city and re-visit old friends and places he knew when here before as just a fighter with no world championship crowning his youthful brow and very few promoters and circus owners offering him young fortunes to appear for a few minutes to show the punches which defeated the giant Willard at Toledo on July 4.

Dempsey, in spite of the popularity and workship which would turn the head of most anybody, is just Jack Dempsey and one of the most pleasant and likable fellows in the world. He is extremely modest and really and truly blushes when things get too complimentary as they are bound to on occasions.

He is a great admirer of children, and there happened to be a youngster in the office and the little fellow was the recipient of attention which would make most senators and congressmen turn green with envy.

Jack says he likes to come south as the people in this section of the country have always shown him the greatest kindness.

"There certainly is such a thing as southern hospitality," said Jack. "These people down here can do more to make a fellow feel at home than anybody in the country. I'll never forget some biscuits I had in Atlanta the time I fought Porky Flynn here. Man, oh man, those were real biscuits.

"Atlanta is one of the finest cities in the country, and there's no mistake about that. Wish this circus would stay here awhile.

Wants to Fight.

"Do I want to fight? You can bet your life I do, and just as soon as Jack Kearns finds anybody worth fighting I'm gonna give him a battle.

"By idea isn't to bold on to this thing and not give anybody else a chance at it. If they find a fellow man enough to take the title away from me then that's exactly what I want him to do."

Jack says he likes the circus business, and he thinks Otto Floto is about the greatest fellow he ever ran into. Otto used to be a sporting editor, and he and Jack have great times talking over the game which Jack is so fond of.

The sporting editors of Atlanta attended a luncheon given at the Ansley hotel at 1 o'clock Friday afternoon in honor of the champion.

When asked just as he was leaving, whether or not he thought Kearns and Diminick Tortorich, of New Orleans would get together for a match, Dempsey with Beckett, the English champion, the champion stated he didn't know what Kearns has done, but expressed his willingness to give Mr. Beckett the battle of his life if he gets a chance.

"I'd like to meet that guy," said Jack. "They say he's good and naturally I think I'm just a little bit better, because of the American part of it. When an American can't put it over a Britisher, it'll be a cold day in July."

PATTERSON CHOSEN TO SUCCEED SMITH

Montgomery, Ala., October 31.—A. G. Patterson, of Albany, has been elected national democratic committeeman from Alabama to succeed E. D. Smith, of Birmingham, who resigned recently when he moved to Atlanta. The votes of the state executive committee were sent in by mail.

PITT PLAYS LEHIGH IN HOT SCRAP TODAY

Warnerites Still Claim to Have List of Crippled Gladiators.

Pittsburg, Pa., October 31.—(Special.)—The University of Pittsburg football team faces Lehigh university at South Bethlehem Saturday, and Coach Glenn S. Warner looks for an unusually hard battle. Comings, as it does, between the hard games with Georgia Tech last Saturday and the championship battle with W. & J. next Saturday at Forbes field, it is causing the Panther mentor a lot of worry.

Lehigh is known to have a strong team, as evidenced by their victories over Rutgers and Carnegie Tech, and Warner is fearful of another mental let-up on the part of his team, as occurred at Syracuse after West Virginia had been trounced so soundly.

Pitt has a large list of cripples, and with "Jim" Morrow, the star bullback, out for the entire season and three or four others on the ragged edge, Warner's chief worry is to work out the substitute problem. This was very evident in the Georgia Tech game in the second half when "Pop" had to scratch his head to figure just who could be sent in when Mervis, right tackle, was injured. Finally Gus Aschman, a halfback, went in.

The Georgia Tech victory has put all sorts of "pep" into the local gridiron situation and it is felt that the Pitt season is already "made," considering the shortage of classy material and the long list of injured players.

The W. & J. game here Saturday, November 8, will attract the biggest crowd that ever saw a game in Pittsburg. W. & J.'s victory over Syracuse and Pitt's over Georgia Tech has set the fans wild.

Billy Evans' Baseball Series Starts in Constitution Sunday

The winter sport season would not be complete without stories of professional baseball. Billy Evans, American league umpire, has again been engaged to write a series of Sunday baseball stories for Constitution readers. The first will appear tomorrow. The Evans stories, written by the most competent baseball writer in the business, will continue through the winter. Evans is known from coast to coast as the greatest authority on the national game. For years he has written a winter series and his work this year will be better than ever.

In his first article Sunday, Evans will discuss the recent world series and tell why the Cincinnati Reds won. He was an umpire in that series and who, better than he, could tell you the inside of the series about which hundreds of questions are still being asked? You cannot afford to miss the Evans articles in The Sunday Constitution.

In addition, Umpire Evans will conduct a question department in which he will answer baseball questions of fans. Followers of baseball are invited to ask their questions of Evans by addressing him, care of Sporting Editor of The Constitution.

For the best baseball series get the Evans writings in The Sunday Constitution.

Veteran Sportsmen 'Chin' While Champ Waits and Laughs

"Uncle Ed" Bruffey and Otto Floto Sat Together at the Sullivan-Kilrain Fight 30 Years Ago. Met for First Time Since Friday.

By E. C. Bruffey.

There was a love feast in The Constitution's sporting editor's office yesterday afternoon when Jack Dempsey, easy conqueror of Jess Willard and athletic America's idol; Otto Floto, old-time star newspaper man of the west and now one of the proprietors and owners of the Sells-Floto circus, and I came together for a handshake and a fan fest on events that have gone by, events that made history in the world and events each of the trio and many others will never forget as long as memory lasts.

And again as the trio stood before Francis E. Price's camera there was another love feast in each man's mind as he posed for the best looking picture in the group and tried to look his prettiest—just as though he were posing for a photograph for his best girl.

I had met Dempsey last at Toledo and was talking to him of his little experience last July when Otto Floto walked in. I had not seen Floto since 1889, when he and I stood together at the ring side under a blistering July sun at Richburg, Miss., watching the mighty John L. Sullivan and the almost as great Jake Kilrain battle with bare knuckles in the last ungloved fight of the world. Dempsey had just remarked:

How It Happened.

"Naturally I was nervous when I looked across the ring at the great bulk of that big Kansan. But I swallowed my spit and from that time on to the end an X-ray would not have found a nerve in me. But here comes—"

With outstretched hand Otto Floto was walking through the doorway toward me, saying:

"Don't remember me, old top?"

"If you had black hair and a black mustache with the corners pointing up I might say you were Otto Floto, of the old Kansas City Post."

A grin larger than the Sells-Floto big top spread over Floto's face, and, ringing my hand up and down with vigor, he said:

"Right you are. It's a great memory you got. Remember where and when we first met? 'Member that day?" he asked.

I told him we had first met in New Orleans in early July, '89, and that we had parted at Richburg July 6 after Sullivan had licked Kilrain.

"Right again," remarked Floto. "And great memory again." Then for a minute while everybody in the room was admiring the big, broad-squared-shouldered Jack Dempsey, Otto Floto and I forget the presence of the immense man-conqueror and went back to live over the days of the past. Only casual acquaintances on that day, we both felt a strong tie of friendship spring up as we stood holding each other's hand and thinking over the past. Maybe because we both knew of the dozen or more newspaper men and men prominent in ring work at that time, we were probably about the last left. That while we are both now in apparent good health we aren't sure when that call is going to come to us.

"Big Bill" Naughton.

"Remember 'Big Bill' Naughton?" said Otto Floto.

"Frisco Examiner man? Yes, I remember him. I have been told—"

"Yes he's dead poor fellow. There wasn't a better man or a bigger heart in the world than 'Big Bill' Naughton. You know it was 'Bill' that brought Jackson over from Australia. Bill aways said the negro was a good fighter and 'Bill's' words proved true."

"Harry Weldon, of The Cincinnati Enquirer, was there that day too and he and Naughton made the two biggest newspaper men I had ever seen. And Harry's dead too," said I.

"That reminds me," put in Floto, "Harry Weldon could write a fight or a ball game along with the best of 'em. But do you know he couldn't do a story about the ponies and the track better than a man who never saw a race. Howard Hackett, New York World man. Remember him? Always wore kid gloves whether taking a drink or paying for one. Well Howard's gone too. Say do you know any one alive who was there that day. Sullivan is gone. So is Jake. What's become of Sandy Griswold, of The Omaha Bee?"

"Yes, I know of one alive. Jim Stephens, of Atlanta, who had charge of the wires that day at Richburg. He's here in Atlanta yet and is still ready to give a helping hand."

"You mean the lame man who had the old dry goods box converted into a table for the operators? Well I sure would like to see him?"

Jack Breaks In.

"Ain't it about time to break up that morgue," broke in Jack Dempsey. "If you two white heads can't talk about asything but has beens let me out and I'll hunt some pleasanter company. I don't ever speak to the man I put to sleep until he is counted out and hanged if I am going to live in the past any longer. Why just look, everybody has quit looking at me and is hanging on what you silver headed 'Bill Bryans' are saying and I don't like it. But, of course, I'm not jealous."

That brought Floto and myself back out of the past where we had been roaming right pleasantly. Brought us back to the fact that the greatest boxing athlete of the world was just as ready right now, as ever in the past, to crawl through the ropes with any one willing to put on the mits.

Dempsey looks just as he did when I saw him last in Toledo except that his skin is clearer and his flesh a little more pliable to the touch. When I saw him strip at the tent for his appearance in the ring I wondered at the clean, creamy whiteness of his skin. It was almost silken to the touch and as he stood ready for his trunks he showed the formation of an almost perfect specimen of manhood.

His legs from his knees down might be a trifle larger, but there is decided symmetry in what there is of them, their shape being well nigh perfect. From a few inches below his hips to the top of his head he is perfectly formed at a glance. Dan Creeddn, said to be the most perfect man ever stripped, has nothing on Jack Dempsey when it comes to sizing him up from his hips to his head. And his every movement is full of ease and grace. There is nothing of the pose as he walks around in his tent, and one is amazed at the elasticity, eveness, certainty of his every movement.

While not as large in bulk as Sullivan, Dempsey is decidedly the better proportioned man of the two. His muscles are something unusual in that it is his muscles and not his flesh that give him the great massive, bulky appearance. But in that bulk, that massiveness, there is not the slightest hesitancy, the slightest awkwardness in any movement.

As I stood yesterday afternoon watching him shadow work a little I could but wonder at the perfect control he has over his every muscle. Drawing back a lead that had gone half way and diverting a blow from its evident objective, were as easy and gracefully executed as was the square landing of a hard drive.

Some Man Then.

As "Big Bill" Tate, his colored sparring partner, stood watching Jack Dempsey at work, the casual observer would not realize that Tate stood six feet and six and a half inches, while Dempsey could stack up only six and one and one-half. Neither was there any apparent difference in the build of the two, though the sparring partner is the heavier of the two. If there is today a better man in the world, a man better equipped to retain the championship he won so easily, I cannot imagine who he may be. Certainly that man has not come into limelight yet. Talk about Carpentier, the Frenchman, I have never seen him, but I have talked to experts who have and judging by that the Frenchman isn't in the same class with this good Irish-American. Not by a jugful. Firmly I believe Dempsey can whip any man on earth today, and then some, too, if that becomes necessary. When I spoke to him about Beckett, the Briton, who is to meet Carpentier, Dempsey merely smiled and then raising his clinched right, said:

"I'll fight any man in the world today, tomorrow or any other time. But I'm not in this game for my health. I had to pay to get a chance at Willard and now I'm ready for any of them. If Beckett wins I'll take him on. Or if Carpentier wins I'll take him on. Or I'll take both on, winner or loser first. It makes no difference to me. The ring is my game and as long as I'm in it I'll play no favorites and ask nothing but a square deal."

Talks With Decision.

Dempsey talks with decision and like he hits he goes straight to the point. Relating his ring experiences, he becomes quite interesting, and as he talks his face glows with animation. There is no more hesitation in his talk than in his blows. They are both pointed and direct. Speaking of his encouters, Dempsey says:

"They were all comparatively easy because I knew just what I was doing when I went into the ring. About the toughest man against whom I went was Billy Minske, that Wisconsin bear-cat. He was some man, let me tell you. But like all the rest, he got all that was coming to him."

Talking to Dempsey, a stranger would not dream of the ring. The young giant is better than the average conversationalist, once he gets started. He is inclined to be reticent and does not thaw out rapidly, but once he breaks through he proves an entertainer sure enough. He is well posted on current events and can talk world-war work or world-war politics. But he talks best when he talks of his old mother out in Utah.

That mother didn't want Jack to take to the ring, but when she saw the bent of her boy she called him up and gave him her mind, not in cold type, as Jack puts it, simply because there were no type in that section of Colorado, his birth state, where the Dempsey family was then living. But let Jack Dempsey tell of that day in his early life.

Mother Spanked Him.

"Mother gave me her slipper for fighting when I was a kid and ordered me to be a gentleman without force, but with habit. The fight kept growing on me and mother's slipper kept in action. Finally, after she had worn out more slippers on me than she had worn out on her feet she called me up one day, and taking me by the shoulder said:

"'My son, I see you have fight in your head, and I've tried to stop you, but haven't been able. Now you go ahead and the first time you get licked don't come home, for if you do, I'll wear you out.'

"I knew mother would keep her word, and that's why I won my first fight. I was afraid to lose 'cause I knew it would give mother a chance to say I told you so, and then some. That mother of mine is my best friend. She always prays for her boy and knows that her boy is always straight. After Toledo I went right home to her and she forgave me, but asked me not to do so again. Of course, I promised, and here I am right now looking for more trouble."

And if any one should ask you, the Sells-Floto circus is good. It's as good as the Sells Bros. ever put on and they never presented an indifferent act in their long years of circus life.

Major General Sharpe Assigned to Command Southeastern Department

(By Constitution Leased Wire.)

Washington, October 31.—Major General Henry G. Sharpe was today detailed as commander of the southeastern department at Charleston, S. C., the post he held prior to being sent abroad on a special mission for the war department. At the outbreak of the war, General Sharpe was head of the army quartermaster corps.

INDIGESTION

"Pape's Diapepsin" makes Disordered Stomachs feel fine at once!

Lumps of undigested food causing pain. When your stomach is acid, and is gassy, sour or you have heart-burn flatulence, headache or dyspepsia, here is speedy relief—no waiting.

Eat a tablet or two of Pape's Diapepsin and instantly your stomach feels fine. All the indigestion pain, gases, acidity and misery in the stomach caused by acidity ends.

Pape's Diapepsin tablets cost little at any drug store but there is no surer or quicker stomach antacid known.—(adv.)

WHEN YOU NEED TIRES, SEE

HUGH MAUCK

AT HIS TIRE AND REPAIR PLACE

48 AND 50 EAST NORTH AVENUE

Between the two Peachtrees, on the way to Tech.

FEDERAL AND VICTOR TIRES AND TUBES

Retreading and Repairing

Phone Ivy 3310

Pace-Mauck Tire Co.

THE UNITED STATES RAILROAD ADMINISTRATION ANNOUNCES

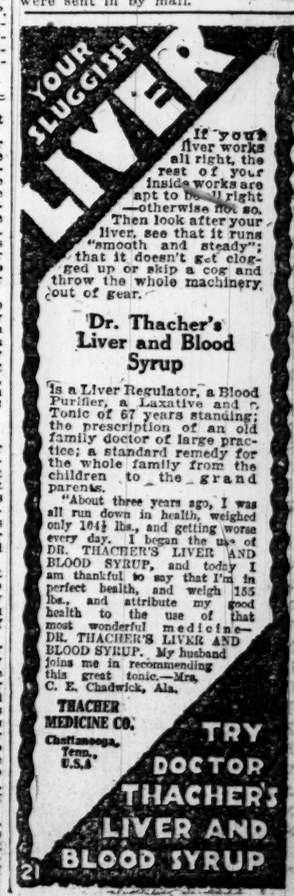
Effective Sunday, November 2nd, "The Southland" trains No. 32 and No. 33 will arrive, Terminal Station, 11:30 P. M. instead of 11:00 P. M. It will depart from the same station at 6:40 A. M. instead of 7:00 A. M.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE RAILROAD

For Reservations or Detailed Information, Apply to

CONSOLIDATED TICKET OFFICE, 74 PEACHTREE STREET. PHONE IVY 2726.

or Depot Ticket Office.



IN THE WORLD OF SPORTS

JUNIOR TORNADO BATTLES LANIER

Tech High Eleven Leaves Early This Morning on Last Road Trip of Season, Resolved to Triumph.

The Junior Golden Tornado left Friday afternoon at 5 o'clock for Macon, where they will meet the Lanier High team at 2:30 o'clock this afternoon. The Lanier High team has been defeated this season and that came at the hands of Gordon institute, of Barnesville, Georgia.

The Lanier High boys, although with a defeat against them, are going after the Tech High boys with a vengeance and a lively little scrap is in store. Lanier hopes to eliminate the Atlanta team from the state championship this afternoon.

The Tech High team left full of hope and pep and say that they will beat Lanier. Captain Jordan when seen before the train left said that he hoped to win by at least four touchdowns. There will be a good many automobilists from Tech High motor down to Macon for the game.

This is probably the last game the Smithies have on the road, unless one is arranged later. They are therefore more anxious to win than ever.

The probable line-up for the game will be as follows:

TECH HIGH.	Pos.	LANIER HIGH.
Lake	L. E.	McAmus
Lotspeich	L. T.	Peek
Stone	L. G.	Lord
Wilson	C.	Coleman
Saunders	R. G.	Scott
Williams	R. T.	Novell
Thompson	R. E.	Elmore
Bawsel	Q. B.	Smith
Jordan	L. H.	McCord
Harris	R. H.	Hodgson
Alexander	F.	Hatcher

YALE, PRINCETON AND HARVARD are still the big three.

BUT NOT the first three.

BAT LEVINSKY AND BILL BRENNAN both want to risk the price of a sponge on Dempsey.

WELL, WE CAN'T STOP 'EM from singing German operas in English with a German accent.

WOODY IS SUFFERING from malnutrition of the veto.

BANK PRESIDENT IN NEW YORK wants to trade his job with any night watchman in any bonded liquor warehouse.

DIVORCES END SIXTEEN MORE war romances. Fifteen of 'em married to escape the draft. The other guy was neutral.

SHAMROCK IV. wore itself out resting. The other three wore 'emselves out losing.

THE MAN WHO RUNS THAT BIG CHAIN of hat stores showed top judgment when he sent all the big sizes to Cincinnati.

SMALL SIZES to Chicago.

WOODY IS THE KEENEST GENT in America. Nothing goes over his head but the bills he vetoes.

WHY DOES LEVINSKY STOP at Dempsey? Stanley said there wasn't any pain in the bite of a lion.

CHILD'S BOOK OF KNOWLEDGE fails to tell us whether Little Joe is a point or only a number.

RED SOX are on the block again. Both auction and butcher.

TOOK A MONTANA MAN NINE HOURS to walk a mile in a fierce blizzard and he had to pay the caddy 60 megs an hour.

NEW TIGHT SLEEVES in gent's snappy clothing are very uncomfortable. No room to park any aces.

DIFFERENCE BETWEEN football and baseball. A baseball fan is a fan when the team's winning.

IT WILL COST TOMMY LIPTON 20,000 washers for a new mast for the Shamrock. A towline would be cheaper and handier.

TOMMY GRIFFITH is latest athlete to quit baseball to go to work.

WRESTLING IS A GOOD GAME when the lads lose their heads and wrestle straight.

BRITISH AERIAL BOMBS TO DROP ON AFGHANS

Simla, India, October 31.—Airplane bombs are to be used against the tribes of Maziris and Mahsuds in Afghanistan unless the tribesmen discontinue the continual attacks on British posts and convoys and the raids into British territory in which they have indulged themselves during and since the recent troubles with Afghanistan. Representatives of these tribes have been summoned to British headquarters to hear the British ultimatum.

In case they do not comply with the terms they will be given time to remove their women and children and will then be subjected to an intense aerial bombardment. This will be followed by other punitive measures against those sections of the tribes which were implicated in the recent outrages.

Six brigades of infantry, together with artillery and cavalry detachments, are being employed in the operations.

London, October 31.—The warlike activities of the Waziris and Mahsud tribesmen along the northwest Indian frontier, which has drawn an ultimatum from the British, are an outgrowth of the warfare in Afghanistan. As a result of the Afghan attacks last spring the British were forced to withdraw their military posts from Waziristan, tribal territory between British India and Afghanistan.

NASHVILLE PAPERS CRIPPLED BY STRIKE

Nashville, Tenn., October 31.—Photo engravings of the editorial columns and some of advertisements will be used in the Saturday morning issue of the Tennessean in order to get out the paper despite the printers' walkout of Thursday night. The three newspapers of Nashville affected by the "vacation" of the composing rooms, have received messages from publishers in all sections of the country advising the local publishers to maintain their present stand.

Through the assistance of local job printing offices employing union printers, the two afternoon papers, The Banner and The American, were enabled to get out 12 and 14-page editions.

Friday morning M. G. Scott, president of the International Typographical union, Indianapolis, advised the printers who walked out regardless of their contract in force until January, 1921, to go back to work. A representative from headquarters of the organization will arrive here this evening.

The Tennessean will use photo-engravings of its editorial of typewritten copy, after the method a national weekly is now employing.

The printers' walkout followed their demand for a fourth bonus of $1 a day over their signed contract. Three bonuses totaling $1.25 was already being paid them by the local publishers.

U. S. FOREIGN TRADERS TO HOLD CONFERENCE

New York, October 31.—Plans for American foreign traders" to be the first "world conference of held at San Francisco, May 12-15, 1920, were discussed here today at the sixth annual meeting of the national foreign trade council.

"We shall have the largest delegation of American foreign traders at San Francisco—Americans from all over the world—ever assembled," said O. K. Davis, secretary of the council. "For the purpose of meeting these men it is our intention to invite delegates from every individual chamber of commerce, and trade organizations in the United States, as well as firms and individuals in or connected with every factor of overseas commerce. The biggest fact in our economic history is the change in the financial status that has come to us through the war. Our people must be brought to a full understanding of its meaning."

BRITAIN IS PLANNING FOR PRIZE BOND ISSUE

London, October 21.—The treasury has drafted a scheme for a prize bond issue, according to The Daily Mail. Mr. Chamberlain favors the scheme, which has been drawn up in anticipation that parliament will declare for it, the newspaper adds.

Mr. Chamberlain stated in the house of commons yesterday that he did not object to a parliamentary inquiry into the shrdtloutotoutou lottery loan or prize bonds, after which a number of the members signed a memorial to the chancellor of the exchequer strongly urging the immediate launching of a prize bond scheme. They expressed themselves as convinced that it would meet with a tremendous response, appeal to the prevailing speculative tendency and keep in the country money which might otherwise be diverted to French lottery bonds.

LABOR BODY HEADED BY SECRETARY WILSON

Washington, October 31.—Completing its permanent organization with election of Secretary of Labor Wilson of the United States as president, the international labor conference today proceeded to the formation of a definite program of work with appointment of a commission of selection to act as "steering committee."

Although the conference adjourned tonight until Monday, the commission will devote itself in the meantime to mapping out the future method of work and to the choosing of the various committees to which the five items of the agenda will be referred for study and report. At a short meeting today after the conference session, Arthur Fontaine, of France, chairman of the organizing committee was elected presiding officer of the commission and a preliminary discussion was had on its work.

When the conference reconvenes Monday a fight is expected over the relative advantages of a straight eight-hour day as compared with a forty-eight-hour week. The latter was recommended by the organizing committee as a result of its analysis of expressions of opinion from all the governments represented in the conference. This committee, in its report, declared that the forty-eight hour week allowed more elasticity in the arrangement of hours of work, facilitates the adoption of half holidays on Saturday, and of a weekly rest day. A number of the labor delegates, however, plan to make a fight for the straight eight-hour day.

Secretary Wilson, in accepting the permanent presidency, said he only could consider the office as a "tribute to the American people."

Nominations of the three groups for vice president were confirmed as follows:

George N. Barnes, of England, for the government delegates; Jules Carlier, of Belgium, employers, and Leon Jouhaux, of France, labor. H. B. Butler, of England, was chosen permanent secretary general.

MRS. ROBBINS HEADS CONGRESS OF WOMEN.

Washington, October 31.—Mrs. Raymond Robbins, of the American delegation, was elected president of the International Congress of Working Women here today. Other officers chosen were: Secretary, Maud Swartz, United States; first vice president, Jeanne Bouvier, France; second vice president, Katherine Derry, Canada; and third vice president, Yadwiga Lukasiuk, Poland.

Discussion of the eight-hour law was continued.

REHEARINGS DENIED ON ANTI-STRIKE CLAUSE

Washington, October 31.—By unanimous vote the senate interstate commerce committee today refused to grant the request of representatives of the railroad brotherhoods that hearings be reopened on the anti-strike provision of the railroad bill which the committee recently reported to the senate.

Charles Marshall Injured.

Bay St. Louis, Miss., October 31.—Charles Marshall, superintendent of the New Orleans and Mobile division of the Louisville and Nashville railroad for more than thirty years, but now retired, is in a serious condition at his home here as a result of injuries received recently while alighting from a train.

"ALL IN" AND "SO TIRED"

Mr. Burgess Feels Much Better Since Taking ZIRON Iron Tonic.

Investigation and research work by many of the leading medical authorities show that many weak, tired people often lack the necessary amount of iron in their blood. Iron is needed to keep the system in good condition. Weakness and that "tired feeling" frequently disappear when iron is supplied.

Mr. C. C. Burgess, of 2412 Wells street, Nashville, Tenn., says: "Ziron has done me lots of good. I was about all in. I did not have any appetite and my back was so weak that I could hardly do my work and at night was so tired. Since taking Ziron I can do my work and don't get tired, and feel better every way."

Try Ziron, if you are weak and tired. Ziron is a perfected preparation of iron salts, combined with other valuable, strength-giving tonic ingredients, which are recommended by leading physicians.

Sold by druggists on a money-back guarantee.—(adv.) ZN 20

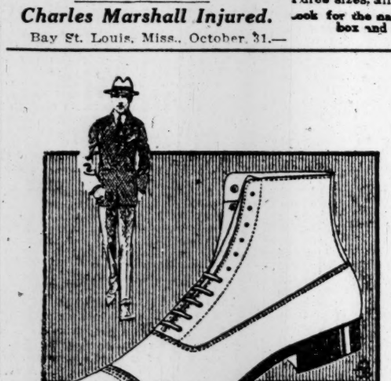
Your Blood Needs ZIRON

DON'T DESPAIR

If you are troubled with pains or aches; feel tired; have headache indigestion, insomnia; painful passage of urine, you will find relief by regularly taking

GOLD MEDAL HAARLEM OIL CAPSULES

The world's standard remedy for kidney, liver, bladder and uric acid troubles and National Remedy of Holland since 1696. Three sizes, all druggists. Guaranteed. Look for the name Gold Medal on every box and accept no imitation



$7
$8
$8.50

Men are really surprised at the excellent, good-looking shoes they can buy here at such reasonable prices. In the popular shade of Cordo-brown.

Men's Dept.
Main Floor

Buck's
27-29 WHITEHALL ST.

ALLIED ULTIMATUM DEFIED BY KOLCHAK

Tokio, October 13.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—Documents published here which gave details of the recent misunderstanding between Russia and allied troops at Vladivostok showed that the allied command sent an ultimatum to General Rozanoff, the Russian commander.

The Russian press bureau issued a statement which said that on September 26 the allied command in the Far East handed General Rozanoff an ultimatum to evacuate all Russian troops from the fortress of Vladivostok not later than noon September 29. The ultimatum said that in case of non-fulfillment, armed forces would be used. In reply, Admiral Kolchak, in a telegram, ordered General Rozanoff not to evacuate the troops, to take all measures for protecting them and to communicate to the allied command that Vladivostok was a Russian fortress, and that the Russian troops of the garrison would fulfill his, the supreme ruler, order.

In other circles it was declared that some weeks ago, following the appearance of General Gaida in Vladivostok, came a movement among Russian liberals for a counter revolution, and efforts were made to persuade General Gaida to head the movement. Orders then came back from Omsk for General Gaida to take off his uniform as a Russian general and leave the country immediately, these orders being backed by the appearance at Vladivostok of the armored trains of the two Cossack chiefs, Seminov and Kalminov. The inter-allied authorities ordered the armored trains out of the city, and stated that, as Gaida was a Czech and not a Russian subject, he could not be deported.

The counter revolutionary movement appeared to grow, and as an offset the Russian garrison was reinforced with Cossacks.

American Army Loses Best Informed Officer In Col. Constant Cordier

Washington, October 31.—The resignation tomorrow of Colonel Constant Cordier, of the general staff, will remove from the army an officer who occupied a unique position in the military establishment and who is believed to have had a wider knowledge of the diplomatic-military history of the world war than any other one man. Colonel Cordier served throughout the war as "liaison officer" to the chief of staff. Over his desk passed the reports from war ministers of every country in the world, including even those from the central empires, before the United States broke relations. The officer also received military missions and individuals from every quarter of the globe.

Colonel Cordier shares with Generals Pershing, March and Bliss, the distinction of having been decorated by all the first powers—Great Britain, France, Japan, Italy and the United States. He has served on a number of missions in the Orient, Europe, Mexico and South America, and say service in the Philippines, jersonally capturing Colonel Gonzales, third ranking officer of the insurgents. For this feat he was warmly commended by the late General Adna Chafee.

Dublin Beats Waynesboro.

cial.)—Dublin High school defeated Waynesboro High school here this afternoon by the score of 20 to 13. The local eleven outweighed Waynesboro and the score does not show Dublin's real strength. Time after time Dublin's backfield ran the ball to the opponents' goal line, only to lose it through fumbles.

The stars for Dublin were Captain Walker, who gained ground almost at will; Deese, Ash, Kendrick and Daniels. J. Alexander kicked two goals out of three attempts. Dublin has a perfect record up to this time. Stars for Waynesboro were Hill-Stars for Waynesboro were Hill-Swainsboro in Dublin next Friday.

J. H. Rosseter Resigns.

Washington, October 31.—J. H. Rosseter, director of operations of the United States shipping board, has resigned. John E. Cushing, assistant director, succeeds him.

BONE-DRY INJUNCTION PLACED ON NEW YORK

New York, October 31.—United States District Judge Hand today granted a temporary injunction at the request of the United States district attorney prohibiting the sale of all liquor containing one-half of one per cent or more alcohol.

Under the injunction saloonkeepers who violate the prohibition enforcement law can be summarily arrested and imprisoned for contempt of court.

TO BIND ARGENTINA AND UNITED STATES

New York, October 31.—Senor Don Jose Fidel Lagos, a leading Argentinian business man, and special envoy of "La Prensa," of Buenos Aires, one of the world's greatest newspapers, has arrived here to "establish a close mutual friendship" between the United States and his country, binding them in "joint progress toward better understanding and higher ideals." He bears letters to leading American statesmen, financiers, merchants, publishers and men of education, art and letters.

Senor Lagos opened his campaign in New York today. He proposes to remain in the United States for several months and visit all parts of the country.

When his mission is finished here he will go to Paris and London on similar work.

U. S. FARM LOAN ACT TO SUPREME COURT

Kansas City, October 31.—Judge A. C. Van Valkenburgh late today dismissed the suit brought in the United States district court here by Charles E. Smith, of Kansas City, to test the constitutionality of the federal farm loan act and granted an appeal to the supreme court.

BASS HAS POWER TO CHANGE DATE OF MASON MEET

Macon, Ga., October 31.—(Special.) While no action was taken by the Grand Lodge of Georgia Masons at their session here this week on the resolution of Zach Arnold, of Clay county, seeking to either have the dates or the place of meeting of the grand lodge changed, the committee to which the resolution was referred reported that authority to act along that line, if at any time it is found desirable, is now vested in the grand master. This authority was conferred by a resolution adopted at a previous meeting and leaves the matter entirely in the hands of Grand Master Charles L. Bass, of Atlanta.

For several years the Masons have complained because of the conflict between the dates of their annual meeting and those of the Georgia state fair. They claim they are unable to secure proper accommodations while the fair is in progress. Indications are that the fair officials will confer with Grand Master Bass shortly with a view to adjusting the matter.

REDFIELD LEAVES WILSON'S CABINET

Washington, October 31.—William C. Redfield today retired as secretary of commerce after serving for six and a half years as a member of President Wilson's cabinet. He leaves tomorrow for his home in Brooklyn, but said today that he had made no plans for the immediate future.

Until the appointment by the president of a successor to Mr. Redfield the assistant secretary of commerce, Edwin F. Sweet, will be the acting secretary of the department.

Might Move South.

(From Syracuse Post-Standard.)

Shoes will be cheaper, it is promised, by May 1, but we can't very well go unshod through the winter.

You Need Not Suffer from Catarrh

But You Must Drive It Out of Your Blood to Get Rid of It Permanently.

You have probably been in the habit of applying external treatments, trying to cure your Catarrh. You have used sprays, washes and lotions and possibly been temporarily relieved. But after a short time you had another attack and wondered why. You must realize that Catarrh is an infection of the blood and to get permanent relief the catarrh infection must be driven out of the blood. The quicker you come to understand this, the quicker you will get it out of your system. S. S. S., which has been in constant use for over fifty years, will attack the catarrhal poisons, cleanse and strengthen the blood, so it will carry vigor and health to the mucous membranes on its journey through your body and nature will soon restore you to health, you will be relieved of the droppings of mucous in your throat, sores in nostrils, bad breath, hawking and spitting.

All reputable druggists carry S. S. S. in stock and we recommend you give it a trial at once.

The chief medical adviser of the Company will carefully answer all letters on the subject. There is no charge for the medical advice. Address Swift Specific Company, 251 Swift Laboratory, Atlanta, Ga. —(adv.)

NEWS OF THE CHURCHES

BAPTIST **BAPTIST**

DR. M. ASHBY JONES

Will Address the Business Women's League

of the

Second Baptist Church

Corner Washington and Mitchell Streets

In the Main Auditorium of the Sunday School, on
SUNDAY AFTERNOON, NOVEMBER 2, AT 4 O'CLOCK

The Public Cordially Invited to Hear Dr. Jones.
No admission charged. No collection taken. Services one hour.

Come—listen to a brilliant address by a great speaker.

BAPTIST TABERNACLE

78 Luckie Street.

9:30 A. M.—SUNDAY SCHOOL—1,133 present last Sunday. Tomorrow is FATHER AND SON DAY, with a special program in the main auditorium. No ladies permitted in this service. The music will be in charge of Captain D. L. Spooner. A drive has been on this week to bring one thousand men and boys to Sunday school Sunday morning. Wake up, Daddy, and come. Dr. Joseph Broughton, Superintendent.

11:00 A. M.—MORNING WORSHIP—Special Music, under the direction of Captain D. L. Spooner. Sermon by the pastor. Subject: "THE VOICE THAT ANSWERS OUR FEAR."

3:00 P. M.—MASS MEETING for all Sunday school workers of the city, addressed by Professor Honline, of Dayton, Ohio.

6:15 P. M.—B. Y. P. U.

7:30 P. M.—MONSTER MUSICAL PROGRAM—Everybody singing under the direction of Captain D. L. Spooner. You can't afford to miss this inspirational service.

SERMON—Subject: "THE WORLD'S NEED OF A REVIVAL OF OLD-FASHIONED RELIGION." Evangelistic service. Strangers and visitors cordialy invited.

SUNDAY SCHOOL INSTITUTE, with an array of experts from all over America will be at the Tabernacle every day next week from 4 p. m. to 9 p. m. All Sunday school workers urged to attend.

Ponce de Leon Ave. Baptist Church

Corner Piedmont and Ponce de Leon.

DR. M. ASHBY JONES

MORNING SERVICE 11:00 A. M.
"THE MASTER AND THE MULTITUDE."
EVENING SERVICE 7:30 P. M. "PROFIT AND LIFE."

FIRST BAPTIST CHURCH

Corner Peachtree and Cain Streets

CHARLES W. DANIEL, Pastor.

11:00 A. M.—"THE HERITAGE OF BELIEVERS."
7:30 P. M.—"THE MEMORY OF SIN."

SECOND BAPTIST CHURCH

HENRY ALFORD PORTER, PASTOR

11:00 A. M. ..... DR. W. H. MAJOR WILL PREACH
7:45 P. M. ..... SERVICE IN CHARGE OF THE B. Y. P. U.
ASSISTED BY THE CHOIR.

WEST END BAPTIST

SUNDAY SCHOOL ..... 9:30 A. M.

LAST SUNDAY BIG ATTENDANCE.
WATCH US GROW.
EVERYBODY HEARTILY WELCOME.

PRESBYTERIAN **PRESBYTERIAN**

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN

Peachtree and Sixteenth Streets

11:00 A. M. ..... "THE HAND OF GOD"

MUSICAL PROGRAM:

Voluntary Chorus—Cante Domini ..... Dudley Buck
Offertory Quartette—"Appear, Thou Light Divine" ..... Morrison
Mr. Aldridge, Mr. Drukenmiller, Mrs. Chears, Miss Small.
Recessional ..... Kipling
Mr. Drukenmiller and Choir.

WEDNESDAY, 8 P. M.: "The Second Coming of Christ," will be the subject of Dr. Lyons' lecture, continuing the series on "The Gospel of the Hereafter."

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

Washington Street (Opposite Capitol.)

REV. B. R. LACY, JR., D. D., Pastor.

9:30 A. M. ..... Bible School
Women's Y. W. B. C. ..... Men's Brotherhood
11:00 A. M. ..... Sermon by the Pastor
7:00 P. M. ..... Christian Endeavor
8:00 P. M. ..... Semon by the Pastor
Subject: ...."BE THOU A MAN"

The night service of "Special" interest to men—the Brotherhood in charge.

SINGING LED BY MR. F. L. WILLIS

NORTH AVE. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

DR. RICHARD ORME FLINN, Pastor.

9:30 A. M. ..... SUNDAY SCHOOL
11:00 A. M. ..... MORNING SERVICE
8:00 P. M. ..... "WELCOME SERVICE"

INMAN PARK PRESBYTERIAN

(Junction Edgewood and Euclid Avenues.)
REV. NORMAN JOHNSON, Pastor.

9:30 A. M.—SUNDAY SCHOOL. Mr. W. E. Newill, Superintendent.
11:00 A. M.—MORNING WORSHIP. Sermon by the Pastor. Text, James 1: 22.
6:30 P. M.—CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR SOCIETY MEETS. Prayer Service begins at 6:15 p. m.
7:30 P. M.—EVENING WORSHIP. Sermon by the Pastor. Text I. Timothy, 4; 12. This will be a special sermon to the young people.

PRYOR STREET PRESBYTERIAN

"THE HOMELIKE CHURCH."

DON'T FAIL TO HEAR DR. CHARLES A. LOGAN, MISSIONARY FROM JAPAN,
11 A. M.—"OPPORTUNITIES AND OUTLOOK IN JAPAN."
7:30 P. M.—SERMON BY THE PASTOR ..... REV. J. EDWIN HEMPHILL
"DOES THE DEVIL POSSESS PEOPLE TODAY?"
Live Congregational Singing, Led by Large Chorus Choir and Full Orchestra.
VISITORS ESPECIALLY INVITED.

DRUID HILLS PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH

REV. D. M. M'IVER, Pastor.

SERVICES ..... 11 A. M. AND 7:30 P. M.

A CHURCH WITH THE HUMAN TOUCH.

Peachtree Heights Presbyterian Church

FREDERICK D. STEVENSON, Pastor.

ORGANIZATION SERVICES ..... 3:30 P. M.
WITH DRS. LYONS AND FLINN AS SPEAKERS.
REVIVAL SERVICES BEGIN SUNDAY ..... 7:30 P. M.
WITH PETE PHILLIPS AS CHIEF WITNESS.
BOTH MEETINGS IN THE TENT AT BUCKHEAD.

FOURTEEN POINTS

Reasons for the Churches of a City Advertising Unitedly Each Saturday, Inviting the Inhabitants of the City to the Church on the Sabbath.

By JAMES B. SPILLMAN

1. To show to the world the unity of our faith in Jesus Chris t, our Lord.
2. The church is commissioner to go tell men of their duty to God.
3. In no other way can the church invite so many people at such an opportune time as through the daily press on Saturday.
4. The average church is only half filled for the morning and evening service—it is our duty to fill these churches. The additional expense is only for advertising—no more expense for preaching, music, service, light or heat.
5. When "the churches of your city invite you" it is a personal invitation from each church and has more weight than if extended by one church, every shade of difference being eliminated.
6. When the churches of a city invite you, the appeal is to every man of every known belief or unbelief—each person reads into the invitation the church of his choice. When the purpose is formed to go to church, then the particular church is sought.
7. The Gospel of Jesus stands out boldly, and when an invitation setting forth some of the qualities of the religion of Jesus is put on the same page with Spiritualism, Ethical Culture, New Thought, Christian Science and Theosophy, the line between the real and imitation is sharply drawn.
8. Many centrally located churches would be of far greater influence upon the community if they had a seating capacity of two to five thousand, and only advertising can keep up the interest of such a large number of persons.
9. If it pays The Literary Digest to run on Saturday a 40-inch ad in the leading daily papers of America to sell a 10-cent paper, surely the church of Jesus Christ should not hesitate at the financial outlay. The extra dimes and quarters in the basket collection will more than pay for any advertising for which the church would contract.
10. Men are returning from France with new thoughts of sacrifice—of service. These men will look to the church for ideals, for leadership. The church must beckon them to come—herald their invitation in no uncertain words.
11. Saloons are closing all over the nation—men are looking for other places to gratify their social desires. The church must fill this vacant place in these men's lives. It is the opportunity of the church. The invitation must be emphatic, for such men are skeptical of the social life of the church.
12. Places of amusement advertise to attract men to innocent or dangerous pursuits which satisfy their appetites for amusement and pleasure. The church must advertise to induce men to satisfy the needs of the soul.
13. Regular, persistent and systematic advertising by the church will break down opposition and enlist the active support of those who are hostile, indifferent and neglectful of the religion of Jesus Christ.
14. Self-confidence is a necessary element for the success of the church. Advertising increases self-confidence.

GO TO CHURCH

"BE OF GOOD CHEER"

These words were often upon the lips of Jesus.

Many of us live in the Valley with heads down and never see the glories around us—

Life your eyes, see the first rays of the rising sun strike the mountain peak—

Our eyes are so fixed upon the ground that we miss the beauty around us.

The real concern of man is neither wealth, appetite, nor popularity. It is RELIGION. That which deals with the future dwelling place of the soul.

COME TO CHURCH TOMORROW
Bring a Friend With You.

THE PRESBYTERIAN CHURCHES

ATLANTA.

Churches' Homes for Girls **Churches Homes for Girls**

THE CHURCHES HOMES FOR GIRLS

BUFORD MEMORIAL HOME, 143-145 Spring St.
JULIA HOWELL HOME, Corner Peeples and Howell Place.
MARTHA CANDLER HOME, Wesley Memorial Church.
ELIZA MANGET HOME, 44 Crew St.

Our aim to give a home to every homeless girl in Atlanta and to help them all get into positions where they will succeed.

Girls will not be forced from these homes after receiving good salaries, but on the other hand, we hope to surround them with Christian and home influences until they have homes of their own.

BOARD DIRECTORS,
CHURCHES' HOMES FOR GIRLS

SALVATION ARMY **SALVATION ARMY**

SALVATION ARMY HALL

14½ Auburn Avenue

SPECIAL SERVICES ALL DAY SUNDAY

CONDUCTED BY BRIGADIER AND MRS. CRAWFORD

9:30 A. M.—11:30 A. M.—6:00 P. M.—8:00 P. M.

8:00 P. M., SPECIAL MUSIC BY OUR NEWLY-FORMED BAND.

YOU ARE HEARTILY WELCOME.

CHRISTIAN SCIENCE **CHRISTIAN SCIENCE**

FIRST CHURCH OF CHRIST, SCIENTIST

PEACHTREE AND FIFTEENTH STREETS.

SUNDAY SERVICES AT 11 A. M. AND 8 P. M. Subject, "EVERLASTING PUNISHMENT."
WEDNESDAY EVENING MEETING, including testimonials of Christian Science healing, at 8 o'clock. Public cordially invited.
SUNDAY SCHOOL at 11 a. m. Reading room open daily—Sunday, 2 to 5 p. m.; Wednesday, 9 a. m. to 7 p. m., Other days, 9 a. m. to 9 p. m.; at 613 Grand Opera House.

EPISCOPAL **EPISCOPAL**

ST. PHILIP'S CATHEDRAL

CORNER WASHINGTON AND HUNTER STREETS.
THE RIGHT REV. H. J. MIKELL, D. D., Bishop.
THE VERY REV. THOS. H. JOHNSTON, LITT. D., Dean.

HOLY COMMUNION ..... 8:00 A. M.
COMMUNICANTS' BREAKFAST ..... 8:30 A. M.
SUNDAY SCHOOL ..... 9:45 A. M.
MORNING SERVICE ..... 11:00 A. M.
EVENING SERVICE ..... 8:00 P. M.

People are talking about the interest which has been awakened by the Sunday evening services at the Chapter House. Come and find out for yourself how these services will grip you. You may speak if you like, and ask questions.

ALL SAINTS' CHURCH

Cor. W. Peachtree and North Ave.

REV. W. W. MEMMINGER, Rector

8:00 A. M. ..... HOLY COMMUNION
9:30 A. M. ..... SUNDAY SCHOOL
11:00 A. M. ..... HOLY COMMUNION AND SERMON
5:00 P. M. ..... EVENING PRAYER

Take notice, Nation-wide Campaign Rally, Egleston Memorial Hall, Tuesday evening, November 4, at 8 o' clock. Address by Right Rev. C. E. Woodcock, Bishop of Kentucky.

CHURCH OF THE INCARNATION

LEE AND YORK STREETS, WEST END—REV. I. H. NOE, RECTOR.

7:30 A. M. ..... HOLY COMMUNION
11:00 A. M. ..... HOLY COMMUNION AND SERMON
9:30 A. M. ..... CHURCH SCHOOL
8:00 P. M. ..... EVENING PRAYER AND SERMON

THE REV. I. H. NOE HAS RETURNED AND WILL CONDUCT THE SERVICES.
THE LITTLE CHURCH WITH A BIG WELCOME.

ST. LUKE'S EPISCOPAL CHURCH

Peachtree, Between Pine and Currier Streets.
REV. C. B. WILMER, Rector.

HOLY COMMUNION ..... 7:30 A. M.
SUNDAY SCHOOL ..... 9:45 A. M.
MORNING PRAYER AND SERMON ..... 11:00 A. M.
EVENING PRAYER AND SERMON ..... 7:30 P. M.

METHODIST (South) **METHODIST (South)**

ST. MARK'S M. E. CHURCH, SOUTH

CORNER PEACHTREE AND FIFTH STREETS.
WALTER ANTHONY, Pastor.
SUNDAY SERVICES:

PREACHING 11 A. M. AND 7:30 P. M. ..... BY THE PASTOR
SUNDAY SCHOOL 9:45 A. M. ..... S. F. BOYKIN, SUPT.
EPWORTH LEAGUE 6:30 P. M. ..... LAWRENCE M'CULLOUGH, PRES.
PRAYER MEETING WEDNESDAY ..... 7:30 P. M.
YOU ARE CORDIALY INVITED.

TRINITY METHODIST CHURCH

(CORNER WASHINGTON AND TRINITY)

DR. S. R. BELK, PASTOR.

9:30 A. M. ..... SUNDAY SCHOOL
11:00 A. M. ..... "THE LAW OF ANTAGONISM"
7:30 P. M. ..... "WHY ALL MEN ARE NOT SAVED"

BEN J. POTTER, A. R. C. O., London, Organist and Choirmaster.

METHODIST EPISCOPAL METHODIST EPISCOPAL

Ponce de Leon Avenue Methodist Episcopal

Corner Piedmont and Ponce de Leon Avenues.

REV. O. J. CARDER, D. D., Pastor.

9:45 A. M.—SUNDAY SCHOOL. 7:00 P. M.—EPWORTH LEAGUE.
11:00 A. M.—SUBJECT: "THE NEW WORLD CHRISTIAN."
7:45 P. M.—"DARE TO DO RIGHT."

CHURCH DAY—WEDNESDAY OF EACH WEEK.

Hemphill Avenue Methodist Episcopal

F. A. DUNNING, Pastor.

10:00 A. M. ..... SUNDAY SCHOOL
11:00 A. M. ..... "THE CONTENTS OF LIFE"

NO EVENING SERVICE.

CHRISTIAN **CHRISTIAN**

FIRST CHRISTIAN CHURCH

CORNER SOUTH PRYOR STREET AND TRINITY AVENUE.
L. O. BRICKER, D. D., Minister.

11:00 A. M. ..... "THE GREAT ADVENTURE."
7:30 P. M. ..... "GAMBLING."

CHURCH OF CHRIST **CHURCH OF CHRIST**

CHURCH OF CHRIST

HUGH E. GARRET speaks at East Point tomorrow at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
JOHN A. KLINGMAN speaks tomorrow at West End Avenue at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.
R. H. ROGERS speaks at South Pryor-Vassar Streets tomorrow at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.

BUSINESS MEN'S CLUB **BUSINESS MEN'S CLUB**

Billy Sunday Business Men's Club

DRUID HILLS METHODIST

7:30 O'CLOCK SUNDAY NIGHT.

PRESBYTERIAN

ASSOCIATE REFORMED PRESBYTERIAN

Whitehall St. and Whitehall Terrace.
11 A. M.—"Luxurious Living."
8 P. M.—"Blessedness of Giving."

METHODIST (South)

FIRST METHODIST CHURCH (South)

Corner Peachtree and Porter Place.
REV. JAMES E. DICKEY, Pastor.
Services 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

ADVENTISTS

FIRST SEVENTH-DAY ADVENTIST CHURCH

Corner Orleans St. and Cherokee Ave.
Office address 416 Central Bldg. M. 1741.
Saturday, 9:30 a. m., Sabbath School.
Saturday, 11 a. m., Preaching.
Saturday, 3:30 p. m., Y. P. M. V. Society.
Wednesday, 8 p. m., Prayer Meeting.
SUNDAY—Bible class, 8 p. m.; subject, "The Breach in the Wall."
YOU ARE WELCOME.

In the Churches

FIRST PRESBYTERIAN.

At the 11 o'clock hour of worship Dr. J. Sprole Lyons will preach upon "The Hand of God." Mr. Charles A. Sheldon, organist and choir director, will present an inspiring musical program as follows: Voluntary chorus, "Cantate Domini" (Dudley Buck); offertory quartet, "Appear, Thou Light Divine!" (Morrison)—Mr. Aldridge, Mr. Drukenmiller, Mrs. Chears and Miss Small; recessional (Kipling)—Mr. Drukenmiller and choir.

CENTRAL PRESBYTERIAN.

Tomorrow, November 2, is Recognition day at Sunday school. This is the day when the members of the school who have made a perfect record for one year or more receive their diplomas. Visitors would particularly enjoy these exercises. Sunday evening at 8 o'clock Dr. Lacy will preach the second in his series of special sermons for men. His subject will be "Wanted—A Man."

NORTH AVENUE PRESBYTERIAN.

At North Avenue Presbyterian church Dr. Richard Orme Flinn, the pastor, will speak at the morning hour of worship, 11 o'clock. At the evening hour, 8 o'clock, a special welcome home service will be held for the men who have returned from the army. This church holds the same hospitable welcome to the men now in civilian life as it did to the men in khaki, and an invitation is extended to them to attend the service Sunday evening when prominent laymen will make vital talks.

PRYOR STREET PRESBYTERIAN.

Dr. Charles A. Logan, for 17 years a missionary in Pokushima, Japan, will speak at the 11 o'clock service upon the subject, "Opportunities and Outlook in Japan," at the Pryor Street Presbyterian church, corner Pryor and Glenn streets. Bible school, 9:30. The session will meet in the pastor's study for reception of members at 10:45 o'clock, and at the close of the evening service. The third sermon of the popular Sunday evening services will be upon the subject, "Does the Devil Possess People Today?" Large chorus choir under the direction of Mr. W. M. Sheats and assisted by full orchestra will have charge of the musical program, beginning promptly at 7:30.

WESTMINSTER PRESBYTERIAN.

All Westminster members are happy over the forward step taken last Sunday morning when a committee was selected to look into the matter of church building and to propose to the congregation plans for securing the necessary funds. This committee will report on November 9. There is a spirit of earnestness and the desire to serve manifest in the church. Tomorrow the regular services will be held, and Dr. Caldwell will speak at 11 o'clock on the subject, "Fishers of Men." At night the topic to be presented will be "The Gospel According to You." These interesting subjects should command the attention of members and friends. The hour for the evening service has been changed to 7:30.

PEACHTREE HEIGHTS PRESBYTERIAN.

Sunday will be a big day in the religious life of the residents of the extensive territory between Peachtree creek and Oglethorpe university, with Buckhead as its Five Points. In the morning the Baptists will dedicate their new church, and in the afternoon at 3:30 the Presbyterians—about 100—will organize their church. The two congregations have planned to celebrate these events by having union revival services for two weeks. The first week the meeting will be in the large tent adjacent to the Presbyterian Sunday school room and the second week in the Baptist church. The speakers of the campaign will be Pete Phillips for the first week, and Rev. D. S. Kellam for the second week.

INMAN PARK PRESBYTERIAN.

Sunday services at the Inman Park Presbyterian church (junction Euclid and Edgewood avenues) will be as follows: Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; regular morning worship at 11 a. m.; sermon by the pastor, text, James 1:22; Young People's C. E. society meets at 6:30 p. m. The special prayer service begins at 6:15 p. m.; evening worship at 7:30 p. m. The sermon will be for young people especially. Text 1 Tim. 4:12.

COLLEGE PARK PRESBYTERIAN.

Two special meetings will conclude the series of evangelistic meetings this Sunday at 4 p. m. for men only, when Dr. Elliott will give his address on "The Secret Hiding Places of Men." This address has been given before hundreds of men in Europe, Australia, New Zealand and the United States, and has invariably pleased the crowd. At night at 7:30 the subject will be "The Unpardonable Sin." Morning worship as usual at 11 a. m.; Sunday school at 9:45 a. m.

EAST POINT PRESBYTERIAN.

Special services Sunday in the Sunday school and at the morning service in the interest of the Red Cross. Dr. Holderby will speak on the "Relation of the Red Cross Movement to the Church." Christian Endeavor, 7:30 p. m.; topic, "Standing for God and Right."

GORDON STREET PRESBYTERIAN.

The services at Gordon Street Presbyterian church will be as follows: Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; preaching by Rev. Robert M. Stimson at 11 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. There will be a very important meeting of the congregation at the morning service to hear the report of the Sunday school building committee and to raise a subscription for this building. Christian Endeavor will meet at 6:45 p. m.

HARRIS STREET PRESBYTERIAN.

Sunday school, classes for all, at 9:45 a. m. The pastor, Rev. Jere A. Moore, will preach at 11 a. m. and 7:45 p. m.

TRINITY METHODIST.

Dr. S. R. Belk will preach at Trinity Methodist church at 11 a. m. on "The Law of Antagonism—or the Meaning of the Great Struggle in Life," at 7:30 p. m., "The Reasons Why All Men Are Not Saved." The Sunday school will meet at 9:30 a. m. A large chorus choir will render some special music at all these services. You are cordially invited to attend.

INMAN PARK METHODIST.

T. R. Kendall, pastor. Sunday school, 9:30 a. m., Asa G. Candler, superintendent. The pastor's morning subject, "The Soul's Need of Sacrifice." Communion of the Lord's Supper will follow. Evening service—The Women's Missionary society has arranged special musical program for 7:30, the opening service of the Week of Prayer. Services every afternoon during week at 3 o'clock, except Wednesday, when the Week of Prayer service will be at 7:30 p. m. Messrs. Paul and Joseph Hubbard will lead the music.

CENTRAL BAPTIST.

Dr. Ridley speaks at both services Sunday, also to his men's Bible class at 10 o'clock. The Sunday evening service begins at 7 o'clock sharp. The chorus of the church will give a musical next Friday night and the public is invited. The proceeds go to the new church building. A great crowd heard Dr. Ridley last Sunday night.

PONCE DE LEON AVENUE BAPTIST.

Dr. Jones will preach at both services, his subjects being "The Master and the Multitude" and "Profit and Life." Musical program:

Morning: Organ prelude, "Ancient Phoenician Processional" (Stoughton); anthem, "O Paradise" (Ambrose); offertory, "Turn Thy Face" (Sullivan); organ postlude, "Communion" (Guilmant).

Evening: Organ prelude, "Evening Song" (Bairstow); offertory, "O Saving Victim" (Tours); organ postlude, "Sonata No. 3" (Mendelssohn).

Walter Peck Stanley, organist and choirmaster.

PONCE DE LEON BAPTIST.

"The New World Christian" is Dr. Carder's subject at Ponce de Leon Avenue Methodist Episcopal church at 11 a. m. Sunday. His evening theme is "Dare to Do Right." Sunday school meets at 9:45 a. m. and Epworth league at 7:45 p. m.

CAPITOL AVENUE BAPTIST.

In the absence of Dr. Henry Alford Porter, who is conducting a meeting in Jackson, Tenn., Dr. W. H. Major, pastor of the Capitol Avenue Baptist church, will preach at the Second Baptist church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. At 7:45 p. m. the Baptist Young People's union will conduct the service assisted by the choir. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.; Junior B. Y. P. U., 3:30 p. m.; Business Women's league, 4 p. m.; Senior B. Y. P. U., 6:45.

COOPER STREET BAPTIST.

The pastor, Grady D. Feagan, has lately announced a series of Sunday morning sermons which deal with the distinctive Baptist doctrines, being entitled "What Baptists Stand For." A good attendance upon the first two sermons of this series and lots of wholesome comment and enthusiasm have been already manifested. The pastor believes that an elaborate restatement of the merits of the Baptist position and a call to heroic Baptist giving go hand in hand. The church choir is being completely reorganized under the competent leadership of Newton Shelton and will hold practices every Friday night.

ASSOCIATE REFORMED.

Rev. S. W. Reid will preach at the Associate Reformed Presbyterian church at 11 a. m. and 5 p. m. The morning topic will be "Luxurious Living," and the evening, "Blessedness of Giving." Mr. Reid will preach at the Center Hill mission at 3 p. m. November 2-9 will be Forward Movement week in the denomination and every member of the congregation will be asked to have a part in this movement.

ST. PHILIP'S CATHEDRAL.

Saturday, November 1, being All Saints' day, there will be a celebration of holy communion at St. Philip's cathedral at 10 o'clock.

FIRST CHRISTIAN.

"The Great Adventure" will be the subject of Dr. L. O. Bricker's sermon at the First Christian church Sunday morning at 11 o'clock. In the evening at 7:30 o'clock Dr. Bricker will speak on the American curse, "Gambling." Bible school at 9:30; Christian Endeavor at 6:30.

FIRST CONGREGATIONAL.

Rev. Russell Brown, of Memphis, Tenn., has been invited by the pulpit supply committee to conduct the services at the First Congregational church Sunday, November 2.

LIBERAL CHRISTIAN.

Liberal Christian church. Rev. G. I. Keirn, D. D., pastor. 9:45, Sunday school; 11, morning service and sermon; subject, "Two Great Conventions; An Interpretation;" 11, kindergarten Sunday school; 5 o'clock, Y. P. C. U.

EVANGELICAL LUTHERAN.

St. John's Evangelical Lutheran church, Forsyth and Garnett streets; Rev. N. E. Hauff, pastor. Bible school, 9:45 a. m.; divine services, 11 a. m.; subject of the sermon, "What Does Reformation Mean?" Solo sung by Miss Magdalena Hauff.

No Change in Site Of Distributors Of Chandler Cars

Because of the erroneous use of the name Chandler instead of Chevrolet in the cut line printed under the picture of the new building that is to be erected by the Chevrolet Motor company at the corner of McDaniel and Whitehall streets, the J. R. Holland Automobile company, Georgia and Florida distributors for the Chandler cars, have had many inquiries from friends who wished to know if a change of location is planned by that company.

It is stated that the J. R. Holland Automobile company will continue as previously, its business of distributing the Chandler car at its present location, 316 Peachtree street, and that no change is contemplated at present.

NATIONAL CITY CO. LEASES QUARTERS

Rents Three Floors of Atlanta Trust Company Building — Important Realty Deals Are Announced.

Atlanta's importance as a commercial center was further signified Friday by the announcement by William Niller, district sales manager of The National City company, of New York, that this large concern had leased three floors of the Atlanta Trust Company building for a period of years, to house its Atlanta branch, the deal having been made with the American Savings bank, which recently bought the building.

The building will be known as the National City Company building and will be headquarters for the Atlanta branch of this company, which is said to be the largest investment banking house in the world, with its home office at 55 Wall street, New York city. The concern has branch houses in over 50 American cities and has six foreign branches.

The number of years that the lease will run, and the rental price were not disclosed, but it was stated that the lease was made for a term of years. The American Savings bank, which purchased the Atlanta Trust Company building recently, announced that it would move from its present quarters to its new building on November 1, but being unable to arrange for a release from its present landlord, the Atlanta Trust Company building was let to The National City company.

Represented Several Years.

The National City company, which now has offices in the Trust Company of Georgia building, at 40 Edgewood avenue, has been represented in Atlanta for several years. It is the bond department of the great National City Bank of New York. It is the largest investment banking house in the world, and deals only in high-class securities, such as bonds, short-term notes, acceptances and preferred stocks.

These high-class securities are sold by the company only after they have been given the closest investigation as to their value, and after they have actually been purchased by the company. According to an official statement, the company does not deal in securities on margins.

A direct private wire that is leased by the National City company, leading from its Atlanta branch to the home office of the company in New York, gives its customers the same facilities for trading that are enjoyed by investors who are actually on Wall street, New York.

The Atlanta office of the National City company, which will occupy its new building on about December 1, is one of the most important branches of the big bank. It is the control office for South Carolina, a part of Virginia, Tennessee, Alabama, Florida and Georgia.

Charles E. Mitchell, president of the National City Bank of New York, is one of the outstanding figures of the financial world. He has brought new ideas of publicity into the banking business, thereby reaching thousands of men and women capable of making only limited investments. He has educated the laboring man to see the value of investing in the corporation or company from which he gains his living. He has taught labor that it has responsibilities with reference to capital and induced many laborers to become part owners with capital in institutions.

Mr. Mitchell insists that the small investor shall have the same character of service as the big one, and has been responsible through the dissemination of his ideas for many wise investments that have been made by people of limited means.

Large Apartment House.

Announcement was made Friday morning that the Ben J. Massell Construction company will begin within a short time the erection of a large apartment house, to contain 44 units, representing an investment of about $200,000. This building, which will be one of the largest of its kind in the city, will be located on the corner of North Boulevard and Angier avenue, in a section where many beautiful apartments and residences are replacing the homes that were burned in the big fire of 1917.

Mr. Massell, who is at the head of the Ben J. Massell Construction company, announced that the apartment will be constructed for the Massell Realty company. The plans for the building have been drawn by E. C. Setz, a prominent architect in the city, and it will not only be one of the roomiest apartment buildings in the city, but will be appointed with every view to convenience and luxury.

Construction on the new apartment is expected to begin early in the coming year.

To Open Shoe Factory.

Closing a five-year lease on the upper floors of 34-36-38 Decatur street, with Hugh Richardson, the Piedmont Shoe Factory, Incorporated, is making plans to open at an early date, a new shoe factory in Atlanta. The rental price to be paid for the quarters was given at $6,000 a year, and it is declared that the new concern will have a capitalization of $200,000.

The Piedmont Shoe Factory, Inc., which will employ about 200 hands and turn out 250 pairs of shoes a day, is expected to begin operations about the first of January. The building in which the plant will be located furnishes about 30,000 feet of floor space, and the new factory will be one of the largest of its kind in the southern states.

After the factory has been in operation about one year, it is declared that plans are on foot for its enlargement, giving it a daily capacity of 800 pairs of shoes.

Further details concerning the new shoe factory and the names of the officers and stockholders, have not been given out.

White Company Building.

Plans for the building to be erected by the White company, truck builders, of Cleveland, on the Jackson street show grounds, are being brought to completion, and it is expected that work on the $250,000 structure will begin at an early date. The big building, which will cover the lot, measuring 200x300 feet, will be three stories high, with about 150,000 feet of floor space. There will also be a large basement, which will be used for storage.

The first floor of the building will be used for a service station, and the upper stories will be devoted to the offices of the company.

The Atlanta building is the third structure of its kind to be erected by the White company outside of Cleveland, Ohio, the others being in New York and Chicago. The plans for the Atlanta building are being prepared by the Watson Engineering company, of Cleveland, Ohio. An official of the company, it is expected, will reach Atlanta next week to look over the ground, and confer with the local officers of the company.

The big lot on which the White Company building is to be located, was purchased recently from the heirs of the Coker estate for $35,000, the transaction and the plans of the White company being announced in The Constitution. It was the scene of the big Billy Sunday tabernacle meeting, the site for the largest religious structure ever erected in Atlanta, and for many years it was the show grounds on which all circuses that visited Atlanta exhibited.

Atlanta Enjoys Big Hallowe'en Party on Streets

Sir Galahad and Red-Lipped Carmen Form One Remarkable Contrast — Many Unusual Costumes Are Seen.

By Paul Warwick.

Movies, spirit mediums, press agents and some few books on the war have made us stop wondering at things that seem preposterous; but you must admit that a vision of Sir Galahad driving a flivver with a red-lipped Carmen at his side is a bit unusual.

But that, and things even more unbelievable, happened, right and left, east and west, on Friday night, when all Atlanta seemed bent on doing its most cheerful and clamorous best toward appeasing the mystic sprites that furnish the halo for All Hallowe'en.

Everybody was masqued, it seemed, and just about everybody was attired in something rakish, picturesque, ludicrous—or at least romantic. From newsboys to plutocrats, from pretty little first-grade girlies to grandmothers, the spirit of Hallowe'en was an appealing fact. And costumes ranged in modesty and splendor from the disguise of a painted mustache on the face of the tiny lad, to the fascinating garb of the Pierrette that reclined among the cushions of the limousine.

Richards the Third saw fit to wait on the street corner for a trolley car, and cried no anguished wishes for a horse; beside them stood, probably, Mothers Goose (Gooses or Geese?), with no thought of old ladies that lived in shoes, or woe-begone Mothers Hubbard, whose canines faced starvation.

Romeos walked about with Marie Antoinettes, not seeming to care very much if the balcony rotted away with Juliet, alone. Juliet probably had him fooled, though, and was on some polished floor, one-stepping with Father Time.

Laughter was as abundant as unpopularity in politics, and happiness was paramount. It is logical to suppose that all the dominoes we saw were bound for some place or places where they pooled their exuberance into pep for a dance or dances, for a party, or parties. But the present seemed to be the only thing that they cared to consider; and the surroundings that happened to hold them at any chosen moment, seemed just as fraught with proper scenery for joy as any place they might have been bound for.

The small boys had their spontaneous fun—many pairs of hinges are pining this morning for their lost gates; sales of dry batteries, within the next few days, to replace those rung dead by plugged door-bells, are expected to stagger statisticians.

But nobody's peeved, and everybody is still glad that the lovable Hallowe'en customs show no signs of losing themselves in the shuffle of centuries.

AGENTS SEIZE COAL INTENDED FOR EXPORT

(The Constitution—London Times — Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

Washington, October 31.—One of the first effects of the re-establishment today of the war-time fuel priorities' list was to bring about a complete embargo on shipments of coal overseas.

Railroad administration agents in Atlantic and Gulf ports today seized all coal designed for export and this supply, it was announced tonight, will be diverted for consumption within the United States. First orders that half loaded ships be unloaded, however, were rescinded, and several vessels now in this condition will be permitted to take aboard their full cargoes and proceed. This plan was adopted, it is understood, after vigorous protest from Italian interests anxious to get through several cargoes to Italy where the fuel shortage is acute.

Although the railroad administration was without figures tonight it was said that the amount of export coal seized at Norfolk, Philadelphia, Baltimore, New York and other eastern ports was unusually large, and will form no inconsiderable item in relieving temporarily a shortage in eastern cities.

The large supply on hand on the export docks is due, it was said, to recent labor difficulties in the New York and other port cities. Strikes of longshoremen and freight handlers during recent months have kept numbers of vessels tied up, including a large fleet of colliers, awaiting cargoes for Italy, Holland, Spain and South American countries, which have been depending upon the United States for coal.

DECLARES ATTACK UNOFFICIAL WAR

(The Constitution—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

Athens, October 31.—(Cable Dispatch.)—Commenting on a repulsed attack in Asia Minor on the Greek lines, by Kemal Pasha's irregulars, the Athens press considers the attack as an unofficial declaration of war by Turkey and recommends urgent military measures, expressing confidence in the Greek army if given a free hand in the occupied area.

MORTUARY

J. C. Knight.

J. C. Knight, seventy-four years of age, a confederate soldier, died Wednesday night at the Confederate Soldiers' Home. He is survived by one daughter, Mrs. John Melton Samples, of Macon, Ga. Mr. Knight formerly resided at Douglas, Ga.

Miss Mittie Hall.

Miss Mittie Hall, sixty-eight years of age, died at a private hospital Friday morning. She is survived by one sister, Mrs. Robert Z. Johnson, of West Point, Ga.; two brothers, J. A. Hall, of Atlanta, and John T. Hall, of DeLand, Fla. The body is at the funeral parlors of Barclay & Brandon.

A. F. McCord.

The many friends of Mrs. John W. Strickland, formerly Miss Ione McCord, will be grieved to learn of the death of her father, A. F. McCord, in Liberty, S. C. He died on October 29, and interment was at 4 p. m. Thursday in Liberty. He had suffered a stroke of paralysis several months since, and for the past few weeks had been critically ill. Mrs. Strickland remaining with him constantly since October 11. He was a member of the United Confederate Veterans.

COAL OPERATORS TALK ARBITRATION

They Adopt Resolutions Declaring in Favor of Investigation by Tribunal Named by Wilson.

Cleveland, Ohio, October 31.—The first step towards a possible arbitration of differences between soft coal operators and approximately half a million miners in the threatened coal strike, scheduled for midnight, was taken here today at a conference of the executive committee of the central competitive coal field by the adoption of a resolution welcoming an investigation of the strike by a tribunal which President Wilson may appoint. Following this action the conference adjourned.

In the resolution the operators reaffirmed acceptance of President Wilson's proposal of October 24, and welcomed an investigation by a tribunal appointed by him with a view to an early settlement of the question at issue.

Shortly before noon a committee was appointed to draft a resolution setting forth the operators' position. After presenting the resolution and its adoption by the conference, Chairman T. T. Brewster, of the executive committee, made public the resolution as follows:

"We have accepted in its entirety the president's proposal of October 24, and reaffirm that acceptance. We welcome an investigation by a tribunal which the president may appoint, as suggested by him in the last paragraph of his statement of October 26.

"We hold ourselves ready to comply at all times with any commands which the government, acting in the interests of the whole American people, may deem it wise to issue."

Possibility of the mines being worked in the event the strike takes place seems remote, according to some of the operators, who pointed out that some staes require an examination of all mine workers and that there might not be enough men to successfully pass this examination.

At the same time, however, they declare they will keep the mines open and do all in their power to continue them in operation, if the government so orders.

A federal order was issued here today to Cleveland managers of railroads, providing for the commandeering of all coal in transit and to conserve this supply for railroad use.

Closely following the receipt of this order, another government decree was issued prohibiting further loading of coal on boats for upper lake shipment.

SERVICES TOMORROW AT NEGRO CHURCHES

Holy sacrament will be given at all the Baptist churches Sunday at the usual hour.

The Atlanta annual conference of the Sixth Episcopal district, is in session in Social Circle, Ga., and will adjourn Sunday afternoon. All the Atlanta preachers will reach Atlanta in time to be present at their churches at the evening service on Sunday.

A. M. E. Churches

Bethel—Rev. R. H. Singleton, pastor. Services at the usual hour.

Allen Temple—Rev. J. A. Lindsay, pastor. Regular services at 11 a. m. The pastor will review the annual conference at the evening service.

St. Paul—Rev. W. A. McClendon, pastor. Regular services.

St. Peters—Rev. Horace Williams, pastor. The pastor will give gleanings from the conference at the evening service.

Turner Chapel—Rev. M. Roberts, pastor. Regular services at morning and evening.

Turner Monumental—Rev. M. T. Flournoy, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Antioch—Rev. W. A. Austin, pastor. The pastor will be present at the evening service.

St. Mark—Rev. S. A. Lucus, pastor. The pastor will preach a special sermon at the evening service.

Baptist Churches.

Liberty—Rev. Ernest Hall, pastor. The pastor will preach two special sermons on Sunday at both services.

Wheat Street—Rev. P. James Bryant, pastor. The pastor will preach at both services.

Ebernezer—Rev. A. D. Williams, pastor. Regular services at morning and evening.

Reed Street—Rev. E. P. Johnson, pastor. Regular services.

Union Baptist—Rev. C. H. Sharp, pastor. The pastor will fill his pulpit at both services.

Zion Hill—Rev. C. H. Robinson, pastor. Preaching at 11 a. m. and 8 p. m.

Siloan—Rev. M. L. Glenn, pastor. The pastor will preach at both services.

C. M. E. Churches.

Butler Street—Rev. H. W. Evans, pastor. The pastor will fill his pulpit at both services.

West Mitchell—Rev. E. M. J. Mashaw, pastor. Regular services at morning and evening.

Holsey Temple—Rev. W. E. Williams, pastor. The pastor will fill his pulpit at both services.

M. E. Churches.

Central Avenue—Rev. L. H. King, pastor. The pastor will preach at both services.

Fort Street—Rev. W. O. Thomas, pastor. Regular services at morning and evening.

Property Transfers.

FULTON COUNTY.

Warranty Deeds.

$11,500—E. W. Grove Realty Co. to C. F. Barrett, lot south side St. Charles place, 349 feet of Briarcliff road, 53x131. October 11, 1919.

$3,500—Fourth National Bank of Atlanta to W. J. Fuller, lot northwest corner DeKalb avenue and Hurt street, 78x175. October 29, 1919.

$200—Atlanta Cemetery association to Mrs. M. S. Gholston, lot 95, block 16, Northview cemetery. August 19, 1919.

$5; Love and Affection—Mrs. M. S. Gholston to Mrs. B. G. Lee, lot south side Eugenia street, 150 feet east of Howell's Mill road, 50x110. October 31, 1919.

$5, Love and Affection—Mrs. M. S. Gholston to Miss Lillie M. Gholston, lot northwest corner lot 42-C, now owned by Mrs. M. S. Gholston, 10x70. October 31, 1919.

$10 and Valuable Considerations—Thomas F. Lowslow to Capital City Paint & Glass Co., lot north side Marietta road, 665 feet east of west line land lot 189, Seventeenth district, 50x343. October 27, 1919.

$910—T. J. Bettes & Co., Inc., to Calvert Mortgage company, lot east side Peyton avenue, 223 feet south of 20-foot alley (said alley south of north line of land lot 208, Fourteenth district), 127x265. October 28, 1919.

$2,059—Same to same, lot south side Beckwith street, 200 feet west of Abbott street, 50x100. October 28, 1919.

$1,000—College Park Land company to S. A. Johnson, lot northeast corner Jackson street and Yale avenue, 190x400; also lot northeast corner Adams street and Yale avenue, 190x200; also lot southeast corner Yale avenue and Adams street, 200x200. October 11, 1919.

$7,000—Mrs. Mary L. Clarke to Mrs. Estelle F. Etheridge, 49 Milledge avenue, 52x225. July 8, 1919.

$12,000—Garnett W. Quillian to O. E. Colium, 153 Peeples street, 65x298. October 29, 1919.

$4,000—Realty Investment to A. B. Simms and Charles A. Bickerstaff, lot south side Edgewood avenue, 165 feet east of Fort street, 25x100. July 29, 1919.

$7,500—James L. McLendon to Samuel M. Carson, 16 Willow street, 39x86; also 18 Willow street, 30x85. October 28, 1919.

$8,500—J. B. Dickey to William Oakley and Mrs. Laura Oakley, 333 Forrest avenue, 50x100. October 28, 1919.

$10 and Other Valuable Considerations—Third National Bank of Atlanta to Citizens and Southern Bank, lot southwest corner Nelson and Mangum streets, 49x161. October 28, 1919.

$10 and Other Valuable Considerations—Same to same, lot south side Foster street 271 feet east of Howell Mill road, 168x200. October 28, 1919.

$10 and Other Valuable Considerations—Same to same, 98, 100, 102 and 104 Nelson street, 45x156. October 28, 1919.

$10 and Other Valuable Considerations—Same to same, 18 and 20 Mangum street, 65x76. October 28, 1919.

$10 and Other Valuable Considerations—Same to same, 340 Whitehall street, 50x140. October 28, 1919.

$10 and Other Valuable Considerations—Same to same, lot 1 of W. M. Scott & Co. subdivision of Scott Phelan company property, 60x145. October 28, 1919.

$10 and Other Valuable Considerations—Same to same, 28 Mangum street, 76x80. October 28, 1919.

$10 and Other Valuable Considerations—Same to same, lot west side Peachtree street, 187 feet south of Fourteenth street, 123x322. October 28, 1919.

$10 and Other Valuable Considerations—Same to same, lot west side Wiewca road, 347 feet from corner said subdivision, containing 17 city acres. October 28, 1919.

$10 and Other Valuable Considerations—Same to same, lot on Phelan street, 150 feet south of Hattie street, 50x150. October 28, 1919.

$10 and Other Valuable Considerations—Same to same, lot southwest corner Hattie street and Phelan street, 50x150. October 28, 1919.

$10 and Other Valuable Considerations—Same to same, lot west side Phelan street, at corner lot, 850x150. October 28, 1919.

$10 and Other Valuable Considerations—Lot commencing in center East avenue, on land lot line between land lots 19 and 18, 281x513. October 28, 1919.

$10 and Other Valuable Considerations—Same to same, lot west side right-of-way of Southern Railway company at intersection with Highland avenue, 330x527. October 28, 1919.

$10 and Other Valuable Considerations—Same to same, lot north side Norfleet road, 195 feet east of Howell Mill road, 200x300. October 28, 1919.

$800—Estate Mrs. Emma Kitchens to Lina Cunningham, lot east side Corley's avenue at Trowbridge south line, 64x89. October 30, 1919.

$4,000—John Bips to Mrs. S. S. Neidlinger, lot east side Pine street, 250 feet east of Bedford place, 50x90. October 24, 1919.

$1,375—James L. Beavers to Mrs. L. H. Keenon, lot west side East street, 100 feet south of Forrest avenue, 40x175. October 30, 1919.

$3,250—Jim Brown to Mrs. Julia Liebermuth, lot southeast corner Glenn and Connally streets, 140x150. October 30, 1919.

$1,500—Bassil Blackwell to Mrs. L. P. Winn, lot south side Oakland avenue, 250 feet east of Hartford street, 50x162. August 16, 1918.

$27—Southview Cemetery association to Mary House, lot 129, north side section 3, block 6, Southview cemetery. October 16, 1919.

$805—R. G. Kennedy to Shawmut Investment corporation, 34 Belmont street, 50x130. October 30, 1919.

$980—Mrs. G. L. Roper to same, lot northwest side Sinclair avenue, 150 feet southwest of Carmel street, 50x235. October 27, 1919.

$7,150—Estate C. R. Walker by trustee to Harry Beerman and Sam Nesson, 25, 27, 29 and 31 Delta place, 75x102. October 28, 1919.

$125—Estate Charlotte Smith by administrator, to Napoleon Smith, lot north side East Harris street, 56 feet from corner Samuel Harris lot, 28x100. May 1, 1917.

Bonds for Title.

$4,000—W. J. Norton to J. A. Plunkett, lot 50 feet west of southwest corner Jones avenue and Walnut street, 50x120. October 27, 1919.

$17,000—T. L. Francis to H. L. Turner, lot 50 feet south of southwest corner West Peachtree and Eighteenth streets, 50x200. October 30, 1919.

$9,200—Emma S. Merritt to E. N. Waters, lot south side East Cambridge, 140 feet west of Jackson, 60x190. October 29, 1919.

$13,500—Miss Willie K. Walker to Abe Kolodkin, 413 Washington street, 50x190. October 29, 1919.

$6,000—L. S. Huntely to W. A. Douglas, 34 acres on northwest side Roswell road. October 29, 1919.

$5,000—A. N. Smith and Napoleon Smith to Mrs. Carrie B. Butts, 228 Fraser, 45x200. July 30, 1919.

$5,000—Estate Sallie A. Eckford to James E. Pent and Mrs. C. Pent, 11 Tifton street, 50x100. October 29, 1919.

$17,500—Mrs. Cora T. Lewis to Mrs. Della Moore, 1032 Highland avenue, 50x181. October 27, 1919.

$2,400—Cleveland Sherman to Major Cunningham, 45 Logan street, 52x110. October 21, 1919.

$8,367—Sigmund Montag to Hugh E. Hardway, 47 Pearce street, 50x206. October 6, 1919.

Quitclaim Deeds.

$1—Atlanta Savings bank to F. H. Snipes, lot west side Cherokee avenue, 270 feet south of Augusta, 50x200. October 29, 1919.

$5—R. Hawkins estate to Citizens and Southern bank, lot south side Foster street, 271 feet east of Howell Mill road, 168x200. October 16, 1919.

$1,440—Asa G. Candler to Nellie W. Mays, lot 4, block B, Ormewood Park. October 13, 1919.

$5—C. E. Thomas to Z. K. Gowen, 63 Thayer street, 50x150. October 21, 1919.

$1—City of Atlanta to estate D. Greenwood, lot at intersection James and West Cain streets, 45x136. October 30, 1919.

Loan Deeds.

$2,500—Sam M. Carson to Charles E. Everett, 16 Willow street, 39x86; five years. October 25, 1919.

$3,000—Mrs. Anna G. Lovett to same, 294 Oak street, 54x150; five years. October 25, 1919.

$587—J. T. O'Neal, Jr., to T. J. Bettes & Co., Inc., lot south side Lamar street, 265 feet east of Martin, 45x55. Forty-eight monthly notes. October 29, 1919.

$910—C. Worth to same, lot east side Peyton avenue, 222 feet south of 20-foot alley. 127x265; sixty monthly notes. October 28, 1919.

$700—Henry and Ellen Lark to same, lot north side Brown avenue, 250 feet west of Lansing, 50x150; sixty monthly notes. October 28, 1919.

$2,050—C. H. and Lela McClendon to same, lot south side Beckwith street, 200 feet west of Abbott, 50x100; eighty-four monthly notes. October 28, 1919.

$2,500—Mrs. Belle C. Hemphill to J. R. Haas, 444 Spring street, 45x190; five years at 6½ per cent. October 29, 1919.

$2,500—Chesley Howard Mathews to Atlanta Savings bank, 314 Juniper street, 48x142; five years at 6 per cent. October 29, 1919.

$1,800—J. W. Harrington to Georgia Savings Bank and Trust company, 62 Ormewood avenue, 51x128; sixty-one monthly notes. October 27, 1919.

$500—Mrs. L. P. Winn to Emory college, lot south side Oakland avenue, 250 feet east of Hartford, 50x162; five years at 8 per cent. October 30, 1919.

$1,750—C. W. Butler to Mrs. F. M. Utterback, six acres in land lot 48, seventeenth district; lot at Paces Ferry road and Odina street, 150x182; three years. October 11, 1919.

CHANGE IN RATES OF WANT ADS IN THE CONSTITUTION, NOV. 1, 1919.

One time	15c a line	Each issue
Three times	12c a line	
Seven times	10c a line	
Thirty times or more	9c	

Advertisements under the following classifications will only be inserted when cash accompanies the order.

For Rent—Rooms, Furnished or Unfurnished.
Wanted—Boarders.
Wanted—Board.
For Rent—Rooms Furnished.
For Rent—Rooms Unfurnished.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Furnished.
Situation Wanted—Female.
Situation Wanted—Male.
Wanted—To Rent Rooms Unfurnished.

No phone orders accepted for advertisements that are to appear under "cash in advance" classifications.

Above rates for consecutive insertions only.

Count six ordinary words to each line.

No advertisement accepted for less than two lines.

The Constitution will not be responsible for more than one incorrect insertion of any advertisement ordered for more than one time.

Discontinuance of advertising must be in writing. It will not be accepted by phone. This protects your interests as well as ours.

Courteous operators, thoroughly familiar with rates, rules and classification, will give you complete information. And if you wish, they will assist you in wording your want ad to make it most effective.

Accounts opened for ads (excepting those classifications that are cash with order) by telephone to accommodate you if your name is in the telephone directory. Want ads taken by telephone are to be paid for immediately upon application, bill to be presented by mail or solicitor the same day.

TELEPHONE 5000 MAIN.

PERSONAL

PATENTS AND TRADE-MARKS.
MASON, Fenwick & Lawrence, Washington, D. C., established over half a century. Three late examiners of the U. S. patent office now on our staff. Best references. Send sketch of invention.

THE Belgian Household Renovator cleans rugs, carpets, polishes and repairs furniture; finest cleaner of Oriental rugs done at your home; exterminator of roaches and bedbugs in 8 hours; 5-year guarantee. LeRoy, 196 Capitol. Main 3007-J.

MATERNITY Sanitarium, private, refined, homelike. Homes provided for infants. Mrs. Mitchell, 22 Windsor street.

LOST AND FOUND

$50—REWARD—$50.

FORD touring car, motor 3392790; Georgia license 123430, stolen fair grounds, Macon, Ga., October 28. $25 for car and $25 for arrest and conviction of thieves. Notify R. L. Williams, Eatonton, Ga.

ONE light colored jersey cow, no horns, strayed away from 322 Woodward ave. Call Main 2322 or call 322 Woodward.

LOST—A liberal reward will be paid for suit case and contents taken from auto on Hunter st. Tuesday afternoon; no questions asked. P. O. box 169.

LOST—Silver-handled parasol, initials on end; finder please notify Ivy 5279.

HELP WANTED—Male

WANTED — Several men to carry newspaper routes. A hustler can make $18.00 to $30.00 per week. See Mr. Moye, City Circulation Dept., The Constitution.

WANT OFFICE BOY AT ONCE. APPLY CIRCULATION DEPARTMENT, 3d FLOOR CONSTITUTION BLDG.

WANTED
EXCEPTIONAL opportunity for first-class mechanics; must be experts in motor building. Apply John Lottridge Motor Sales Co., 264 Peachtree St., third floor.

LABORERS WANTED; GOOD WAGES. GA. LEAD WORKS, NEAR ATLANTIC STEEL CO.

WANTED — YOUNG MAN ACCURATE WITH FIGURES FOR CLERICAL POSITION. ADDRESS P. O. BOX 795, WITH REFERENCES AND PHONE NO.

WANTED—Office boy. Must not be under 16 years old. Good opportunity for promotion.
FULTON BAG & COTTON MILLS.

LEARN RETREADING AND VULCANIZING FREE
WANTED—Operators in every Georgia town to represent us. We have the WORLD'S BEST VULCANIZING EQUIPMENT. Don't fail to see us before buying.
NEW PROCESS TIRE CO.
249 Peachtree St., Atlanta, Ga.

THE ANDERSON VULCANIZER
REMEMBER, you can make $15 to $30 per day. Buyers taught free; others for $25. Shop and school.
38 JAMES ST., CITY.

ASSISTANT shipping clerk; young man not under 18 years of age preferred; entrance salary $12, which will be substantially increased after learning business, which should not be later than Jan. 1. Bright future for one who will apply himself. Apply in person at offices Earle & Wilson, 27 Luckie street, Saturday morning, between 9 and 12:30. Ask for Mr. Shannon.

FREE SHAVE and haircut, rear chairs; shave 5c, haircut 10c, front chairs. Atlanta Barber College, 14 East Mitchell.

WANTED—Linotype operators and hand compositors; non-union. Apply by mail or telegraph, giving reference; eight-hour day; good pay and working conditions; living expenses low; perfect winter climate; natural gas for fuel at 25 cents per thousand; no danger of coal famine. Address Fort Smith Printing and Publishing Fraternity, Fort Smith, Ark.

BOOKKEEPERS and accountants, learn accounting, the highest-paid profession. Taught thoroughly in a few months of home study by new system. Phone for appointment. International Accountants' Society, 501 Trust Co. of Ga. Bldg. Ivy 6316.

WANTED—Several high-class men of good address and appearance, familiar with the drug business, to act as demonstrators for Tanlac in various cities of the country. Make application in own handwriting only, stating experience, whether married or single, and full particulars regarding previous connections. Splendid opportunity for right men. References required. Address G. F. Willis, Eleventh floor, Fourth National Bank Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

EXPERIENCED installment collector for large eastern house; location, Jacksonville, Fla.; salary, $130 per month; no traveling. References and bond required. Apply 407 Austell Bldg.

NEWS AGENT wanted. R. R. service; good run. Crescent News Co., 34 E. Hunter.

BAKERS WANTED for work in new electric bakeries. Experience in electrical cooking not necessary, but must have experienced bakers. Want men who will work for good of company and take interest in things. Address W-8 Bake-Rite, 217 W. Fourth st., Winston-Salem, N. C.

WANTED—At once, 10 first-class plumbers. $7½ per scale. Apply to The Southern Plumbing Company, 230 Main street, Winston-Salem, N. C.

MEN learn barbering; more pay, light work; wages earned. Call or write Moler Barber College, 61 North Forsyth street Atlanta, Ga.

INTERNATIONAL CORRESPONDENCE SCHOOLS WILL TRAIN YOU FOR POSITION YOU WANT. 27 ARCADE BLDG. Phone.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY
ONE first-class healthy, zealous, energetic working farm foreman of correct habits to work principally colored labor; must have acquired considerable experience and knowledge of the up-to-date growing of grain, cotton, cane and hay, stock farming on the rolling cut over pine lands and familiar with terracing and circled land method levels; state age, number in family, where, when and with whom have seen service, how long with each employer, how quick could report for work and pay expected. Apply by letter only to The Enochs Farms, Fernwood, Pike county, Mississippi.

DRIVERS WANTED — Experienced delivery drivers. Parcel Delivery Co., 174 E. Hunter St.

BOYS WANTED to help on or drive wagon. Parcel Delivery Co., 174 E. Hunter St.

YOUNG man wanted as news agent on train, Union News Co., 36 Madison avenue.

WANTED—Architectural draftsman. C. K. Howell, 35 Poplar st., near postoffice.

WANTED—Office and stock boy not under 16. Apply 615 Third National Bank Bldg.

WANTED—Names, men, 18-45, wishing become government mail carriers. $1,000-$1,500 year. Answer immediately, 915-T, this office.

WANTED—U. S. Hoffman presser. Write F. M. Todd, Rome, Ga.

WANTED—First-class paper cutter; also A-1 blank book forwarder. Steady positions; union shop. State age, previous experience, where now employed, salary expected and how soon could come in first letter. S. C. Toof & Co., Memphis, Tenn.

I HAVE a good business proposition, need two or three good men that can make investment to help develop; good salary. Apply 10 o'clock, 711 Silvey Bldg.

WANTED—Experienced shoe salesman; local man preferred. Apply Globe Shoe Co., 92 Peachtree st.

EXPERIENCED HOTEL BREAD AND ROLL BAKER. $130 AND BOARD. 600 AUSTELL BLDG.

EXPERIENCED MACHINE SHOP SUPERINTENDENT. THREE A-1 BOILERMAKERS. 600 AUSTELL BLDG.

WANTED—Can give permanent employment to man 21 years of age or older who can furnish and operate his own motorcycle. Work not heavy; ten hours each night, with one night off each week. We will furnish gasoline and oil. To such a man can offer good proposition. Apply at once 215 Empire Building.

WANTED—Experienced white male elevator operator. Apply second floor, Chamber of Commerce Bldg.

YES—Professor Branning guarantees to teach you the barber trade in few weeks; chain of shops; good wages. 14 E. Mitchell.

WANTED—Several high-class sheet metal workers. Best pay for good men. We operate open shop. Wire or write Box 194, Savannah, Ga.

HELP WANTED—Female

WANTED—Chamber maids. Apply to housekeeper, Hotel Ansley.

SPARK'S MILLINERY COLLEGE.
WE specialize in remodeling and trimming hats to order by artistic milliner. Full course, $35. 40½ Whitehall street.

WANTED—A-1 maid with references. Mrs. R. F. Shedden, 1051 Peachtree street.

BE A TELEPHONE operator. Apply Miss Prince, 25 Auburn avenue.

NOV. 15—Census examinations everywhere. Thousands needed; sample questions free. Franklin Institute, Dept. 57-T, Rochester, New York.

HELP WANTED—Female

WANTED
EXPERIENCED AND
INEXPERIENCED

YOUNG laddies as Bonbon Dippers, Chocolate Dippers and Packers in Candy, Chocolate, Cracker and Icing Departments. Largest and most sanitary factory in the South. Health and well-being of employees carefully looked after by high-class matron. Hot lunch daily. Good pay while learning. Steady increases to those who become experienced. Hours 7:30 to 5:30. Saturday 1:00 P. M.

Frank E. Block Co.
80 Elliott St.

WANTED — 25 White girls, ages 18 to 30, to work in pickle department; good wages; steady employment; half holiday on Saturdays with full pay. All help dressed in uniform furnished by us. Our associates and surroundings are the best. Apply Georgia Preserving Company, Bellwood Ave. and Southern Railway.

WANTED—EXPERT STENOGRAPHER ONLY EXPERT NEED APPLY. SATURDAY MORNING, ROOM 431 HEALEY BLDG. SALARY $100 PER MO.

WANTED — FILE CLERK WHO WILL BE WILLING TO COMMENCE ON MODERATE SALARY. FINE OPPORTUNITIES. ADDRESS P. O. BOX 795, WITH REFERENCES, AND PHONE NUMBER.

WANTED — Several experienced trimmers to put bands and bows on ladies' and children's straw hats. American Hat Mfg. Co., 195½ Marietta street.

BRIGHT YOUNG LADIES TO LEARN TO MAKE LADIES' HATS. GOOD PAY WHILE LEARNING. NATIONAL STRAW HAT WORKS, 11 TRINITY AVE.

MAKERS WANTED—Helen Purdue exclusive millinery, Daytona, Fla., requires two thoroughly experienced makers, used to high-grade work. Apply stating salary expected; send references; engagement November to March 15.

HOME work. Hand embroiderers wanted. Work sent out of town. Harry Bieler, 1068 Morris avenue, New York City, N. Y.

WANTED—Competent nurse, take care of 2 children. Apply with references. Mrs. M. D. Eisman, 445 Washington, Phone M. 4071.

WANTED—A servant for general housework; room on place. Apply 1074 Piedmont ave.

WANTED—Linen room woman and seamstress. Apply housekeeper, Majestic Hotel.

WANTED—Office girl to answer telephone. 321 Empire Bldg.

TWO capable and experienced women to superintend culinary department and cleaning of buildings. Address W-417. Consti.

WANTED—Experienced woman for house work; four in family; home on lot. Apply 11½ Whitehall. Main 796.

Help Wanted--Male, Female

WANTED—At once, first-class stenographer, and to act as secretary to the president; must be able to furnish good references as to character and ability. Give full information in first letter. Sessions Loan & Trust Co., Marietta, Ga.

FOR any kind of a job call at 51½ South Broad st.

RELIABLE settled couple to live on place, woman to cook; man for house and yard work; must have references. Phone Hemlock 1262 or call at 1098 Ponce de Leon ave.

COOKS, maids, nurses, laundresses, butlers, porters, scullions, janitors, etc., wanted. Jones Employment Agency, 11½ S. Broad.

Salesmen and Solicitors

STOCK SALESMEN — A SPLENDID SELLING PROPOSITION. WELL-BACKED MEN MAKING GOOD MONEY. CAN USE SEVERAL GOOD MEN. PHONE MAIN 4372 OR WRITE GEORGIA PRESERVING CO., ATLANTA.

WANTED—AUTOMOBILE SALESMAN
ONE who is successful in selling carload lots to dealers. This is a position for a real go-getter salesman. He will be satisfied with the standing of the company, the machine he sells and the compensation, if he is the man we seek. Tell us in confidence all you can about yourself and your sales record. Address W-425, care Constitution.

WANTED, OLD-TIME STOCK SALESMEN
I KNOW every one of you. Have worked with you or you have worked for me. I know the producers and am willing to put up. Have sufficient money to put it over. Address W-371, Constitution.

SALESMEN—(10) as district managers, to sell automobile tires to dealers; must have own car; drawing account of $125 per month; commission proposition, but splendid opportunity; out-of-town salesmen write us. Apply Mr. Carroll or Mr. McNeal, 28½ Peachtree street, third floor. Phone Ivy 345.

YOUNG educated man between 25 and 35 owing Ford car to travel within radius of 50 miles of Atlanta; salary $100 per month and commission; only energetic, ambitious applicant considered. Give full particulars with phone number. Address W-449, Constitution.

SALESMEN with auto, sell to dealers; salary and expenses; bring references. Call for Mr. Fox, Southern Chem. Products Co., 660 Marietta st.

WE have openings in good territory, for two traveling salesmen; give references and present connection. Address W-462, care Constitution.

WANTED—Laundress to wash on lot today. Phone 1991-W.

TWO single men to travel; men to leave town on short notice; good money for the right party. Call Kimball House, 9 to 4, Room 535.

AGENTS

YOU ARE WASTING TIME IF YOU ARE NOT MAKING $10 TO $100 DAILY. MAN OR WOMAN—START ANYWHERE. MATERIALS COST YOU 78 CENTS, RETAIL FOR $45. I MADE $220 ONE DAY, $1,250 ONE MONTH. J. H. CRAYCROFT, FRESNO, CALIFORNIA.

TEACHERS

WANTED—Teachers of all classes. South Atlantic Teachers' Agency, 306 Walton bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

ACME TEACHERS' AGENCY, Healey Bldg., Atlanta, constantly placing teachers.

Situation Wanted—Male

In Export Department
OF manufacturing concern, position with a future. Experience, 6 years as bookkeeper and corresp

AUTOMOBILES

FOR S

HUDSON 54, GOOD MECHANICAL CONDITION; PRACTICALLY NEW TIRES; FOR SALE BY OWNER. CALL IVY 3000, ASK FOR MR. HOSEA.

WE WILL SELL YOUR CAR FOR YOU OR BUY YOUR CAR AT OUR PRICE.
WE PAY CASH
FOR USED CARS

1915 Hudson Sedan	$ 800
1919 Elgin "6" Touring	900
1917 Mitchell Touring	625
1918 Haynes Touring	1,200
1914 Flat Limousine	350
1918 Oakland Touring	725
1917 Chalmers Touring	850
1919 Scripps-Booth "4" Roadster	850
Special-Built Haynes Speedster	1,250
1917 Cadillac "8" Roadster	1,150
1919 Roamer Touring	1,800
1919 Maxwell Touring	750
1917 Oldsmobile Chummy	750
1913 Cadillac Touring	225
1919 Oldsmobile "6" Touring	1,350

USED CAR CLEARING HOUSE.
Second Floor 181 Marietta St. Main 4231.

FOR SALE — PASSENGER-CARRYING TRAILER FOR FORD TRUCK. WILL SEAT 15 PEOPLE; PERFECT CONDITION AND CHEAP. CAN BE SEEN AT BEAUDRY MOTOR CO., 171 MARIETTA STREET.

FORDS

1920 Ford Sedan; new, with starter	$1,000
Two 1920 Ford Tourings; new	690
1920 Ford Roadster, with starter; brand-new	750
1920 Ford Roadster; new	650
1920 Ford Touring	675
1918 Ford Roadster	375
1918 1-Ton Reo Truck	625

Cash Paid for Used Cars.
FULLER, ELROD & POWELL.
32 Madison Ave., in Front Terminal Station.

1915 STUDEBAKER 5-PASSENGER; SPLENDID CONDITION; PRACTICALLY NEW TIRES. NO. 270 PEACHTREE ST. I. 2385.

NEW LEXINGTON MINUTE MAN SIX, 7-PASSENGER, WIRE WHEELS, LATEST MODEL, NEVER BEEN USED. $2,100. J. L. EDMONSON, HOTEL PARK, 48½ MADISON AVENUE, ATLANTA.

SPECIAL BARGAINS

1920 Ford Touring; starter and extras	$800
1919 Ford Touring; new	760
1918 Dodge Touring	750
1917 Hupmobile Touring	750
1918 Ford Speedster	500

LEGG & PICKETT
118 MARIETTA ST. MAIN 415.

OAKLAND touring, 1918 model; good tires; motor overhauled. Ivy 2385. 270 Peachtree Street.

REO, 7-passenger, 1918, just overhauled, fresh from paint shop, Silvertown cord tires, extra tire. I must sell this car, as I am suddenly called out of town. Mr. Wilson or Mr. Yates at Reed Oil Co., Peachtree and Baker, Ivy 4668, have agreed to show it. This is a real car, and I will sell it for $1,075. Terms to responsible party. Act quickly. C. R. D. Halloway.

1917 MODEL OAKLAND; THOROUGHLY OVERHAULED; GOOD COAT OF PAINT. 270 PEACHTREE STREET. IVY 2385.

HUDSON SUPER SIX Limousine, in perfect condition. Five wire wheels, 5 cord tires. This is a real bargain. C. S. Lee Motor Co., 217 Peachtree st. Ivy 5380.

FOR SALE—REO TRUCK; PANEL BODY; ONLY BEEN RUN ONE MONTH. CALL IVY 5862.

WE rebuild and paint used Stutz cars. See us. We might have what you want.
STUTZ COMPANY OF GEORGIA.
224 Peachtree St.

TEGIER MOTOR Company, pending completion of new building at 322 Peachtree, will be temporarily located at 92 Houston St., from September 1 to November 10.

FRANKLIN FIVE-PASS. TOURING. PERFECT CONDITION. RUTHERFORD LIPSCOMB. IVY 1161. HEALEY BUILDING.

NATIONAL touring car—good condition. Price $1,600. West 1256—41 Norcross St.

FORD CARS
USED CAR DEPARTMENT
BELLE ISLE
380 PEACHTREE ST.

PIERCE ARROW
MODEL 1912 landaulet type body; fair condition; tires nearly new; engine good; makes fine taxi or good truck; cash, $500, or $600 on terms; am going to buy a smaller car. Apply 869 Peachtree. Phone Hemlock 69.

FOR SALE—Oakland Six, 1919 model, at a bargain. Call J. E. Creech, 121 South Forsyth street, or phone Main 3190.

OAKLAND used cars; good line to select from. So. Oakland Co., 270 Peachtree.

QUALITY used cars. French-Powell Motor Sales Co., 184 Peachtree St.

FOR good autos see Bum-Bunnitt Co., 236 Peachtree st. Ivy 5490.

SAYERS SIX—A car of rare beauty. C. S. Lee Motor Co., 217 Peachtree st. I. 5380.

LATE model Ford racer, $350; also 5-passenger late model, new tires, good condition, $400.
NATIONAL SALES CO.
155 Marietta Street.

HUDSON touring, excellent condition; newly painted; just paid $65 for brand new seat covers; a real car at a ridiculous price; terms to responsible party; first $285 cash takes it. M. Yates, Reed Oil Co., 278 Pitree.

DODGE—Brand-new top, with plate glass back; 5 good tires. This car is in bang-up condition. Looks like new; original paint. Won't last 3 days at $825; terms to responsible party. See Mr. Yates or Mr. Ivy, Reed Oil Co., Peachtree and Baker.

FOR SALE — 1917 model Dodge touring car; in good condition; $800. Ivy 4619-J.

FOR SALE—Latest model 5-passenger Franklin; new car; standing in sales room; have two Franklins; only need one. Address F-238, care Constitution.

TOURING Baby Grand Chevrolet. A bargain. 80 South Pryor street. Main 5369.

1919 OAKLAND touring car. Ivy 5537.

USED CARS bought and sold. Capital City Used Car Clearing House, 142 Decatur st.

USED cars. J. G. Lewis Motor Co., 232 Peachtree st.

Used Cars BARGAINS. Willys-Overland, Inc., 451 Peachtree

TRUCKS—New and used. Superior Motor Truck Co., Whitehall and Stewart ave.

Used CAR BARGAINS. The Automotive Co., 186 Peachtree street.

Used Truck BARGAINS. Atlanta Motor Co., 152 Ivy St.

1917 FORD TOURING—Jos. G. Blount, 885 Peachtree street.

CUT PRICE TIRES—All kinds and sizes. We buy and exchange used tires. Expert steam vulcanizing. Benson & Co., 168 Whitehall st.

USED TRUCKS. Brigman Motors Co., 207-9-11 Ivy street.

USED CARS HILL-HOLDEN CO. 246 P'tree. Ivy 1694

USED CARS BEAUDRY MOTOR CO. 169-171 Marietta St.

USED CARS SEE Atlanta Cadillac Co., 183 Peachtree st.

AUTOMOBILES

FOR SALE

CHEVROLET cut down roadster, excellent condition, self-starter, will do 50 miles an hour; $325. See Mr. Reid, garage, 92 Houston.

ELECTRIC coupe, with charging board; good battery and good tires; bargain for cash. Hemlock 2979.

IN FIRST-CLASS condition, one-ton Ford truck and two-ton Packard truck, cheap; change in our equipment only reason for selling. Rhodes-Wood Furniture Co., 47 W. Hunter st.

Ford BUICK Little "6." Light Ford truck. I pay cash for Fords. Ford Auto Exchange, 30 Wall street. Main 5297.

CHEVROLET "F. A." touring, $625. Chevrolet Motor Co., 44 E. North ave., Ivy 5674.

PAIGE AGENCY temporarily located at 92 Houston, street, pending completion of our new building at 322 Peachtree, about November 10. Tedger Motor Co., Ivy 6395. 92 Houston street.

FOR SALE—Sport model Jordan four-passenger; practically new. M. B. Dunbar, 121 S. Forsyth st. Phone Main 3190.

USED TRUCK AND CAR BARGAINS. THE WHITE CO., 65 IVY ST.

WANTED—AUTOS

WANTED — USED FORD CARS. ADDRESS W-453, CONSTITUTION.

WANTED—Used car; no junk or dealers; Sunday until 4 p. m. Captain Williams, Fifth Supply Train, Camp Gordon.

TO BUY from owner in good condition 5 or 7-pass 1919 Cadillac. State price. Address W-315, Constitution.

WANTED—Immediately, new 1920 Ford touring car; state lowest price will take. Answer quick. Box 813 Atlanta, Ga.

TAXICABS

BELLE ISLE—TAXICABS
IVY 166 6 LUCKIE ST. IVY 5190

GWIN'S TAXI SERVICE
6 Luckie St. Ivy 4551

BALDWIN TAXI SERVICE,
QUICK TRUNK TRANSFER.
Ivy 28. 89 N. Forsyth St. Ivy 1333.

BRYANT TAXI SERVICE
Ivy 7640. Ivy 82. ANSLEY HOTEL. Ivy 5293.

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WANTED—TO BUY A LOT GOOD USED FURNITURE. MAIN 4636.

Typewriters and Supplies

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ALL kinds, at lowest prices. Factory rebuilt and fully guaranteed. Your money's worth or your money back. Typewriters rented, non-visible, three months for $5.00; visible, three months for $7.50 and up. Call, phone or write for catalogue C-70. American Writing Machine Company, 48 N. Pryor street, Atlanta, Ga. Phone Ivy 7340.

WHEN the typewriter needs repairs, call an expert. K. M. Schell, Underwoods a specialty. 13½ W Alabama street. Main 2705.

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AUTOMOBILE PAINTING.

FORD CARS PAINTED
EXCLUSIVE FORD PAINT SHOP AND UPHOLSTERING.
BELLE ISLE
380 PEACHTREE ST.

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Southern Welding Co.

HIGH-CLASS auto repairing. All work guaranteed. 178 Courtland St. Ivy 7227

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BARWALD RADIATOR CO.
29 IVY ST. PRICES RIGHT. IVY 4334.

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RADIATOR, FENDER, BODY AND LAMP WORK. SATISFACTORY SERVICE. 288 EDGEWOOD AVE. BELL IVY 7434.

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AUTO TOP AND SEAT COVERS.

New tops, old tops recovered
For seat covers, come to head quarters.
"We do it better."
ATLANTA AUTO TOP AND TRIMMING CO.
155-157 EDGEWOOD AVENUE.

AUTO TOPS AND PAINTING.

AUTOMOBILE painting, tops recovered, tailor made seat covers, trimming repairs. Springs, axles and wheels repaired.
A. C. MILLER & CO.
33 Gilmer St.

AUTO BUMPERS AND LOCKS.

LET me equip your car with Bumpers, Approved Locks, Spot Lights, Tire Covers, and Electrical Equipment that will protect your investment.
ROY TODD
Automobile Supplies
Atlanta Theater Bldg.—Ivy 351.
27 Exchange Place.
EVERY NECESSARY ACCESSORY.
Mail Orders Solicited.

AUTOMOBILE PAINTING

AUTOMOBILES PAINTED, TOPS RE-COVERED, SEAT COVERS PUT ON, ETC. REASONABLE RATES.
J. W. Goldsmith, Jr.—Grant Co., Inc.
229 Peachtree St.

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THE CITY GARAGE
JULIAN HARRIS, MANAGER. Open all the time. Cars washed, polished, ample storage space. Expert Cadillac, Packard and Buick repairing. 69-71 Houston street. Ivy 3008.

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HOPE MOTOR CO., 143 Marietta street. Ignition lighting and starting systems installed. All makes cars.

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SIMS Magneto Service station. All kinds elec. repairing done. E. R. Odom Bros. Atlanta. Gill stop-jenk piston rings, $1 each

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AUTO ACCESSORIES

SERVICE
Starters, Generators, Igniters, Magnetos, Carburetors, Wire Wheels.
SOUTHERN AUTO & EQUIPMENT CO.
(INC.)
AUTOMOTIVE ENGINEERS
111 S. Forsyth St. Atlanta

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BUSINESS CARDS

ANY FIRM—ANY SERVICE

LOOK for the heading denoting the particular service or article you desire. Or better, read each of them and get many suggestions as to household and business conveniences that you are now doing without simply because it has never occurred to you that the services offered were so easily to be commanded.

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OLD CLOTHES made to look like new. Wright Tailoring Co., 24 E. Hunter. Main 1895.

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COAL ranges, cook stoves, gas stoves, etc., bought, exchanged. M. 1652-J 224 Peters st.

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ORDER roof paint direct. 30-gal. bbl. Asphaltar, $10; 50-gal. bbl. Asphaltar, $15.
NATIONAL LEADNOIL PAINT COMPANY
"Paints for All Purposes."
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CAMERAS loaned free. Developing 24-hour service. U pay for satisfactory prints. Silvcus Optical Co., 19 S. Broad.

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ACME PAINT AND REPAIR CO. ALL kinds of carpenter and paint work. Roofs repaired and put on. 45 South Broad street. All work guaranteed. Main 3347.

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WARNER FULLER, CONTRACTOR, cement work, waterproof basements. We build garages. 814 Austell Bldg. Phone Ivy 639.

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DOOR BEDS — Murphy Door Bed Co. Office, 204 Peachtree Arcade. Main 2513.

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BUY YOUR CLOCKS AT THE ATLANTA CLOCK HOUSE.
45 PEACHTREE ARCADE. MAIN 940.

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WE DO the finest dyeing in the city. We specialize on that particular thing; guarantee every piece. Ivy 2807. 40½ Luckie.

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DENTIST DR. H. JENSEN, 78½ Whitehall street.

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GWINN'S NO. 2 S. Pryor st., across R. R., opp. Kimball house; No. 6 Luckie street, opp. Piedmont. Shoe repairing while you wait. Established 1897; ½ soles sewed 50c up. Rubber heels 35c up.

NEW YORK SHOE REPAIRING.
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J. GOLDWASSER, PROP.

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DOLLS repaired and remodeled; all parts furnished. 227 Arcade Bldg., 2d floor.

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DEALERS IN NEW AND USED ELECTRIC MACHINERY.
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WIRING DEPARTMENT.
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ENGRAVED SOCIAL and business stationery wedding invitations, announcements. WEBB & VARY CO., ATLANTA, GA.

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Fine Watch, Clock and Jewelry Repairing. R. KETCHEM.
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Antique Furniture repaired, upholstering, refinishing. 230 Ivy st.

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HEMSTITCHING, button covering and pleating; prompt service on mail orders. Arcade Hemstitching Shop, 18 Arcade Bldg.

HEMSTITCHING AND PLATING.

BUTTONS covered, first-class work. Mail orders given prompt attention. Atlanta Hemstitching and Plaiting Co., 73½ Whitehall.

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DO ALL kinds of metal welding. Auto and machinery repair work in first-class manner. Reasonable.

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SHIRLEY MATTRESS CO., 807 Marietta, M. 993. High-grade mattress renovating, work guaranteed.

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FLANAGAN BROS. move, pack and ship anything anywhere at the right price. Try us. M. 2877. 51-53 Central ave.

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OLD HATS made new; satisfaction guaranteed, mail orders given prompt attention. ACME HATTERS, 20 EAST HUNTER ST.

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DUPLICATING LENSES A SPECIALTY
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FURNITURE—Built, repaired, upholstered, refinished. Cabinet work, reasonable. Johnson Bros., 886 Marietta St. Main 1168.

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TINTING AND PAINTING, ROOMS, $4 TO $6.50. CALL WEST 620-J.

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EXPERT painting and tinting. Prompt service. White labor. Ed. C. Mitchell. W. 9-J.

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ANY KIND OF ROOFS PUT ON, NEW OR REPAIRED.
WORK GUARANTEED
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GET our estimate on your new roof or repairing; prompt service and all work guaranteed. 45 South Broad st. Main 3347.

ROOFING

ROOFING GUTTERS and pipes. 20 years' exp. GATE CITY ROOFING CO., M. 3051. 488 Decatur.

SEE ME before you do any roofing. George O. Barrett. 72-74 Marietta street. Phone Main 4771.

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TO SAVE MONEY on roofing and paint see Jacob Buchman, wholesale distributor of guaranteed roofing and paint. 45 S. Broad St. Main 3347.

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Mooney REPAIRS all kinds. 12 months' guarantee. Reasonable. Hemlock 1056.

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$100 REWARD
FOR ANY STOVE I cannot fix and make work like new. Call BARBER, THE STOVE MAN. I formerly ran under the name of Dan the Fixer until June 1, 1919. Phone Main 4982. 35 South Pryor street.

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FINE ARTS Sign Co. All kinds, large or small. 62 Houston St., Ivy 6825-J.

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AUTO TOPS
Re-covered out of the best material and done "Quickly" and "Best."
Force Tops ready to set on.
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NEW SPRINGS FOR FORD CARS.

HEADQUARTERS new springs and radius rods for Ford cars. Best quality, new from factory, retailed at wholesale prices. Front spring, $2.00; rear spring, $7.85; radius rods, $2.25; Golden Eagle guaranteed inner tubes, all sizes, best quality, at wholesale prices. Cash with order, f.o.b. Atlanta. Mail orders shipped by first train. Golden Eagle Buggy Co., 32 Means st., Atlanta, Ga.

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Wire Wheels Repaired
OFFICIAL SERVICE STATION.
BRIGMAN MOTORS CO., 207 IVY STREET.

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SUPERIOR WELDING & MACHINE CO. MAIN 4500. 706 MARIETTA ST.

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WE retread good tires and guarantee them to run 5,000 miles.
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JOHN M. SMITH CO.
AUTOMOBILE COACH WORK
CARS REPAINTED.
Tops recovered and repaired. Wheels springs and axles repaired.
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MOTORS, generators, controllers and transformers repaired and rebuilt; automobile starters and generators repaired.
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GASOLINE PUMPS AND TANKS — The American Oil, Pump and Tank Co. 23 Auburn avenue.

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FOR AUTO service, call Atlanta Auto Service Station, 200 Ivy street. Ivy 6271

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YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD
FOR LONGWEAR tires. Easy terms. Ray Interliner Co., 69 N. Forsyth street.

TIRES ON EASY TERMS. 156 Marietta street. Main 635.

FOR SALE—Three Firestone tires with tubes, 33x4, $10 each; also an ice box, family size, $15. 863 West Peachtree.

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Can You Borrow Money?
"YES" FROM
Southern Security Co.
WE MAKE loans on Liberty Bonds, Stamps, Household Goods, Pianos and all Personal Property, at 5 per cent. Payments as low as $2.00 per month.

$ 10.00	Costs	$ .50
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$ 50.00	Costs	$ 2.50
$100.00	Costs	$ 5.00
$200.00	Costs	$10.00
$300.00	Costs	$15.00

WE make Loans from $5.00 to $500. See us before going elsewhere.
SOUTHERN SECURITY COMPANY
212 PEACHTREE ARCADE
Second Floor—Main 619.

WHEN YOU NEED $25 OR MORE
WE WILL LOAN IT TO YOU AT THE LAWFUL RATE.
Guarantee Loan Company
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When You Need Money Quick
ON YOUR SALARY, SEE US.
No indorsement or mortgage required.
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Ivy 1654. 316-17 Empire Bldg.

LOANS $25 AND UP
ON household furniture and pianos without removal. Payments to suit your income.
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FIRST MORTGAGE loans, Atlanta property. Low rate, expense reasonable. Established over 25 years.
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$500,000 TO LOAN at 6% on improved Atlanta residence or business property. Loans closed promptly.
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Successor to Dunson & Gay,
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6% LOANS ON
ATLANTA REAL ESTATE
FARMS ANYWHERE
OR WELL-IMPROVED
SMALL TOWN PROPERTY
MADE PROMPTLY.
MARVIN R. M'CLATCHEY
CANDLER BLDG., ATLANTA, GA.

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AND LOANS made on Atlanta and suburban real estate. Eiseman & Weil Investment Company, 313 Atlanta National Bank Bldg.

Ready Money for salaried men. No indorsers.
FEDERAL INVESTMENT CO.,
201 PETERS BUILDING.

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NO LONG waits; local funds on hand.
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ON REAL ESTATE, 6, 7, 8 PER CENT. QUICK SERVICE.
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LOAN AGENTS for investors' Savings Company, first and second mortgages on city real estate, payable monthly.
Cliff C. Hatcher Ins. Agency
See Rex B. Mooney, 221 Grant building.

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TO LEND—1st or 2d mortgages, on city real estate. Current rates. Immediate action. J. S. Slicer, 51 N. Forsyth st. Ivy 955.

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FUNDS on hand for loan and purchase money notes. A. F. Liebman, 17 Walton street. Real Estate and Renting.

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Special Rate for Farms and City Property. S. W. Carson, 414 Empire Bldg

FIRST and second mortgage loans. A. G. Smith, Connally building. Main 2940.

CITY and farm loans made without delay. W. B. Smith, 706 Fourth National Bank Bldg.

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MONEY to loan without commission on farm and city property, for Jefferson Standard Life Insurance Co. B. G. Statham, General Agent, 522-3 Candler Bldg.

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MONTHLY money to lend on Atlanta and nearby real estate, payable $2.16 per month on the $100, which includes interest. No delay, money here. Brown-Beasley Company, 210 Flatiron building.

6% money for city property and farms, 7% 1116 Hurt Bldg. Edward Jones. I. 6631.

$25,000
TO lend in amounts to suit borrower. Will lend Atlanta or suburbs.
W. O. Alston, 1010 Hurt Bldg.

MONEY to loan on Atlanta real estate in sums of $500 or over. Thos. J Wesley, Cashier, 229 Grant building.

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ATTRACTIVE home, all conveniences, business couples and young men preferred. Phone Dec. 775-J.

IN PRIVATE home of unusual attraction, garage, near club house, East Lake; only those desiring best need reply. Decatur 390.

PLEASANT steam heated front room; breakfast and evening dinner; for two gentlemen; on north side. Hemlock 2587.

362 PEACHTREE—Gentlemen or couples; large, choice rooms; first-class table board.

INMAN PARK—Large front room, 2 business men; meals if desired; also garage. Ivy 8123-N. 782 Edgewood ave.

ROOM with board in attractive north side home. Hemlock 1279.

NICELY furnished room for 2 gents, with meals; private family. Ivy 3699-W.

ROOM and board for young man. 52 Ponce de Leon. Ivy 6195.

ROOMMATE—Wanted

REFINED gent. in comfortable room wishes roommate; separate beds. Ivy 7849-J.

WANT roommate for business lady; private home; references exchanged. Ivy 7782-W.

ROOMS—For Rent

FURNISHED.

WE will have 40 rooms for rent on October 22, at from $15 to $20 per month. Gate City Hotel, corner Trinity ave. and Forsyth st.

THE ADOLF ROOMS with bath and shower; up-to-date, cool and airy. Price $25 and $30 per month. Just off Peachtree. 10½ East Harris street. Ivy 3071-J.

PEACHTREE INN 391 PEACHTREE ST., 75c to $1.50 per day; $2.50 to $6 per week. Steam heat, hot water at all hours. Ph. I. 67.

NEWLY furnished front room for single gentleman; southern exposure; references given and required; to permanent party only; can be seen after 8 a. m. or after 7 p. m.; walking distance. Phone Ivy 3022. 64 E. Baker st., apt. B.

162 W. PEACHTREE—Two elegantly furnished rooms adjoining bath; also room and kitchenette or single room; elec. lights, gas, instantaneous heater, phone, Camp Gordon and W. P'tree car line. Permanent.

LARGE FRONT ROOM, furnace heat, hot water and all conveniences, with excellent meals. Residential section, north side, corner Tenth and Juniper sts. Refer's. Hem. 623-J.

ROOM to business men near excellent boarding houses; references exchanged. Ivy 1763.

66 FORREST AVE.—Large heated room; tiny kitchenette, lavatory; for business people.

SIX blocks from Candler Bldg., a lovely front room with two closets and bath; suitable for one or two gentlemen. $40. Phone Ivy 6107, or A. L. P., care Const.

ATTRACTIVE room; business woman only. 239 Peachtree circle. Hemlock 1449-J.

TWO large housekeeping rooms; every convenience. Private family. Call H. 2387 after 9 a. m.

ONE fur. room, with priv. entrance and heat; with priv. family. 208 Hopkins st.

COMFORTABLE steam-heated room for one or two gentlemen. Ivy 5349.

PRIVATE home; hot baths, close in; light. Ivy 6040-J. 22 W. Harris.

NICELY furnished room in private family for gentleman. Ivy 1537-XL.

FURNISHED room; heat, close in; men preferred. Ivy 8640.

ELEGANT front suite; private bath, dressing room, closet, porch; furnace, telephone; also lovely room, twin beds. 894 Peachtree.

LARGE room, private home conv.; reasonable. Main 4692-W after 2 p. m.

LARGE, well furnished room with private tile bath; north side home; gentleman only; vapor heat; $45. Phone Hemlock 2872.

ROOM for 1 or 2 gentlemen. Hemlock 1550.

THREE or four rooms, all conveniences; references. Phone Decatur 593.

YOUNG MEN—Two connecting rooms with bath; private home. Ivy 3505. Reference.

ONE furnished steam-heated room on ground floor. 209 Washington street.

ROOM—Private home; steam heat; close in; gentlemen only. Ivy 7444-W.

BUSINESS women only; steam-heated room connecting bath; every convenience; 2 car lines; private home. West 599-J.

UNFURNISHED.

FOR RENT—To couple, no children, one unfurnished room, one room with dining table, sideboard and four chairs, small kitchenette, with gas stove and running water; will furnish lights, water, telephone; $35; references required. 29 Alta ave., Inman Pk.

UNFURNISHED rooms to ladies Dec. 1; 3 large rooms, College Park; close in; reference. Call East Point 119-J.

TWO ROOMS, to a couple only. References required. 141 West Baker street.

ROOMS—Wanted

FURNISHED.

WANTED—Room by young man without board. Grant Park locality preferred. Address W-465, care Constitution.

Housekeeping Rooms

FURNISHED.

162 W. PEACHTREE—Two elegantly furnished rooms adjoining bath; also room and kitchenette or single room; elec. lights, gas, instantaneous heater, phone, Camp Gordon car line. Permanent.

DESIRABLE north side room, sleeping porch and kitchenette. Ivy 6765-J.

THREE con. rooms with owner; electric lights; hot water; gas range; sink. Call M. 3281-W.

TWO furnished housekeeping rooms; private home; conv. 126 Crew st. M. 4588-J.

SEVERAL nice housekeeping rooms for rent; all conv. 306 E. Hunter.

UNFURNISHED.

FOR RENT—Two large connecting rooms with convenient bath; close in and in good section. Apply 77 Windsor st.

FOR RENT—2 servants' rooms to quiet colored couple by the week. Apply 77 Windsor st.

APARTMENTS—For Rent

FURNISHED.
STEAM HEAT.

WILL rent apartment in West End to acceptable tenant furnished or unfurnished. Contains kitchen, living room, dining room, sun parlor, three dressing rooms equipped with Murphy beds. H. H. Turner, 1012 3d National Bank Bldg.

UNFURNISHED.

6-ROOM flat; electric and gas lights; all conveniences, 359 Woodward avenue.

FOUR-ROOM apartment; also garage. Ivy 8474.

HOUSES—For Rent

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

Consult Our Rental Bulletin.
SMITH, EWING & RANKIN.

HOUSES—Wanted

UNFURNISHED.

RESIDENCE or apartment house, Peachtree preferred. Phone M. 2434. Write box 1397.

FURNISHED OR UNFURNISHED.

LIST your renting property with me. C. G. Aycock, Peters Bldg.

WAREHOUSES—For Rent

FOR RENT—One storage room. 519 Courtland street.

DESK SPACE—For Rent

VERY desirable desk space for rent. Phone Ivy 345.

OFFICE SPACE—For Rent

WILL sell a well furnished office, Candler Annex 400. Phone Ivy 410 Sunday until 2 p. m., week days, 8 to 5.

Real Estate—Sale, Exchange

REAL ESTATE for sale or exchange. Chas P. Glover, 1109 3rd Natl. bldg.

REAL ESTATE—Wanted

West End Landlords

IF YOUR house rents around $30 or $40 and suits me I will give you 25 per cent more than the present tenant is paying and if necessary wait 60 days for possession.

LIST your property for sale with Fitzhugh Knox, Candler Bldg.

FOR RESULTS—List your property with H. F. West, 218 Atlanta National.

WILL appreciate your listing your property with me; many clients; courteous service. W. H. S. Hamilton, 227 Candler Bldg. Ivy 2026.

WE CAN sell your home for you. List with us. Martin-Orburn Realty Co., 3d Natl. Bank Bldg. Ivy 1276.

WANTED—500 houses to sell on terms of from $100 to $200 down and monthly notes (white or colored). Dr. Patterson, 261½ Edgewood avenue. Ivy 5782.

WE CAN SELL YOUR HOME.
GILBERT CO. 505 FORSYTH BLDG.

WANTED—Six-room bungalow, Oakhurst or Kirkwood, large lot, $3,500 to $4,000. T-531, care Constitution.

LIST your real estate with A. L. Dunn & Reynolds, J. C., 223 Peachtree Arcade. Main 3415.

FOR RESULTS list your property with Sharp & Bowiston, 90 N. Forsyth street.

HAVE customer who want to buy 6 to 8-room home. Will pay cash. See J. H. McNesser, 321 Empire bldg. Ivy 5529.

PROPERTY WANTED.

LIST your property with us for results. Ivy 6262. 508 Flatiron Bldg.

REAL ESTATE—Sale, Rent

LIST your property with us. Sale or rent. Quick results. M. C. Kiser, 314 Candler bldg.

REAL ESTATE—For Sale

NORTH SIDE.

FOR SALE
HOUSE and lot containing five rooms and bath, No. 40 Angier avenue, Atlanta. Immediate possession. Price $5,000; one-third cash, balance three equal annual payments.
J. W. SIKES
P. O. Box 446
Albany, Ga.

$3,500.00
JUST off Edgewood Ave. We have dandy five-room bungalow we can sell at this price, and make terms. See John Starr, Mercantile Sales Co., 408-9 Gould Bldg. Ivy 6251.

VACANT LOTS
BOULEVARD and Jackson: on these streets we have several choice lots at good prices; they are fine for homes or apartments. See John Starr Mercantile Sales Co., 408-9 Gould Bldg. Ivy 6251.

NORTH SIDE—Beautiful 7-room brick bungalow on North Boulevard for $8,000; $2500 cash, Lot 55x200. Has tile veranda, steam heat, Ruud heater. House and lot worth $10,000. Be quick for this pickup. E. L. Harling, 815 Atlanta National Bank Bldg. Main 1287.

REAL ESTATE BARGAINS. Evans & Dodd, 213 Empire building.

THREE new bungalows, just completed: 29 Highland ave., corner Hilliard st., $6,000; 33 Highland ave., $5,500; 37 Highland ave., $5,500; well built and most attractive; open for inspection; terms reasonable. George F. Howard, 1520 Candler bldg. Ivy 4950.

THREE exquisite bungalows just being completed, No. 78-80-82 Inman circle, next to corner 17th street. Ansley park. Also 4 exceptional bungalows, 823-879-887-891 N. Boulevard, in Boulevard parp. These are exceedingly fine homes and not in the usual bungalow class. Geo. P. Howard, 1520 Candler Bldg., Ivy 4950.

REAL bargain! Druid Hills section bungalow; $4,250; no loan; easy terms. W. H. S. Hamilton, 227 Candler Bldg. Ivy 2026.

PRICE $4,750—Rents 17 per cent; high-class north side colored; no loan; terms. W. A. Callaway, Owner, 508 Third National Bank Building.

I WANT listing of your property. Give me a chance. Ben Padgett, Ivy 7468. 314 Empire Bldg.

REAL ESTATE for sale or rent. B. D. Watkins Co., 19 Walton street.

W. E. TREADWELL & CO.—Real estate for sale or exchange. Empire Bldg.

SEE our Sale List published weekly. M. L. Thrower, 39 North Forsyth street.

A. Graves sells homes, lots, rent property and farms. 12½ Wall st.

$4,150—Fourth Ward Investment

BELGIAN ROYALTY ROUND FOR HOME

King Albert and Queen Elizabeth Sail From Norfolk—King Regrets to Leave United States.

Old Point Comfort, Va., October 31.—The transport George Washington steamed away from Hampton Roads at 1:30 o'clock today bearing King Albert, of the Belgians, Queen Elizabeth, Prince Leopold and their suite, homeward bound after twenty-nine days in the United States.

The guns at the Norfolk navy yard boomed a national salute as the barges which carried the royal party to the ship cast off from the pier, after the king and queen had inspected the navy yard. Aboard the George Washington boatswain's whistles piped them over the side and the ship's band played the Brabanconne, while Captain McCauley stood at salute at the gangway and the ship's crew manned the rails.

King Albert stood on the bridge of the transport with his wife and son beside him, gazing shoreward as the big vessel steamed slowly down the bay escorted by battleships and destroyer and with the royal standard of Belgium fluttering from the masthead.

Warmly Greeted.

The king and his party, accompanied by Secretary Lansing of the state department and Assistant Secretary Breckinridge Long, who has been with the party throughout its tour of the United States, and by Secretary Daniels of the navy department, arrived at Fortress Monroe on a special train from Washington. There and later at Portsmouth, the king was warmly greeted by state and local officials and the crowds which gathered to receive them.

Boarding the destroyer Stockton and escorted by navy dirigibles and seaplanes, the party crossed to the Norfolk navy yard where Queen Elizabeth gave the signal that sent the waters of Elizabeth river flooding into two great dry docks for the first time. An inspection of the yard followed, the king displaying great interest in all he saw and receiving a continuing ovation from the navy personnel and the citizens, including thousands of school children, gathered to receive him.

Grateful for Kindness.

Cabinet officials and the army and navy officers assigned to accompany the royal party during its stay in the United States, went with the king to the George Washington, lying in the roadstead, flag dressed and flanked by the battleship Delaware assigned as escort.

King Albert to Wilson.

On Board the Steamship George Washington, October 31.—By Wireless to The Associated Press.)—King Albert of Belgium sent the following message of adieu to President Wilson immediately after the George Washington sailed:

"President Wilson, White House, Washington, D. C.: Ohe moment of departure has come and it is with great regret that I leave the hospitable shores of America. I am glad, however to have had the great pleasure of seeing you, and it is comforing to me to feel that you will soon be in full health and vigor and able to continue your great work.

"The queen and I will never forget the cordiality of the welcome extended to us by the people as well as by the government of the United States.

"I assume you once more of my highest regards and friendship.

"ALBERT."

To American People.

The king also sent messages to the people of the United States and to members of the American expeditionary force and the navy.

The messages to the American people and the expeditionary force and the navy follow:

"To the American People:

"On leaving the United States we would like, the queen and I, to thank once more with all our hearts the American people for the splendid reception they have given us.

"We were especially delighted by the warm greetings that welcomed us everywhere, and very much touched by the spontaneous affections of the youth of your country.

"We think with gratitude and emotion of the sympathies which the name of Belgium has evoked in all parts of the immense territories that we have visited.

"We bear away with us a lively admiration for the genius so varied and resourceful of the American people.

"ALBERT."

To the A. E. F.

"To All Members of the American Expeditionary Force and Members of the Navy:

"To all members of the American expeditionary force and to all the members of the navy who have been wounded in Europe for the allied cause, I wish to extend once more my warmest sympathy and appreciation. I thank them again in the name of the Belgain nation for their immense services.

"ALBERT."

Quality Meat At Lowest Prices

—Choice Western Meats—

HOG LARD, Bring your bucket..... 29c

Round Steak, lb.
Loin Steak, lb.
Porterhouse Steak, lb. 29c
Club Steak, lb.

Beef Roast, lb.
Pot Roast, lb... 15c to 19c

Rib Roast, lb.
Rump Roast, lb..... 25c

Boiling Beef,
Brisket Beef 12½c

PORK HAM, lb..... 27½c

PORK SHOULDERS, lb 25c

SIDE PORK, lb..... 25c

PIG HEADS 10c

HENS and FRYERS

35 East Alabama — Main 674

National MARKET

35 East Alabama Street

Cefalu & Warren

15-17 EAST MITCHELL ST.
MAIN 3662

WE DELIVER

Fancy Home-dressed Hens, lb..... 36c
PLENTY FRYERS.

C. & W. COFFEE, lb. 45c
There is none any better.

Churn Gold and Swift's Oleo, lb..... 45c

YOUR CHOICE:
POSTELL'S Elegant,
POSTELL'S Self-Rising
DIAMOND C Flour,
24-lb. sack $1.95

Water Ground Meal, 12-lb. pk. This is fine... 75c

Fancy, Extra large CELERY, bunch..... 10c

New Green Spinach, Cauliflower, Lettuce and Other Fancy Vegetables.

All Kinds of Fruits, Fresh Fish and Oysters.

Phone Main 3662
WE DELIVER

PLAZA MARKET

3 S. BROAD ST.
W. F. WILLIAMS,
Proprietor

WE DELIVER
Phone Main 881

Fancy Dressed Hens, lb. 36c
Fancy Dressed Fryers, lb. 55c
Fancy Dressed Turkeys, lb..... 50c

Fancy Roast Beef, lb., 25c to... 30c

STEAKS
Round, lb. 35c
Loin, lb. 40c
Porterhouse, lb..... 45c

PORK
Whole Hams, lb..... 30c
Pork Chops, lb..... 40c
Little Pig Sausage, lb. 40c

GENUINE SPRING LAMB
Legs, lb. 38c
Shoulders, lb..... 30c
Chops, lb. 45c
Stew, lb. 28c

Very Best Grade Sliced BREAKFAST BACON
Morris & Co.
Supreme Squares, lb. 40c
Swift's Premium, lb. 55c
All Box Bacon, lb... 60c

Fancy Blue Point Oysters Daily

Why lug your meats home?
WE DELIVER
Them for You.
CALL MAIN 881.

PLAZA MARKET
3 S. BROAD ST.

Buck's Meat Market

236 Marietta St.

Folks, come in to see me. The things you want are here. Best of Western Meats, Poultry, Fresh Country Butter and Eggs--and the price is right, too.

WE DELIVER

PURE HOG LARD—
Bring your bucket, lb..... 28c
NO. 5 PURE LARD..... $1.49
NO. 10 PURE LARD.... $2.94
NO. 5 COTTON BLOOM $1.14
NO. 10 COTTON BLOOM $2.19
Fresh Dressed Hens, lb..... 37c
Fresh Dressed Fryers, lb.... 48c
Fresh Country Buttter, lb.... 55c
Fresh Country Eggs, dozen.. 60c

PLENTY SUGAR

BUCK'S MEAT MARKET
236 MARIETTA ST.
Main 5276-J —Both Phones— Atl. 6049-F.

Big Crowds Thoroughly Enjoy Great Circus Entertainment

PARADE THIS MORNING.

The parade of the Sells-Floto circus, which was unavoidably prevented yesterday, will be given this morning. The pageant, said to be one of the prettiest ever presented, will start at 10:30 o'clock this morning from the ball park on Ponce de Leon avenue, to Peachtree, to Broad, to Mitchell, to Washington, to Courtland, to Auburn avenue, to Boulevard, to Ponce de Leon and back to the grounds.

There is one fact which stands out pre-eminent in afterthought about the Sells-Floto circus. That is the exceptional cleanliness of the entire organization and the spirit of bubbling, healthy happiness which the performers convey as they go through their stunts.

We have gotten accustomed to expecting a rather drawn, harried look on the faces of circus performers. We expect it and excuse it, on the ground of the strenuous life which we are led to believe they live. We picture circus existence as a series of constant rushes to get from one town to another, get up the "big tops," the "cook tent," and all the other necessary ingredients to such a show, then a great mechanical performance, with a constant urge to pick up and be on the way to the next stopping place.

But this feeling was not all present at the performance last night out on the baseball diamond. From the huge elephants whose acts open the really splendid program, all the four-footed entertainers gave the impression of being well cared for and of delight in their work. Never have prettier horses been seen gathered together, and the "high school" work given around the hippodrome track is a delight in poetic movement. The dogs rush to their work as to a frolic, the ponies likewise, and even the little performing monkeys jump around as though they realize they are an important part of the bill.

In Pink of Condition.

And the human performers. Every one of them not only looked in the pink of physical condition, but their faces and expressions were those of people who would probably be quite well worth meeting off stage—if that is the proper parlance for circus stuff.

In fact, the most serious people in the aggregation are the clowns, and their seriousness is only assumed to give the proper contrast for their fun-making.

The big tent was crowded last night and as the crowds streamed out afterwards, the general sentiment was one of gratified pleasure at a surprising good show.

Of course, one big attraction is Jack Dempsey, world champion. Jack's performance comes at the close of the big show and he goes through three interesting rounds of boxing with his sparring partner, Bill Tate, and winds up by demonstrating some of his most effective punches—the blows that robbed Jess Willard of his title.

One difficulty in writing an appreciation of the performance is the lack of programs. Personally, it isn't at all a bad idea. Because whoever found time to study a bulky program at a circus? But a list of the acts is useful to the reviewing scribe afterwards.

There were so many good things, that it is impossible to remember all. And there is so much going on at one time, without any delay, that some of the best acts are sure to be overlooked. But here goes to mention a few that memory recalls:

That little girl who hung on the end of a whirling rope by her teeth, spinning at several hundred revolutions a minute—

That other girl who did all the latest dances, who jazzed and tickle-toed on the tight wire—

The girl trainers of the big elephants—

Fine Troupe of Aerialists.

The troupe of aerialists who tossed each other backwards and forwards across the uppermost reaches of the big tent—

The slackwire performer who impersonated a "drunk" on the wire—

The troupe of Arabs who pyramided and somersaulted and cartwheeled all over the place—

The posing horses—

The riding horses and their charming riders—

And the thousand and one others who kept the interest sustained throughout. Oh, it's a good show, all right.

The show is here for two more performances, matinee and night today. It may not be quite as big as some, but for real enjoyment—well, it's the first time this individual ever was a circus and felt that urge which the story writers say is universal—the urge to join the big-tops and perform on the broad back of a white horse.

And, to keep the best for the last. The fair sex among the performers comprise the best looking aggregation of feminine pulchritude ever gathered together, the Follies, even, not excepted. It would require a genuine circus press agent's vocabulary to do justice to this feature. The only thing to do is to go and see for yourself.

RALPH T. JONES.

ARMENIANS DENIED MEDICAL SUPPLIES

(The Constitution—London Times—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

Constantinople, October 31.—Not content with preventing the import into Armenia of war material, the Georgian government is holding up consignments of medical supplies and clothing purchased by Armenian representatives in Paris, which are urgently needed in view of the great distress that prevails throughout the country. The greater part of these supplies was last reported to be at Batum, pending the reecipt of Georgian permission for it to be railed and, according to all available information it is likely to remain there unless the powers decide to bring the necessary pressure to bear on the Georgian republic.

The Georgian blockade of Armenia, which aims at starving the country, besides preventing it obtaining the necessary arms and munitions, confirms the belief held in many quarters here that there is an understanding between Georgian and Turkish nationalists.

Horshamfi England, councilors announced recently that the municipal waterworks had made a net profit of 3 cents on the half year.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

P. H. Brewster. Albert Howell, Jr.
Arthur Heyman.
Brewster, Howell & Heyman,
Attorneys-at-Law,
Offices—507 to 520 Connally Building,
Atlanta, Ga.
Long Distance Telephone 3023, 3024 and 2025 Atlanta Ga.

BANKRUPT SALE
Automobile Accessories and Supplies
Merry Electrical Works.

Before Honorable P. H. Adams, Referee in Bankruptcy, 512 Grant Bldg., at 3 o'clock P. M., November 4, 1919. Consists of generator brushes, auto lamps and glasses, batteries, fuses, timers, generator parts, plug connections and innertubes. Also, two new Royal typewriters. Terms cash. For inventory and inspection of property, see

Walter S. Dillon,
Receiver,
620 Hurt Bldg.
Telephone Ivy 4771.

MAIL ORDER SALE
of U. S. Army Supplies

We have purchased the government stock of the following items and offer them to the public. One, or as many as you wish.

PROMPT DELIVERY TO ANY PART OF THE UNITED STATES. CHARGES PREPAID

Send Money Order.

Army Shoes, $5.85.
Navy Shoes, $7.75.
Officers' Raincoats, $15.
Army Blankets, $7.50.
Rubber Boots, $4.50.
Knitted Stocking Caps, 70c.
Mackinaws.
Army Wool Socks.
Army Sweaters, all-wool.
All-Wool Underwear, heavy winter weight, per suit.

Order by Sizes. Write Plainly.
Your Money Refunded if Not Satisfied.

National Equipment Co.
18 West 23d Street, New York City.

PUBLIC AUCTION
Monday, Nov. 3rd, 9 A. M.
CAMP JESSUP
Atlanta, Ga.

109 U. S. Government Condemned Trucks and Cars. Terms cash or certified check. Complete list to be obtained by applying to Major Allan W. Pollitt, M. T. C., Camp Jessup.

NOTICE
to
COTTON MILL BUILDING CONTRACTORS.

The LaFayette Cotton Mills, LaFayette, Ala., will receive bids for the construction of a cotton mill building, cotton warehouse and appurtenances, until noon, November 15, 1919, at LaFayette, Ala. Plans and specifications may be seen at the office of John Hill, Consulting Mill Architect and Engineer, Healy Building, Atlanta, Ga., or at the mill office, LaFayette, Ala.

Certified check for $500.00 must accompany each bid. Right is reserved to reject any or all bids.

LaFayette Cotton Mills,
Jas. A. Hines, President.
J. C. Griffin, Sec'ty. and Treas.

AID IS PROMISED TO STEEL STRIKERS

Pittsburg, Pa., October 31.—Promises of financial aid came to steel strike headquarters here today from Altoona, Pa., where it was said twenty-nine local unions had recommended that each member give one day's pay for the support of the strike, and that one-half of the money at present in each local union's treasury, available for such purposes, be given out at once to the national steel strike committee.

Delegates from many counties in the state arrived tonight for a special convention of the Pennsylvania Federation of Labor, which will be held here tomorrow and Sunday. Included in the 500 delegates expected at the meeting were, it was announced, some 200 miners representing the five districts of the United Mine Workers within the state.

James E. Maurer, president of the organization, tonight gave out a statement through the steel strike committee, in which he said:

"Further repression by legal authorities will be brought before the convention, including the shutting off of still further address to strikers by foreign language speakers in places which have hitherto permitted such speakers. Warning has also been given in steel strike towns that if the coal strike comes no meetings whatever of steel strikers are to be permitted.

"One of the proposed courses of action fvored by some delegates who are already in Pittsburg, is the issuance of an ultimatum to Governor Sproul and to state and local authorities that further appeals to governmental and judicial authorities for relief will be considered useless unless prompt and decisive action restoring constitutional rights and civil liberties is forthwith taken. Proposals are being framed of methods of asserting the rights of labor if such an ultimatum is not promptly effective."

Labor leaders would not be quoted as to the "methods" to be used if the "ultimatum" was delivered and unheeded, but it was the opinion that the weapon most favored was a general strike. This, it was pointed out, the convention could not order, although it could recommend such a course to the unions represented.

MORE MILLS RESUME IN CHICAGO DISTRICT

Chicago, October 31.—Additional mills were operating at the South Chicago steel plants today and the statement of F. A. Newton, general superintendent of the Illinois Steel company's mills that the strike of steel workers now in its sixth week, was broken so far as that place was concerned, was added to statements of Gary, Ind., steel mill operators and strike leaders that the strike was lost. From the remainder of the Chicago district there is no report of changes in the industrial situation.

HALF FORCE WORKS AT YOUNGSTOWN.

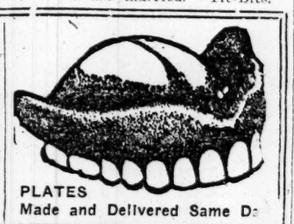
Youngstown, Ohio, October 31.—Figures announced by a local bank, based upon the payrolls to the end of last week, which are made up by this bank, give the number of men working in Youngstown steel mills at 15,540, out of more than 30,000. It was estimated 5,000 returned to work this week.

No new developments occurred in the Mahoning valley steel region today.

They had just become engaged. "I shall love," she cooed, "to share all your griefs and troubles." "But, darling," he purred, "I have none." "No," she agreed; "but I mean when we are married."—Tit-Bits.

Consultation And Advice Always Free

All Work Guaranteed.



PLATES
Made and Delivered Same D:

Set of Teeth $5 | Crown or Bridge $3 | Gold Filling $2 | Silver Filling $1

All Other Expert Dental Work Low in Proportion

Palace Dental Rooms
—Only Expert Dentists—
5 W. Alabama Street
Phone Main 1946—Open Daily 8 to 6. Lady Attendant

Will Not Move November 1st.

The owner of the building, refusing to allow us to transfer our lease, we will remain in our present location until the expiration of said lease, which runs to August 31, 1922

We will rent the banking room in our building at 140 Peachtree street for the same term.

Savings accounts solicited. 4% paid, compounded semi-annually.

Loans on real estate, repayable in monthly installments

AMERICAN SAVINGS BANK

TILE for EVERYWHERE
CARMICHAEL TILE CO.
HURT BLDG. ATLANTA GA.

DROPSY treated one week free. Short breathing relieved in 36 to 48 hours. Swelling removed in 15 to 20 days. For free trial treatment write or call. Examination free. Collum Dropsy Remedy Co. 404-5-6 Austell Building Atlanta Ga.

HEADACHE
Bad for Health
Upsets Nerves
Go to Drug Store—Try
CAPUDINE
BY DOSE AND IN BOTTLES—10¢ 30¢ & 60¢

BETTER THAN CALOMEL

Thousands Have Discovered Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets Are a Harmless Substitute

Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets are the result of Dr. Edwards' determination not to treat liver and bowel complaints with calomel. For 17 years he used these tablets (a vegetable compound mixed with olive oil) in his private practice with great success.

They do all the good that calomel does but have no bad after effects. No pains, no griping, no injury to the gums or danger from acid foods—yet they stimulate the liver and bowels. Take Dr. Edwards' Olive Tablets when you feel "logy" and "heavy." Note how they clear clouded brain and perk up the spirits. 10c and 25c a box.

Says Fourteen Points Not Followed Out At Peace Conference

(The Constitution—London Times—Philadelphia Public Ledger Service—Copyright, 1919.)

London, October 31.—(Cable Dispatch.)—Lord Bryce, commenting on the work of the peace conference says that the principle of nationality proclaimed in President Wilson's fourteen points was accepted in all belligerent countries and was the basis of the armistice, but that it had not been followed out in the peace conference. He declared that, although the conference had been sitting since last January, not much had been heard about its proceedings.

The veteran British diplomat regrets they had not yet arrived at that "open diplomacy," of which so much had been said, and declared that if they had not been too much occupied at home, the English people would not have allowed so much to have been kept from them.

Lord Bryce said he thought the conference had committed some very grave errors and was in grave danger of committing others. Under the treaty signed with the little bit of Austria, which remained, he said, 280,000 Tyrolese were taken and handed over to Italy. He said he had searched in vain for the reason for this action, but could find none, although it was totally opposed to the doctrine of nationality. The Italian government said it won't the Tyrolese territory for strategic purposes, Bryce said, but he declared they could not want it for—that purpose against a practically bankrupt state of only 6,000,000 persons.

Georgia State Fair Closes Record Year In Macon on Friday

Macon, Ga., October 31.—(Special.)—The sixty-fourth annual Georgia State Fair came to a close this evening after the most successful session it has ever known. More than 200,000 people passed through the turnstiles. Not an exhibit was moved until after 6 o'clock tonight, after which auction sales were held in all departments and practically everything that the owners desired to sell was disposed of.

More live stock was sold at this year's fair than ever before and high prices prevailed. Today was children's day and all of the little folks were admitted to the grounds free. In addition today was a fireworks special attraction. The pacing of an exhibition mile by John R. Bratton, in which the track record was lowered, was another feature.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE
On Next Tuesday, November 4th

We are going to sell, before the courthouse door in Decatur, at 11 o'clock in the morning, the property on McDonough street, belonging to the estate of James Hutcheson.

There is an excellent two-story house on the premises and the lot has a frontage of 500 feet on McDonough street and extends east to the South Decatur car line. Its proximity to the Agnes Scott College and to both car lines renders this a most desirable place for a home, or it could be subdivided into about fifteen lots and made to yield a splendid return.

TERMS: One-third cash, balance in one and two years at 6 per cent. Plats are at our office for distribution.

Forrest & George Adair
WE SELL LOTS

North Side Bungalows For Sale

On Thirteenth Street near Piedmont Park we have just completed two brick veneer, six-room bungalows, furnace heat, all conveniences. Inquire of your agent or

WEYMAN & CONNORS
624-5-6 GRANT BUILDING

"Five Seconds From Five Points"

LET OUR
Commercial Artists
assist you in the preparation and illustration of your Booklets, Catalogs and Folders.

We are prepared to render you every needful assistance to make your printed matter a success.

Foote & Davies Company
Edgewood at Pryor : : Phone Ivy 4600

FARM LOANS
In Georgia, Alabama and South Carolina
In amounts of $1,000 to $50,000
The Southern Mortgage Co.
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GOOD DENTIST WANTED

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By order of Court, No. 50 Cairo Street will be sold at auction before the courthouse door on Tuesday, November 4, 1919, to the highest bidder for cash. This property is in good repair and is rented for $8.00 per month. For further information, apply to

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LODGE NOTICES

A called communication of Capital City Lodge No. 642, F. & A. M., will be held in Fraternity Hall, 423½ Marietta street, this (Saturday) evening, November 1, commencing at 7 o'clock sharp. The Master Mason degree will be conferred upon a class of twelve. Honorable Charles L. Bass, Grand Master of Masons of Georgia, will deliver a lecture on the Master Mason degree. All duly qualified brethren are cordially and fraternally invited. By order of

JOHN T. McDONNOLD, W. M.
ED T. MINCEY, Secretary.

A called communication of College Park Lodge No. 454, F. & A. M., to be held this (Saturday) evening, commencing at 6:30 o'clock, at its Lodge Room, Longino building, College Park, the Master Mason degree will be conferred on a large class. All qualified brethren cordially invited. By order of

R. W. FITZPATRICK, W. M.
J. D. STONE, Secretary.

FUNERAL NOTICES

HALL—Friends of Miss Mittie Hall, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Hall, Mr. and Mrs. John T. Hall, Jr., DeLand, Fla.; Mr. and Mrs. Robert A. Johnson, West Point, Ga.; Mr. and Mrs. Joseph A. Hall, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. Davis Hall and Mr. and Mrs. B. D. Fitzgerald are invited to attend the funeral of Miss Mittie Hall this (Saturday) morning, November 1, 1919, at 10:30 o'clock from the residence of Mr. J. A. Hall, 516 Spring street, Rev. Carl Barth officiating. The following gentlemen will serve as pallbearers and please meet at the residence: Messrs. W. L. Hutchinson, W. M. Hutchinson, M. O. Hutchinson, W. A. Reid, J. E. Fitzgerald, W. M. Middlebrooks. The interment will be in West View cemetery. Barclay & Brandon company, morticians.

WELCH—The friends of Mr. J. D. Welch, Mrs. Lula Welch, Mr. Frank Welch, Miss Katie Welch, Miss Lucile Welch and Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Patchison are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. J. D. Welch this (Saturday) morning at 10 o'clock from the residence, 279 Whitehall street. Rev. Byers will officiate. Interment North View. Harry G. Poole, funeral director.

KNIGHT—The friends and relatives of Mr. J. C. Knight, U. C. V., and family are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. J. C. Knight today (Saturday), November 1, 1919, at 10:30 a. m., from the chapel of H. M. Patterson & Son. The interment will be at West View cemetery. Pallbearers and honorary escort will be selected from the Confederate Soldiers' home, and will please meet at the chapel at 10:15 o'clock. All members U. C. V. camps especially invited.

WOOD—The friends of Mr. and Mrs. Henry M. Wood, Mr. James Renard Wood, Mr. Palmer Wood and Mrs. Alice A. Renard are invited to attend the funeral of Mr. Henry Heywood Wood at the residence, 51 East Georgia avenue, at 2 o'clock this (Saturday), November 1. Dr. Charles W. Daniel and Dr. J. H. Eakes will conduct the service. The following friends are requested to act as pallbearers and meet at the residence at 1:45 o'clock: Mr. C. M. Holland, Mr. George Mathieson, Mr. J. Oscar Mills, Mr. Charles G. Turner, Mr. W. M. Poole, Mr. Roy Hoffman, Mr. George West and Mr. Earle Knight. The interment will be at West View cemetery. Mr. Harry G. Poole will have charge of the funeral arrangements.

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BIDS WANTED
County Highways, Pasco County, Florida.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of County Commissioners up to 2 o'clock p. m., November 10, 1919, at the county courthouse, Dade City, Fla., for the construction of approximately fifty miles of Brick, Asphalt Concrete or Concrete highways, and approximately fifty miles of sand clay roads.

Plans, profiles and specifications will be on file in the office of the County Engineer, Dade City, Fla., after October 25, 1919, copies will be sent applicants on deposit of $10, to be returned on return of plans and specifications in good condition. A certified check for $1,000 must be deposited with each bid, to be returned to unsuccessful bidders.

The right is reserved to reject any and all bids.

(Official Seal) A. J. BURNSIDE,
Clerk of the Board, Dade City, Fla.

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